



C/2025/795

24.2.2025

Euro-Wechselkurs ⁽¹⁾

21. Februar 2025

(C/2025/795)

1 Euro =

Währung			Kurs	Währung			Kurs
USD	US-Dollar		1,0465	CAD	Kanadischer Dollar		1,4856
JPY	Japanischer Yen		157,46	HKD	Hongkong-Dollar		8,1327
DKK	Dänische Krone		7,4588	NZD	Neuseeländischer Dollar		1,8186
GBP	Pfund Sterling		0,82760	SGD	Singapur-Dollar		1,3994
SEK	Schwedische Krone		11,1425	KRW	Südkoreanischer Won		1 500,16
CHF	Schweizer Franken		0,9420	ZAR	Südafrikanischer Rand		19,2450
ISK	Isländische Krone		145,70	CNY	Chinesischer Renminbi Yuan		7,5933
NOK	Norwegische Krone		11,6290	IDR	Indonesische Rupiah		17 077,52
BGN	Bulgarischer Lew		1,9558	MYR	Malaysischer Ringgit		4,6240
CZK	Tschechische Krone		25,082	PHP	Philippinischer Peso		60,640
HUF	Ungarischer Forint		404,60	RUB	Russischer Rubel		
PLN	Polnischer Zloty		4,1683	THB	Thailändischer Baht		35,183
RON	Rumänischer Leu		4,9773	BRL	Brasilianischer Real		5,9751
TRY	Türkische Lira		38,1023	MXN	Mexikanischer Peso		21,2714
AUD	Australischer Dollar		1,6394	INR	Indische Rupie		90,6598

⁽¹⁾ Quelle: Von der Europäischen Zentralbank veröffentlichter Referenz-Wechselkurs.



C/2025/472

21.2.2025

Sechszwanzigster Jahresbericht gemäß Artikel 8 Absatz 2 des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts 2008/944/GASP des Rates betreffend gemeinsame Regeln für die Kontrolle der Ausfuhr von Militärtechnologie und Militärgütern

(C/2025/472)

EINLEITUNG

Gegenstand dieses Berichts sind Daten aus dem Jahr 2023 über i) von den Mitgliedstaaten der EU erteilte und verweigerte Ausfuhrgenehmigungen für konventionelle Rüstungsgüter und ii) die Ausfuhren dieser Güter aus EU-Mitgliedstaaten. Außerdem hat der Bericht die im Zusammenhang mit der Umsetzung des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts 2008/944/GASP ⁽¹⁾, ⁽²⁾ durchgeführten Maßnahmen zum Gegenstand und enthält nicht erschöpfende Informationen über Verbringungen von Verteidigungsgütern innerhalb der Union, die unter die Richtlinie 2009/43/EG des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates ⁽³⁾ fallen.

Der Bericht wurde vom Europäischen Auswärtigen Dienst (EAD) auf der Grundlage von Daten erstellt, die die Mitgliedstaaten bereitgestellt haben. Die Untergruppe „Ausfuhr konventioneller Rüstungsgüter“ (COARM) der Ratsgruppe „Nichtverbreitung und Ausfuhr von Rüstungsgütern“ unterstützt einen ständigen Dialog zwischen den Mitgliedstaaten über die kohärente Anwendung der gemeinsamen Regeln für die Kontrolle von Rüstungsausfuhren.

Folgende Drittländer haben sich den im Gemeinsamen Standpunkt 2008/944/GASP verankerten Kriterien und Grundsätzen offiziell angeschlossen: Albanien, Bosnien und Herzegowina, Georgien, Island, Kanada, Montenegro, Nordmazedonien und Norwegen. Seit 2012 besteht ein System für den Austausch von Informationen zwischen der EU und Norwegen.

Zusätzlich zu diesem Bericht können Daten über Rüstungsausfuhren der EU-Mitgliedstaaten auch online ⁽⁴⁾ abgerufen werden. Das Online-System enthält Informationen über Wert, Bestimmungsland und Art der Rüstungsausfuhrgenehmigungen aller EU-Mitgliedstaaten sowie über die tatsächlichen Ausfuhren aus denjenigen EU-Mitgliedstaaten, die solche Daten melden. Das System bietet verschiedene grafische Darstellungen und Tools, die es allen, die sich für den Wert der europäischen Rüstungsausfuhren, die ausgeführten Militärgüter und deren Bestimmungsländer interessieren, ermöglichen, eine breite Palette analytischer Zusammenstellungen zu erstellen. Zwar ermöglicht das Online-System es den Nutzern, Daten auf benutzerfreundlichere Weise abzufragen, der im *Amtsblatt der Europäischen Union* veröffentlichte Bericht bleibt jedoch die Hauptinformationsquelle.

I. UMSETZUNG DES GEMEINSAMEN STANDPUNKTS 2008/944/GASP (im Folgenden „Gemeinsamer Standpunkt“)

1. Treffen im Rahmen des politischen Dialogs

Im Jahr 2023 veranstaltete der EAD Treffen im Rahmen des politischen Dialogs zu Fragen der Rüstungsausfuhrkontrolle mit Kanada, Norwegen und den Vereinigten Staaten. Die politischen Dialoge waren eine Plattform für konstruktive Gespräche über Themen von gemeinsamem Interesse, beispielsweise über die Ausfuhrpolitik gegenüber bestimmten Bestimmungsländern, Einhaltung- und Überwachungsfragen und den Vertrag über den Waffenhandel. Darüber hinaus nahmen die Vereinigten Staaten auch an einer Sitzung der COARM teil, um Fragen der Rüstungsausfuhrkontrolle mit den EU-Mitgliedstaaten zu erörtern.

2. Dialog mit Akteuren: Europäisches Parlament, Zivilgesellschaft und Wirtschaft

Der EAD beantwortete parlamentarische Anfragen von Mitgliedern des Europäischen Parlaments zur Rüstungsausfuhr und nahm an Veranstaltungen des Europäischen Parlaments im Zusammenhang mit europäischen Rüstungsausfuhren teil ⁽⁵⁾.

⁽¹⁾ Für die Mitgliedstaaten der EU rechtsverbindlich.

⁽²⁾ Gemeinsamer Standpunkt 2008/944/GASP des Rates vom 8. Dezember 2008 betreffend gemeinsame Regeln für die Kontrolle der Ausfuhr von Militärtechnologie und Militärgütern (ABl. L 335 vom 13.12.2008, S. 99), geändert durch den Beschluss (GASP) 2019/1560 des Rates vom 16. September 2019 (ABl. L 239 vom 17.9.2019, S. 16).

⁽³⁾ Richtlinie 2009/43/EG des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 6. Mai 2009 zur Vereinfachung der Bedingungen für die innergemeinschaftliche Verbringung von Verteidigungsgütern (ABl. L 146 vom 10.6.2009, S. 1).

⁽⁴⁾ <https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/easgap/sense/app/75fd8e6e-68ac-42dd-a078-f616633118bb/sheet/74299ecd-7a90-4b89-a509-92c9b96b86ba/state/analysis>.

⁽⁵⁾ Ein Beispiel für eine solche Veranstaltung war die öffentliche Anhörung zu dem Thema „Der Krieg in der Ukraine: Auswirkungen auf die Rüstungsausfuhrpolitik auf EU-Ebene“, die vom Unterausschuss für Sicherheit und Verteidigung (SEDE) am 29. November 2022 durchgeführt wurde. Aufzeichnung abrufbar unter: https://multimedia.europarl.europa.eu/de/webstreaming/subcommittee-on-security-and-defence_20221129-1500-COMMITTEE-SEDE.

Wie bereits in der Vergangenheit wurden regelmäßig Sitzungen der COARM durchgeführt, an denen externe Einrichtungen teilnahmen, darunter Büros der Vereinten Nationen (UNODC), Nichtregierungsorganisationen (wie ICRC oder Saferworld) und Unternehmen (Conflict Armament Research).

Das COARM-NRO-Forum fand am 4. Juli 2023 statt und wurde von Saferworld organisiert und vom EAD mitveranstaltet. Die COARM lud auch Vertreter der europäischen Verteidigungsindustrie (ASD) zu ihren Sitzungen ein und führte Aussprachen unter Beteiligung von Denkfabriken, die sich mit Themen im Zusammenhang mit dem Rüstungshandel befassen (EU-Konsortium für Nichtverbreitung und Abrüstung).

3. Outreach

Nach Artikel 11 des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts setzen sich die Mitgliedstaaten „nach Kräften dafür ein, andere Militärtechnologie und Militärgüter exportierende Staaten zu ermutigen, die Grundsätze des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts anzuwenden“. Die Förderung wirksamer nationaler Rüstungsausfuhrkontrollen und der Grundsätze und Kriterien des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts in ausgewählten Drittländern erfolgte durch die Durchführung des Beschlusses (GASP) 2020/1464 des Rates⁽⁶⁾ (geändert durch den Beschluss (GASP) 2022/848 des Rates⁽⁷⁾) und des Beschlusses (GASP) 2023/2539 des Rates⁽⁸⁾, durchgeführt vom deutschen Bundesamt für Wirtschaft und Ausfuhrkontrolle (BAFA) — gemeinhin als COARM-Outreach der Phase V bzw. VI bezeichnet.

Die Outreach-Bemühungen der EU gegenüber Drittländern wurden auch im Hinblick auf die Universalisierung und Umsetzung des Vertrags über den Waffenhandel fortgesetzt, wobei das BAFA und Expertise France im Rahmen des Beschlusses (GASP) 2021/2309 des Rates⁽⁹⁾ (ATT-Outreach der Phase III) und das Sekretariat des Vertrags über den Waffenhandel im Rahmen des Beschlusses (GASP) 2021/649 des Rates⁽¹⁰⁾ (geändert durch den Beschluss (GASP) 2023/161 des Rates⁽¹¹⁾) und des Beschlusses (GASP) 2023/2296 des Rates⁽¹²⁾ tätig wurden. Nähere Einzelheiten sind nachstehend und in Anhang D zu finden.

4. Überprüfung des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts 2008/944/GASP (im Folgenden „Gemeinsamer Standpunkt“)

Im Jahr 2023 setzte die COARM ihre Arbeit zur Umsetzung der Zielvorgaben gemäß den Schlussfolgerungen des Rates⁽¹³⁾ von 2019 zur Überprüfung des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts fort.

Seit dem Frühjahr 2022 verwaltet der EAD eine interne Datenbank mit Länderseiten, die relevante Informationen über potenzielle und aktuelle Bestimmungsländer europäischer Ausfuhren von Militärgütern enthalten. Auf diese Datenbank können lediglich die für die Erteilung von Ausfuhrgenehmigungen zuständigen Beamten aus den Mitgliedstaaten der EU und der EAD zugreifen. Die Datenbank soll zu größerer Konvergenz bei der Anwendung des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts durch die Mitgliedstaaten beitragen.

Im Herbst 2022 verständigten sich die Mitgliedstaaten auf ein internes Papier über bewährte Verfahren, das Elemente für die Entwicklung eines nationalen Systems für die Berichterstattung über tatsächliche Ausfuhren enthält.

Unter Nummer 14 der Schlussfolgerungen beauftragt der Rat die COARM, die Umsetzung des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts in fünf Jahren (2024) erneut zu bewerten. Das Überprüfungsverfahren begann im Jahr 2022 und wurde 2023 fortgesetzt, wobei drei Schwerpunktgruppen aus Vertretern der Mitgliedstaaten eingerichtet wurden. Die Mitarbeit der Mitgliedstaaten in diesen Gruppen war freiwillig. Die Gruppen befassten sich mit den Themen i) gemeinsam hergestellte Militärgüter, ii) weitere Harmonisierung und iii) Durchsetzung. Im Jahr 2023 legte das EU-Konsortium für Nichtverbreitung und Abrüstung drei unterstützende Forschungspapiere vor und organisierte ein Seminar für Mitgliedstaaten und Forscher. Außerdem fand in der COARM ein Gedankenaustausch mit Vertretern der europäischen Verteidigungsindustrie (ASD) statt. Die Überprüfung, die Aktualisierungen des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts und des Benutzerleitfadens sowie möglicherweise weitere Ergebnisse, einschließlich Schlussfolgerungen des Rates der EU, umfasst, wird voraussichtlich bis Ende 2024 abgeschlossen sein.

⁽⁶⁾ Beschluss (GASP) 2020/1464 des Rates vom 12. Oktober 2020 über die Förderung wirksamer Waffenausfuhrkontrollen (ABl. L 335 vom 13.10.2020, S. 3).

⁽⁷⁾ Beschluss (GASP) 2022/848 des Rates vom 30. Mai 2022 zur Änderung des Beschlusses (GASP) 2020/1464 über die Förderung wirksamer Waffenausfuhrkontrollen (ABl. L 148 vom 31.5.2022, S. 50).

⁽⁸⁾ Beschluss (GASP) 2023/2539 des Rates vom 13. November 2023 zur Unterstützung eines Projekts zur Förderung wirksamer Waffenausfuhrkontrollen (ABl. L, 2023/2539, 14.11.2023, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/dec/2023/2539/oj>).

⁽⁹⁾ Beschluss (GASP) 2021/2309 des Rates vom 22. Dezember 2021 über Outreach-Maßnahmen der Union zur Unterstützung der Durchführung des Vertrags über den Waffenhandel (ABl. L 461 vom 27.12.2021, S. 78).

⁽¹⁰⁾ Beschluss (GASP) 2021/649 des Rates vom 16. April 2021 über die Unterstützung der Union für die Tätigkeiten des ATT-Sekretariats zur Unterstützung der Durchführung des Vertrags über den Waffenhandel (ABl. L 133 vom 20.4.2021, S. 59).

⁽¹¹⁾ Beschluss (GASP) 2023/161 des Rates vom 23. Januar 2023 zur Änderung des Beschlusses (GASP) 2021/649 über die Unterstützung der Union für die Tätigkeiten des ATT-Sekretariats zur Unterstützung der Durchführung des Vertrags über den Waffenhandel (ABl. L 22 vom 24.1.2023, S. 28).

⁽¹²⁾ Beschluss (GASP) 2023/2296 des Rates vom 23. Oktober 2023 über die Unterstützung der Union für die Tätigkeiten des Sekretariats des Vertrags über den Waffenhandel zur Unterstützung der Durchführung des Vertrags über den Waffenhandel (ABl. L, 2023/2296, 24.10.2023, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/dec/2023/2296/oj>).

⁽¹³⁾ <https://data.consilium.europa.eu/doc/document/ST-12195-2019-INIT/de/pdf>.

5. Verweigerungsmitteilungen und Konsultationen

Im Gemeinsamen Standpunkt ist vorgesehen, dass im Falle einer Genehmigungsverweigerung eine Mitteilung erfolgt. Außerdem ist darin für den Fall, dass ein Mitgliedstaat einen Genehmigungsantrag prüft, der eine von einem anderen Mitgliedstaat zuvor nicht genehmigte im Wesentlichen gleichartige Transaktion betrifft, ein Konsultationsverfahren vorgesehen. Diese Konsultation erfolgt über das COARM-Online-System. Es hat sich bereits erwiesen, dass die Transparenz zwischen den Mitgliedstaaten in Bezug auf konkrete Endbestimmungsländer und Endverwender durch dieses System gefördert wird.

Die Zahl der Verweigerungsmitteilungen — aufgeschlüsselt nach Bestimmungsland und Kategorie der Militärgüterliste — ist in Zeile d der Tabellen in Anhang A.I angegeben. Die Zahl der Konsultationsersuchen, die von den einzelnen Mitgliedstaaten ausgegangen sind bzw. an sie gerichtet wurden, sowie die Zahl der Konsultationen nach Bestimmungsland sind in den Anhängen B.I bzw. B.II wiedergegeben.

Verteidigungsunternehmen in den Mitgliedstaaten sind sich im Allgemeinen der Beschränkungen der Rüstungsausfuhrpolitik bewusst und werden in der Regel davon absehen, eine Genehmigung zu beantragen, wenn sie wissen, dass diese wahrscheinlich verweigert wird. Deshalb gibt eine geringe Zahl von Ablehnungen keinen Aufschluss darüber, wie restriktiv die Ausfuhrpolitik in Bezug auf bestimmte Bestimmungsländer tatsächlich ist. Andererseits handelt es sich bei von der EU verhängten Rüstungsembargos⁽¹⁴⁾ um allgemeine Verbote der Erteilung von Genehmigungen für die entsprechenden Bestimmungsländer.

6. Benutzerleitfaden

Der Benutzerleitfaden ist ein überaus wichtiges Instrument, da in ihm die vereinbarten Leitlinien für die Umsetzung der operativen Bestimmungen des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts und für die Auslegung der darin festgelegten Kriterien zusammengefasst sind. In Artikel 13 des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts wird auf den Leitfaden verwiesen. Er wurde von der COARM erstellt und wird regelmäßig aktualisiert: Die letzte Aktualisierung erfolgte im Rahmen der Überprüfung des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts, die 2019 durchgeführt wurde. Bei dem Leitfaden handelt es sich nicht um einen verbindlichen Rechtsakt, er wurde jedoch vom Rat gebilligt. Der Rat hat in seinen Schlussfolgerungen vom 16. September 2019 den geänderten Benutzerleitfaden begrüßt⁽¹⁵⁾.

Der Benutzerleitfaden ist hauptsächlich für die Stellen bestimmt, die Ausfuhrgenehmigungen erteilen (Beamte, die derartige Genehmigungen erteilen, und sonstige Beamte in einschlägigen staatlichen Behörden und Stellen), und trägt somit in pragmatischer Weise erheblich zur Konvergenz der Strategien und Verfahren der Mitgliedstaaten im Bereich der Rüstungsausfuhrkontrolle bei. Der Leitfaden umfasst bewährte Verfahren für die Umsetzung der Kriterien des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts, die von der COARM ausgearbeitet wurden, welche sich dabei auf bewährte nationale Verfahren stützte und Beiträge von anderen relevanten Akteuren, einschließlich der Zivilgesellschaft, einfließen ließ. Durch den Leitfaden soll größere Kohärenz zwischen den Mitgliedstaaten bei der Anwendung der Kriterien des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts gewährleistet werden. Dazu werden beispielsweise Faktoren festgelegt, die bei der Prüfung von Anträgen auf Ausfuhrgenehmigungen zu beachten sind. Die Entscheidungsfindung stützt sich auf die Sachkenntnis der für die Erteilung von Genehmigungen zuständigen Beamten in regionalen, rechtlichen, justiziellen, technischen, entwicklungsbezogenen sowie sicherheitsrelevanten und militärischen Fragen.

Der Benutzerleitfaden ist öffentlich zugänglich; er kann auf der Website des Europäischen Auswärtigen Dienstes eingesehen werden⁽¹⁶⁾. Durch die Veröffentlichung des Benutzerleitfadens soll für mehr Transparenz gesorgt und das Verständnis für die Gründe und Faktoren gefördert werden, die den tatsächlichen oder potenziellen Entscheidungen der Mitgliedstaaten über die Erteilung oder Verweigerung von Genehmigungen zugrunde liegen, auch wenn die Entscheidung selbst möglicherweise keiner externen Kontrolle unterliegt.

Die Aktualisierung des Benutzerleitfadens ist Teil des Verfahrens zur Überprüfung des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts 2008/944/GASP.

7. Gemeinsame Militärgüterliste der Europäischen Union

In der Gemeinsamen Militärgüterliste der EU sind die Militärgüter aufgeführt, für die Mitgliedstaaten Ausfuhrgenehmigungen im Einklang mit Artikel 12 des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts vorschreiben sollen. Sie ist identisch mit der Liste der Verteidigungsgüter im Anhang der Richtlinie 2009/43/EG⁽¹⁷⁾. In der Gemeinsamen Militärgüterliste der EU werden die Änderungen an der Militärgüterliste des Wassenaar-Arrangements, die auf den Vollversammlungen des Arrangements vereinbart werden, berücksichtigt. Die jüngste, im Berichtszeitraum verwendete Gemeinsame Militärgüterliste der EU wurde im Amtsblatt der Europäischen Union vom 28. Februar 2023 veröffentlicht⁽¹⁸⁾, nachdem auf der Vollversammlung des Wassenaar-Arrangements vom 30. November bis 1. Dezember 2022 Änderungen vereinbart worden waren⁽¹⁹⁾.

⁽¹⁴⁾ Siehe öffentliches Online-Tool: Weltkarte EU-Sanktionen.

⁽¹⁵⁾ <https://data.consilium.europa.eu/doc/document/ST-12189-2019-INIT/de/pdf>.

⁽¹⁶⁾ https://www.eeas.europa.eu/eeas/disarmament-non-proliferation-and-arms-export-control-0_en.

⁽¹⁷⁾ Die geltende Liste der Verteidigungsgüter wurde mit der Delegierten Richtlinie (EU) 2023/277 der Kommission vom 5. Oktober 2022 (ABl. L 42 vom 10.2.2023, S. 1) angenommen. Zur Angleichung des Anhangs der Richtlinie 2009/43/EG an die aktualisierte Gemeinsame Militärgüterliste vom 20. Februar 2023 wird Ende 2023 eine Delegierte Richtlinie erlassen, die die Aktualisierungen enthält.

⁽¹⁸⁾ ABl. C 72 vom 28.2.2023, S. 2.

⁽¹⁹⁾ Näheres hierzu unter <https://www.wassenaar.org/>.

8. Vermittlungstätigkeiten

Im Einklang mit Artikel 5 des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts 2003/468/GASP des Rates⁽²⁰⁾ haben die Mitgliedstaaten gesonderte Vereinbarungen für den Austausch von Informationen über erteilte und verweigerte Lizenzen für Vermittlungstätigkeiten getroffen. Darüber hinaus haben die Mitgliedstaaten, die Vermittlern die Verpflichtung auferlegen, für die Ausübung ihrer Vermittlungstätigkeit eine schriftliche Genehmigung einzuholen, und/oder ein Register der Rüstungsvermittler angelegt haben, gesonderte Vereinbarungen für den Austausch von Informationen über registrierte Vermittler getroffen. Angaben über Lizenzen für Vermittlungstätigkeiten finden sich in Anhang A.III.

Anhang C enthält detaillierte Angaben über die nationale Umsetzung des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts 2003/468/GASP.

II. VERTRAG ÜBER DEN WAFFENHANDEL (ATT)

1. Beteiligung am ATT: Konferenz der Vertragsstaaten

Wie bei früheren Konferenzen der Vertragsstaaten (CSP) haben sich die EU und ihre Mitgliedstaaten aktiv am gesamten Vorbereitungszyklus und an der Neunten Konferenz der Vertragsstaaten (21.-25. August 2023) beteiligt, auf der die **Rolle der Industrie** bei verantwortungsvollen internationalen Verbringungen konventioneller Rüstungsgüter als vorrangiges Thema des südkoreanischen Vorsitzes im Vordergrund stand.

Die Konferenz beschloss, dass jeder CSP-Vorsitz in Zusammenarbeit mit dem ATT-Sekretariat ermutigt wird, die Industrie in Outreach-Tätigkeiten einzubeziehen, und dass die Vertragsstaaten, das ATT-Sekretariat und andere interessierte Parteien ermutigt werden, die Industrie einzubinden und industrierelevante Informationen über den ATT und Entwicklungen auszutauschen. Die Konferenz begrüßte auch die VN-Leitprinzipien für Wirtschaft und Menschenrechte (UNGP) und ermutigte die Vertragsstaaten und andere Akteure, die Gespräche darüber fortzusetzen, inwieweit die UNGP, die Menschenrechte und Instrumente des humanitären Völkerrechts im Zusammenhang mit dem Vertrag über den Waffenhandel gegebenenfalls Anwendung finden.

Die Vertragsstaaten wurden unter anderem auch ermutigt,

- gegebenenfalls gemeinsam mit allen interessierten Akteuren die Gespräche über die Rolle der Industrie bei verantwortungsvollen internationalen Verbringungen konventioneller Rüstungsgüter fortzusetzen und zu vertiefen und ihre Erfahrungen und Praktiken in Bezug auf wirksame Maßnahmen einschließlich bestehender Verfahren, Leitlinien und damit zusammenhängender Materialien sowie schriftliche Leitfäden zu nationalen Bemühungen um die Sensibilisierung der Industrie und die Einhaltung nationaler Verbringungskontrollsysteme auszutauschen;
- die erforderlichen Schritte zu unternehmen, um sicherzustellen, dass Industrie und privatwirtschaftliche Einrichtungen, die ihrer nationalen Gerichtsbarkeit unterstehen, ihre Tätigkeit im Einklang mit Ziel und Zweck des Vertrags ausüben;
- als fortlaufendes Dokument, das regelmäßig zu überprüfen und gegebenenfalls zu aktualisieren ist, eine Liste möglicher Referenzdokumente für verantwortungsvolles unternehmerisches Handeln im internationalen Handel mit konventionellen Rüstungsgütern auszuarbeiten, die von den Vertragsstaaten zu prüfen sind, um sicherzustellen, dass die Industrie nationale Kontrollsysteme zur Umsetzung des ATT einhält und verantwortungsvolle internationale Verbringungen konventioneller Rüstungsgüter durchführt.

Die Vertragsstaaten nahmen Elemente (Kapitel über Verbote) des Freiwilligen Leitfadens zur Umsetzung der Artikel 6 und 7 sowie einen Freiwilligen Leitfaden zu Artikel 9 (Durchfuhr und Umladung) an.

Die Abzweigung wurde erneut als wichtiges Thema bestätigt, das in den Beratungen über den ATT und beim Austausch von bewährten Verfahren und Informationen eine zentrale Rolle spielen sollte. Das Forum für den Austausch von Informationen über Abzweigungen (Diversion Information Exchange Forum — DIEF) trat zum ersten Mal zusammen und erörterte konkrete Fälle. Die Konferenz billigte das Dokument mit dem Titel „Post-delivery cooperation: operational steps for the introduction and implementation of post-shipment control“ (Zusammenarbeit nach der Lieferung: operative Schritte für die Einführung und Umsetzung von Kontrollen nach der Lieferung) als Anhang zu dem Dokument mit möglichen Maßnahmen zur Verhinderung und Bekämpfung der Abzweigung und als fortlaufendes Dokument mit freiwilligem Charakter.

Die Konferenz äußerte erneut ihre Besorgnis über die rückläufige Tendenz bei der jährlichen Berichtsquote und forderte die Vertragsstaaten, die ihren Berichtspflichten nicht vollständig nachkommen, nachdrücklich auf, ihre Berichte vorzulegen oder, falls sie damit Schwierigkeiten haben, die verfügbaren Unterstützungsmechanismen zu nutzen, um die vollständige Einhaltung zu erreichen.

⁽²⁰⁾ Gemeinsamer Standpunkt 2003/468/GASP des Rates vom 23. Juni 2003 über die Kontrolle der Waffenvermittlung (ABl. L 156 vom 25.6.2003, S. 79).

Die Konferenz einigte sich auf einen klaren Plan für den folgenden Zyklus unter dem Vorsitz Rumäniens, wobei der Schwerpunkt des Vorsitzes erklärtermaßen auf der Rolle der behördenübergreifenden Zusammenarbeiten liegt. Ein überarbeitetes Arbeitsprogramm wurde versuchsweise für ein Jahr angenommen, wodurch die Zahl der informellen Vorbereitungssitzungen vor Ort und der Sitzungen der Arbeitsgruppen reduziert wurde.

Die EU war während der gesamten Konferenz sehr präsent und gab sieben EU-Erklärungen zu allen Themen ab, in denen sie ihre nachdrückliche Unterstützung für den ATT betonte und alle Staaten aufforderte, von Waffenverbringungen nach Russland abzusehen. Die bedeutende Rolle der EU im Vertrag wurde allgemein anerkannt. Darüber hinaus hat die EU vier Nebenveranstaltungen mitfinanziert, darunter die Veranstaltung zur Förderung der Datenbank zum Abgleich von ATT-Bedarf und -Ressourcen und das ATT-Outreach-Projekt. Zum ersten Mal hat sich die EU auch mit Organisationen der Zivilgesellschaft zusammengetan, um auf Waffenlieferungen an die Streitkräfte Myanmars und auf Herausforderungen bei der wirksamen Umsetzung des ATT aufmerksam zu machen ⁽²¹⁾.

2. EU-Programm zur Unterstützung der Umsetzung des ATT im Rahmen des Beschlusses (GASP) 2021/2309

Nachdem der Vertrag über den Waffenhandel im Jahr 2014 mit bislang ⁽²²⁾ 115 Vertragsstaaten in Kraft getreten ist, besteht weiterhin die Herausforderung, seine universelle Geltung und seine wirksame Umsetzung durch die Vertragsstaaten zu erreichen.

Als Beitrag zur Bewältigung dieser Herausforderung hat die EU ein Programm zur Unterstützung der Umsetzung für Drittländer angenommen ⁽²³⁾. Dieses Programm wird vom deutschen Bundesamt für Wirtschaft und Ausfuhrkontrolle (BAFA) und von Expertise France durchgeführt. Darin ist vorgesehen, Drittländer auf ihr Ersuchen hin dabei zu unterstützen, ihre Waffenverbringungssysteme gemäß den Anforderungen des Vertrags zu stärken. Einzelheiten zu den entsprechenden Tätigkeiten finden sich in Anhang D.

3. Unterstützung des ATT-Sekretariats

Mit der Annahme des Beschlusses (GASP) 2021/649 ⁽²⁴⁾ (geändert durch den Beschluss (GASP) 2023/161 des Rates ⁽²⁵⁾) und des Beschlusses (GASP) 2023/2296 des Rates ⁽²⁶⁾ ist der Rat übereingekommen, das Sekretariat des Vertrags über den Waffenhandel bei seinen Tätigkeiten zu unterstützen, die auf die Umsetzung des Vertrags über den Waffenhandel ausgerichtet sind. Dieser Beschluss steht im Einklang mit dem allgemeinen politischen Ziel der EU, den multilateralen Rahmen, auch im Bereich der Rüstungsausfuhrkontrolle, zu stärken. Einzelheiten zu den entsprechenden Tätigkeiten finden sich in Anhang D.

III. PRIORITÄTEN DER COARM FÜR DIE NAHE ZUKUNFT

Im Jahr 2024 wird die COARM zusätzlich zu ihren ständigen Aufgaben unter anderem Folgendes leisten:

- Koordinierung der Unterstützung für die Ukraine bei der Verhinderung der Abzweigung von Kleinwaffen und leichten Waffen: regelmäßiger Austausch zwischen EU-Mitgliedstaaten und -Organen über eine informelle Plattform am Rande der COARM; mögliche Nutzung eines GASP-Instrumentariums, einschließlich neuer Beschlüsse des Rates, die 2024 und danach angenommen werden sollen, für gezielte EU-Unterstützung und die Koordinierung der Hilfe externer Akteure für die Ukraine;
- Fortsetzung der Überprüfung des Gemeinsamen Standpunkts 2008/944/GASP vom 8. Dezember 2008 betreffend gemeinsame Regeln für die Kontrolle der Ausfuhr von Militärtechnologie und Militärgütern: Abschluss bis Herbst 2024 mit der Annahme eines aktualisierten Gemeinsamen Standpunkts und des dazugehörigen Benutzerleitfadens durch den Rat sowie Schlussfolgerungen des Rates;
- gegebenenfalls Verteidigung und Stärkung multilateraler Ausfuhrkontrollregelungen.

Die COARM wird weiterhin aktiv Kontakt zu anderen einschlägigen Gruppen aufnehmen, um Verbindungen zu benachbarten Arbeitsbereichen herzustellen, unter anderem zur Gruppe „Güter mit doppeltem Verwendungszweck“ und zur Gruppe „Zollunion“. Die Verbindungen zwischen der COARM und den nationalen Beamten, die mit der Erteilung von Ausfuhrgenehmigungen und mit der Rechtsdurchsetzung im Bereich der Rüstungsausfuhrkontrolle befasst sind, werden verstärkt.

⁽²¹⁾ Einzelheiten sind auf der Website der CSP9 des ATT abrufbar: <https://thearmstradetrety.org/csp-9.html>.

⁽²²⁾ Juli 2024.

⁽²³⁾ Beschluss (GASP) 2021/2309 des Rates vom 22. Dezember 2021 über Outreach-Maßnahmen der Union zur Unterstützung der Durchführung des Vertrags über den Waffenhandel (ABl. L 461 vom 27.12.2021, S. 78).

⁽²⁴⁾ Beschluss (GASP) 2021/649 des Rates vom 16. April 2021 über die Unterstützung der Union für die Tätigkeiten des ATT-Sekretariats zur Unterstützung der Durchführung des Vertrags über den Waffenhandel (ABl. L 133 vom 20.4.2021, S. 59).

⁽²⁵⁾ Beschluss (GASP) 2023/161 des Rates vom 23. Januar 2023 zur Änderung des Beschlusses (GASP) 2021/649 über die Unterstützung der Union für die Tätigkeiten des ATT-Sekretariats zur Unterstützung der Durchführung des Vertrags über den Waffenhandel (ABl. L 22 vom 24.1.2023, S. 28).

⁽²⁶⁾ Beschluss (GASP) 2023/2296 des Rates vom 23. Oktober 2023 über die Unterstützung der Union für die Tätigkeiten des Sekretariats des Vertrags über den Waffenhandel zur Unterstützung der Durchführung des Vertrags über den Waffenhandel (ABl. L, 2023/2296, 24.10.2023, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/dec/2023/2296/oj>).

IV. UNTERSTÜTZUNGSMAßNAHMEN DER EUROPÄISCHEN FRIEDENSAZILITÄT

Mit der 2021 eingerichteten Europäischen Friedensfazilität (EFF) ist die EU in eine neue Ära im Bereich Sicherheit und Verteidigung eingetreten, wodurch die Rolle der EU als Sicherheitsakteur angesichts der zunehmenden globalen Herausforderungen gestärkt wird. Die Fazilität, die ursprünglich mit einer Finanzausstattung von 5,69 Mrd. EUR für den Zeitraum 2021-2027 eingerichtet wurde, hat sich zu einem Schlüsselinstrument entwickelt, das es der EU ermöglicht, militärische Missionen und Operationen im Rahmen der Gemeinsamen Sicherheits- und Verteidigungspolitik (GSVP) besser zu unterstützen und unseren Partnern weltweit bei der Stärkung ihrer militärischen und Verteidigungskapazitäten zu helfen. Sie beläuft sich nun auf 17 Mrd. EUR, mit denen mehr als 20 Partner unterstützt werden. Sie fungiert weiterhin als globales Instrument zur Verhütung von Konflikten, zur Wahrung des Friedens und zur Stärkung der internationalen Sicherheit und Stabilität sowie zur Förderung der internationalen Menschenrechtsnormen und des humanitären Völkerrechts.

Im Januar 2023 hat der Rat zusätzlich zur Finanzierung der militärischen Unterstützung für die Ukraine auch eine EFF-Unterstützung für eine Reihe afrikanischer Länder (Benin, Kamerun, Demokratische Republik Kongo, Ghana, Mauretanien, Mosambik, Ruanda, Somalia) sowie einige der östlichen und südlichen Nachbarn der EU (Georgien, Republik Moldau, Jordanien, Libanon) und Partner im Westbalkan (Bosnien und Herzegowina, Nordmazedonien, Medizinische Taskforce für den Balkan) genehmigt. Darüber hinaus hat die EFF die militärischen Komponenten einer Reihe friedensunterstützender Operationen unter afrikanischer Führung finanziert: die AU-Übergangsmmission in Somalia (ATMIS), die Gemeinsame Truppe der G5 Sahel (G5SfJ), die Multinationale Gemeinsame Taskforce gegen Boko Haram (MNJTf) und die Mission der Entwicklungsgemeinschaft des Südlichen Afrika in Mosambik (SAMIM).

Insgesamt wurden im Jahr 2023 21 Vorschläge des Hohen Vertreters für Unterstützungsmaßnahmen (ÜM) und zur Änderung von Beschlüssen des Rates zu bestehenden ÜM angenommen, darunter die dreigleisige Munitionsinitiative zur Unterstützung der Ukraine, die Billigung der letalen Unterstützung für Somalia und Niger (ausgesetzt), die rasche Lieferung von Fahrzeugen mit Irini-Besatzung an Ghana und die Ausweitung der EFF-ÜM auf den Golf von Guinea im weiteren Sinne. Das Politische und Sicherheitspolitische Komitee (PSK) billigte drei Aktionen im Rahmen der ÜM in Form eines allgemeinen Programms zur Unterstützung der Afrikanischen Union für den Zeitraum 2022-2024. Darüber hinaus finanzierte die EFF zum ersten Mal eine EU-LIVE-Übung.

Nach der am 13. März 2023 angenommenen ersten Aufstockung um 2 Mrd. EUR nahm der Rat am 26. Juni 2023 einen Beschluss an, mit dem die Gesamtobergrenze der EFF um 3,5 Mrd. EUR (zu Preisen von 2018) angehoben wurde.

Die ÜM und Aktionen wurden auf der Grundlage des Integrierten Ansatzes der EU entwickelt und umgesetzt. Dazu gehören Bedarfsanalysen, Bewertungen der Konfliktsensitivität und Analysen der politischen Fragilität eines Landes.

KURZBESCHREIBUNGEN DER KATEGORIEN DER GEMEINSAMEN MILITÄRGÜTERLISTE DER EU ⁽²⁷⁾

- ML1 Waffen mit glattem Lauf mit einem Kaliber kleiner als 20 mm, andere Handfeuerwaffen und Maschinenwaffen mit einem Kaliber von 12,7 mm (0,50 Inch) oder kleiner und Zubehör sowie besonders konstruierte Bestandteile hierfür
- ML2 Waffen mit glattem Lauf mit einem Kaliber von 20 mm oder größer, andere Waffen oder Bewaffnung mit einem Kaliber größer als 12,7 mm (0,50 Inch), Werfer, besonders konstruiert oder geändert für militärische Zwecke, und Zubehör sowie besonders konstruierte Bestandteile hierfür
- ML3 Munition und Zünderstellvorrichtungen sowie besonders konstruierte Bestandteile hierfür
- ML4 Bomben, Torpedos, Raketen, Flugkörper, andere Sprengkörper und -ladungen sowie zugehörige Ausrüstung und Zubehör, und besonders konstruierte Bestandteile hierfür
- ML5 Feuerleiteinrichtungen, Überwachungs- und Alarmierungsausrüstung sowie verwandte Systeme, Prüf- oder Justierausrüstung und Ausrüstung für Gegenmaßnahmen, besonders konstruiert für militärische Zwecke, sowie besonders konstruierte Bestandteile und besonders konstruiertes Zubehör hierfür
- ML6 Landfahrzeuge und Bestandteile hierfür
- ML7 Chemische Agenzien, „biologische Agenzien“, „Reizstoffe“, radioaktive Stoffe, zugehörige Ausrüstung, Bestandteile und Materialien
- ML8 „Energetische Materialien“ und zugehörige Stoffe
- ML9 Kriegsschiffe (über oder unter Wasser), Marine-Spezialausrüstung, Zubehör, Bestandteile hierfür und andere Überwasserschiffe
- ML10 „Luftfahrzeuge“, „Luftfahrtgeräte nach dem Prinzip leichter-als-Luft“, „unbemannte Luftfahrzeuge“ („UAV“), Triebwerke, „Luftfahrzeug“-Ausrüstung, zugehörige Ausrüstung und Bestandteile, besonders konstruiert oder geändert für militärische Zwecke
- ML11 Elektronische Ausrüstung, „Raumfahrzeuge“ und Bestandteile, soweit nicht anderweitig von der Gemeinsamen Militärgüterliste der EU erfasst
- ML12 Waffensysteme mit hoher kinetischer Energie und zugehörige Ausrüstung sowie besonders konstruierte Bestandteile hierfür
- ML13 Spezialpanzer- oder Schutzausrüstung, Konstruktionen, Bestandteile und Zubehör
- ML14 „Spezialisierte Ausrüstung für die militärische Ausbildung“ oder für die Simulation militärischer Szenarien, Simulatoren, besonders konstruiert für die Ausbildung im Umgang mit den von Nummer ML1 oder ML2 erfassten Feuerwaffen oder Waffen, sowie besonders konstruierte Bestandteile und besonders konstruiertes Zubehör hierfür
- ML15 Bildausrüstung oder Ausrüstung für Gegenmaßnahmen, besonders konstruiert für militärische Zwecke, sowie besonders konstruierte Bestandteile und besonders konstruiertes Zubehör hierfür
- ML16 Schmiedestücke, Gussstücke und andere unfertige Erzeugnisse, besonders konstruiert für eine der von Nummer ML1, ML2, ML3, ML4, ML6, ML9, ML10, ML12 oder ML19 erfassten Waren
- ML17 Verschiedene Ausrüstungsgegenstände, Materialien und „Bibliotheken“ sowie besonders konstruierte Bestandteile hierfür
- ML18 Ausrüstung für die „Herstellung“, Umweltprüfeinrichtungen und Bestandteile
- ML19 Strahlenwaffen-Systeme, zugehörige Ausrüstung, Ausrüstung für Gegenmaßnahmen oder Versuchsmodelle und besonders konstruierte Bestandteile hierfür
- ML20 Kryogenische (Tieftemperatur-) und „supraleitende“ Ausrüstung sowie besonders konstruierte Bestandteile und besonders konstruiertes Zubehör hierfür
- ML21 „Software“
- ML22 „Technologie“

⁽²⁷⁾ Die vollständige Beschreibung der Kategorien, wie sie vom Rat im Jahr 2023 angenommen wurde (ABl. C 72 vom 28.2.2023, S. 2), findet sich unter: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/DE/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A52022XG0301%2801%29&qid=1677594029492>.

ANHANG

Tables:

- A.I EXPORTS AND LICENCE REFUSALS PER DESTINATION, PER REGION AND WORLDWIDE
- A.II EXPORTS TO UNITED NATIONS-MANDATED OR OTHER INTERNATIONAL MISSIONS
- A.III BROKERING LICENCES (GRANTED AND REFUSED)
- B. CONSULTATIONS ON DENIED LICENCES (TOTAL NUMBER)
- C. NATIONAL IMPLEMENTATION OF COMMON POSITION 2008/944/CFSP (DEFINING COMMON RULES FOR THE CONTROL OF EXPORTS OF MILITARY TECHNOLOGY AND EQUIPMENT) AND COMMON POSITION 2003/468/CFSP (CONTROL OF ARMS BROKERING)
- D. EU OUTREACH ACTIVITIES
- E. NATIONAL REPORTS ON ARMS EXPORTS – INTERNET ADDRESSES
- F. EUROPEAN PEACE FACILITY - ASSISTANCE MEASURES

TABLE A.I

The numbers in Table A.I are broken down per Member State, and per EU Common Military List category where (a) = number of licences issued; (b) = value of licences issued in euros; (c) = value of arms exports in euros (if available) ⁽²⁸⁾; (d) = number of denials (discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to denials concerning more than one ML category or denials for items other than those appearing in the ML ⁽²⁹⁾); and (e) = the number of the criterion of Common Position 2008/944 invoked to support the refusal (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated between brackets).

Statistics are compiled differently by each Member State: no uniform standard is used. Consequently, owing to current procedures regarding arms export reporting or data protection legislation, not all countries have been able to submit the same information ⁽³⁰⁾.

⁽²⁸⁾ To make the table more readable, nil values and/or the mention 'not available' are omitted, and empty rows and columns are deleted.

⁽²⁹⁾ In some instances, in accordance with the Common Position, denials issued for items which do not appear on the Common Military List (for example for license applications for transactions of dual-use items where intended military end-use has been identified) are included in the total.

⁽³⁰⁾ **Austria:** with regard to items covered by the EU Common Military List, the Austrian law distinguishes between 'war material' (as stipulated in the Austrian War Material Act and Regulation) and 'equipment on the Common Military List not listed as war material' covered by the Austrian Foreign Trade Act. As to the value of actual exports by Military List Category (row c), figures may be inaccurate in particular as such data regarding equipment of the Common Military List not listed as war material is available to the competent authorities only after expiration or full utilisation of the individual export licence. Since some licences granted cover goods of more than one ML category per destination, these licences are counted multiple times, one for every ML category (row a). The total number of licenses quoted in this report therefore exceeds the actual number of licenses granted.

Belgium: the data that Belgium provides for this report is the aggregation of the data of its three regions (the Flemish, Walloon and Brussels-Capital Region) and of its federal government (which is competent for exports by the Belgian armed forces and the Belgian police). Because of differences in data collection and data processing between the competent authorities, Belgium is currently not able to provide data on actual exports (row c).

Czechia: rows a) and b) do not include General transfer licences and Global transfer licences pursuant to the Defence Transfer Directive (2009/43/EC), which could cover goods of more than only one ML Category and allow exports to more than only one Member State. In addition to that, some other licences issued cover goods of more than only one ML Category and their value is the total value of all covered goods. Due to this fact, these types of licences are not included in row b). The sums in rows c) are based on information provided by exporters and also contain actual exports made in 2023 based on licences issued in previous years.

Denmark: with regards to the value listed in row b) it should be noted, that values listed in row b) 'Value of export licences granted' relates to licences issued according to national legislation, i.e. to third countries. Some licences issued cover goods of more than one ML Category. When reporting in row a), each time a licence concerns a ML category, it is counted as one single licence, so the sums in row a) and column 'Total per destination' do not always reflect the actual numbers of licences granted, but a slightly higher number. The Danish currency (DKK) or other currencies are where relevant converted to EUR using the common exchange rate.

Estonia: licences covering more than one ML category and/or destination are reported under 'multiple destinations' (country). Goods which Estonia is judging to be military goods (national listing), but which are not on the EU Common Military List are reported in category ML 22 'Technology' (as CML category which is the most closely linked). The total number of licences quoted in this report therefore differs from the actual number of licences issued. Data does not include temporary transfers (exhibitions) and items on the EU CML provided to Ukraine and reported under the EPF assistance measures (AM).

Finland: licences covering more than one ML category and/or destination are counted one for every ML category per destination country. Therefore, the total number of licences presented in this report exceeds the actual number of licences issued. Data on licences issued also includes export licences to UN-Mandated or Other International Missions.

France: France requires its defence companies to obtain a licence from the early stages of market prospection. The licence should indicate the potential of the transaction. Any operation, starting from the negotiation stage, requires obtaining a licence: transmission of documentation, demonstrations, participation in calls for tenders, etc.

Germany: some licences issued cover goods of more than one ML Category (e.g. one licence for the export of rifles and their ammunition). In reporting in table A.I., each time a licence concerns an ML category, it is counted as one single licence, so the sums in rows a) and column 'Total per destination' do not always reflect the actual numbers of licences granted, but a slightly higher figure (i.e. the number of times a ML category has been affected by a licence for that destination). Germany is not in a position to report the value of actual exports of military goods other than war weapons as no reliable data on this matter is available. In particular, it is not possible to rely on data regarding write-offs from licences that customs authorities gather, because the national or EU lists of military goods and the nomenclature of the Harmonized System used by custom authorities are not congruent. Further, in accordance with rules of the Union Customs Code, there is no reporting requirement for transfers of goods to other EU Member States. This data would therefore lead to an incomplete and unreliable reporting on actual exports of military goods.

Hungary: data provided includes figures of general, global and individual export licences. Transfers of military equipment to Hungarian forces deployed in various missions (table A.II) are not considered regular foreign trade transactions.

Ireland: values in row b) relate to individual export licences issued. Values in row c) relate to actual exports reported by exporters with global licences issued under the ICT directive. As the value of global licences is not always visible ('unlimited value') figures will occur only in row c) and not b). Global licences contain multiple destinations and multiple ML categories, with exports to each destination and category counted as a single licence. Values listed in row a) therefore do not reflect the actual number of licences issued but a slightly higher figure.

The User's Guide stipulates that the value of actual exports shall be provided if available. Belgium, Cyprus, Denmark, Germany, Greece and Ireland do not provide the value of actual exports; no aggregation is therefore reported at the EU level.

With regard to the use of global and general licences notably applied to intra-EU transfers pursuant to Directive 2009/43/EC, it is important to note that the actual value of arms transfers and exports under global and general licences is generally reported by EU Member States. This is however dependant on the Member States' ability to report on actual values as described above and to possible additional national specificities as explained in footnote 30.

Data are reported in euro, converted from national currency in case a Member State does not have the euro as national currency. Bear in mind possible exchange rate fluctuations between data collection and consultation of the data.

It is important to bear in mind that exports to destinations subject to EU arms embargoes comply with the terms, conditions and possible exceptions set out in the decisions imposing such embargoes. The full list and details of embargoes are available at <https://www.sanctionsmap.eu>.

Exports to UN mandated or other international missions are reported on in Table A.II.

Latvia: data provided includes figures of individual, global and general export licences. Data might include also export licences for goods after repair and maintenance. Latvia is not providing data on actual exports because it is not possible for customs authorities to gather precise report on actual exports in a reasonable manner, especially on global transfer licences.

Lithuania: data provided includes figures of individual, global and general export licences, data also include actual exports. Licences covering more than one ML category and/or destination are counted one for every ML category per destination country. Therefore, the total number of licences presented in this report exceeds the actual number of licences issued.

The Netherlands: as values of global licences cannot always be attributed to individual countries, the value of those global licences has been added to the total value of 'multiple destinations'. The figures on actual exports are based on information provided by the exporters in 2023 and may reflect exports based on a licence issued in a previous year. Although much care has been given to the collection of the data on actual exports, the actual exports figures for 2023 may be higher than the values quoted in this report. Some licences cover goods of more than one ML category. Each time a licence concerns an ML category, it is counted as one single licence. Therefore the sum in row 'Number of Export Licences' does not always reflect the actual number of licences granted, but a slightly higher figure.

Poland: licence values provided in row b) refer to individual licences, global licences issued in a given year for a period of up to 3 years, and national general licences. The actual values of transfers, provided in the row c), are related to the individual, global and national general licences. Data from rows a), b) and c) do not include temporary transfers.

Portugal: data provided includes figures of export transactions (definitive and temporary) covered by general, global and individual export licences. Some licences cover goods of more than one ML category and destination, so each time a licence concerns an ML category or destination, it is counted as one single licence, so the sum in row 'Number of Export Licences' does not always reflect the actual number of licences granted, but a slightly higher figure. As the value of General and Global licences is not always visible ('unlimited value') figures will occur only in row c) and not b). Additionally, in some cases of donated material and intangible material (software and technology) where product value was not available a value of 1 was attributed to record the export. Data provided does not include figures of export transactions of civilian firearms (for personal protection, hunting, sporting).

Romania: data provided includes figures of general, global and individual export licences. Global and general licences cannot always be attributed to an individual military list category ML or an individual country. Therefore, the figures on number of licences issued (row a) could be slightly higher. Also, on grounds of national security interests, information on certain sensitive exports was not included in the 2023 report.

Slovakia: data provided includes some licences, which cover more than one ML category. Therefore values in row a) are thoroughly recorded, but values in row b) and row c) can have slightly different values. Exhibitions and presentations: Austria, Belgium, Czechia, Finland, France, Germany, Hungary, Indonesia, Israel, Malaysia, Norway, Poland, Romania, Saudi Arabia, Sweden, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States of America. Remark related to Ukraine: due to national security interests export to Ukraine and Israel will be reported later. On grounds of national security interests, information on certain sensitive exports was not included in the 2023 report.

Slovenia: data provided includes figures of one general, (ML6), 4 global (ML1, ML3, ML16 and ML18) and individual export licences. The value of some licences was 0, because weapons and military equipment/defence-related products were exported for the purpose of testing and evaluation, or warranty claim. In some cases, the export (transfer) within the EU area was carried out without an issued permit in accordance with applicable legislation. The report also covers the realization of permits issued in previous years with validity in 2023.

Spain: data provided includes figures of general, global and individual export licences as well as global project export licences. Values in rows a) b) include values on temporary and definitive licences. Values in row c) include only values on definitive licences.

Sweden: the SEK to EUR conversion reflects the average exchange rate for 2023 of 11,48 Swedish krona per Euro. Licences covering more than one ML category and/or destination have been counted multiple times, one for every ML category per country of destination. The total number of licences quoted in this report therefore exceeds the actual number of licences issued. Two of the licences included in the statistics are subject to confidentiality in accordance with Swedish national legislation. For these licences, with a total value of EUR 1 018 478 739, information regarding country of final destination has been excluded.

EXPORTS AND LICENCE REFUSALS PER DESTINATION, PER REGION AND WORLDWIDE

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PER REGION	
Central America and the Caribbean (Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bonaire/Saint Eustatius and Saba, Costa Rica, Cuba, Curaçao, Dominica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Grenada, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Saint Barthelemy, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Martin, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Trinidad and Tobago)	392
Central Asia (Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan)	395
European Union (Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Denmark (Greenland), Denmark (Faroe Islands), Estonia, Finland, France, France (French Polynesia), France (Mayotte), France (New Caledonia), Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden)	400
Middle East (Bahrain, Egypt, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Oman, Palestine, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syria, United Arab Emirates, Yemen)	408
North Africa (Algeria, Libya, Morocco, Tunisia)	415
North America (Canada, United States)	419
North East Asia (China (Mainland), China (Hong Kong), China (Macao), Korea (Democratic People's Republic of), Korea (Republic of), Japan, Mongolia, Taiwan)	427
Oceania (Australia, Fiji, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Micronesia (Federated States of), Nauru, New Zealand, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu)	433
Other European Countries (Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Georgia, Holy See, Iceland, Kosovo*, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russian Federation, San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United Kingdom (Bermuda), United Kingdom (Cayman Islands), United Kingdom (Gibraltar), United Kingdom (St Helena), United Kingdom (Turks and Caicos Islands)	438
South America (Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Guyana, Paraguay, Peru, Suriname, Uruguay, Venezuela)	446
South Asia (Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka)	452
South East Asia (Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, Timor Leste, Vietnam)	459
Sub-Saharan Africa (Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo (Republic of), Congo (Democratic Republic of), Djibouti, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, South Sudan, Sudan, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe)	465
WORLDWIDE	472

* This designation is without prejudice to positions on status, and is in line with UNSCR 1244/1999 and ICJ Opinion on the Kosovo declaration of independence.

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Afghanistan

		ML13	Total
Finland	a	1	1
	b	87 422	87 422
	c	84 927	84 927
Total per ML category	a	1	1
	b	87 422	87 422
	d		
	e		

Albania

		ML1	ML2	ML4	ML5	ML14	ML15	Total
Austria	a	1						1
	b	220 590						220 590
	c	220 590						220 590
Bulgaria	a		1	1				2
	b		1 333 750	10 780 250				12 114 000
	c							
Cyprus	a	4						4
	b	144 667						144 667
	c							
Czech Republic	a				1			1
	b				250 127			250 127
	c				253 366			253 366
France	a			1				1
	b			103 700 000				103 700 000
	c							
Germany	a	2	1		2	1		6
	b	1 716 426	217 451		120 061	109 725		2 163 663
	c							
Greece	a						1	1
	b						480 500	480 500
	c							
Italy	a	1						1
	b	44 910						44 910
	c							44 910

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Albania

		ML1	ML2	ML4	ML5	ML14	ML15	Total
Total per ML category	a	8	2	2	3	1	1	17
	b	2 126 593	1 551 201	114 480 250	370 188	109 725	480 500	119 118 457
	d							
	e							

Algeria

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	1							
	b								
	c	438							
Bulgaria	a					1	15		
	b					59 633	16 835 901		
	c	277 035	263 891			1 015 592	5 742 899		
Czech Republic	a						2	1	
	b						833 090	4 040	
	c	4 400			59 969		316 491	3 507	415 494
France	a			1				2	
	b			16 825 000				27 687 000	
	c								
Germany	a					1	3		2
	b					27 419 761	93 729 740		684
	c								
Italy	a	2	1	1	5	2			
	b	642 250	2 500 000	6 000	18 839 087	404 223			
	c								
Poland	a	2	2			1	5		
	b	3 253 417	3 796 602			331 760	1 009 228		
	c	2 117 393	32 827			65 000	587 477		
Total per ML category	a	5	3	2	5	5	25	3	2
	b	3 895 667	6 296 602	16 831 000	18 839 087	28 215 377	112 407 959	27 691 040	684
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Algeria

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML17	ML18	ML21
Bulgaria	a			1					
	b			31 000					
	c								
Czech Republic	a	6							
	b	13 437							
	c	3 346 777							
France	a	3	2	1		4		2	
	b	244 700 000	10 150 000	6 400		68 671 373		53 329 000	
	c								
Germany	a	1					1		1
	b	2 229					147 320		413 220
	c								
Italy	a	1							
	b	48 832							
	c								
Lithuania	a	1	1						
	b	11 322	74 615						
	c	11 284	82 713						
Netherlands	a		1						1
	b		45 000						45 000
	c		984 951						51
Poland	a	1						1	
	b	18 681						194 150	
	c	19 246						194 000	
Slovakia	a				3				
	b				3 559 998				
	c				2 270 158				
Spain	a	1							
	b								
	c	12							
Total per ML category	a	14	4	2	3	4	1	3	2
	b	244 794 501	10 269 615	37 400	3 559 998	68 671 373	147 320	53 523 150	458 220
	d	1							
	e	1(1)							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Algeria

		ML22	Total
Austria	a		1
	b		
	c		438
Bulgaria	a		17
	b		16 926 534
	c		7 299 417
Czech Republic	a		9
	b		850 567
	c		4 146 638
France	a	2	17
	b	6 155 000	427 523 773
	c		
Germany	a	1	10
	b	75 000	121 787 954
	c		
Italy	a		12
	b		22 440 392
	c		3 951 319
Lithuania	a		2
	b		85 937
	c		93 997
Netherlands	a	1	3
	b	45 000	135 000
	c	125	985 127
Poland	a	1	13
	b	605 240	9 209 078
	c		3 015 943
Slovakia	a		3
	b		3 559 998
	c		2 270 158
Spain	a		1
	b		
	c		12

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Algeria

		ML22	Total
Total per ML category	a	5	88
	b	6 880 240	602 519 233
	d		1
	e		1(1)

Andorra

		ML1	ML3	Total
Austria	a	4		4
	b	145 025		145 025
	c	60 010		60 010
Belgium	a	2	1	3
	b	842	496 806	497 648
	c			
France	a	2		2
	b	6 000		6 000
	c			
Germany	a	19	2	21
	b	186 836	288 610	475 446
	c			
Spain	a	10		10
	b	183 706		183 706
	c	42 153	7 757	49 910
Sweden	a			
	b			
	c		94 907	94 907
Total per ML category	a	37	3	40
	b	522 409	785 416	1 307 825
	d			
	e			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Angola

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML10	ML11	ML13	Total
Bulgaria	a			1					1	2
	b			504 600					479 003	983 603
	c								451 959	451 959
Czech Republic	a						1			1
	b						37 251 635			37 251 635
	c									
France	a			1		1		1		3
	b			147 000 000		22 550 000		555 000 006		724 550 006
	c									
Italy	a									
	b									
	c									72 191 651
Netherlands	a				1					1
	b				123 853					123 853
	c									
Portugal	a	1	1							2
	b	238 207	45 149							283 356
	c									
Slovakia	a					1				1
	b					11 972				11 972
	c					11 972				11 972
Spain	a			2						2
	b			2 875 000						2 875 000
	c			424 063			1 919 877			2 343 940
Total per ML category	a	1	1	4	1	2	1	1	1	12
	b	238 207	45 149	150 379 600	123 853	22 561 972	37 251 635	555 000 006	479 003	766 079 425
	d									
	e									

Argentina

		ML1	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML8	ML9	ML10	ML11
Austria	a	5							
	b	672 810							
	c	408 529							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Argentina

		ML1	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML8	ML9	ML10	ML11
Belgium	a	3							
	b	767 779							
	c								
Bulgaria	a								
	b								
	c		14 025						
Cyprus	a	1							
	b	18 800							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	1							
	b								
	c	12 154							
Denmark	a			1				1	
	b			37 075				299 000 000	
	c								
France	a							1	
	b							3 000 000	
	c								
Germany	a	9	1		4	1	1	2	1
	b	169 909	1 473		3 240 651	33	105 551	455 030	27 160
	c								
Italy	a	1						2	
	b	181 308						338 692	
	c								
Total per ML category	a	20	1	1	4	1	1	6	1
	b	1 810 606	1 473	37 075	3 240 651	33	105 551	302 793 722	27 160
	d								
	e								

Argentina

		ML15	ML18	ML22	Total
Austria	a				5
	b				672 810
	c				408 529

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Argentina

		ML15	ML18	ML22	Total
Belgium	a		2		5
	b		431 406		1 199 185
	c				
Bulgaria	a				
	b				
	c				14 025
Cyprus	a				1
	b				18 800
	c				
Czech Republic	a				1
	b				
	c				12 154
Denmark	a				2
	b				299 037 075
	c				
France	a			2	3
	b			1 200 000	4 200 000
	c				
Germany	a			1	20
	b			1	3 999 808
	c				
Italy	a				3
	b				520 000
	c				2 050 815
Spain	a	2			2
	b				
	c				
Sweden	a				
	b				
	c			2 435 620	2 435 620
Total per ML category	a	2	2	3	42
	b		431 406	1 200 001	309 647 678
	d				
	e				

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Armenia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML10	ML11
Bulgaria	a			1					
	b			56 000					
	c				162 750				
Cyprus	a	1							
	b	9 500							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	4							
	b								
	c	423 353							
France	a	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	2
	b	1 850 000	28 300 000	100 671 750	193 400 000	622 100 000	43 100 000	89 800 000	146 480 000
	c								
Germany	a						1		
	b						2 178 626		
	c								
Slovenia	a			1					
	b			1 875 000					
	c			21 231					
Total per ML category	a	6	1	3	2	2	2	1	2
	b	1 859 500	28 300 000	102 602 750	193 400 000	622 100 000	45 278 626	89 800 000	146 480 000
	d	1		1					
	e	1(1)		1(1), 4(1), 7(1)					

Armenia

		ML15	ML17	ML18	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a					1
	b					56 000
	c					162 750
Cyprus	a					1
	b					9 500
	c					
Czech Republic	a		1			5
	b					
	c		4 106	945 236		1 372 695

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Armenia

		ML15	ML17	ML18	ML22	Total
France	a	3			4	18
	b	129 200 000			223 251 000	1 578 152 750
	c					
Germany	a		1			2
	b		315 000			2 493 626
	c					
Slovakia	a	2				2
	b	182 750				182 750
	c					
Slovenia	a					1
	b					1 875 000
	c					21 231
Total per ML category	a	5	2		4	30
	b	129 382 750	315 000		223 251 000	1 582 769 626
	d					2
	e					4(1), 1(2), 7(1)

Aruba

		ML3	Total
Netherlands	a	1	1
	b	500	500
	c		
Total per ML category	a	1	1
	b	500	500
	d		
	e		

Australia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	20	1				2		
	b	7 918 955	668				1 482 970		
	c	2 350 913	668				16 014		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Australia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Belgium	a	14	11	1	1				
	b	12 425 201	124 490	39 800	9 892 000				
	c								
Cyprus	a	3							
	b	26 731							
	c								
Czech Republic	a						1		
	b								
	c						57 972		
Denmark	a				1	2			
	b				2 600	5 809			
	c								
Estonia	a						2		
	b						22 500 000		
	c						33 000		
Finland	a	2		2				1	
	b	876 000		482 256				58 965	
	c	115 505		213 741		469 580			
France	a	3		1	1	1			1
	b	178 307		7 690 000	4 620 000	22 000 000			125 000
	c								
Germany	a	81	11	22	4	7	59	2	8
	b	3 536 327	32 304 806	15 002 639	3 418 657	4 873 045	30 919 347	381	2 106
	c								
Ireland	a	1				13			
	b	3 700				4 741 520			
	c								
Italy	a				10		1		2
	b				123 314 267		574 050		77 600
	c								
Latvia	a	1							
	b	18 535 375							
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Australia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c	2 648 647							
Netherlands	a				2	2	2		
	b				4 524 800	528 644	6 986		
	c				4 800	589 991	541 619		
Slovenia	a								
	b								
	c						112 200		
Spain	a		1				1		
	b		2 000 000				35 000		
	c		2 000 000						
Sweden	a		3	6	1	5			1
	b		34 858 324	11 439 539		522 807			51 880
	c		54 380	4 896 203	14 902 680	1 091 583			353 554
Total per ML category	a	125	27	32	20	30	68	3	12
	b	43 500 596	69 288 288	34 654 234	145 772 324	32 671 825	55 518 353	59 346	256 586
	d								
	e								

Australia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a		1						
	b		1 067						
	c		1 067						
Czech Republic	a		2						
	b		313 039						
	c		261 605	483 848					
Finland	a			1		1			
	b			22 000		290 000			
	c	11 737 575		11 000					
France	a	3	2	1		1	1	2	1
	b	76 060 820	55 492 600	1 100 000		30 000 000	4 600 000	19 400 000	1 980 000
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Australia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Germany	a	18	18	17			6	5	7
	b	1 721 513	16 190 782	2 135 575			4 176 530	6 457 551	690 770
	c								
Ireland	a	1							
	b	19 510							
	c								
Italy	a	6	10	7				1	
	b	6 090 622	4 049 821	188 182				36 151	
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c							162 152	
Luxembourg	a					2			
	b					7 668			
	c					7 668			
Netherlands	a	11		1			2	2	2
	b	30 097 612		1 830 999			148 557	7 487 280	1 299 729
	c	8 996	2 788 564					126 000	2 668
Portugal	a			30					
	b			1 743 154					
	c		304 434	704 265					
Spain	a	2	1						
	b		27 818 682						
	c		17 884 856						
Sweden	a		2	7			1		
	b		1 285 756	1 445 952			45 132		
	c		395 973	309 292		198 491	45 132		
Total per ML category	a	41	36	64		4	10	10	10
	b	113 990 077	105 151 747	8 465 862		30 297 668	8 970 219	33 380 982	3 970 499
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Australia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		3					27
	b		314 820					9 718 480
	c		7 746					2 376 408
Belgium	a							27
	b							22 481 491
	c							
Cyprus	a							3
	b							26 731
	c							
Czech Republic	a	1						4
	b	30 688						343 727
	c		29					803 454
Denmark	a					5	5	13
	b					6 019 520	6 019 520	12 047 449
	c							
Estonia	a					1	1	4
	b							22 500 000
	c							33 000
Finland	a							7
	b							1 729 221
	c							12 547 401
France	a	1				1	2	22
	b	173				1 000 000	1 920 000	226 166 900
	c							
Germany	a	10	5			17	27	324
	b	550 735	3 844 123			1 619 470	15 750 101	143 194 458
	c							
Ireland	a					1	1	17
	b					100 000	100 000	4 964 730
	c							
Italy	a					1	3	41
	b					37 222 692	90 432	171 643 817
	c							54 258 271

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Australia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Latvia	a							1
	b							18 535 375
	c							
Lithuania	a							
	b							
	c							2 810 799
Luxembourg	a							2
	b							7 668
	c							7 668
Netherlands	a		1			2	12	39
	b		179 044			248 122	31 957 837	78 309 610
	c						810 447	4 873 085
Poland	a	1						1
	b	50 679						50 679
	c	16 000						16 000
Portugal	a							30
	b							1 743 154
	c							1 008 699
Romania	a							
	b							
	c					827 001		827 001
Slovenia	a							
	b							
	c							112 200
Spain	a							5
	b							29 853 682
	c						5	19 884 861
Sweden	a	2				3	11	42
	b	150 307					34 853 771	84 653 468
	c	155 034				47 569	6 952 986	29 402 877
Total per ML category	a	15	9			31	62	609
	b	782 582	4 337 987			46 209 804	90 691 661	827 970 640
	d							
	e							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Austria

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Belgium	a	10		3		1			
	b	370 746		388 900		453 240			
	c								
Bulgaria	a	2							
	b	885 358							
	c	102 090							
Croatia	a	1		2					
	b	1 580		14 056 000					
	c	1 580		309 201					
Czech Republic	a	3	1				1		2
	b								
	c	1 560 419		4 962 779			1 265 377	120 626	301 590
Denmark	a				1				
	b				52 115				
	c								
Finland	a	6			1				
	b	1 141 655			9 202				
	c	54 867			9 201		101 800		
France	a	2	1						1
	b	131 670	3 088						10 000
	c								
Germany	a	6	18	51	14	1	56	1	
	b	39 655	603 817	9 313 782	1 751 999	1 860	182 073 685	52	
	c								
Hungary	a	2		7	6				
	b	1 690 000		8 876 097	3 126 670				
	c			2 131 598	277 220		96 300		
Italy	a	1		1			8		
	b	587		3 500			16 426 722		
	c								
Latvia	a	1							
	b	4 850 925							
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Austria

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Lithuania	a	1		4					
	b			490 745					
	c	569 797							
Luxembourg	a						1		
	b						54 500		
	c						54 500		
Netherlands	a	11	2	2					
	b	50 380	54 050	1 270					
	c	19 758	35 000	270		1 000	255 586		
Poland	a				1		3		
	b				3 075		584 579		
	c				2 870				
Portugal	a	3							
	b	720 000							
	c						32 601		
Slovakia	a	3	6	2					
	b	4 137 235	304 334	8 735					
	c	3 985 196	304 334	5 760					
Slovenia	a						1		
	b						361 499		
	c		667 247				295 078		
Spain	a	4		2			8		
	b	34 310		2 256 000			43 624		
	c	55 425		2 256 000			1 050 385		
Sweden	a	3	2	2	1				2
	b		14 813	83 061					33 547
	c	107 379	27 714	249 080		42 074			47 734
Total per ML category	a	59	30	76	24	2	78	1	5
	b	14 054 101	980 102	35 478 090	4 943 061	455 100	199 544 609	52	43 547
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Austria

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17
Croatia	a							1	
	b							289	
	c								
Czech Republic	a								
	b								
	c		34					492 933	
Denmark	a				29				
	b				73 054				
	c								
Finland	a		1						
	b		374 000						
	c		374 000	377 904					
France	a			1			4	1	1
	b			1 850 000			31 395 000	1 709 200	2 282 500
	c								
Germany	a	2	6		1		4	14	36
	b	5 262	351 057		3 258		20 240	37 772 623	1 744 280
	c								
Greece	a						1		
	b						15 720 000		
	c								
Hungary	a							1	
	b							211 700	
	c								
Italy	a		1		1				
	b				3 000				
	c								
Lithuania	a						1		
	b								
	c						279 907		
Netherlands	a				1	2	3		
	b				150 450	131 552	1 941		
	c		17 966		150 450		1 150	56 953	

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Austria

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c		4 302 679						
Slovenia	a								
	b								
	c					1 716 732		1 464 984	
Spain	a		1						
	b		10 000 000						
	c		140 540						
Sweden	a		1						1
	b		3 485						411 710
	c		19 137			265 766			302 651
Total per ML category	a	2	10	1	32	2	13	17	38
	b	5 262	10 728 542	1 850 000	229 762	131 552	47 137 181	39 693 812	4 438 490
	d								
	e								

Austria

		ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Belgium	a				14
	b				1 212 886
	c				
Bulgaria	a				2
	b				885 358
	c				102 090
Croatia	a				4
	b				14 057 869
	c				310 781
Czech Republic	a				7
	b				
	c	21 273			8 725 031
Denmark	a		1		31
	b		1		125 170
	c				

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Austria

		ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Finland	a				8
	b				1 524 857
	c		30 150		947 922
France	a			1	12
	b			6 000	37 387 458
	c				
Germany	a	44	4	37	295
	b	986 634	161 603	1 490 646	236 320 453
	c				
Greece	a				1
	b				15 720 000
	c				
Hungary	a				16
	b				13 904 467
	c				2 505 118
Italy	a	2		2	16
	b	3 081 800		1 000 000	20 515 609
	c				5 857 008
Latvia	a				1
	b				4 850 925
	c				
Lithuania	a				6
	b				490 745
	c				849 704
Luxembourg	a				1
	b				54 500
	c				54 500
Netherlands	a			1	22
	b			69 575	459 218
	c			3	538 136
Poland	a			2	6
	b			130 317	717 971
	c				2 870

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Austria

		ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Portugal	a				3
	b				720 000
	c				4 335 280
Slovakia	a				11
	b				4 450 304
	c				4 295 290
Slovenia	a				1
	b				361 499
	c				4 144 041
Spain	a		2	5	22
	b				12 333 934
	c				3 502 350
Sweden	a		1	1	14
	b				546 616
	c				1 061 535
Total per ML category	a	46	8	49	493
	b	4 068 434	161 604	2 696 538	366 639 839
	d				
	e				

Azerbaijan

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Bulgaria	a			4	1			1	
	b			23 477 679	250 994			39 695	
	c			13 027 487	250 994			39 695	76 190
Cyprus	a	1							
	b	31 600							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	2		1				1	
	b							456 439	
	c	233 755						127 360	
Romania	a	1				1			
	b	80 829				24 276			
	c	80 829							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Azerbaijan

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Slovakia	a		1	1			3		
	b		8 146 596	4			286 594 161		
	c						447 646		
Total per ML category	a	4	1	6	1	1	3	2	
	b	112 429	8 146 596	23 477 683	250 994	24 276	286 594 161	496 134	
	d	1				1			
	e	1(1), 4(1)				4(1), 7(1)			

Azerbaijan

		ML10	ML11	ML14	ML16	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a					5	11
	b					8 500 000	32 268 368
	c						13 394 366
Croatia	a	1					1
	b	17 000					17 000
	c						
Cyprus	a						1
	b						31 600
	c						
Czech Republic	a	1		1			6
	b						456 439
	c	909 750		1 882 837			3 153 702
Italy	a	1	1				2
	b	137 900 000	19 000 000				156 900 000
	c						
Poland	a	1					1
	b	915 171					915 171
	c	608 470					608 470
Romania	a						2
	b						105 105
	c						80 829
Slovakia	a		2	2		1	10
	b		49 661 141	5 152 123		1 400 000	350 954 025
	c						447 646

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Azerbaijan

		ML10	ML11	ML14	ML16	ML22	Total
Slovenia	a				1		1
	b				857 600		857 600
	c						
Spain	a						
	b						
	c		735 507				735 507
Total per ML category	a	4	3	3	1	6	35
	b	138 832 171	68 661 141	5 152 123	857 600	9 900 000	542 505 308
	d						2
	e						4(2), 1(1), 7(1)

Bahamas

		ML1	Total
Italy	a	2	2
	b	121 784	121 784
	c		67 511
Total per ML category	a	2	2
	b	121 784	121 784
	d		
	e		

Bahrain

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10	ML11
Austria	a	5		1					
	b	82 786		10 000					
	c	47 271	1						
Belgium	a								1
	b								398 822
	c								
Czech Republic	a	1		1					
	b	3 749							
	c	10 459		981 736					

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Bahrain

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10	ML11
Germany	a	3			2	1	2	1	
	b	66 200			45 647	156 400	3 011 870	66 993	
	c								
Greece	a					1			
	b					20 000			
	c								
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c							4 913 029	
Slovakia	a	1							
	b	5 200							
	c	2 335							
Total per ML category	a	10		2	2	2	2	1	1
	b	157 935		10 000	45 647	176 400	3 011 870	66 993	398 822
	d								
	e								

Bahrain

		ML13	ML15	ML17	ML18	ML22	Total
Austria	a						6
	b						92 786
	c						47 272
Belgium	a						1
	b						398 822
	c						
Czech Republic	a						2
	b						3 749
	c						992 195
France	a	1	1				2
	b	17 000	5 500 000				5 517 000
	c						
Germany	a	1		1	1	1	13
	b	175 000		45 675	180 000	534 300	4 282 085
	c						

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Bahrain

		ML13	ML15	ML17	ML18	ML22	Total
Greece	a						1
	b						20 000
	c						
Italy	a						
	b						
	c						234 168
Portugal	a						
	b						
	c						4 913 029
Slovakia	a						1
	b						5 200
	c						2 335
Total per ML category	a	2	1	1	1	1	26
	b	192 000	5 500 000	45 675	180 000	534 300	10 319 642
	d						
	e						

Bangladesh

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML8	ML10	ML11
Austria	a	2							
	b	259 000							
	c								
Croatia	a		1						
	b		50						
	c								
Czech Republic	a	2		1				2	
	b							287 884	
	c							1 573 272	
Germany	a	1	1	2		5	2	1	
	b	450 420	5 810 400	69 110		221 800	62	2 114	
	c								
Hungary	a	2							
	b	33 170							
	c	33 170							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Bangladesh

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML8	ML10	ML11
Italy	a					3			
	b					368 862			
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c							48 235	
Netherlands	a					4			
	b					542 085			
	c					16 800			
Poland	a					1		1	
	b					93 394		15 394	
	c					96 600		16 248	
Slovakia	a		1					1	
	b							159 195	
	c								
Spain	a		1						
	b		140 800						
	c		4 829 359	1 042 000	786 234			500 398	3 433 836
Total per ML category	a	7	4	3		13	2	5	
	b	742 590	5 951 250	69 110		1 226 141	62	464 587	
	d								
	e								

Bangladesh

		ML13	ML15	ML16	ML19	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a							2
	b							259 000
	c							
Croatia	a							1
	b							50
	c							
Czech Republic	a		1					6
	b							287 884
	c							1 573 272

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Bangladesh

		ML13	ML15	ML16	ML19	ML21	ML22	Total
France	a		1		1			2
	b		62 342		2 700 000			2 762 342
	c							
Germany	a			1				13
	b			2 185				6 556 091
	c							
Hungary	a							2
	b							33 170
	c							33 170
Italy	a							3
	b							368 862
	c							5 220 786
Lithuania	a							
	b							
	c						455 552	503 787
Netherlands	a					3	3	10
	b					389 221	389 221	1 320 527
	c							16 800
Poland	a							2
	b							108 788
	c	4 600						117 448
Slovakia	a							2
	b							159 195
	c							
Spain	a							1
	b							140 800
	c							10 591 827
Total per ML category	a		2	1	1	3	3	44
	b		62 342	2 185	2 700 000	389 221	389 221	11 996 709
	d	1						1
	e	2(1)						2(1)

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Barbados

		ML1	Total
Austria	a	1	1
	b	17 000	17 000
	c	17 000	17 000
Czech Republic	a	2	2
	b		
	c	25 357	25 357
Total per ML category	a	3	3
	b	17 000	17 000
	d		
	e		

Belgium

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	1		3	1		1		
	b	1 118		8 220 341	152 800		1 321 998		
	c	1		2 070 000	150 295				
Bulgaria	a					1			1
	b					12 260			1 104 840
	c								631 152
Croatia	a	2							
	b	14 438							
	c	1 470							
Czech Republic	a								2
	b								
	c			8 281 714					98 877
Estonia	a	2	1						
	b	122 496	2 764						
	c								
Finland	a	1							
	b	165 200							
	c	44 123	40 000		268 604	243 709			
France	a	6	5	9	8		4		1
	b	76 311 230	744 376 800	49 918 150	1 066 879 000		428 202 520		1 109 563
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Belgium

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Germany	a	6	3	5	6	3	64		
	b	108 189	1 339 502	759 975	469 478	32 120	5 480 336		
	c								
Hungary	a	1		3	6				
	b	80 683		1 245 000	2 160 235				
	c	80 683		434 124	509 822				
Italy	a	1		8	1	2	3		1
	b	21 000		3 719 206		460 000	1 106 370		29 260
	c								
Lithuania	a			1		2			
	b			45 505		40 750			
	c					40 750			
Netherlands	a				1				
	b				26 600				
	c					104 572	33 100		
Poland	a			1					
	b			190 000					
	c			492 428					
Portugal	a	2							
	b	40 085							
	c								
Romania	a							2	
	b							6 396 494	
	c							6 307 464	
Slovenia	a	1							
	b	2 625							
	c			7 464 469					
Spain	a	4		5	6		1		1
	b	92 548		6 181 400	230 648				365 472
	c	44 217		3 127 185	255 786		828 784		824 350
Sweden	a			1					3
	b								1 868 990
	c	115 998	2 241 547	563 030					55 130

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Belgium

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Total per ML category	a	27	9	36	29	8	73	2	9
	b	76 959 612	745 719 066	70 279 577	1 069 918 761	545 130	436 111 224	6 396 494	4 478 125
	d								
	e								

Belgium

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a					8			
	b					233 888			
	c					233 888			
Czech Republic	a								
	b								
	c		111 732			13 091			1 667 176
Denmark	a			1		21			
	b			108 852		89 010			
	c								
Finland	a			1		1			
	b			1 830 000		9 200			
	c					21 278			
France	a	3	5	1		6	1	1	
	b	65 260 000	44 785 000	4 247 000		303 865 100	312 220	100 000	
	c								
Germany	a	1		13			4	2	
	b	20 701		1 922 925			213 228	580 000	
	c								
Italy	a			8			1		20
	b			7 271 510					688 170
	c								
Netherlands	a								
	b								
	c			3 035			120 000		
Poland	a								
	b								
	c								63 857

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Belgium

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c		12 661 285						
Romania	a							1	
	b							34 830	
	c					104 280			
Spain	a		12				3		
	b		2 186 201 499						
	c		7 492 943						
Sweden	a						2		
	b						16 898		
	c					22 251	75 400		
Total per ML category	a	4	17	24		36	11	4	20
	b	65 280 701	2 230 986 499	15 380 287		304 197 198	542 346	714 830	688 170
	d								
	e								

Belgium

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		3				1	18
	b		27 147				600 000	10 557 292
	c		27 147				600 000	3 081 331
Bulgaria	a							2
	b							1 117 100
	c							631 152
Croatia	a							2
	b							14 438
	c							1 470
Czech Republic	a		5					7
	b							
	c		124 610					10 297 200
Denmark	a					2	2	26
	b					108 852	1	306 715
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Belgium

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Estonia	a					1	6	10
	b							125 260
	c							
Finland	a					1		4
	b					30 000		2 034 400
	c	2 154					1 800	621 668
France	a					2	18	70
	b					7 200 001	38 911 556	2 831 478 140
	c							
Germany	a	3	12			6	12	140
	b	7 365	39 161			25 277	105 106	11 103 363
	c							
Hungary	a							10
	b							3 485 918
	c							1 024 629
Italy	a		1			1	1	48
	b		800 000			2 116 247	13 879 250	30 091 013
	c							19 333 577
Lithuania	a							3
	b							86 255
	c							40 750
Netherlands	a	1				1	1	4
	b	79 500				100 000	100 000	306 100
	c						3 000	263 707
Poland	a							1
	b							190 000
	c						131 762	688 047
Portugal	a							2
	b							40 085
	c							12 661 285
Romania	a							3
	b							6 431 324
	c							6 411 744

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Belgium

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Slovenia	a							1
	b							2 625
	c		1 173 593					8 638 062
Spain	a					6	33	71
	b						620 358	2 193 691 925
	c						1 483 467	14 056 732
Sweden	a						3	9
	b							1 885 888
	c							3 073 356
Total per ML category	a	4	21			20	77	431
	b	86 865	866 308			9 580 377	54 216 271	5 092 947 841
	d							
	e							

Benin

		ML6	ML9	ML10	ML13	ML15	Total
France	a	8	1	1	4	3	17
	b	5 123 278	94 980 000	1 600 000	243 882	15 460 647	117 407 807
	c						
Total per ML category	a	8	1	1	4	3	17
	b	5 123 278	94 980 000	1 600 000	243 882	15 460 647	117 407 807
	d						
	e						

Bhutan

		ML1	Total
Belgium	a	1	1
	b	2 255	2 255
	c		
Total per ML category	a	1	1
	b	2 255	2 255
	d		
	e		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Bolivia

		ML1	ML8	ML15	ML22	Total
Czech Republic	a	3				3
	b	141 625				141 625
	c	1 257 748				1 257 748
France	a				2	2
	b				38 330 000	38 330 000
	c					
Italy	a					
	b					
	c					274 192
Spain	a		1	1		2
	b		1 000 000			1 000 000
	c					
Total per ML category	a	3	1	1	2	7
	b	141 625	1 000 000		38 330 000	39 471 625
	d					
	e					

Bonaire, Saint Eustatius, and Saba

		ML1	ML3	Total
Netherlands	a	5	4	9
	b	5 166	20 929	26 095
	c		20 000	20 000
Total per ML category	a	5	4	9
	b	5 166	20 929	26 095
	d			
	e			

Bosnia and Herzegovina

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML6	ML8	ML13	ML16	ML17
Austria	a	6		1				1	
	b	256 869		44 207				22 480	
	c	160 912						22 480	

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Bosnia and Herzegovina

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML6	ML8	ML13	ML16	ML17
Belgium	a	1							
	b	21 257							
	c								
Bulgaria	a	2		1		1			
	b	11 810		3 640 000		5 406 000			
	c	11 810							
Croatia	a	16	1	4		1	3		
	b	2 305 631	4 250	8 348 104		1 416	7 940		
	c	237 992	4 250	401 923		1 416	3 040		
Cyprus	a	2							
	b	222 401							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	4		2	4				
	b			124 964	9 347				
	c	510 111		121 716	162 979			2 556 283	
France	a					1			
	b					29 000			
	c								
Germany	a	1							
	b	300							
	c								
Hungary	a	2		12					
	b	12 000		142 000					
	c			10 000					
Latvia	a								1
	b								102 576
	c								102 576
Netherlands	a				1				
	b				7 500				
	c				7 500				
Slovakia	a	2							
	b	43 941							
	c	43 941							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Bosnia and Herzegovina

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML6	ML8	ML13	ML16	ML17
Total per ML category	a	36	1	20	5	3	3	1	1
	b	2 874 209	4 250	12 299 275	16 847	5 436 416	7 940	22 480	102 576
	d	3		2					
	e	3(3), 7(3)		3(2), 7(2)					

Bosnia and Herzegovina

		ML18	Total
Austria	a		8
	b		323 556
	c		183 392
Belgium	a		1
	b		21 257
	c		
Bulgaria	a		4
	b		9 057 810
	c		11 810
Croatia	a		25
	b		10 667 341
	c		648 621
Cyprus	a		2
	b		222 401
	c		
Czech Republic	a	1	11
	b		134 311
	c	6 985	3 358 074
France	a	1	2
	b	500 000	529 000
	c		
Germany	a		1
	b		300
	c		
Hungary	a		14
	b		154 000
	c		10 000

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Bosnia and Herzegovina

		ML18	Total
Italy	a	1	1
	b	700 000	700 000
	c		
Latvia	a		1
	b		102 576
	c		102 576
Netherlands	a		1
	b		7 500
	c		7 500
Slovakia	a		2
	b		43 941
	c		43 941
Total per ML category	a	3	73
	b	1 200 000	21 963 993
	d		5
	e		3(5), 7(5)

Botswana

		ML1	ML3	ML6	ML10	ML15	Total
Austria	a	2	2				4
	b	29 720	7 955				37 675
	c	16 003	2 549				18 552
Belgium	a	2					2
	b	67 154					67 154
	c						
France	a				1	1	2
	b				55 100 000	920 000	56 020 000
	c						
Germany	a	4		1			5
	b	82 900		771			83 671
	c						
Spain	a		3		1		4
	b		765 000		30 000 000		30 765 000
	c		375 000		60 769		435 769

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Botswana

		ML1	ML3	ML6	ML10	ML15	Total
Sweden	a						
	b						
	c		72 717				72 717
Total per ML category	a	8	5	1	2	1	17
	b	179 774	772 955	771	85 100 000	920 000	86 973 500
	d						
	e						

Brazil

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	64							
	b	12 643 485							
	c	5 047 222							
Belgium	a	11				1	2		1
	b	891 272				240 000	50 699		9 150 000
	c								
Croatia	a	6							
	b	6 045 090							
	c	2 018 742							
Czech Republic	a	3					1		
	b	79 977					1 083 017		
	c	59 538	24 452				723		
Denmark	a				1				
	b				4 160 000				
	c								
Estonia	a						1		
	b						50 000		
	c								
Finland	a					1			
	b					4 000			
	c								
France	a		1		3	2			
	b		427 030 000		15 066 905	464 599 500			
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Brazil

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Germany	a		2	1	3		9	4	5
	b		2 735 947	15 000	977 836		4 005 855	687 727	1 155
	c								
Italy	a	44			2	5	4		
	b	8 820 285			481 348	1 226 582	5 196 973		
	c								
Netherlands	a					3			
	b					5 922 066			
	c	60 028				139 000			
Slovakia	a	15							
	b	5 106 888							
	c	3 287 172							
Slovenia	a	2		3					
	b	1 852 519		5 275 116					
	c	925 260		18 096 256					
Spain	a	30				2	2		
	b	90 181					6 885		
	c	115 862	24 868	4 120 953			16 426		
Sweden	a		1	2	3	1			
	b			165 608					
	c		464 727	899 750	5 209 683	3 255 915			
Total per ML category	a	175	4	6	12	15	19	4	6
	b	35 529 697	429 765 947	5 455 724	20 686 089	471 992 148	10 393 429	687 727	9 151 155
	d								
	e								

Brazil

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a					4			
	b					325 000			
	c					38 350		43 744	
Belgium	a							1	
	b							54 435	
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Brazil

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a								
	b								
	c		10 804 614						
Estonia	a		1						
	b		775 648						
	c								
France	a	2	7	2		2		4	1
	b	39 500 000	325 815 004	4 252 000		10 200 400		31 490 000	14 098 529
	c								
Germany	a	11	67	19			2	2	5
	b	19 797 577	6 666 065	21 340 430			705 890	189 884	129 764
	c								
Greece	a							12	
	b							35 406 000	
	c								
Italy	a		10	2					
	b		1 100 305	93 188					
	c								
Netherlands	a	4		3					
	b	12 271 421		5 842 424					
	c	957 745		1 189					
Portugal	a			2					
	b			98 600					
	c		22 828 958	13 400					
Romania	a								
	b								
	c			287 520					
Spain	a		2	2					
	b		110 000 000	40 701					
	c		9 919 020	1 789 319					
Sweden	a						2		
	b						22 655		
	c		131 572 986	2 044 605		150 877	337 827	141 943	

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Brazil

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Total per ML category	a	17	87	30		6	4	19	6
	b	71 568 998	444 357 022	31 667 343		10 525 400	728 545	67 140 319	14 228 293
	d								
	e								

Brazil

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		6					74
	b		147 854					13 116 339
	c		147 854					5 277 170
Belgium	a					1	1	18
	b					100	104	10 386 610
	c							
Croatia	a							6
	b							6 045 090
	c							2 018 742
Czech Republic	a		4					8
	b		91 510					1 254 504
	c		172 342					11 061 669
Denmark	a							1
	b							4 160 000
	c							
Estonia	a							2
	b							825 648
	c							
Finland	a							1
	b							4 000
	c							
France	a		2				7	33
	b		24 300 000				68 742 000	1 425 094 338
	c							
Germany	a		2			8	4	144
	b		40 353			478 988	20 004	57 792 475
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Brazil

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Greece	a							12
	b							35 406 000
	c							
Hungary	a						1	1
	b						4	4
	c							
Italy	a		1					68
	b		1 060 000					17 978 681
	c							42 263 951
Netherlands	a					1	6	17
	b					5 821 775	5 911 924	35 769 610
	c					10	4	1 157 976
Portugal	a						1	3
	b						1	98 601
	c							22 842 358
Romania	a							
	b							
	c							287 520
Slovakia	a							15
	b							5 106 888
	c							3 287 172
Slovenia	a							5
	b							7 127 635
	c							19 021 516
Spain	a							38
	b							110 137 767
	c							15 986 448
Sweden	a					3	4	16
	b							188 263
	c	223 396	52 013			29 775 901	69 709 704	243 839 327
Total per ML category	a		15			13	24	462
	b		25 639 717			6 300 863	74 674 037	1 730 492 453
	d							
	e							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Brunei

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML10	ML21
Austria	a	1							
	b	8 885							
	c	1							
Belgium	a			1					
	b			2 520 000					
	c								
France	a						5	1	
	b						5 112 140	122 506	
	c								
Netherlands	a								
	b								
	c					21 740			4
Spain	a			1				2	
	b							272 000 000	
	c				27 300			2 689 447	
Sweden	a								
	b								
	c		84 827						
Total per ML category	a	1		2			5	3	
	b	8 885		2 520 000			5 112 140	272 122 506	
	d								
	e								

Brunei

		ML22	Total
Austria	a		1
	b		8 885
	c		1
Belgium	a		1
	b		2 520 000
	c		
France	a		6
	b		5 234 646
	c		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Brunei

		ML22	Total
Netherlands	a		
	b		
	c	1	21 745
Spain	a		3
	b		272 000 000
	c		2 716 747
Sweden	a		
	b		
	c	537 277	622 104
Total per ML category	a		11
	b		279 763 531
	d		
	e		

Bulgaria

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	3							2
	b	5 195							31 610
	c	5 195							31 610
Croatia	a	2		1					
	b	519 517		3 000 000					
	c	996		1 860 000					
Czech Republic	a	2	3	4			4		1
	b								
	c	1 204 036	1 244 023	162 814 064			27 968 436		63 641
Estonia	a					1			
	b					4 000			
	c								
Finland	a	2							
	b	728 500							
	c	26 279						47 400	
France	a				2	1			
	b				14 350 100	316 000 000			
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Bulgaria

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Germany	a	1	1	1	1		2		
	b	1 620	6 741 746	1 995 222	1 239 266		24 900		
	c								
Hungary	a	4	4	2			2		
	b	1 853 850	6 292 340	166 900			8 259		
	c	356 400	4 677 240	85 000			8 259		
Italy	a				1				1
	b				32 776 000				288 000
	c								
Latvia	a	5							
	b	3 539 785							
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c	277 720							
Netherlands	a	2							
	b	5 054							
	c	5 054							
Poland	a		1	2	2	2	2		5
	b		494 000	1 821 876	731 322	980 743	1 875 742		13 159 100
	c			1 667 740	731 331		35 000		5 734 000
Romania	a	4		17					5
	b	1 474 383		80 788 183					2 790 946
	c	986 507		55 682 076		265 200			2 954 241
Slovakia	a	4		2	1		5		1
	b	4 344 052		5 223 202	4 560 000		441 776		2 523 500
	c	4 344 052		2 980 020	4 213 728		441 776		
Slovenia	a								
	b								
	c	477 616					30 000		
Spain	a					1			1
	b					477 900			133 600
	c					477 900			352 490

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Bulgaria

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Sweden	a			2	3	6			4
	b			60 994	12 723 021	78 420 985			21 923 022
	c	46 823		222 747		11 541 824			
Total per ML category	a	29	9	31	10	11	15		20
	b	12 471 956	13 528 086	93 056 377	66 379 709	395 883 628	2 350 677		40 849 778
	d								
	e								

Bulgaria

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a					1			
	b					3 500 000			
	c								
Czech Republic	a		6						
	b								
	c		1 176 841						5 314 630
Denmark	a			2		4			
	b			1		3 065			
	c								
Finland	a					1			
	b					4 500 000			
	c					97 977			
France	a		1			1		2	
	b		21 000 000			1 250 000		290 250 000	
	c								
Germany	a	6		3					
	b	485 380		1 462 009					
	c								
Greece	a		1	1					
	b		286 500	286 500					
	c								
Hungary	a		1						
	b		38 000						
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Bulgaria

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Italy	a			1					1
	b			3 498 704					549 273
	c								
Latvia	a		2						
	b		32 450						
	c		32 450						
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c							46 322	
Netherlands	a								
	b								
	c								54 071
Poland	a		1	1					
	b		8 000	4 410					
	c		8 000						
Romania	a			1					
	b			405 000					
	c			210 000					
Slovakia	a		1						
	b		19 000						
	c		19 000						
Spain	a		1						
	b		12 100 000						
	c								
Sweden	a								
	b								
	c						8 272		
Total per ML category	a	6	14	9		7		2	1
	b	485 380	33 483 950	5 656 624		9 253 065		290 250 000	549 273
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Bulgaria

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		2					8
	b		367 195					3 904 000
	c		73 439					110 244
Croatia	a							3
	b							3 519 517
	c							1 860 996
Czech Republic	a		6					26
	b							
	c	856 996	5 925					200 648 592
Denmark	a					4	3	13
	b					423	20	3 509
	c							
Estonia	a							1
	b							4 000
	c							
Finland	a							3
	b							5 228 500
	c							171 656
France	a	1					3	11
	b	479					1 060 000	643 910 579
	c							
Germany	a		3			6	9	33
	b		154 936			1 807	405 593	12 512 479
	c							
Greece	a						1	3
	b						286 500	859 500
	c							
Hungary	a							13
	b							8 359 349
	c							5 126 899
Italy	a							4
	b							37 111 977
	c							4 197 647

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Bulgaria

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Latvia	a							7
	b							3 572 235
	c							32 450
Lithuania	a							
	b							
	c							324 042
Netherlands	a							2
	b							5 054
	c						189 429	248 554
Poland	a					1	1	18
	b					24 000		19 099 193
	c							8 176 071
Romania	a						1	28
	b						2 000	85 460 512
	c						11 457	60 109 481
Slovakia	a		2					16
	b		483 284					17 594 814
	c		483 284					12 481 860
Slovenia	a							
	b							
	c							507 616
Spain	a						1	4
	b						195 930	12 907 430
	c							830 390
Sweden	a		1			1	2	19
	b							113 128 022
	c	677 296					154 501	12 651 463
Total per ML category	a	1	14			12	21	212
	b	479	1 005 415			26 230	1 950 043	967 180 670
	d							
	e							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Burkina Faso

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML6	ML8	ML10	ML11	ML13
Bulgaria	a	1		2		1			
	b	6 126 270		1 948 600		199 136			
	c	6 126 270	99 820	911 680		199 136			
Czech Republic	a	1	1		1		1		
	b						11 996 501		
	c	402 076	2 475 574				3 287 615	674 279	
Finland	a								
	b								
	c								39 226
France	a	1			1		1		1
	b	310 400			300 000		5 744 852		320 000
	c								
Germany	a				3				
	b				508 557				
	c								
Spain	a			1					
	b			4 000 000					
	c			2 429 933	117 249		401 926		
Total per ML category	a	3	1	3	5	1	2		1
	b	6 436 670		5 948 600	808 557	199 136	17 741 353		320 000
	d						3		
	e						1(3)		

Burkina Faso

		ML15	Total
Bulgaria	a		4
	b		8 274 006
	c		7 336 906
Czech Republic	a		4
	b		11 996 501
	c	315 860	7 155 404
Finland	a		
	b		
	c		39 226

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Burkina Faso

		ML15	Total
France	a		4
	b		6 675 252
	c		
Germany	a		3
	b		508 557
	c		
Italy	a		
	b		
	c		30 800
Spain	a		1
	b		4 000 000
	c		2 949 108
Total per ML category	a		16
	b		31 454 316
	d		3
	e		1(3)

Burundi

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML5	ML15	ML22	Total
Belgium	a	1						1
	b	28 000						28 000
	c							
Bulgaria	a	1	1	1				3
	b	23 161 800	4 333 900	23 094 200	1 591 550			52 181 450
	c	7 950 600	586 300	5 562 045	349 200			14 448 145
France	a					1	1	2
	b					480 000	3 220 735	3 700 735
	c							
Malta	a			2				2
	b			19 434				19 434
	c			19 434				19 434

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Burundi

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML5	ML15	ML22	Total
Total per ML category	a	2	1	3		1	1	8
	b	23 189 800	4 333 900	23 113 634	1 591 550	480 000	3 220 735	55 929 619
	d							
	e							

Cambodia

		ML1	ML5	ML6	ML13	Total
Austria	a	1				1
	b	1				1
	c	1				1
Czech Republic	a	3				3
	b	144 033				144 033
	c	124 907				124 907
Denmark	a	1				1
	b	66 500				66 500
	c					
France	a			1	1	2
	b			1 000 001	5 000 000	6 000 001
	c					
Ireland	a		1			1
	b		70 000			70 000
	c					
Total per ML category	a	5	1	1	1	8
	b	210 534	70 000	1 000 001	5 000 000	6 280 535
	d					
	e					

Cameroon

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML6	ML10	ML11	ML13	ML15	Total
Austria	a	1								1
	b	1								1
	c	1								1

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Cameroon

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML6	ML10	ML11	ML13	ML15	Total
France	a	2	1		2		1	1	1	8
	b	34 872	20 000		516 127		8 000	104 120	556 000	1 239 119
	c									
Hungary	a					2				2
	b					332 000				332 000
	c									
Italy	a	2								2
	b	1 722 000								1 722 000
	c									530 403
Romania	a					1				1
	b					2 384 553				2 384 553
	c									
Spain	a			1						1
	b			90 000						90 000
	c			5 347						5 347
Total per ML category	a	5	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	15
	b	1 756 873	20 000	90 000	516 127	2 716 553	8 000	104 120	556 000	5 767 673
	d									
	e									

Canada

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	22	1	2			2		
	b	4 672 098	3 750	1 170 709			33 637		
	c	1 738 974	3 750	1 021 062			6 846		
Belgium	a	12				1			1
	b	1 000 081				8 152			6 864 168
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1							
	b	489 631		657 036					
	c	13 794		105 781					
Czech Republic	a	2	1	2				2	
	b			908 068				36 573	
	c	23 943	1 888	894 596				83 292	

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Canada

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Denmark	a	2				1			
	b	11 737				240 500			
	c								
Estonia	a						1		
	b						300 000		
	c								
Finland	a	1		1					
	b	1 060 100		6 120					
	c	2 155 739		6 120					
France	a		3	1	2		2		
	b		103 100	219 120 000	107 700		62 130 000		
	c								
Germany	a	63	7	17	6	9	13		
	b	3 082 018	2 885 457	4 064 571	3 605 405	5 752 674	6 696 087		
	c								
Hungary	a			3					
	b			42 550					
	c			255					
Italy	a	2	1	3		2			
	b	309 670	848 500	1 405 184		502 940			
	c								
Netherlands	a	3	1	1					
	b	9 711	5 064	2 548					
	c	25 066	4 903			2 669 402	91 417		
Poland	a						5		
	b						624 079		
	c						567 944		
Spain	a			1	3	8			
	b			40 879	10 902 230				
	c				920 777				
Sweden	a		1	1		8			
	b			6 134 264		135 276			
	c		363 800	11 452 349		4 619 904			696 500

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Canada

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Total per ML category	a	108	15	32	11	29	23	2	1
	b	10 635 046	3 845 871	233 551 929	14 615 335	6 639 542	69 783 803	36 573	6 864 168
	d								
	e								

Canada

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a		2					1	1
	b		2 111 202					746 642	533 540
	c		442 094					746 642	213 416
Bulgaria	a								1
	b								45 463 965
	c								4 031 523
Czech Republic	a		1			1			
	b		80 840						
	c		82 220			449 393			
Denmark	a					3			
	b					899 850			
	c								
Finland	a					2			
	b					249 000			
	c		429 577			19 962			
France	a	1	3	1		4	1	9	3
	b	80 109	196 701	220 016		31 058 765	26 200	206 117 893	8 963 882
	c								
Germany	a	2	14	5			3	3	6
	b	47 486	196 659	375 584			420 297	13 477 700	252 609
	c								
Greece	a		1						
	b		104 000						
	c								
Ireland	a							3	
	b							10 487 752	
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Canada

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Italy	a	1	2	7				1	
	b	8 542 100	14 089 803	37 501 922					
	c								
Netherlands	a	7	1	1					
	b	1 995 262	395	56 111					
	c	1 662 388	912 562	2 310 908				63 415	
Poland	a		25			2			3
	b		36 537 467			630 285			5 267 500
	c		2 762 198			140 613			
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c		757 448						
Romania	a		1						
	b		160						
	c		543 088						
Spain	a		8						
	b		3 000 000						
	c		76 893 800						
Sweden	a			2				4	
	b			9 759				136 644	
	c			6 622		476 080		1 027 531	
Total per ML category	a	11	58	16		12	4	21	14
	b	10 664 957	56 317 227	38 163 392		32 837 900	446 497	230 966 631	60 481 496
	d								
	e								

Canada

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a							31
	b							9 271 578
	c							4 172 784
Belgium	a						1	15
	b							7 872 401
	c							

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Canada

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a							2
	b							46 610 632
	c							4 151 098
Czech Republic	a		2					11
	b		159					1 025 640
	c		3 016					1 538 348
Denmark	a					3	4	13
	b					1 013 878	1 073 770	3 239 735
	c							
Estonia	a					2	2	5
	b							300 000
	c							
Finland	a							4
	b							1 315 220
	c							2 611 398
France	a	2	1			5	6	44
	b	39 300 000	501 000			4 452 304	704 412	573 082 082
	c							
Germany	a	4	4			12	18	186
	b	36 311	1 502 220			1 011 259	67 571	43 473 908
	c							
Greece	a							1
	b							104 000
	c							
Hungary	a					1		4
	b					8 000 000		8 042 550
	c					375 721		375 976
Ireland	a							3
	b							10 487 752
	c							
Italy	a						4	23
	b						3 560 317	66 760 436
	c							6 525 251

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Canada

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Netherlands	a						1	15
	b						1	2 069 092
	c					200	49 046	7 789 307
Poland	a		1				7	43
	b		633 485				76 244	43 769 060
	c						41 810	3 512 565
Portugal	a							
	b							
	c							757 448
Romania	a							1
	b							160
	c							543 088
Spain	a					1	3	24
	b						18 000 003	31 943 112
	c							77 814 577
Sweden	a	2	1			3	5	27
	b	2 788						6 418 731
	c	245 767				1 049 235	2 782 218	22 720 006
Total per ML category	a	8	9			27	51	452
	b	39 339 099	2 636 864			14 477 441	23 482 318	855 786 089
	d							
	e							

Cape Verde

		ML1	ML3	Total
Portugal	a	1	1	2
	b	70 000	3 800	73 800
	c			
Total per ML category	a	1	1	2
	b	70 000	3 800	73 800
	d			
	e			

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Central African Republic

		ML1	ML3	ML6	ML7	ML11	Total
Austria	a	1					1
	b	1					1
	c	1					1
Germany	a	3		4			7
	b	81 789		642 367			724 156
	c						
Portugal	a						
	b						
	c	18 500	123 400	157 263	18 200	78 454	395 817
Total per ML category	a	4		4			8
	b	81 790		642 367			724 157
	d						
	e						

Chad

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML6	ML10	ML11	ML13
Austria	a	1							
	b	1							
	c	1							
Bulgaria	a	6	2	6	2				
	b	8 258 665	1 827 450	282 700	22 500				
	c		1 800 000						
France	a	2		1		3	1	1	2
	b	157 000		368 828		25 610 175	1 645 000	1 628	84 479
	c								
Italy	a						1		
	b						39 706		
	c								
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c						4 091 186		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Chad

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML6	ML10	ML11	ML13
Total per ML category	a	9	2	7	2	3	2	1	2
	b	8 415 666	1 827 450	651 528	22 500	25 610 175	1 684 706	1 628	84 479
	d								
	e								

Chad

		ML15	ML22	Total
Austria	a			1
	b			1
	c			1
Bulgaria	a			16
	b			10 391 315
	c			1 800 000
France	a		1	11
	b		7 300 000	35 167 110
	c			
Italy	a			1
	b			39 706
	c			670 974
Lithuania	a	1		1
	b	1 734 200		1 734 200
	c			
Portugal	a			
	b			
	c			4 091 186
Total per ML category	a	1	1	30
	b	1 734 200	7 300 000	47 332 332
	d			
	e			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Chile

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	6							
	b	1 247 158							
	c	994 743							
Belgium	a	4							
	b	53 183							
	c								
Denmark	a						1		
	b						34 349		
	c								
France	a				2	2			
	b				3 110 000	23 100 000			
	c								
Germany	a	8				3	12		5
	b	57 178				6 114 647	523 842		2 481
	c								
Italy	a	2			3		1		
	b	90 365			1 673 893		40 740		
	c								
Netherlands	a	1					1		
	b	600					20 475		
	c								
Spain	a		2	2	1	1	2		
	b			372 770	180 413		3 724 679		
	c			320 472	239 758		789 023		389 849
Sweden	a								
	b								
	c			26 354					
Total per ML category	a	21	2	2	6	6	17		5
	b	1 448 484		372 770	4 964 306	29 214 647	4 344 085		2 481
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Chile

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a					3			
	b					200 000			
	c					4 000			
Belgium	a							2	
	b							273 232	
	c								
Croatia	a								1
	b								52 029
	c								
Estonia	a						1		
	b						1 300		
	c								
Finland	a					1			
	b					1 200			
	c								
France	a	2	3	2				1	
	b	6 084 002	19 485 000	31 380 000				3 740 000	
	c								
Germany	a	8		5				1	
	b	12 427 594		4 119 650				51 600	
	c								
Greece	a							3	
	b							3 168 000	
	c								
Lithuania	a			1					
	b			18 480					
	c			18 480					
Poland	a								
	b								
	c					450			
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c		5 405 589						

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Chile

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Spain	a		1			1		3	
	b		30 000 000			24 000		16 000	
	c		932 416					473 424	
Sweden	a						1		
	b						30 497		
	c						28 096		
Total per ML category	a	10	4	8		5	2	10	1
	b	18 511 596	49 485 000	35 518 130		225 200	31 797	7 248 832	52 029
	d								
	e								

Chile

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		4					13
	b		59 802					1 506 960
	c		56 231					1 054 974
Belgium	a		1					7
	b		7 360					333 775
	c							
Croatia	a							1
	b							52 029
	c							
Denmark	a							1
	b							34 349
	c							
Estonia	a							1
	b							1 300
	c							
Finland	a							1
	b							1 200
	c							
France	a					1	2	15
	b					1 909 220	1 650 001	90 458 223
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Chile

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Germany	a		2			6	5	55
	b		2 882			195 683	1 436 562	24 932 119
	c							
Greece	a							3
	b							3 168 000
	c							
Italy	a							6
	b							1 804 998
	c							3 892 508
Lithuania	a							1
	b							18 480
	c							18 480
Netherlands	a							2
	b							21 075
	c							
Poland	a							
	b							
	c							450
Portugal	a							
	b							
	c							5 405 589
Spain	a							13
	b							34 317 862
	c							3 144 942
Sweden	a							1
	b							30 497
	c							54 450
Total per ML category	a		7			7	7	120
	b		70 044			2 104 903	3 086 563	156 680 867
	d							
	e							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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China

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Czech Republic	a							2	
	b							176 199	
	c							320	
France	a					1			
	b					15 620 000			
	c								
Germany	a								2
	b								111 968
	c								
Spain	a					1			
	b					17 000			
	c								
Total per ML category	a					2		2	2
	b					15 637 000		176 199	111 968
	d								
	e								

China

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a		1						
	b		17 636						
	c		2 070 136						
Estonia	a		1						
	b		853						
	c								
France	a		5	1				12	
	b		48 573 069	2 715 000				78 159 208	
	c								
Total per ML category	a		7	1				12	
	b		48 591 558	2 715 000				78 159 208	
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

China

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Czech Republic	a		1					4
	b		18 301					212 136
	c							2 070 456
Estonia	a							1
	b							853
	c							
France	a						1	20
	b						34 310	145 101 587
	c							
Germany	a							2
	b							111 968
	c							
Italy	a					1		1
	b					110 568		110 568
	c							7 885 935
Netherlands	a						1	1
	b						1 000	1 000
	c						500	500
Spain	a							1
	b							17 000
	c							
Total per ML category	a		1			1	2	30
	b		18 301			110 568	35 310	145 555 112
	d							
	e							

Colombia

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10	ML11
Austria	a	1							
	b	1							
	c	1							
France	a			3	2				4
	b			291 127 273	32 799 500				429 840 000
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Colombia

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10	ML11
Germany	a			1			1		1
	b			14 970			243 655		8 000
	c								
Italy	a								2
	b								940 347
	c								
Netherlands	a				1				
	b				348 523				
	c				709 595				
Spain	a		2	1		3		4	
	b		1 309 945	500 000		5 258 888		793 000	
	c		530 810	312 352		4 823 887		1 667 537	
Total per ML category	a	1	2	5	3	3	1	4	7
	b	1	1 309 945	291 642 243	33 148 023	5 258 888	243 655	793 000	430 788 347
	d								
	e								

Colombia

		ML13	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a				1
	b				1
	c				1
Bulgaria	a	4			4
	b	975 346			975 346
	c	181 536			181 536
France	a	1		1	11
	b	60		1 000 000	754 766 833
	c				
Germany	a		1	1	5
	b		99 705	1	366 331
	c				
Italy	a				2
	b				940 347
	c				942 840

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Colombia

		ML13	ML21	ML22	Total
Netherlands	a		2	2	5
	b		697 047	848 523	1 894 093
	c			702	710 297
Spain	a			1	11
	b				7 861 833
	c				7 334 586
Total per ML category	a	5	3	5	39
	b	975 406	796 752	1 848 524	766 804 784
	d				
	e				

Congo (Democratic Republic of)

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10
Belgium	a						1		
	b						224 834		
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1	3	2	2				
	b	5 800 800	41 486 948	5 352 430	6 178 605				
	c	12 463 465	5 617 479	4 518 018	23 950 733				
Czech Republic	a								1
	b								119 840
	c								114 008
France	a	1					1		
	b	22 680					28 800 000		
	c								
Germany	a						1		
	b						166 980		
	c								
Poland	a					1			
	b					459 000			
	c								
Spain	a						1	1	1
	b						3 705 572	5 800 000	8 899 065
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Congo (Democratic Republic of)

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10
Total per ML category	a	2	3	2	2	1	4	1	2
	b	5 823 480	41 486 948	5 352 430	6 178 605	459 000	32 897 386	5 800 000	9 018 905
	d								2
	e								3(2)

Congo (Democratic Republic of)

		ML13	ML15	Total
Belgium	a			1
	b			224 834
	c			
Bulgaria	a	1		9
	b	9 600		58 828 383
	c	9 600		46 559 295
Czech Republic	a			1
	b			119 840
	c		70 262	184 270
France	a	1		3
	b	184 000		29 006 680
	c			
Germany	a			1
	b			166 980
	c			
Poland	a	1		2
	b	81 000		540 000
	c			
Spain	a			3
	b			18 404 637
	c			
Total per ML category	a	3		20
	b	274 600		107 291 354
	d			2
	e			3(2)

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Costa Rica

		ML1	Total
Austria	a	3	3
	b	102 085	102 085
	c	102 085	102 085
Total per ML category	a	3	3
	b	102 085	102 085
	d		
	e		

Croatia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	1					1		
	b	486					50 629		
	c	486					50 629		
Belgium	a	2							
	b	1 068 836							
	c								
Bulgaria	a					2	1		
	b					424 350	1 690 249		
	c			144 600		87 750			
Czech Republic	a	3	1		1		3		
	b	439 132							
	c	439 374	133 949	1 436 616			918 238		
Denmark	a					2			
	b					22 806			
	c								
Finland	a	2					1		
	b	72 000					150		
	c						123 702		
France	a			1	3	2			
	b			500 000	1 073 000 000	1 238 000 000			
	c								
Germany	a			1					
	b			23 481					
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Croatia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Greece	a			1					
	b			3 657 000					
	c								
Hungary	a	9		4					1
	b	4 532 600		201 680					37 800
	c	185 788		4 080					
Italy	a				1				1
	b				15 000				300 000
	c								
Latvia	a	4							
	b	3 614 885							
	c								
Lithuania	a	1							
	b								
	c	81 370							
Netherlands	a	2							
	b	4 500							
	c	4 500							
Poland	a							1	
	b							99 215	
	c							99 215	
Slovakia	a			1	1				1
	b								
	c								
Slovenia	a	1							
	b	47 179							
	c								
Spain	a	1		2					3
	b	19 680		594 242					90 000
	c	8 258		295 000					
Sweden	a	1	1	5					1
	b		13 157	69 708					69 708
	c			155 601					

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Croatia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Total per ML category	a	27	2	15	6	6	6	1	7
	b	9 799 298	13 157	5 046 111	1 073 015 000	1 238 447 156	1 741 028	99 215	497 508
	d								
	e								

Croatia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a		3			1			
	b								
	c		6 086 733	34 029		501 290			
Denmark	a					2			
	b					1 062			
	c								
Estonia	a			1					
	b			1 000 000					
	c								
Finland	a			1					
	b			538 113					
	c			538 114					
France	a			1		1			
	b			830 000 000		502 500			
	c								
Germany	a		2	1				2	1
	b		505 600	152 770				209 224	1 000 000
	c								
Italy	a	1							
	b	6 590 124							
	c								
Lithuania	a							1	
	b								
	c							124 827	
Romania	a		3						
	b		106 839						
	c		33 439						

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Croatia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Slovenia	a								
	b								
	c								12 211 797
Spain	a							1	
	b								
	c								
Total per ML category	a	1	8	4		4		4	1
	b	6 590 124	612 439	831 690 883		503 562		209 224	1 000 000
	d								
	e								

Croatia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		4					6
	b		396 299					447 414
	c		396 299					447 414
Belgium	a							2
	b							1 068 836
	c							
Bulgaria	a							3
	b							2 114 599
	c							232 350
Czech Republic	a	1						13
	b							439 132
	c							9 550 229
Denmark	a							4
	b							23 868
	c							
Estonia	a							1
	b							1 000 000
	c							
Finland	a					2		6
	b					40 912		651 175
	c					38 888		700 704

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Croatia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
France	a	1					2	11
	b	14 000					520 000	3 142 536 500
	c							
Germany	a	2	3			1	1	14
	b	9 450	7 150			25 000	10 000	1 942 675
	c							
Greece	a							1
	b							3 657 000
	c							
Hungary	a							14
	b							4 772 080
	c							189 868
Italy	a							3
	b							6 905 124
	c							93 000
Latvia	a							4
	b							3 614 885
	c							
Lithuania	a					1		3
	b							
	c							206 197
Netherlands	a							2
	b							4 500
	c							4 500
Poland	a							1
	b							99 215
	c							99 215
Romania	a							3
	b							106 839
	c							33 439
Slovakia	a							3
	b							
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Croatia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Slovenia	a							1
	b							47 179
	c							12 211 797
Spain	a						8	15
	b						78 147	782 069
	c							303 258
Sweden	a							8
	b							152 573
	c							155 601
Total per ML category	a	4	7			4	11	118
	b	23 450	403 449			65 912	608 147	3 170 365 663
	d							
	e							

Cuba

		ML3	Total
Spain	a		
	b		
	c	40 245	40 245
Total per ML category	a		
	b		
	d		
	e		

Curacao

		ML3	ML5	ML10	ML15	Total
Netherlands	a	1	1	1	2	5
	b	25 000	566 667	566 667	574 667	1 733 001
	c				7 178	7 178
Total per ML category	a	1	1	1	2	5
	b	25 000	566 667	566 667	574 667	1 733 001
	d					
	e					

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Cyprus

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10	ML11
Belgium	a	1						1	
	b	1 678						3 000 000	
	c								
Czech Republic	a					3			
	b					453 093			
	c					391 386			
France	a			3		2	1		
	b			435 050 000		18 400 000	525 010 000		
	c								
Germany	a	1	1	2	2			1	2
	b	1 446 122	92 400	55 327 615	287 260			157 154 682	18 584 503
	c								
Italy	a			1					
	b								
	c								
Lithuania	a							1	
	b							2 768 252	
	c								
Slovakia	a					1			
	b					92 762			
	c								
Slovenia	a	1	1						
	b								
	c								
Total per ML category	a	3	2	6	2	6	1	3	2
	b	1 447 800	92 400	490 377 615	287 260	18 945 855	525 010 000	162 922 934	18 584 503
	d								
	e								

Cyprus

		ML13	ML15	ML17	ML21	ML22	Total
Belgium	a						2
	b						3 001 678
	c						

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Cyprus

		ML13	ML15	ML17	ML21	ML22	Total
Czech Republic	a						3
	b						453 093
	c	419					391 805
Denmark	a	1					1
	b	540					540
	c						
Finland	a	1					1
	b	33 000					33 000
	c	32 998					32 998
France	a						6
	b						978 460 000
	c						
Germany	a		1		1	1	12
	b		36 821 554		8 850	1	269 722 987
	c						
Greece	a	1	1				2
	b	180 000	36 000				216 000
	c						
Italy	a			1	1		3
	b			393 973			393 973
	c						16 421 836
Lithuania	a						1
	b						2 768 252
	c						
Slovakia	a						1
	b						92 762
	c						
Slovenia	a						2
	b						
	c						
Spain	a					3	3
	b					195 930	195 930
	c						

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Cyprus

		ML13	ML15	ML17	ML21	ML22	Total
Sweden	a					1	1
	b						
	c						
Total per ML category	a	3	2	1	2	5	38
	b	213 540	36 857 554	393 973	8 850	195 931	1 255 338 215
	d						
	e						

Czech Republic

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	46		3	3		1		
	b	149 372		7 768 052	1 439 858		402 400		
	c	477 441		6 012 138	15 900				
Belgium	a	11		1			3		1
	b	9 514 385		4 635			13 035 500		11 100 000
	c								
Bulgaria	a	2	4	24	14	8	1		
	b	320 482	63 244 750	283 664 637	63 082 706	468 233	193 000		
	c	352 761	9 644 710	167 211 781	42 497 532	482 993	193 000		
Croatia	a			2			4		1
	b			7 210 400			1 989 787		130 000
	c			75 450					127 709
Denmark	a					1	1		
	b					3 000	14 168		
	c								
Finland	a	8		2	1		4		
	b	1 473 400		9 899	750 000		143 202		
	c	300 550		8 974	913 226				
France	a	3	1	2		2	2		2
	b	27 894 020	11 700 000	217 425 000		8 920 000	173 724 000		9 000
	c								
Germany	a	3		13	1	5	22		
	b	158 400		326 382	3 600	401 759	1 133 221		
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Czech Republic

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Greece	a			1					
	b			2 040 520					
	c								
Hungary	a	16	2	5		4	7	1	
	b	3 155 385	26 000	73 056		654 800	4 246 200	38 000	
	c	647 213		48 750			197 000	38 000	
Italy	a	2		8			6		
	b	39 860		93 317 864			1 434 887		
	c								
Latvia	a	2		1					
	b	2 950 750		2 105					
	c			2 105					
Lithuania	a			2		2	5		
	b			327 679		30 263	656 030		
	c	608 186		164 000		30 263	656 030		
Netherlands	a	10		6			1		
	b	275 191		1 031 336			2 673		
	c	191 732	18 000	580 507			561 458		
Poland	a	4	5	3	1	7	54		2
	b	6 017 949	274 611	5 218 653	3 702	555 510	10 975 299		1 135 500
	c	6 013 272		1 458 058		189 219	2 944 947		450 000
Romania	a	1	1	15					
	b	598 816	402 294	54 837 430					
	c	1 048 997	402 294	45 380 199					
Slovakia	a	19	20	46	9	10	86	5	9
	b	4 246 608	22 098 929	332 977 750	6 342 460	9 871 919	28 805 745	121 500	86 846 413
	c	1 901 150	2 795 513	78 815 416	1 750 520	6 817 691	10 270 493	119 789	10 823 593
Slovenia	a	1							
	b	7 134							
	c			742 850					
Spain	a	1		14	4				
	b	100		9 671 000	911 789				
	c	7 630		5 083 974	776 391		334 888		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Czech Republic

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Sweden	a	4	3	2	1	1			4
	b	19 797	13 593	392					1 030 617
	c	23 293	15 651	597 132	334 259	219 177			432 313
Total per ML category	a	133	36	150	34	40	197	6	19
	b	56 821 649	97 760 177	1 015 906 790	72 534 115	20 905 484	236 756 112	159 500	100 251 530
	d								
	e								

Czech Republic

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Belgium	a		3						
	b		1 557 809						
	c								
Bulgaria	a							1	1
	b							3 395	43 860 000
	c					2 766 356		3 395	16 902 352
Denmark	a					27			
	b					154 830			
	c								
Estonia	a		2						
	b		886 332						
	c		709 432						
Finland	a			1					
	b			138 600					
	c			138 600					
France	a		1	3		8			
	b		7 850 000	14 576 012		66 029 662			
	c								
Germany	a		4	7					37
	b		1 142 621	3 903 338					15 523 315
	c								
Hungary	a								5
	b								8 707 355
	c								158 613

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Czech Republic

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Italy	a		3	1					
	b		363 025	349 600					
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c							258 768	
Netherlands	a							2	
	b							1 433	
	c		153 337	32 550		340			
Poland	a		3	2					
	b		529 273	529 273					
	c		7 166 215						
Portugal	a			1					
	b			14 917					
	c			14 917					
Romania	a								6
	b								544 942
	c		112 049						367 756
Slovakia	a		23	5		7	1	1	
	b		2 264 988	48 398		155 493	39 933	155 000	
	c		1 360 113	48 102		129 071	39 933	138 402	
Slovenia	a								
	b								
	c								77 488
Spain	a		5	1				1	
	b		50 305 208					2 320 000	
	c		43 708 146					300 000	
Sweden	a								
	b								
	c		9 352			294 189	249 118		
Total per ML category	a		44	21		42	1	5	49
	b		64 899 256	19 560 138		66 339 985	39 933	2 479 828	68 635 612
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Czech Republic

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a	2	1				1	57
	b	14 972	2 241				500 000	10 276 895
	c	14 838	2 241					6 522 558
Belgium	a		1					20
	b		10 884 100					46 096 429
	c							
Bulgaria	a							55
	b							454 837 203
	c							240 054 880
Croatia	a							7
	b							9 330 187
	c							203 159
Denmark	a					1		30
	b					1		171 999
	c							
Estonia	a						3	5
	b							886 332
	c							709 432
Finland	a							16
	b							2 515 101
	c							1 361 350
France	a		1					25
	b		2 555 000					530 682 694
	c							
Germany	a	24	20			3	17	156
	b	707 224	1 020 600			1 002	2 603 849	26 925 311
	c							
Greece	a							1
	b							2 040 520
	c							
Hungary	a		1				1	42
	b		435 911				25 000	17 361 707
	c		50 000					1 139 576

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Czech Republic

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Italy	a		1				1	22
	b		485 000					95 990 236
	c							15 590 074
Latvia	a							3
	b							2 952 855
	c							2 105
Lithuania	a							9
	b							1 013 972
	c							1 717 247
Netherlands	a							19
	b							1 310 633
	c						1	1 537 925
Poland	a	2	5				3	91
	b	141 670	499 576				21 719	25 902 735
	c	141 670	538 068					18 901 449
Portugal	a							1
	b							14 917
	c							14 917
Romania	a							23
	b							56 383 482
	c							47 311 295
Slovakia	a	1	4				1	247
	b	1 680	1 504 352				9 900	495 491 068
	c	1 680	40 200					115 051 666
Slovenia	a							1
	b							7 134
	c		212 040					1 032 378
Spain	a					1	1	28
	b						209 790	63 417 887
	c							50 211 029
Sweden	a					1	2	18
	b							1 064 399
	c	6 962				81 838	40 269 176	42 532 460

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Czech Republic

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Total per ML category	a	29	34			6	30	876
	b	865 546	17 386 780			1 003	3 370 258	1 844 673 696
	d							
	e							

Denmark

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a		1	5	3	1			
	b		860 000	7 388 143	16 681	218 900			
	c		840 000	1 119 543	6 302	218 900			
Belgium	a	5					4		
	b	6 454					841 053		
	c								
Czech Republic	a	1					1		2
	b						372 393		
	c	2 789		12 073 460			61 645		928 026
Finland	a	6		1	2				
	b	177 625		2 040	21 441				
	c	196 332		2 040	21 442				
France	a			2	3	1	1		
	b			78 410 000	576 318 434	76 400 000	4 200		
	c								
Germany	a	2	2	15	1		38		
	b	16 157	8 474 577	15 129 313	5 628 160		2 266 587		
	c								
Hungary	a			2					
	b			350 000					
	c			176 665					
Italy	a	1	1	3			1		
	b	2 640		20 497 866					
	c								
Latvia	a	4							
	b	18 083 070							
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Denmark

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c	31 089							
Netherlands	a	7	1		1		2		
	b	14 796	473 200		4 026		4 052 583		
	c	12 446	202 800		1 132 525	1 506 301	3 480 429		
Romania	a								
	b								
	c			204 717					
Slovakia	a			2					
	b			2 124 800					
	c								
Spain	a			1			1		
	b			445 000					
	c								
Sweden	a	8	7	4		10	8	8	
	b	304 970	38 906	12 405 938		452 053	612 836	4 357	
	c	129 521	3 142 886	6 163 367		1 378 197	3 784 242	79 962	49 409
Total per ML category	a	34	12	35	10	12	56	8	2
	b	18 605 712	9 846 683	136 753 100	581 988 742	77 070 953	8 149 652	4 357	
	d								
	e								

Denmark

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Bulgaria	a			2					
	b			1 800 500					
	c			1 981 460					
Czech Republic	a								
	b								
	c			176 817		315 347			
Finland	a			1				6	
	b			45 000				6 576	
	c			23 956				6 158	

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Denmark

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
France	a	1	2	2	1	1		1	
	b	2 280 000	2 565 939	1 005 001	18 704 062	151 300 000		4 498	
	c								
Germany	a	2	4					5	7
	b	1 798	3 022 700					27 781	137 670
	c								
Greece	a					3			
	b					2 982 000			
	c								
Italy	a	1			1				
	b	25 096							
	c								
Lithuania	a		1						
	b		35 500						
	c		35 500			6 455			
Netherlands	a					1			
	b					15 593			
	c	2 606 163	57 233			15 593	486 201		
Poland	a		2	1					
	b		302 894	11 714					
	c		291 180	193 299					
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c	9 360 765							
Spain	a		1			1			
	b					24 200			
	c					24 200			
Sweden	a	2	3	3	1	2		3	
	b	113 275	24 398					442	
	c	72 307	25 572	227 523	47 211			1 258 054	
Total per ML category	a	6	13	9	3	8		15	7
	b	2 420 169	5 951 431	2 862 215	18 704 062	154 321 793		39 297	137 670
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Denmark

		ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a			10
	b			8 483 724
	c			2 184 745
Belgium	a			9
	b			847 507
	c			
Bulgaria	a			2
	b			1 800 500
	c			1 981 460
Czech Republic	a			4
	b			372 393
	c			13 558 084
Finland	a			16
	b			252 682
	c			249 928
France	a	2	3	20
	b	59 827 003	2 955 001	969 774 138
	c			
Germany	a		2	78
	b		1 001	34 705 744
	c			
Greece	a			3
	b			2 982 000
	c			
Hungary	a			2
	b			350 000
	c			176 665
Italy	a			8
	b			20 525 602
	c			3 766 947
Latvia	a			4
	b			18 083 070
	c			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Denmark

		ML21	ML22	Total
Lithuania	a			1
	b			35 500
	c			73 044
Netherlands	a		1	13
	b		4 026	4 564 224
	c	2	607 204	10 106 897
Poland	a			3
	b			314 608
	c			484 479
Portugal	a			
	b			
	c			9 360 765
Romania	a			
	b			
	c	4 931 868		5 136 585
Slovakia	a			2
	b			2 124 800
	c			
Spain	a	1	7	12
	b		1 258 479	1 727 679
	c			24 200
Sweden	a	3	6	68
	b		148 129	14 105 304
	c		1 869 443	18 227 694
Total per ML category	a	6	19	255
	b	59 827 003	4 366 636	1 081 049 475
	d			
	e			

Djibouti

		ML4	ML6	ML10	ML13	ML22	Total
France	a	1	1		3		5
	b	1 385	7 200 000		281 597		7 482 982
	c						

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Djibouti

		ML4	ML6	ML10	ML13	ML22	Total
Germany	a			1			1
	b			1 392 132			1 392 132
	c						
Portugal	a						
	b						
	c			9 535			9 535
Romania	a					1	1
	b					49 500	49 500
	c					49 500	49 500
Total per ML category	a	1	1	1	3	1	7
	b	1 385	7 200 000	1 392 132	281 597	49 500	8 924 614
	d						
	e						

Dominican Republic

		ML1	ML6	Total
Czech Republic	a	4		4
	b	504 436		504 436
	c	464 857		464 857
Slovenia	a	1		1
	b	8 400		8 400
	c	8 400		8 400
Spain	a		1	1
	b		8 099 600	8 099 600
	c		6 740 000	6 740 000
Total per ML category	a	5	1	6
	b	512 836	8 099 600	8 612 436
	d			
	e			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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East Timor

		ML22	Total
Germany	a	1	1
	b	9 365	9 365
	c		
Total per ML category	a	1	1
	b	9 365	9 365
	d		
	e		

Ecuador

		ML1	ML5	ML10	ML11	ML15	Total
Austria	a	5					5
	b	2 626 695					2 626 695
	c	2 465 412					2 465 412
France	a				1	1	2
	b				600 000	15 260 000	15 860 000
	c						
Germany	a				1		1
	b				259 875		259 875
	c						
Slovakia	a	1					1
	b	4 055 911					4 055 911
	c						
Spain	a		2		1		3
	b		216 711		17 055 481		17 272 192
	c			120 800			120 800
Total per ML category	a	6	2		3	1	12
	b	6 682 606	216 711		17 915 356	15 260 000	40 074 673
	d						
	e						

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Egypt

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Bulgaria	a	1	1	3		2			
	b	313 121	29 240	8 913 622		196 958			
	c		81 540		575 000	6 205			
Cyprus	a	18							
	b	105 240							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	4					1	2	
	b	233 890						2 209 517	
	c	200 127					2 207 297	4 637 478	
France	a		1	2		3	1		1
	b		786 000	103 000 000		15 617 000	4 500		10 000 000
	c								
Germany	a			1	1	1			
	b			8 850	22 900 704	18 877			
	c								
Greece	a			1			6		
	b						2 706 900		
	c								
Italy	a	4		1	2				
	b	809 281		1 000 000	35 793 800				
	c								
Netherlands	a					2			
	b					17 583 333			
	c					425 110			
Poland	a		1		3				
	b		235 294		191 049				
	c								
Romania	a			2					
	b			1 566 078					
	c								
Slovakia	a		1						
	b		228 955						
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Egypt

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Spain	a				2	2	2		
	b				15 269 396		2 403 000		
	c				3 501 713	6 250 000	4 343 768		
Total per ML category	a	27	4	10	8	10	10	2	1
	b	1 461 532	1 279 489	114 488 550	74 154 949	33 416 168	5 114 400	2 209 517	10 000 000
	d								
	e								

Egypt

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML18
Belgium	a								1
	b								31 175
	c								
Bulgaria	a			5				2	
	b			4 219 884				253 710	
	c			978 793	206 250			494 915	
Czech Republic	a			2			1		1
	b								
	c			1 870					565 221
France	a	2	4	2		1			
	b	47 500 002	15 712 850	17 550 000		785 000			
	c								
Germany	a			4				1	
	b			14 849 171				13 184	
	c								
Greece	a					2			
	b					51 197			
	c								
Netherlands	a			4					
	b			19 800 663					
	c			1					
Poland	a								1
	b								192 308
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Egypt

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML18
Spain	a	1	6	2				1	
	b	290 800	339 600						
	c	290 800	3 736 278						
Total per ML category	a	3	10	19		3	1	4	3
	b	47 790 802	16 052 450	56 419 718		836 197		266 894	223 483
	d		1						
	e		2(1), 6(1)						

Egypt

		ML21	ML22	Total
Belgium	a			1
	b			31 175
	c			
Bulgaria	a			14
	b			13 926 535
	c			2 342 703
Cyprus	a			18
	b			105 240
	c			
Czech Republic	a			11
	b			2 443 407
	c			7 611 993
France	a	2	5	24
	b	570 000	10 728 000	222 253 352
	c			
Germany	a	2	2	12
	b	566 849	1 953 580	40 311 215
	c			
Greece	a			9
	b			2 758 097
	c			
Italy	a			7
	b			37 603 081
	c			163 533 680

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Egypt

		ML21	ML22	Total
Netherlands	a	4	5	15
	b	18 405 996	20 133 996	75 923 988
	c	528	221	425 860
Poland	a			5
	b			618 651
	c			
Romania	a			2
	b			1 566 078
	c			
Slovakia	a			1
	b			228 955
	c			
Spain	a		1	17
	b			18 302 796
	c			18 122 559
Total per ML category	a	8	13	136
	b	19 542 845	32 815 576	416 072 570
	d		1	2
	e		2(1), 6(1)	2(2), 6(2)

El Salvador

		ML1	ML6	Total
Germany	a		1	1
	b		3 486	3 486
	c			
Total per ML category	a		1	1
	b		3 486	3 486
	d	1	1	2
	e	3(1), 7(1)	2(1), 3(1)	2(1), 3(2), 7(1)

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Equatorial Guinea

		ML1	ML3	ML4	Total
Bulgaria	a	3	1	2	6
	b	702 850	1 302 500	379 600	2 384 950
	c	702 850	1 302 500	379 600	2 384 950
Total per ML category	a	3	1	2	6
	b	702 850	1 302 500	379 600	2 384 950
	d				
	e				

Eritrea

		ML4	Total
Spain	a	2	2
	b	2 772 000	2 772 000
	c	449 382	449 382
Total per ML category	a	2	2
	b	2 772 000	2 772 000
	d		
	e		

Estonia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML10
Austria	a				1				
	b				636 020				
	c			1 468 641	2 742 320				
Belgium	a	2							1
	b	9 628							3 000 000
	c								
Bulgaria	a			1					1
	b			168 400					649 830
	c								649 830
Czech Republic	a	1							
	b								
	c	2 739							7 056

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Estonia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML10
Denmark	a						1		
	b						20 700		
	c								
Finland	a	3			4				
	b	14 221			3 010 288				
	c	12 059			2 051 798		1 478 778		
France	a			1		1	3		2
	b			372 325 000		173 650 000	5 292 104 000		710 000
	c								
Germany	a	3	3	3	4	5	2		
	b	60 870	2 930	63 080 037	8 236 783	109 442	2 099 381		
	c								
Hungary	a	1		2					
	b	10 500		7 730					
	c			2 730					
Italy	a						1		
	b								
	c								
Latvia	a	6		1					
	b	39 300		7 027					
	c	39 300		7 027					
Lithuania	a	8		2		3			
	b	39 136		1 567		54 542			
	c					54 542			
Netherlands	a	1				1	2		
	b	1 535				10 899	30 792		
	c						30 792		
Poland	a				2		4		
	b				292 701 500		219 300		
	c				1 137 810				
Slovakia	a						2		
	b						129 606		
	c						81 006		

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Estonia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML10
Spain	a		2	4					
	b		8 639 391	11 659 818					
	c		17 648 500	7 728 750					
Sweden	a	2	3	10			1		
	b			31 876 171					
	c	53 372	464 388	5 827 542		162 612	1 044 035	25 046	
Total per ML category	a	27	8	24	11	10	16		4
	b	175 190	8 642 321	479 125 750	304 584 591	173 824 883	5 294 603 779		4 359 830
	d								
	e								

Estonia

		ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML17	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a									1
	b									636 020
	c									4 210 961
Belgium	a									3
	b									3 009 628
	c									
Bulgaria	a								1	3
	b								6 348 082	7 166 312
	c								6 348 082	6 997 912
Czech Republic	a		1							2
	b									
	c	8 039 519	5 117 619							13 166 933
Denmark	a		15							16
	b		332 195							352 895
	c									
Finland	a	1	2					1		11
	b	10 039 350	693 456							13 757 315
	c	911 794	3 827 208					574 990		8 856 627

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Estonia

		ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML17	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
France	a	1				1			1	10
	b	1 050 000				70 000			239 750 000	6 079 659 000
	c									
Germany	a	4	1			1	1	4	1	32
	b	1 167 036	28 560			2 308	4 871	51 053	10 000	74 853 271
	c									
Greece	a				1					1
	b				33 141 560					33 141 560
	c									
Hungary	a									3
	b									18 230
	c									2 730
Italy	a	1								2
	b	249 550								249 550
	c									21 936 396
Latvia	a									7
	b									46 327
	c									46 327
Lithuania	a				1			1		15
	b									95 245
	c				125 991					180 533
Netherlands	a	1			1			1	1	8
	b	37 462			7 246			37 462	37 462	162 858
	c			120 000	7 246				6 000	164 038
Poland	a	1	1	1						9
	b	41 722	426 000	3 220 000						296 608 522
	c		16 020	740 600					460 000	2 354 430
Slovakia	a									2
	b									129 606
	c									81 006
Spain	a					1		3	2	12
	b									20 299 209
	c									25 377 250

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Estonia

		ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML17	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Sweden	a					2		1	6	25
	b								4 801 107	36 677 278
	c		152 802		204 890	30 679			1 085 848	9 051 214
Total per ML category	a	9	20	1	3	5	1	11	12	162
	b	12 585 120	1 480 211	3 220 000	33 148 806	72 308	4 871	88 515	250 946 651	6 566 862 826
	d									
	e									

Ethiopia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML8	ML10
Bulgaria	a	1		1					
	b	204 000		705 000		1 427 900		1 059 500	
	c								
Czech Republic	a	1		1					
	b								
	c								5 241 319
Germany	a						1		
	b						168 960		
	c								
Poland	a	1	2			1	3		1
	b	54 880	3 803 994			522 720	4 240 538		369 412
	c	54 880	569 566				448 929		393 681
Spain	a				2				
	b				188 000				
	c				42 180				
Total per ML category	a	3	2	2	2	1	4		1
	b	258 880	3 803 994	705 000	188 000	1 950 620	4 409 498	1 059 500	369 412
	d								
	e								

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Ethiopia

		ML11	ML14	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a	2			4
	b	234 141			3 630 541
	c	132 318			132 318
Czech Republic	a				2
	b				
	c		2 244 718		7 486 037
France	a			1	1
	b			20 000	20 000
	c				
Germany	a				1
	b				168 960
	c				
Poland	a				8
	b				8 991 544
	c				1 467 056
Spain	a				2
	b				188 000
	c				42 180
Total per ML category	a	2		1	18
	b	234 141		20 000	12 999 045
	d				
	e				

Faroe Islands

		ML1	ML3	ML15	Total
Germany	a	2	1	1	4
	b	5 592	7 868	41 000	54 460
	c				
Total per ML category	a	2	1	1	4
	b	5 592	7 868	41 000	54 460
	d				
	e				

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Finland

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	2	1	2					
	b	29 650	1 250	102 378					
	c	19 150		102 388					
Belgium	a	14		3		1			1
	b	584 916		43 137		120 000			68 599
	c								
Bulgaria	a			2					
	b			12 669 184					
	c								
Croatia	a						1		
	b						310 000		
	c								
Czech Republic	a	1					6		1
	b								
	c	41 460					734 530		2 235
Denmark	a					1	4		
	b					160 516	400 000		
	c								
Estonia	a	1					5		
	b	542 000					4 080 724		
	c	542 000					3 485 272		
France	a				2	1			1
	b				900 400 200	100 000			7 180 800
	c								
Germany	a	1	8	13	2	4	12		
	b	29 400	174 091	17 723 436	197 939 000	172 618	3 264 032		
	c								
Hungary	a			3					
	b			3 111 800					
	c			975 997					
Italy	a	1		2				1	
	b	100 000		26 875				7 300	
	c								

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Finland

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Latvia	a	4					2		
	b						1 167 032		
	c						1 167 032		
Lithuania	a			6					
	b			273 922					
	c	77 228		276 950					
Netherlands	a	3	1			1	3		
	b	4 344	3 000			8 366 667	217 460		
	c	5 944	3 000				989 633		
Poland	a	1					7		
	b	280 000					178 957		
	c	288 000							
Slovakia	a	1					3		
	b	7 000					188 666		
	c						33 406		
Spain	a			1		1	1		
	b			7 340 025					
	c								
Sweden	a	8	5	9	7	1	3		3
	b	340 911	4 337	16 451 380	68 617 548		871 344		563 978
	c	82 862	604 947	6 035 491	3 687 256	1 046 677	4 353 235		1 769 567
Total per ML category	a	37	15	41	11	10	47	1	6
	b	1 918 221	182 678	57 742 137	1 166 956 748	8 919 801	10 678 215	7 300	7 813 377
	d								
	e								

Finland

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a					8			
	b					1 737 585			
	c					349 737			
Belgium	a							1	
	b							48 300	
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Finland

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a		1						
	b								
	c		45 436	2 865					
Denmark	a	3				58			
	b	1 478 920				189 599			
	c								
Estonia	a		1						
	b		1 254 275						
	c								
France	a		2	3		1	2	1	
	b		23 525 000	4 520 000		10 000 000	58 600 000	11 700 000	
	c								
Germany	a	3	1	5				1	2
	b	2 909 100	752 096	966 856				3 353	29 147 630
	c								
Greece	a							1	
	b							14 700	
	c								
Italy	a			1					1
	b			300 000					4 950
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c							235 000	
Luxembourg	a								1
	b								71 288
	c								
Netherlands	a	2							
	b	479 590							
	c		774 078						
Poland	a			1		2			1
	b			41 722		81 939			658 670
	c					12 713			188 738

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Finland

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c		25 416						
Spain	a			1					
	b			900 000					
	c		3 363 153	200					
Sweden	a		4	2			2	3	
	b		988 976	27 273				1 394 151	
	c		1 062 230	15 843		108 771	134 543	971 488	
Total per ML category	a	8	9	13		69	4	7	5
	b	4 867 610	26 520 347	6 755 851		12 009 123	58 600 000	13 160 504	29 882 538
	d								
	e								

Finland

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		7					20
	b		237 315					2 108 178
	c		171 849					643 124
Belgium	a							20
	b							864 952
	c							
Bulgaria	a							2
	b							12 669 184
	c							
Croatia	a							1
	b							310 000
	c							
Czech Republic	a	1	4					14
	b							
	c		261 965					1 088 491
Denmark	a					7	7	80
	b					13	1	2 229 049
	c							

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Finland

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Estonia	a					7		14
	b							5 876 999
	c							4 027 272
France	a	2				3	7	25
	b	7 331				84 500 000	7 042 000	1 107 575 331
	c							
Germany	a	6	16			7	9	90
	b	1 498 160	1 122 314			8 626	478 001	256 188 713
	c							
Greece	a							1
	b							14 700
	c							
Hungary	a							3
	b							3 111 800
	c							975 997
Italy	a					2	1	9
	b					9 508 078		9 947 203
	c							9 830 765
Latvia	a							6
	b							1 167 032
	c							1 167 032
Lithuania	a							6
	b							273 922
	c							589 178
Luxembourg	a							1
	b							71 288
	c							
Netherlands	a		1			1	1	13
	b		234 000			8 366 667	8 366 667	26 038 395
	c		234 000				60 002	2 066 657
Poland	a	1					1	14
	b	338 235						1 579 523
	c	237 450						726 901

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Finland

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Portugal	a							
	b							
	c							25 416
Slovakia	a							4
	b							195 666
	c							33 406
Spain	a					1	13	18
	b						10 840 139	19 080 164
	c						196 240	3 559 593
Sweden	a	7	1			5	10	70
	b	150 830						89 410 728
	c	161 137				891 030	5 499 894	26 424 971
Total per ML category	a	17	29			33	49	411
	b	1 994 556	1 593 629			102 383 384	26 726 808	1 538 712 827
	d							
	e							

France

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	8	3	5	3		2		
	b	878 673	76 537	320 636	8 552		169 464		
	c	234 512	7 750	100 146	22 084		169 464		
Belgium	a	81	1	7	3	3	1		16
	b	24 734 308	4 650 000	438 077	5 747 775	239 642	23 175		20 013 906
	c								
Bulgaria	a	4	1	3		1			
	b	119 240	74 860	268 244		2 200			
	c	24 350	74 860	688		2 200			
Croatia	a	2							
	b	11 080							
	c	9 150							
Czech Republic	a	2		1			9		6
	b						3 474 320		
	c	174 632		5 137 341	428 348		10 152 306		581 544

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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France

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Denmark	a				1	10	7		
	b				34 860	394 912	786 928		
	c								
Estonia	a		1	1	1	1	3		
	b		15 000	13 000	4 000	300 000	22 500 000		
	c				4 000	25 000	33 000		
Finland	a	1		1	3				1
	b	2 029 000		12 390	216 522				2 757 300
	c	298 027		12 390	216 527				2 739 268
Germany	a	16	9	29	15	7	16	2	
	b	6 052 867	640 871	59 930 025	19 764 480	743 537	45 783 900	135	
	c								
Hungary	a			6			1		
	b			15 583 049			13 453 400		
	c			3 099 760	16 442		479 481		
Italy	a	4	15	18	21	2	7	9	4
	b	8 520	6 242 757	1 264 204	43 858 328	337 934	174 195	462 444	10 443 500
	c								
Latvia	a	4							
	b	3 149 900							
	c								
Lithuania	a	1		3		1			
	b			1 283 410		8 500			
	c	90 370				8 500			
Netherlands	a	11	1	2	1	1	5		1
	b	17 509	2 047 980	4 885	29 200	29 200	9 557 020		29 200
	c	16 790	29 503	7 454	113 555	11 868 727	1 913 546		288 995
Poland	a		2				4		1
	b		281 030				514 832		1 197 285
	c		266 262				300 072		
Portugal	a		3	5			1	2	
	b		34 700 000	3 161 500			4 000 000	26 473	
	c		222 000	121 200				1 473	

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France

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Romania	a			1		9	1		
	b			22 473		860 305	30 423		
	c			22 473		580 070	30 423		
Slovakia	a	2		2	1				1
	b	399 225		463 614	23 000				200
	c	225 000		52 290	23 000				200
Slovenia	a								
	b								
	c	26 595							
Spain	a		4	8	8	1	5		5
	b		391 297	9 709 483	750 000		4 039 643		1 111 048
	c	4 500	306 343	1 111 283	1 682 681		399 457		512 235
Sweden	a	1	3	11		14	1		17
	b		683 744	21 442 605		12 143 045			7 102 020
	c	247 238	620 590	6 775 037	1 379 619	11 850 914	3 381 078		8 587 348
Total per ML category	a	137	43	103	57	50	63	13	52
	b	37 400 322	49 804 076	113 917 595	70 436 717	15 059 275	104 507 300	489 052	42 654 459
	d								
	e								

France

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a					1			
	b					112 000			
	c					112 000			
Belgium	a		88	12		2		2	12
	b		67 329 412	4 243 208		963 411		38 857	3 296 512
	c								
Bulgaria	a					3			
	b					266 000			
	c					26 240			
Czech Republic	a		2	1			1	1	
	b								
	c		349 110	1 176 920		154 530		48 722	

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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France

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Denmark	a		2	1		166			
	b		7 695	200 308		255 521			
	c								
Estonia	a			2				1	
	b			680 299				150 000	
	c							100 000	
Finland	a		1			1			
	b		144 000			400 000			
	c		136 800			10 171			1 912 620
Germany	a	20	153	52			2	11	29
	b	166 691	18 539 369	109 316 665			2 983	2 013 872	22 800 817
	c								
Greece	a			1				2	
	b			421 600				155 991	
	c								
Ireland	a			8					
	b			567 365					
	c								
Italy	a	10	105	43		2		2	14
	b	885 952	5 413 804	384 850 324					6 469 356
	c								
Lithuania	a							3	
	b							38 920	
	c							205 972	
Luxembourg	a		1						3
	b		146 100						291 817
	c		1						4 400
Netherlands	a	10	4	1	1	1	2	4	1
	b	3 553 712	1 516 800	29 200	29 200	29 200	123 630	30 886	29 200
	c	3 887 464	16 248 519	30 150		240	71 300	615 353	400 770
Poland	a	1	2			5			1
	b	28 258	436 090			50 948 340			134 400
	c	25 709				14 199 582			1 596 554

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France

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Portugal	a		3			3			1
	b		115 697 250			5 200 000			29 040
	c		13 529 142			18 000			5 968
Romania	a		8			1		8	6
	b		394 284			795 425		5 857 047	204 617
	c		351 671			340 765		1 245 114	105 617
Slovenia	a						1		
	b						52 000		
	c						52 000		
Spain	a	3	46	22		1	2	7	
	b	871 192	1 640 312 505	101 997 070		900 000	14 000 000	2 015 674	
	c	934 406	728 889 770	5 141 263		131 600	14 000 000	1 027 537	
Sweden	a			6		3	3		
	b			8 358 028			4 174 303		
	c			4 928 762		501 173	3 011 233		
Total per ML category	a	44	415	149	1	189	11	41	67
	b	5 505 805	1 849 937 309	610 664 067	29 200	59 869 897	18 352 916	10 301 247	33 255 759
	d								
	e								

France

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		2					24
	b		42 020					1 607 882
	c		32 682					678 638
Belgium	a		1			1	3	233
	b		2 751 338			100		134 469 721
	c							
Bulgaria	a							12
	b							730 544
	c							128 338
Croatia	a							2
	b							11 080
	c							9 150

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France

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Czech Republic	a		15	1				39
	b			357 402				3 831 722
	c	1 355 699	239 658					19 798 810
Denmark	a					11	14	212
	b					200 321	200 308	2 080 853
	c							
Estonia	a	1					6	17
	b	10 000					600 001	24 272 300
	c							162 000
Finland	a							8
	b							5 559 212
	c							5 325 803
Germany	a	7	32			58	94	552
	b	150 981	2 199 660			520 427	4 453 819	293 081 099
	c							
Greece	a	1						4
	b	1 900						579 491
	c							
Hungary	a							7
	b							29 036 449
	c							3 595 683
Ireland	a						1	9
	b						14 000	581 365
	c							
Italy	a		1			1	4	262
	b		350 000			1 750 000	2 907 500	465 418 818
	c							115 251 324
Latvia	a							4
	b							3 149 900
	c							
Lithuania	a					1		9
	b							1 330 830
	c							304 842

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France

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Luxembourg	a		1					5
	b		240 213					678 130
	c		1					4 402
Netherlands	a	2	2	1	1		11	63
	b	47 197	29 700	29 200	29 200		2 475 297	19 667 416
	c	3 085	1 000			1 711	801 064	36 299 226
Poland	a	1					6	23
	b	134 000					203 855	53 878 090
	c							16 388 179
Portugal	a		2			1	1	22
	b		7 820 000			1	1	170 634 265
	c							13 897 783
Romania	a						1	35
	b						241 500	8 406 074
	c						183 258	2 859 391
Slovakia	a							6
	b							886 039
	c							300 490
Slovenia	a		2					3
	b		24 350					76 350
	c		24 350					102 945
Spain	a	3				8	82	205
	b					750 000	3 722 935	1 780 570 847
	c					532 500	15 982 269	770 655 844
Sweden	a	3				3	8	73
	b	3 984						53 907 729
	c	33 795					5 010 536	46 327 323
Total per ML category	a	18	58	2	1	84	231	1 829
	b	348 062	13 457 281	386 602	29 200	3 220 849	14 819 216	3 054 446 206
	d							
	e							

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French Polynesia

		ML10	Total
Germany	a	1	1
	b	1 170	1 170
	c		
Spain	a		
	b		
	c	260 586	260 586
Total per ML category	a	1	1
	b	1 170	1 170
	d		
	e		

Gabon

		ML1	ML4	ML6	ML10	ML13	ML22	Total
Austria	a	1						1
	b	32 500						32 500
	c	32 500						32 500
France	a		1	1	2	1		5
	b		6 600	1 040 000	95 125	32 419		1 174 144
	c							
Spain	a				1		1	2
	b				3 500 000		1 250 000	4 750 000
	c				34 505 074			34 505 074
Total per ML category	a	1	1	1	3	1	1	8
	b	32 500	6 600	1 040 000	3 595 125	32 419	1 250 000	5 956 644
	d							
	e							

Georgia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Belgium	a						1		
	b						8 034 884		
	c								

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Georgia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a		1						
	b		603 991						
	c		552 489						
France	a			2		1		1	
	b			3 342 002		200 000		239 643	
	c								
Germany	a			1					
	b			46 957					
	c								
Hungary	a		1						
	b		300 000						
	c		228 856						
Poland	a		2						
	b		3 987 041						
	c		8 892 874						
Total per ML category	a		4	3		1	1	1	
	b		4 891 032	3 388 959		200 000	8 034 884	239 643	
	d		4						
	e		1(2), 7(2)						

Georgia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a							34
	b							471 790
	c							310 345
Belgium	a							6
	b							8 064 732
	c							
Bulgaria	a							5
	b							4 102 499
	c							6 366 499
Croatia	a							2
	b							182 875
	c							

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Georgia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Cyprus	a							13
	b							214 244
	c							
Czech Republic	a	1	2					5
	b		16 890					620 881
	c		15 963					1 791 213
Estonia	a							1
	b							149 472
	c							
Finland	a							4
	b							592 160
	c							
France	a							5
	b						1	136 631 646
	c						72 300 000	72 300 000
Germany	a	1						5
	b	19 484						168 035
	c							
Hungary	a							3
	b							394 500
	c							295 456
Lithuania	a						1	1
	b						37 560	37 560
	c							
Netherlands	a	1						1
	b	3 382						3 382
	c						1	1
Poland	a							3
	b							14 858 371
	c							8 892 874
Slovenia	a							1
	b							165
	c							165

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Georgia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Spain	a							3
	b							5 493 851
	c							2 856 791
Total per ML category	a	3	2				1	92
	b	22 866	16 890				37 561	171 986 163
	d							5
	e							1(2), 3(1), 4(1), 7(3)

Germany

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	36	3	17	5	1	21		
	b	423 083	27 265	47 510 502	865 544	454 306	38 134 173		
	c	125 015	21 765	566 139	640	132 397	17 526 175		
Belgium	a	65	3	8	1	7	10		1
	b	12 170 043	31 825 165	17 453 060	3 192 000	4 308 232	9 947 541		7 500 000
	c								
Bulgaria	a	8		1		3			
	b	11 460 789		5 461 312		194 660			
	c	1 921 830		81 229		572 350			
Croatia	a	1		3					
	b	77 500		341 400					
	c			123 399					
Czech Republic	a	1		5	1	1	3	7	3
	b			2 551 449					
	c	108 071	10 134	11 029 244	86 550	2 409 300	9 108 536	5 660 894	280 546
Denmark	a	3		1		11	16		
	b	34 450		1 445		271 832	298 723		
	c								
Estonia	a		1	1		2	4		
	b		15 000	13 000		310 000	16 356 692		
	c					35 000	1 356 692		

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Germany

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Finland	a	5		1	2	1			
	b	2 512 515		1 190	3 174	217 000			
	c	573 832		1 540	3 174				
France	a	1	1	13	3	3	6	1	6
	b	1 877	7 516 000	404 772 000	2 916 001	218 712 000	30 721 000	160 000	10 340 865
	c								
Greece	a			1	5		79	2	
	b			6 334 812	1 224 505		36 400 000	13 728	
	c								
Hungary	a	15		9			4		4
	b	6 604 802		189 930 400			206 103		21 250 000
	c	276 646		10 016 498			119 503		14 397
Ireland	a	1				6			
	b	21 600				4 768 158			
	c								
Italy	a	6	1	24	47	6	27		1
	b	138 171	804 524	79 162 514	36 175 773	86 844	37 027 812		81 040
	c								
Latvia	a	3							
	b	526 625							
	c								
Lithuania	a	8		3	1				
	b	310 252		472 729	3 459 600				
	c				3 459 600				
Luxembourg	a				1				
	b				398 608				
	c				358 928				
Netherlands	a	87	10	11	5	1	34		
	b	2 281 777	1 466 319	1 093 026	34 932 166	35 296	10 337 606		
	c	975 118	902 969	1 839 623	27 676 266	51 086 051	77 226 562		
Poland	a		1				12		1
	b		2 250				4 896 011		45 000
	c		190 500			2 260 828	65 202		45 000

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Germany

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Portugal	a					1			
	b					36 784			
	c	141 485		1 245				3 000	
Romania	a		1		3	1	6		
	b		300 000		2 232 813	2 000 000	1 982 206		
	c				433 052	120 886	1 219 655		
Slovakia	a			11	1		24	1	2
	b			260 451 091	140		3 495 981	460 000	17 859 860
	c			10 880 536			1 179 804	460 000	
Slovenia	a	2		1				1	
	b	26 901						623 360	
	c	590 432		29 807			1 730 832	623 360	
Spain	a	6	1	3	22	6	12		2
	b	1 104 929		3 515 420	305 629 401	5 462 327	380 156		1 713 800
	c	9 123 724		1 540 880	13 465 431	25 793	15 729		520 815
Sweden	a	3		9	8	5	5		20
	b			1 642 132	40 069 717	1 669 435	1 262 469		9 455 198
	c	387 538	2 560	12 466 795	3 617 311	14 190 458	270 724		9 050 248
Total per ML category	a	251	22	122	105	55	263	12	40
	b	37 695 314	41 956 523	1 020 707 482	431 099 442	238 526 874	191 446 473	1 257 088	68 245 763
	d								
	e								

Germany

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a	3				18	1		1
	b	602 532				3 500 452	150 000		56 160
	c	602 532				3 499 091			
Belgium	a		26	4			2	1	6
	b		869 250	27 037 673			25 367 700	46 760	1 189 627
	c								
Bulgaria	a							1	7
	b							36 600	63 029 863
	c							36 600	4 614 592

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Germany

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a		5	1				2	3
	b								
	c		573 960	5 262 110		42 303		1 437 224	1 203 485
Denmark	a			4		142			
	b			277 720		301 726			
	c								
Estonia	a		1	5				3	
	b		18 500	6 085 859				4 150 000	
	c		18 500	1 386 240					
Finland	a					1			
	b					230 000			
	c					177 310			
France	a	2	16	25		7	2	7	7
	b	53 500	3 083 571 627	115 637 340		14 660 034	75 300 000	222 866 000	14 311 364
	c								
Greece	a		1	13				2	
	b		1 350	31 611 793				2 894 850	
	c								
Hungary	a			2					6
	b			46 620					8 048 101
	c			20 720					1 401 862
Ireland	a	1		3					
	b	1 000 000		55 713					
	c								
Italy	a	12	98	69		2	1		26
	b	27 906 708	5 194 747	16 578 456		30 915			5 839 446
	c								
Lithuania	a			1				4	
	b			148 439				67 789	
	c			148 439				2 690 373	
Luxembourg	a		5			2			
	b		845 902			275 000			
	c		28 022			1			

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Germany

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Netherlands	a	28	4	4		1	2	1	4
	b	4 491 166	1 993 515	9 387 437		16 000 000	2 191 243	574	75 531
	c	1 454 171	17 604 134	1 607 918		2 560 387	4 684 371	2 615 797	1 758 038
Poland	a	24	3	2		2		1	3
	b	41 245	22 896 851	311 500		786 690		55 000	14 581 293
	c	107 423	10 047 144	32 303		36 627			9 905 603
Portugal	a			3					
	b			258 000					
	c		1 443 588	256 400					
Romania	a	1	15	1				2	1
	b	300 000	4 278 064	405 000				22 195 505	300 000
	c		1 770 320	355 000				374 510	
Slovakia	a		2						
	b		500 500						
	c		88 454						
Slovenia	a						1		
	b						359 830		
	c						6 931 680		966 649
Spain	a		47	29			1	3	
	b		2 495 163 028	614 231 094					
	c		426 099 174	18 484 714					97 998
Sweden	a		1	3		3	2		
	b			266 021		29 250	16 556		
	c			1 955 456		9 864 061	385 332		
Total per ML category	a	71	224	169		178	12	27	64
	b	34 395 151	5 615 333 334	822 338 665		35 814 067	103 385 329	252 313 078	107 431 385
	d								
	e								

Germany

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a	8	18				4	136
	b	4 056 040	462 303				550 000	96 792 360
	c	7 198	224 904			1		22 705 857

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Germany

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Belgium	a		1			1	2	138
	b		120 000				4 021	141 031 072
	c							
Bulgaria	a						1	21
	b						2 672 567	82 855 791
	c						2 099 006	9 325 607
Croatia	a							4
	b							418 900
	c							123 399
Czech Republic	a		13					45
	b							2 551 449
	c		307 386			194 498	201 077	37 915 318
Denmark	a	3				4	5	189
	b	1				1	1	1 185 899
	c							
Estonia	a						6	23
	b							26 949 051
	c							2 796 432
Finland	a	12				2	1	25
	b	11 776				140 000		3 115 655
	c	6 313				1 330 514	673 069	2 765 752
France	a	3	3			6	28	140
	b	3 800 479	450 000			19 899 460	23 739 108	4 249 428 655
	c							
Greece	a							103
	b							78 481 038
	c							
Hungary	a	4				1		45
	b	329 651				12 000 000		238 415 677
	c	104 369				2 150 509		14 104 504
Ireland	a						2	13
	b						50 000	5 895 471
	c							

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Germany

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Italy	a	1	1			2	8	332
	b		1 016 790			141 492		210 185 232
	c							184 679 436
Latvia	a							3
	b							526 625
	c							
Lithuania	a							17
	b							4 458 809
	c							6 298 412
Luxembourg	a		1					9
	b		178 410					1 697 920
	c		1					386 952
Netherlands	a	7	1			3	21	224
	b	587 022	45 034			127 066	84 202 960	169 247 738
	c	1 280 446	40 984			30 597	16 112 713	209 456 145
Poland	a	5	1			1	7	63
	b	65 515	322 835			50 000	3 581 502	47 635 692
	c	155 487	3 900				1 228 473	24 078 490
Portugal	a						1	5
	b						1	294 785
	c							1 845 718
Romania	a						1	32
	b						50 000	34 043 588
	c							4 273 423
Slovakia	a	1						42
	b	29 210						282 796 782
	c	29 210						12 638 004
Slovenia	a							5
	b							1 010 091
	c							10 872 760
Spain	a	2				4	74	212
	b						3 237 860	3 430 438 015
	c						24 556 611	493 930 869

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Germany

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Sweden	a	9				5	20	93
	b	33 861 479				4 357	3 180 407	91 457 021
	c	2 397 160				4 765 479	23 523 847	82 876 969
Total per ML category	a	55	39			29	181	1 919
	b	42 741 173	2 595 372			32 362 376	121 268 427	9 200 913 316
	d							
	e							

Ghana

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML6	ML8	ML10	ML13	ML16
Austria	a				3				
	b				14 480 529				
	c								
Bulgaria	a					1			
	b					666 086			
	c					666 086		1 717 000	
Czech Republic	a	4	1						
	b	380 496							
	c	385 143					32 705		
Germany	a				15				1
	b				1 024 389				2 175
	c								
Italy	a	1							
	b	304 193							
	c								
Spain	a			3					
	b			23 200 000					
	c			2 312 088			456 645		
Total per ML category	a	5	1	3	18	1			1
	b	684 689		23 200 000	15 504 918	666 086			2 175
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Ghana

		ML22	Total
Austria	a	1	4
	b	264 672	14 745 201
	c		
Bulgaria	a		1
	b		666 086
	c		2 383 086
Czech Republic	a		5
	b		380 496
	c		417 848
Germany	a		16
	b		1 026 564
	c		
Italy	a		1
	b		304 193
	c		
Spain	a		3
	b		23 200 000
	c		2 768 733
Total per ML category	a	1	30
	b	264 672	40 322 540
	d		
	e		

Gibraltar

		ML1	ML3	ML5	ML6	Total
Spain	a	5	2	1	1	9
	b	14 519	2 435			16 954
	c	12 410	2 435			14 845
Total per ML category	a	5	2	1	1	9
	b	14 519	2 435			16 954
	d					
	e					

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Greece

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Bulgaria	a	1							1
	b	285							36 300
	c	285							
Czech Republic	a			1			1		
	b			114 693					
	c			50 603			60 261		
Denmark	a						2		
	b						1		
	c								
Finland	a	2			1				
	b	9 827			5 755				
	c	9 228			5 805				
France	a			1	7	1			
	b			156 700 000	1 601 253 000	7 000 000			
	c								
Germany	a	1	3	1	6	6	19		
	b	999	18 885	14 896	2 408 481	734 878	2 352 874		
	c								
Hungary	a			3					
	b			380 000					
	c			258 350					
Italy	a		1		3				
	b		200 224		1 109 163				
	c								
Netherlands	a	1		2		1			
	b	1 649		133 180		4 979 817			
	c	1 649		81 939		3 191 175	72 166		
Portugal	a	1							
	b	3 250							
	c								
Slovakia	a		2	2	1				1
	b		200 000						
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Greece

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Slovenia	a								
	b								
	c			333 750					
Spain	a				1	1	1		
	b								
	c								860 670
Sweden	a								2
	b								609 941
	c								255 257
Total per ML category	a	6	6	10	19	9	23		4
	b	16 010	419 109	157 342 769	1 604 776 399	12 714 695	2 352 875		646 241
	d								
	e								

Greece

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Belgium	a		1						
	b		179 353						
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1							
	b	38 650							
	c	32 139				90 900			
Czech Republic	a								
	b								
	c			142 496					
Denmark	a		1			7			
	b		6 398			3 171			
	c								
France	a	3	5				1		
	b	27 810 600	16 842 800				124 000		
	c								
Germany	a	2	3	3				4	17
	b	26 592	519 150	2 714 442				14 680 670	3 580 826
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Greece

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Italy	a			2					1
	b			27 000					49 510
	c								
Lithuania	a							2	
	b								
	c							16 254	
Netherlands	a	3	1						
	b	1 320 038	1 008 426						
	c		1 612 039					14 609	
Poland	a	1				1			
	b	329 029				36 700			
	c								
Portugal	a					1		1	
	b					5 795		6 600	
	c		2 361 924						
Romania	a								2
	b								207 343
	c								204 600
Spain	a		2	2				2	
	b		828 663	900 000				90 000	
	c		828 662						
Sweden	a			1			1		
	b			16 556			130 702		
	c			7 151		10 977	88 253		
Total per ML category	a	10	13	8		9	2	9	20
	b	29 524 909	19 384 790	3 657 998		45 666	254 702	14 777 270	3 837 679
	d								
	e								

Greece

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Belgium	a							1
	b							179 353
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Greece

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a							3
	b							75 235
	c							123 324
Czech Republic	a							2
	b							114 693
	c							253 360
Denmark	a					2	3	15
	b					1	6 398	15 969
	c							
Estonia	a	1						1
	b	100 567						100 567
	c	1 901						1 901
Finland	a							3
	b							15 582
	c							15 033
France	a	2				4	11	35
	b	121 544				468 852 038	198 991 200	2 477 695 182
	c							
Germany	a	6	2			4	7	84
	b	98 321	180 209			261 003	49 703	27 641 929
	c							
Hungary	a							3
	b							380 000
	c							258 350
Italy	a							7
	b							1 385 897
	c							5 542 534
Lithuania	a					1		3
	b							
	c							16 254
Netherlands	a						4	12
	b						6 299 855	13 742 965
	c					1	2	4 973 580

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Greece

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Poland	a							2
	b							365 729
	c							
Portugal	a	1						4
	b	1 000						16 645
	c							2 361 924
Romania	a							2
	b							207 343
	c							204 600
Slovakia	a							6
	b							200 000
	c							
Slovenia	a							
	b							
	c							333 750
Spain	a					3	17	29
	b						442 484	2 261 147
	c							1 689 332
Sweden	a	1				1	1	7
	b	526				2 614		760 339
	c	526						362 164
Total per ML category	a	11	2			15	43	219
	b	321 958	180 209			469 115 656	205 789 640	2 525 158 575
	d							
	e							

Greenland

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a	3					3
	b	5 420					5 420
	c	5 420					5 420
Denmark	a			4	1	1	6
	b			74 230	1	1	74 232
	c						

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Greenland

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML21	ML22	Total
Finland	a						
	b						
	c	91					91
Germany	a	3	2				5
	b	35 981	21 604				57 585
	c						
Spain	a	1					1
	b	30 000					30 000
	c						
Total per ML category	a	7	2	4	1	1	15
	b	71 401	21 604	74 230	1	1	167 237
	d						
	e						

Grenada

		ML1	Total
Austria	a	1	1
	b	43 600	43 600
	c	3 719	3 719
Total per ML category	a	1	1
	b	43 600	43 600
	d		
	e		

Guatemala

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Czech Republic	a			2					
	b			79 144					
	c			40 921					
Estonia	a	2							
	b	333 195							
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Guatemala

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Hungary	a			1					
	b			272 160					
	c								
Total per ML category	a	2		3					
	b	333 195		351 304					
	d			2					
	e			7(2)					

Guatemala

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Total per ML category	a								
	b								
	d								
	e								

Guatemala

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Czech Republic	a							2
	b							79 144
	c							40 921
Estonia	a							2
	b							333 195
	c							
France	a						1	1
	b						10 110 000	10 110 000
	c							
Hungary	a							1
	b							272 160
	c							
Total per ML category	a						1	6
	b						10 110 000	10 794 499
	d							2
	e							7(2)

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Guinea

		ML6	ML9	ML10	ML13	Total
France	a	1	1	1	2	5
	b	755 602	7 375 000	10 680 000	7 503 535	26 314 137
	c					
Total per ML category	a	1	1	1	2	5
	b	755 602	7 375 000	10 680 000	7 503 535	26 314 137
	d					
	e					

Guyana

		ML1	Total
Austria	a	4	4
	b	102 100	102 100
	c	84 044	84 044
Italy	a		
	b		
	c		3 553 539
Total per ML category	a	4	4
	b	102 100	102 100
	d		
	e		

Haiti

		ML13	Total
France	a	1	1
	b	214 840	214 840
	c		
Total per ML category	a	1	1
	b	214 840	214 840
	d		
	e		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Hong Kong

		ML13	ML18	Total
Germany	a	1		1
	b	28 700		28 700
	c			
Total per ML category	a	1		1
	b	28 700		28 700
	d		1	1
	e		1(1), 7(1)	1(1), 7(1)

Hungary

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	12	1	1		1	2		
	b	162 440	1 725 888	799 800		591 265	2 372 090		
	c	11 177							
Belgium	a	3							
	b	2 265 597							
	c								
Bulgaria	a		1						
	b		24 000						
	c		24 000					14 000	
Croatia	a	1		1					
	b	2 407		82 000					
	c								
Czech Republic	a	1					1		1
	b								
	c	42 327		208 296			56 151	35 793	1 049 057
Denmark	a					1			
	b					16 500			
	c								
Finland	a	2							
	b	200 500							
	c								
France	a		1	1	2				
	b		300 000	4 300 000	6 052 500				
	c								

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Hungary

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Germany	a		2	6			6		
	b		440 216	763 759 196			246 492 465		
	c								
Italy	a			3	1	2			
	b			1 472 000	149 181 826	1 754 096			
	c								
Latvia	a	2							
	b	2 950 750							
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c	256 835							
Netherlands	a	1							
	b	1 045							
	c	1 045							
Poland	a				1				
	b				26 575				
	c				26 575				
Slovakia	a	2					2		
	b	710 450					487 553		
	c	325 600					280 596		
Slovenia	a	1		1					
	b			300 000					
	c			240 000					
Spain	a						1		
	b						1 214		
	c	6 705					1 214		
Sweden	a	3		8	1				
	b			1 473 007	19 431				
	c	75 995	4 830 733	3 433 577	19 431	2 020 212			
Total per ML category	a	28	5	21	5	4	12		1
	b	6 293 189	2 490 104	772 186 003	155 280 332	2 361 861	249 353 322		
	d								
	e								

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Hungary

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Austria	a							1	
	b							281	
	c								
Czech Republic	a		1				1		4
	b								
	c	411 974	2 680				10 799 367		32 268
Denmark	a			9					
	b			9 891					
	c								
Finland	a		2	1					
	b		570 000	547 420					
	c		827 500	557 920					
France	a	2	1	3					1
	b	67 924 043	280 012	1 760 000					1 000 000
	c								
Germany	a	11	6		1	1	1	6	9
	b	1 177 724	1 987 042		4 140	114 700	16 520 000	650 889	3 090 051
	c								
Italy	a	1	1					1	
	b	99 276	989 000					286 400	
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c					235 309			
Netherlands	a	1							
	b	126 072							
	c		149 230						
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c	237 794							
Romania	a	1				4			
	b	19 420				441 880			
	c	19 240				254 850			

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Hungary

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Slovakia	a	1			1		1		
	b	1 850 000			92 243		55 640		
	c	1 850 000			92 243		55 640		
Sweden	a				1			14	
	b				2 440			759 935	
	c				6 221			602 061	
Total per ML category	a	17	11	13	3	5	3	22	14
	b	71 196 535	3 826 054	2 317 311	98 823	556 580	16 575 640	1 697 505	4 090 051
	d								
	e								

Hungary

		ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		1	19
	b		35 000	5 686 764
	c		1	11 178
Belgium	a			3
	b			2 265 597
	c			
Bulgaria	a			1
	b			24 000
	c			38 000
Croatia	a			2
	b			84 407
	c			
Czech Republic	a			9
	b			
	c			12 637 913
Denmark	a			10
	b			26 391
	c			
Finland	a			5
	b			1 317 920
	c		198 992	1 584 412

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Hungary

		ML21	ML22	Total
France	a	1	2	14
	b	24 100 000	68 310 000	174 026 555
	c			
Germany	a	9	16	74
	b	84 008	20 012	1 034 340 443
	c			
Italy	a			9
	b			153 782 598
	c			3 235 040
Latvia	a			2
	b			2 950 750
	c			
Lithuania	a			
	b			
	c			492 144
Netherlands	a		1	3
	b			127 117
	c		1	150 276
Poland	a			1
	b			26 575
	c			26 575
Portugal	a			
	b			
	c			237 794
Romania	a		1	6
	b		437 752	899 052
	c			274 090
Slovakia	a			7
	b			3 195 886
	c			2 604 079
Slovenia	a			2
	b			300 000
	c			240 000

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Hungary

		ML21	ML22	Total
Spain	a			1
	b			1 214
	c			7 919
Sweden	a		4	31
	b			2 254 813
	c		71 472 510	82 460 740
Total per ML category	a	10	25	199
	b	24 184 008	68 802 764	1 381 310 082
	d			
	e			

Iceland

		ML1	ML3	ML8	ML9	ML10	ML11	ML16	ML17
Austria	a	3							
	b	238 368							
	c	40 825							
Belgium	a	1	1						
	b	300 000	80 000						
	c								
Czech Republic	a		1						
	b		136 210						
	c		128 609						
Finland	a	2	1						
	b	78 250	4 100						
	c	11 878	4 100						
France	a					1			
	b					6 810 000			
	c								
Germany	a	3					1	2	
	b	200 993					16 066	9 560	
	c								
Hungary	a		1						
	b		104 000						
	c								

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Iceland

		ML1	ML3	ML8	ML9	ML10	ML11	ML16	ML17
Portugal	a				1				
	b				675 000				
	c								
Spain	a								
	b								
	c	735							
Sweden	a		2						2
	b		124 808						
	c		49 463	428		34 295			91 032
Total per ML category	a	9	6		1	1	1	2	2
	b	817 611	449 118		675 000	6 810 000	16 066	9 560	
	d								
	e								

Iceland

		ML18	ML21	Total
Austria	a	10		13
	b	15 000		253 368
	c			40 825
Belgium	a			2
	b			380 000
	c			
Czech Republic	a			1
	b			136 210
	c			128 609
Finland	a			3
	b			82 350
	c			15 978
France	a			1
	b			6 810 000
	c			
Germany	a		1	7
	b		1 237	227 856
	c			

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Iceland

		ML18	ML21	Total
Hungary	a			1
	b			104 000
	c			
Portugal	a			1
	b			675 000
	c			
Spain	a			
	b			
	c			735
Sweden	a			4
	b			124 808
	c			175 218
Total per ML category	a	10	1	33
	b	15 000	1 237	8 793 592
	d			
	e			

India

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	4		6					
	b	23 500		45 575					
	c	8 294		5 256					
Belgium	a	3	3	2		1			
	b	11 133 064	2 340 497	4 933 210		143 280			
	c								
Bulgaria	a			5	1	1			
	b			534 342	4 006 650	5 916			
	c	50 355		16 634 919		2 904			
Cyprus	a	200							
	b	992 152							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	5		1		2	11	2	1
	b	46 361		79 731			2 782 617	295 956	583 163
	c	69 174		93 201			11 854 622	359	

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India

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Estonia	a						6		
	b						15 538 858		
	c						388 808		
Finland	a					1			
	b					16 000			
	c					16 400			
France	a		4	1	16	19	4		
	b		1 495 700 000	700 000	3 896 258 542	2 127 725 521	12 961 255		
	c								
Germany	a	80		100	11	11	14	1	4
	b	512 528		2 062 967	58 775 933	2 290 366	4 069 209	250 000	110 340
	c								
Ireland	a					1			
	b					49 684			
	c								
Italy	a	3	8		1	3			
	b	19 500 966	13 478 754		702 176	9 596 911			
	c								
Lithuania	a					1			1
	b					47 700			12 490
	c					47 700			12 490
Netherlands	a					12	5		
	b					2 712 495	857 520		
	c					590 534	690 520		
Poland	a						2		
	b						220 641		
	c				5 424 483		62 332		
Romania	a				1				
	b				277 444				
	c				348 712	99 954			
Slovakia	a	6		1			3		1
	b	287 777		791 700			749 545		535 000
	c	31 420							

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India

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Slovenia	a		1	1					
	b		26 680	3 732					
	c		29 160	3 732					
Spain	a		2		1	1	1		
	b								
	c								
Sweden	a		4	2		9			
	b			110 154 892		1 845 899			
	c		10 093 320	49 588 755		106 986			
Total per ML category	a	301	22	119	31	62	46	3	7
	b	32 496 348	1 511 545 931	119 306 149	3 960 020 745	2 144 433 772	37 179 645	545 956	1 240 993
	d					1			
	e					1(1), 2(1), 7(1)			

India

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a		4			1			
	b		1 180 703			125 000			
	c								
Belgium	a		4						
	b		750 948						
	c								
Bulgaria	a			6					
	b			2 568 832					
	c			2 568 832					
Czech Republic	a		2	1					
	b		2 981 655						
	c		130 102						
Denmark	a	2							
	b	5 395 209							
	c								
Finland	a		1			3			
	b		3 420 532			9 000 000			
	c					95 000			

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India

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
France	a	28	39	25		3	2	19	4
	b	557 161 319	11 311 600 873	376 435 000		2 511 500	209 850 000	58 660 700	29 305 207
	c								
Germany	a	47	33	20			3	2	1
	b	22 775 263	11 916 996	4 235 896			382 375	1 404 050	1 000 000
	c								
Greece	a							3	
	b							278 309	
	c								
Hungary	a			1					
	b			666 800					
	c								
Ireland	a	1							
	b	4 000							
	c								
Italy	a	3	24	5					
	b	260 214	18 682 753	1 946 648					
	c								
Netherlands	a		2						
	b		55 386						
	c		67 854						
Poland	a	2					1		
	b	176 015					22 624		
	c	44 641	1 524 950				63 763		
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c		2 199 690						
Romania	a								4
	b								88 161
	c		54 107						60 034
Slovakia	a		2						
	b		1 013 720						
	c		629 463						

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India

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Spain	a	1		6				1	
	b	7 651		1 268 427				136 652	
	c	4 717 804	64 353 694	1 980 922					
Sweden	a								
	b								
	c	60 360				1 053 763			
Total per ML category	a	84	111	64		7	6	25	9
	b	585 779 671	11 351 603 566	387 121 603		11 636 500	210 254 999	60 479 711	30 393 368
	d								
	e								

India

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		6			1	1	23
	b		357 064			1 600 000	3 838 000	7 169 842
	c		343 839					357 389
Belgium	a							13
	b							19 300 999
	c							
Bulgaria	a							13
	b							7 115 740
	c							19 257 010
Cyprus	a							200
	b							992 152
	c							
Czech Republic	a		5					30
	b		223 268					6 992 751
	c		324 540					12 471 998
Denmark	a					1		3
	b					39		5 395 248
	c							

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India

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Estonia	a							6
	b							15 538 858
	c							388 808
Finland	a							5
	b							12 436 532
	c							111 400
France	a	3	8			2	32	209
	b	51 500	54 260 421			77 401 000	10 503 440 841	30 714 023 679
	c							
Germany	a	6	2			5	18	358
	b	100 776 052	39 888			278 425	2 700 115	213 580 403
	c							
Greece	a							3
	b							278 309
	c							
Hungary	a							1
	b							666 800
	c							
Ireland	a							2
	b							53 684
	c							
Italy	a		1			1	3	52
	b		6 013 580				267 000	70 449 002
	c							54 122 519
Lithuania	a						2	4
	b						18 320	78 510
	c						18 320	78 510
Netherlands	a						11	30
	b						1 099 100	4 724 501
	c						568 212	1 917 120
Poland	a						9	14
	b						879 638	1 298 918
	c							7 120 169

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India

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Portugal	a							
	b							
	c							2 199 690
Romania	a							5
	b							365 605
	c							562 807
Slovakia	a							13
	b							3 377 742
	c							660 883
Slovenia	a							2
	b							30 412
	c							32 892
Spain	a		1				5	19
	b							1 412 730
	c							71 052 420
Sweden	a					2	4	21
	b					9 552		112 010 343
	c		337 178			7 239	106 550	61 354 151
Total per ML category	a	9	23			12	85	1 026
	b	100 827 552	60 894 221			79 289 016	10 512 243 014	31 197 292 760
	d							1
	e							1(1), 2(1), 7(1)

Indonesia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Belgium	a	1		1					
	b	606 743		938 400					
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1	2	4	3				
	b	24	719 120	395 474	1 346 327				
	c	24	719 120	395 474	859 955	930			
Cyprus	a	1							
	b	18 400							
	c								

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Indonesia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Czech Republic	a	5		2	2		4		
	b	834 340		108 302					
	c	12 014 213		101 781			37 944 571		
Denmark	a				5				
	b				4 491 029				
	c								
Finland	a							2	
	b							104 080	
	c							6 000	
France	a	1	1		3	6	2		
	b	1 547 000	51 505 000		125 900 000	33 187 500	42 000 000		
	c								
Germany	a	2		1			2	1	10
	b	157 552		180 000			822 212	29 016	7 072
	c								
Hungary	a	1							
	b	25 008							
	c								
Italy	a	9	3	1					
	b	3 201 853	15 150 000						
	c								
Netherlands	a	1				2			
	b	579 219				169 969			
	c					14 583			
Poland	a					1			
	b					577 050			
	c					577 050			
Romania	a	1							
	b	27 523							
	c	27 523							
Slovenia	a	1							
	b	119 313							
	c	119 313							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Indonesia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Spain	a	1	1	2		1			
	b	4 446		369 950		2 475 008			
	c	12 496		2 642 865					
Sweden	a		1						
	b								
	c		74 657						
Total per ML category	a	25	8	11	13	10	8	3	10
	b	7 121 421	67 374 120	1 992 126	131 737 356	36 409 527	42 822 212	133 096	7 072
	d								
	e								

Indonesia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a					1			
	b					125 000			
	c					3 750			
Czech Republic	a							3	
	b								
	c							42 195	
Estonia	a			1					
	b			100 000					
	c								
Finland	a			1		1			
	b			683 496		900 000			
	c			683 496					
France	a	2	7	4		2	1	2	
	b	42 600 000	174 275 103	182 610 000		7 000 000	10 900 000	193 020 000	
	c								
Germany	a	9	6	2					1
	b	10 198 100	1 479 018	932 086					1 000 000
	c								
Greece	a							1	
	b							12 500	
	c								

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Indonesia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Italy	a			2					
	b			8 772 000					
	c								
Lithuania	a			1					
	b			40 000					
	c			40 000					
Netherlands	a			2				2	
	b			1 167 716				310 433	
	c							13 020	
Poland	a		2						
	b		362 700						
	c		252 000						
Portugal	a			1					
	b			42 600					
	c			25 800					
Spain	a		3						
	b		60 038 000						
	c		780 217					264 000	
Sweden	a			4					
	b			38 339					
	c			18 793					
Total per ML category	a	11	18	18		4	1	8	1
	b	52 798 100	236 154 821	194 386 237		8 025 000	10 900 000	193 342 933	1 000 000
	d		1						
	e		1(1)						

Indonesia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a							1
	b							125 000
	c							3 750
Belgium	a							2
	b							1 545 143
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Indonesia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a							10
	b							2 460 945
	c							1 975 503
Cyprus	a							1
	b							18 400
	c							
Czech Republic	a		3				1	20
	b		57 040					999 682
	c		159 649					50 262 409
Denmark	a					4		9
	b					4 476 500		8 967 529
	c							
Estonia	a							1
	b							100 000
	c							
Finland	a							4
	b							1 687 576
	c							689 496
France	a	4				3	21	59
	b	1 797 385				74 770 000	1 740 215 550	2 681 327 538
	c							
Germany	a					1	1	36
	b					41 374	12 000 000	26 846 430
	c							
Greece	a					2		3
	b					38 895 300		38 907 800
	c							
Hungary	a							1
	b							25 008
	c							
Italy	a							15
	b							27 123 853
	c							23 601 828

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Indonesia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Lithuania	a							1
	b							40 000
	c							40 000
Netherlands	a					2	4	13
	b					310 433	2 927 716	5 465 486
	c						173 937	201 540
Poland	a							3
	b							939 750
	c							829 050
Portugal	a							1
	b							42 600
	c							25 800
Romania	a							1
	b							27 523
	c							27 523
Slovenia	a							1
	b							119 313
	c							119 313
Spain	a							8
	b							62 887 404
	c							3 699 578
Sweden	a		1			1	22	29
	b							38 339
	c							93 450
Total per ML category	a	4	4			13	49	219
	b	1 797 385	57 040			118 493 607	1 755 143 266	2 859 695 319
	d							1
	e							1(1)

Iraq

		ML1	ML2	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10	ML11
Bulgaria	a	1				1			
	b	27 500				1 640 000			
	c	1 543 500	2 419 000	7 930 660		47 968 000			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Iraq

		ML1	ML2	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10	ML11
Croatia	a	4							
	b	16 378 676							
	c								
Czech Republic	a								
	b								
	c							5 445 808	
France	a	1	1		1		2	1	1
	b	1 673	6 200 000		31 000 000		235 238 020	176 600 000	94 600 000
	c								
Germany	a	4				1			
	b	144 728				21 754			
	c								
Italy	a	1							
	b								
	c								
Total per ML category	a	11	1		1	2	2	1	1
	b	16 552 577	6 200 000		31 000 000	1 661 754	235 238 020	176 600 000	94 600 000
	d								
	e								

Iraq

		ML13	ML15	ML17	Total
Bulgaria	a		1		3
	b		3 755 088		5 422 588
	c		22 478 272		82 339 432
Croatia	a			1	5
	b			10 407	16 389 083
	c				
Czech Republic	a				
	b				
	c				5 445 808
France	a		2		9
	b		256 776		543 896 469
	c				

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Iraq

		ML13	ML15	ML17	Total
Germany	a	2			7
	b	92 944			259 426
	c				
Italy	a				1
	b				
	c				22 500
Total per ML category	a	2	3	1	25
	b	92 944	4 011 864	10 407	565 967 566
	d				
	e				

Ireland

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML8	ML10
Austria	a	5							
	b	233 080							
	c	232 877			281 760				
Belgium	a	2							
	b	296 195							
	c								
Bulgaria	a							1	
	b							656 947	
	c							656 947	
Czech Republic	a								
	b								
	c						32 003		
France	a				1	2			2
	b				1 457 000	265 600 000			374 600 065
	c								
Germany	a					1	4		
	b					7 885	3 058 920		
	c								
Italy	a			1					
	b			39 972					
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Ireland

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML8	ML10
Lithuania	a					1			
	b					285 880			
	c					97 880			
Netherlands	a						1		1
	b						4 527 500		6 633
	c								6 374
Spain	a	1					1	1	4
	b	22 000					1 034 928		183 034 000
	c	21 628							168 644 895
Sweden	a			1			3		
	b						2 565 238		
	c	28 217	16 526		326 732	61 550	1 916 957		
Total per ML category	a	8		2	1	4	9	2	7
	b	551 275		39 972	1 457 000	265 893 765	11 186 586	656 947	557 640 698
	d								
	e								

Ireland

		ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a							5
	b							233 080
	c							514 637
Belgium	a							2
	b							296 195
	c							
Bulgaria	a							1
	b							656 947
	c							656 947
Czech Republic	a							
	b							
	c							32 003
Denmark	a		7					7
	b		6 562					6 562
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Ireland

		ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML21	ML22	Total
France	a						1	6
	b						1 000 000	642 657 065
	c							
Germany	a	5						10
	b	368 631						3 435 436
	c							
Italy	a							1
	b							39 972
	c							206 140
Lithuania	a				1			2
	b				466 000			751 880
	c							97 880
Netherlands	a							2
	b							4 534 133
	c							6 374
Spain	a						2	9
	b						195 930	184 286 858
	c							168 666 523
Sweden	a	2	12	7		2	1	28
	b	34 941	12 293	42 818			634 339	3 289 629
	c	31 376		36 182				2 417 540
Total per ML category	a	7	19	7	1	2	4	73
	b	403 572	18 855	42 818	466 000		1 830 269	840 187 757
	d							
	e							

Israel

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	1			1		2		
	b	1 527			17 854		830 000		
	c	1 527					8 064		
Belgium	a					2	1		1
	b					582 000	224 834		50 160 000
	c								

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Israel

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Bulgaria	a	1		3					
	b	4 531 432		10 768 500					
	c	785 140		90 340					
Cyprus	a	1							
	b	47 000							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	7	1	7	1	2	11	3	
	b	492 542	40 398	666 292			5 481 697	272 711	
	c	345 189	39 427	1 041 306	105 903		24 011 961	24 117	
Denmark	a					1			
	b					180 108			
	c								
Estonia	a	1							
	b	52 500							
	c	17 292							
France	a		1		4	8	2		1
	b		57 500		18 190 100	3 300 765	6 125 000		279 300
	c								
Germany	a	1	3	9	15	26	65	13	6
	b	2 970	18 928 980	1 489 101	2 227 257	5 774 307	107 034 464	345 210	8 388
	c								
Greece	a				1				
	b				112 291				
	c								
Hungary	a	17		3					
	b	770 200		892 000					
	c	41 320							
Italy	a			1	2				
	b			24 300	1 794 459				
	c								
Luxembourg	a				1				
	b				20				
	c				20				

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Israel

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Netherlands	a			1		2			
	b			50 000		359 249			
	c					16 240			
Portugal	a				1				
	b				11 545				
	c				97 421				
Romania	a			1	2	2	2		
	b			247 387	27 744 382	254 795	20 000 000		
	c				15 213 234	290 005	10 649 018		
Slovenia	a						1		
	b						79 360		
	c						66 543		
Spain	a			1		6	3		
	b			125 240		239 750	44 371 000		
	c			1 112 240	76 760	3 806 199	42 986 283		
Sweden	a					13			
	b					4 647 750			
	c					1 533 739			
Total per ML category	a	29	5	26	28	62	87	16	8
	b	5 898 171	19 026 878	14 262 820	50 097 908	15 338 724	184 146 355	617 921	50 447 688
	d						1		
	e						2(1), 4(1)		

Israel

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a			1		3			
	b			20 000		10 985 000			
	c			20 000		768 288			
Belgium	a		3					3	
	b		4 376 511					3 155 500	
	c								
Bulgaria	a					5			1
	b					1 927 163			193 270
	c					1 728 830			176 936

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Israel

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a		3	7		1	1	10	
	b		96 505	2 211 462		567 249	911 924	1 094 300	
	c		112 399	6 125 512		553 866		2 187 426	166 036
Denmark	a					1			
	b					3 840			
	c								
Finland	a					1			
	b					400 000			
	c					45 000			
France	a		8	4		12		17	3
	b		1 869 579	3 645 000		90 517 000		32 203 000	4 700 000
	c								
Germany	a	29	1	29		4	1	5	6
	b	22 683 597	111 965	97 081 112		737 423	4 789 337	3 250 350	12 646 454
	c								
Greece	a	1				4		5	
	b	2 675 000				45 715 000		135 462 800	
	c								
Hungary	a							1	
	b								
	c							79 116	
Italy	a		14	1					1
	b		6 308 121	714 928					867 098
	c								
Lithuania	a			1					
	b			177 000					
	c			177 000					
Luxembourg	a							1	3
	b							473 450	2 047 187
	c							1	66 451
Malta	a		3						
	b		7 411 751						
	c		1 966 572						

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Israel

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Netherlands	a	2	1	1				1	
	b	1 713 174	291 667	8 056 677				86 256	
	c	998 348	5 139 855				35 000	43 128	
Poland	a					1			
	b					234 570			
	c								
Portugal	a		15						
	b		11 265 625						
	c		5 280 909						
Romania	a			2				4	2
	b			9 571 812				5 965 042	530 672
	c		10 852 988	12 500 309				3 352 596	
Slovenia	a								6
	b								460 966
	c								586 837
Spain	a		6	3				7	
	b								
	c		4 941						
Total per ML category	a	32	54	49		32	2	54	22
	b	27 071 771	31 731 724	121 477 991		151 087 245	5 701 261	181 690 698	21 445 647
	d								
	e								

Israel

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		8				1	17
	b		2 755 455				600 000	15 209 836
	c		2 755 455					3 553 334
Belgium	a							10
	b							58 498 845
	c							
Bulgaria	a							10
	b							17 420 365
	c							2 781 246

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Israel

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Cyprus	a							1
	b							47 000
	c							
Czech Republic	a	4	7		1		1	67
	b		3 392 333		6 189			15 233 602
	c	57 135	107 093					34 877 370
Denmark	a							2
	b							183 948
	c							
Estonia	a					1	2	4
	b							52 500
	c							17 292
Finland	a							1
	b							400 000
	c							45 000
France	a		3				7	70
	b		455 800				6 441 002	167 784 046
	c							
Germany	a	7	17			18	57	312
	b	264 184	39 942 742			135 700	9 051 615	326 505 156
	c							
Greece	a							11
	b							183 965 091
	c							
Hungary	a							21
	b							1 662 200
	c							120 436
Italy	a		3				1	23
	b		251 900					9 960 806
	c							16 205 112
Lithuania	a							1
	b							177 000
	c							177 000

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Israel

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Luxembourg	a							5
	b							2 520 657
	c							66 472
Malta	a							3
	b							7 411 751
	c							1 966 572
Netherlands	a		1				3	12
	b		291 667				1 216 667	12 065 357
	c						100 001	6 332 572
Poland	a						5	6
	b						32 580	267 150
	c						1 810	1 810
Portugal	a							16
	b							11 277 170
	c							5 378 330
Romania	a					1		16
	b					3 236 845		67 550 935
	c	2 262 706	2 865 234			1 070 479		59 056 569
Slovenia	a							7
	b							540 326
	c							653 380
Spain	a						1	27
	b							44 735 990
	c							47 986 423
Sweden	a							13
	b							4 647 750
	c							1 533 739
Total per ML category	a	11	39		1	20	78	655
	b	264 184	47 089 897		6 189	3 372 545	17 341 864	948 117 481
	d						1	2
	e						1(1)	4(1), 1(1), 2(1)

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Italy

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	17		5	1		1		
	b	194 603		4 264 059	3 015		4 008 504		
	c	174 764		3 563 217	3 015		4 008 504		
Belgium	a	20	2	5		1	2		4
	b	8 343 115	8 886 991	5 355 630		753 457	16 884		13 734 040
	c								
Bulgaria	a	2							
	b	16 350							
	c	30 600							
Croatia	a								1
	b								65 100
	c								
Czech Republic	a	1		3			1		
	b								
	c	1 979		5 379 972		606 068	90 589	14 613	
Denmark	a					8	1		
	b					284 357	423 387		
	c								
Estonia	a	1							
	b	250 000							
	c								
Finland	a			1	4				
	b			20 700	100 982				
	c	90 193		20 700	83 272				
France	a	2	4	6	27	7	3		1
	b	10 024	47 990 000	164 930 000	90 293 347	5 184 377	1 010 000		489 500
	c								
Germany	a	6	20	17	7	12	36	2	1
	b	98 147	3 114 561	23 502 174	308 819	6 635 822	4 323 777	215	25 000
	c								
Hungary	a			5					
	b			2 132 000					
	c			294 394					

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Italy

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Ireland	a					1			
	b					268 240			
	c								
Latvia	a	1							
	b	3 738 926							
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c	186 742							
Netherlands	a	2	1	1	1				
	b	7 061	30 300	1 801 802	818 881				
	c	7 061		1 339 491	8 214 668	13 955 743			
Poland	a	1					7		
	b	144 162					88 588		
	c	393 443							
Romania	a			1					
	b			5 083 180					
	c								
Slovakia	a	1	1	1		1			
	b	19 130	112 344	400 000		33 120			
	c	19 130	112 344	400 000		33 120			
Slovenia	a						2		
	b						643 894		
	c			1 555 088			160 251		
Spain	a	4	4	2	4		2		5
	b	48 900	2 156 725	1 330 440	3 240 848		85 840		794 230
	c	4 617	1 993 545	1 463 720	73 160		85 840		245 970
Sweden	a	3		7	1	18	1		12
	b	2 326		2 121 294		1 857 570			13 607 406
	c	2 326		2 101 814	101 424	3 054 493	475		2 969 631
Total per ML category	a	61	32	54	45	48	56	2	24
	b	12 872 744	62 290 921	210 941 279	94 765 892	15 016 943	10 600 874	215	28 715 276
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Italy

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a						1		
	b						300 570		
	c								
Belgium	a		25					3	11
	b		25 424 842					65 534	11 409 054
	c								
Bulgaria	a					8			1
	b					2 009 900			136 393 744
	c					970 775		26 805	9 996 376
Czech Republic	a		1						
	b								
	c		672 290	8 542 009		1 217 623			31 131 424
Denmark	a					35			
	b					59 505			
	c								
Estonia	a		1	1					
	b		636 000	110 839					
	c								
Finland	a					2			
	b					390 000			
	c		552 697	846 988		5 094			
France	a	5	28	14		4		3	17
	b	593 638 577	67 059 201	744 182 282		5 800 000		600 000	58 455 944
	c								
Germany	a	14	96	41			8	6	42
	b	669 546	33 381 403	40 156 534			6 295 415	1 939 487	4 765 781
	c								
Greece	a			1				4	
	b			975				1 806 250	
	c								
Ireland	a							1	
	b							692	
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Italy

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Lithuania	a							2	
	b							100 000	
	c							292 187	
Netherlands	a	1	4	1			2	3	
	b	169 232	834 670	57 000			509 825	3 084	
	c	5 988	20 754 937	1 849 160		300		2 510	55 613
Poland	a	2	4			1			
	b	172 915	132 502 433			2 100 000			
	c	198 109	6 945 711						
Portugal	a		7						
	b		43 471 639						
	c		2 530 939						
Romania	a								1
	b								19 596
	c								19 596
Spain	a	1	21	21		1		3	
	b		193 140 510	133 424 160		5 301		1 225 884	
	c		24 709 284	8 637 498		5 301		975 884	
Sweden	a					1	3		
	b						98 920		
	c	71 886				1 155 031	99 093		
Total per ML category	a	23	187	79		52	14	25	72
	b	594 650 270	496 450 698	917 931 790		10 364 706	7 204 730	5 740 931	211 044 119
	d								
	e								

Italy

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a							25
	b							8 770 751
	c							7 749 500
Belgium	a						2	75
	b						1	73 989 548
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Italy

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a							11
	b							138 419 994
	c							11 024 556
Croatia	a							1
	b							65 100
	c							
Czech Republic	a		2			1		9
	b							
	c		669 393				15 638	48 341 598
Denmark	a					6	5	55
	b					1	1	767 251
	c							
Estonia	a							3
	b							996 839
	c							
Finland	a							7
	b							511 682
	c							1 598 944
France	a	2	3			3	19	148
	b	7 190 000	6 732 230			7 578 001	48 356 906	1 849 500 389
	c							
Germany	a	2	25			21	40	396
	b	21 950	822 167			237 081	2 808 371	129 106 250
	c							
Greece	a							5
	b							1 807 225
	c							
Hungary	a							5
	b							2 132 000
	c							294 394
Ireland	a							2
	b							268 932
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Italy

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Latvia	a							1
	b							3 738 926
	c							
Lithuania	a							2
	b							100 000
	c							478 929
Netherlands	a						3	19
	b						589 825	4 821 680
	c					10 000	172 524	46 367 995
Poland	a						2	17
	b						126 697	135 134 795
	c							7 537 263
Portugal	a		1				1	9
	b		109 709				1	43 581 349
	c							2 530 939
Romania	a							2
	b							5 102 776
	c							19 596
Slovakia	a							4
	b							564 594
	c							564 594
Slovenia	a							2
	b							643 894
	c							1 715 339
Spain	a	3				6	36	113
	b					292 500	17 006 041	352 751 379
	c					292 500	762 422	39 249 741
Sweden	a	6				1	13	66
	b	4 273 876					10 456	21 971 848
	c	1 937 115					478 275	11 971 563
Total per ML category	a	13	31			38	121	977
	b	11 485 826	7 664 106			8 107 583	68 898 299	2 774 747 202
	d							
	e							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Ivory Coast

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML10	ML11
Bulgaria	a	3	1	3	2				
	b	6 536 000	1 497 450	11 439 952	2 561 000				
	c	3 826 000							
France	a	4		2		4	2	2	2
	b	152 571		48 607		103 412 505	22 730 000	182 300 000	404 000
	c								
Germany	a					1	1		
	b					4 464 020	176 121		
	c								
Netherlands	a	1							
	b	312 250							
	c	312 250							
Spain	a				1				
	b				3 402 331				
	c				635 131			257 605	
Total per ML category	a	8	1	5	3	5	3	2	2
	b	7 000 821	1 497 450	11 488 559	5 963 331	107 876 525	22 906 121	182 300 000	404 000
	d								
	e								

Ivory Coast

		ML13	ML15	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a				9
	b				22 034 402
	c			3 000 000	6 826 000
France	a	2	2	3	23
	b	73 590	34 414 973	107 940 000	451 476 246
	c				
Germany	a			1	3
	b			103 000	4 743 141
	c				
Netherlands	a				1
	b				312 250
	c				312 250

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Ivory Coast

		ML13	ML15	ML22	Total
Spain	a				1
	b				3 402 331
	c				892 736
Total per ML category	a	2	2	4	37
	b	73 590	34 414 973	108 043 000	481 968 370
	d				
	e				

Jamaica

		ML15	Total
France	a	1	1
	b	3 015 000	3 015 000
	c		
Total per ML category	a	1	1
	b	3 015 000	3 015 000
	d		
	e		

Japan

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	7	1	1			1		
	b	290 257	218 136	3			1 559 420		
	c	195 124	106 146	3			1 559 420		
Belgium	a	1							
	b	18 816							
	c								
Czech Republic	a								3
	b								4 746
	c								5 161
Estonia	a						1		
	b						50 000		
	c						50 000		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Japan

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Finland	a			1			2		
	b			5 900			85 200 000		
	c								
France	a					1			1
	b					3 952 500			264 000
	c								
Germany	a	45	12	21	2	5	21	1	13
	b	704 480	355 502	19 361 304	2 116 075	550 460	1 395 092	258	760 022
	c								
Hungary	a	1		3					
	b	675		190 691					
	c	675							
Italy	a		1		3				
	b		488 753		257 600				
	c								
Netherlands	a								
	b								
	c					2 613 932			
Spain	a								2
	b								2 691 000
	c								515 520
Sweden	a		9	3	1	1			
	b		20 408 992	611 940	123 748	13 070			
	c		257 540	1 076 592	184 423	54 801			59 251
Total per ML category	a	54	23	29	6	7	25	1	19
	b	1 014 228	21 471 383	20 169 838	2 497 423	4 516 030	88 204 512	258	3 719 768
	d								
	e								

Japan

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Croatia	a					1			
	b					4 230			
	c					4 230			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Japan

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Denmark	a					4			
	b					36 416			
	c								
Finland	a								
	b								
	c		714 480	33 000					
France	a	3	9	7		5	1	2	1
	b	5 544 000	336 528 868	89 005 032		70 099 600	620 001	160 030 000	1 000 001
	c								
Germany	a		13	13				5	
	b		2 346 753	3 936 489				2 456 163	
	c								
Greece	a							3	
	b							229 511	
	c								
Italy	a		5	2					
	b		434 813	230 000					
	c								
Netherlands	a	2	1				2		
	b	580 832	100 000 000				197 961		
	c	72 667	2 241 796				52 855		
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c		1 899 977						
Spain	a		1					1	
	b								
	c							18 000	
Sweden	a						3		
	b						27 319		
	c						137 678		
Total per ML category	a	5	29	22		10	6	11	1
	b	6 124 832	439 310 434	93 171 521		70 140 246	845 281	162 715 674	1 000 001
	d								
	e								

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Japan

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		1					11
	b		22 994					2 090 810
	c							1 860 693
Belgium	a							1
	b							18 816
	c							
Croatia	a							1
	b							4 230
	c							4 230
Czech Republic	a							3
	b							4 746
	c							5 161
Denmark	a							4
	b							36 416
	c							
Estonia	a							1
	b							50 000
	c							50 000
Finland	a						3	6
	b						69 200 000	154 405 900
	c							747 480
France	a	2				1	5	38
	b	39 666				582 702	8 102 002	675 768 372
	c							
Germany	a	2	3	1		7	8	172
	b	2 773	828 751	1 404 000		1 625 232	175 005	38 018 359
	c							
Greece	a							3
	b							229 511
	c							
Hungary	a							4
	b							191 366
	c							675

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Japan

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Italy	a					1		12
	b							1 411 166
	c							1 778 021
Netherlands	a						3	8
	b						447 961	101 226 754
	c						1	4 981 251
Portugal	a							
	b							
	c							1 899 977
Spain	a					13		17
	b					11 396 000		14 087 000
	c					8 927 000		9 460 520
Sweden	a	7				3	9	36
	b	575 316						21 760 385
	c	575 316						2 345 601
Total per ML category	a	11	4	1		25	28	317
	b	617 755	851 745	1 404 000		13 603 934	77 924 968	1 009 303 831
	d							
	e							

Jordan

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML6	ML7	ML8	ML10
Austria	a	14							
	b	97 860							
	c	82 041							
Belgium	a	1	1						
	b	71 950	25 100						
	c								
Bulgaria	a			2					
	b			855 500					
	c			5 565					
Croatia	a	3	1						
	b	3 578 000	108 000						
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Jordan

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML6	ML7	ML8	ML10
Cyprus	a	12							
	b	98 142							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	1							
	b								
	c	3 020 841				16 283			
Finland	a	1							
	b	175 675							
	c	237 540							
France	a			1	1	1	1		
	b			99 350 000	249 750 000	60 257	19 824		
	c								
Germany	a	6				6		2	
	b	160 470				4 203 979		911	
	c								
Greece	a					1			
	b					25 000			
	c								
Hungary	a			1					
	b			11 000					
	c			8 080					
Italy	a	4							
	b	1 685 895							
	c								
Netherlands	a					3			
	b					3 330 000			
	c					3 330 000			96 922
Spain	a			1		1			
	b			1 851 115		3 000 000			
	c					1 090 368			77 696
Total per ML category	a	42	2	5	1	12	1	2	
	b	5 867 992	133 100	102 067 615	249 750 000	10 619 236	19 824	911	
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Jordan

		ML11	ML15	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a			2			16
	b			3 960			101 820
	c			3 494			85 535
Belgium	a						2
	b						97 050
	c						
Bulgaria	a						2
	b						855 500
	c						5 565
Croatia	a						4
	b						3 686 000
	c						
Cyprus	a						12
	b						98 142
	c						
Czech Republic	a						1
	b						
	c						3 037 124
Finland	a						1
	b						175 675
	c						237 540
France	a						4
	b						349 180 081
	c						
Germany	a	2			1	1	18
	b	251 802			5 562	1	4 622 725
	c						
Greece	a		1				2
	b		72 300				97 300
	c						
Hungary	a						1
	b						11 000
	c						8 080

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Jordan

		ML11	ML15	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Italy	a						4
	b						1 685 895
	c						2 059 602
Netherlands	a						3
	b						3 330 000
	c					1	3 426 923
Spain	a					2	4
	b						4 851 115
	c						1 168 064
Total per ML category	a	2	1	2	1	3	74
	b	251 802	72 300	3 960	5 562	1	368 792 303
	d						
	e						

Kazakhstan

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	3		2					
	b	102 950		189 468					
	c	11 494		53 783					
Bulgaria	a			2		2			
	b			789 452		140 510			
	c					140 510			
Cyprus	a	13							
	b	240 630							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	6		4			10	1	
	b	59 691		266 075			3 889 409	693 900	
	c	228 864		620 931			3 280 185	59 673	
Estonia	a	1							
	b	554 000							
	c	88 728							
Finland	a							1	
	b							143 200	
	c							89 000	

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Kazakhstan

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
France	a				4	5			
	b				894 700 000	811 918 600			
	c								
Germany	a	17		3				1	
	b	957 585		54 287				1 250	
	c								
Italy	a	2							
	b	527 250							
	c								
Netherlands	a						1		
	b						34 200		
	c					15 000	34 200		
Slovakia	a	3							
	b	570 190							
	c								
Spain	a				4				
	b				59 114 000				
	c				1 735 526				
Total per ML category	a	45		11	8	7	11	3	
	b	3 012 296		1 299 282	953 814 000	812 059 110	3 923 609	838 350	
	d								
	e								

Kazakhstan

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a								1
	b								22 000
	c								1
Bulgaria	a					5		6	
	b					728 124		3 210 120	
	c					728 124		3 210 120	
Croatia	a					2			
	b					475 765			
	c					475 765			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Kazakhstan

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a		3						
	b		229 100						
	c		9 541 670						
Finland	a					2			
	b					2 324 104			
	c								
France	a			2		1		8	
	b			5 560 000		1 000 000		204 136 000	
	c								
Germany	a		8	2					
	b		6 073 180	506 725					
	c								
Greece	a					1			
	b					207 000			
	c								
Netherlands	a	1							
	b	96 596							
	c								
Poland	a		2						
	b		74 800						
	c		74 800						
Slovakia	a					1			
	b					277 536			
	c					277 536			
Spain	a		5	1					
	b		117 000 000	3 000 000					
	c		73 247 426						
Total per ML category	a	1	18	5		12		14	1
	b	96 596	123 377 080	9 066 725		5 012 529		207 346 120	22 000
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Kazakhstan

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a							6
	b							314 418
	c							65 278
Bulgaria	a							15
	b							4 868 206
	c							4 078 754
Croatia	a							2
	b							475 765
	c							475 765
Cyprus	a							13
	b							240 630
	c							
Czech Republic	a							24
	b							5 138 175
	c							13 731 323
Estonia	a							1
	b							554 000
	c							88 728
Finland	a							3
	b							2 467 304
	c							89 000
France	a						3	23
	b						17 100 000	1 934 414 600
	c							
Germany	a					1	1	33
	b					1	1	7 593 029
	c							
Greece	a							1
	b							207 000
	c							
Italy	a							2
	b							527 250
	c							551 867

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Kazakhstan

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Lithuania	a						1	1
	b						22 250	22 250
	c						22 250	22 250
Netherlands	a							2
	b							130 796
	c						1	49 201
Poland	a							2
	b							74 800
	c							74 800
Slovakia	a							4
	b							847 726
	c							277 536
Spain	a						3	13
	b							179 114 000
	c							74 982 952
Total per ML category	a					1	8	145
	b					1	17 122 251	2 136 989 949
	d							
	e							

Kenya

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML10	ML11	ML13
Austria	a	2	1						
	b	89 000	65 000						
	c	89 000	65 000						
Belgium	a					1			
	b					206 422			
	c								
Czech Republic	a								
	b								
	c							108 787	191 765
France	a				1	1	1		
	b				7 162 500	930 000	5 100 000		
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Kenya

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML10	ML11	ML13
Germany	a			1			1		
	b			268 000			91 380		
	c								
Hungary	a						3		
	b						322 000		
	c								
Italy	a						2		
	b						8 012		
	c								
Spain	a	1	1						
	b	800	3 251 000						
	c								
Total per ML category	a	3	2	1	1	2	7		
	b	89 800	3 316 000	268 000	7 162 500	1 136 422	5 521 392		
	d								
	e								

Kenya

		ML17	ML21	Total
Austria	a			3
	b			154 000
	c			154 000
Belgium	a			1
	b			206 422
	c			
Czech Republic	a			
	b			
	c			300 552
France	a		1	4
	b		25 750 000	38 942 500
	c			
Germany	a			2
	b			359 380
	c			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Kenya

		ML17	ML21	Total
Hungary	a			3
	b			322 000
	c			
Italy	a			2
	b			8 012
	c			387 313
Spain	a			2
	b			3 251 800
	c			
Sweden	a	1		1
	b	18 298		18 298
	c			
Total per ML category	a	1	1	18
	b	18 298	25 750 000	43 262 412
	d			
	e			

Kosovo

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML6	ML7	ML11	ML13	ML17	Total
Austria	a	1			2	1				4
	b	68 000			7 650 600					7 718 600
	c	68 000			7 650 600					7 718 600
Croatia	a	3	2	1					1	7
	b	5 776 589	675 365	3 945 000					8 025	10 404 979
	c		494 000	3 945 000						4 439 000
Czech Republic	a			1		3				4
	b			1 449 944						1 449 944
	c			1 322 697		174 368				1 497 065
France	a							1		1
	b							13 650		13 650
	c									
Germany	a	2					1	1		4
	b	169 299					1 496	275 000		445 795
	c									

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Kosovo

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML6	ML7	ML11	ML13	ML17	Total
Italy	a			1						1
	b			11 526 700						11 526 700
	c									1 513 100
Slovenia	a	1								1
	b	80 000								80 000
	c									
Total per ML category	a	7	2	3	2	4	1	2	1	22
	b	6 093 888	675 365	16 921 644	7 650 600		1 496	288 650	8 025	31 639 668
	d			1						1
	e			3(1)						3(1)

Kuwait

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	15							
	b	140 576							
	c	137 912							
Belgium	a	1		2					
	b	61 324		736 209					
	c								
Cyprus	a	18							
	b	259 341							
	c								
Czech Republic	a			1					1
	b								
	c			27					
Denmark	a						1		
	b						243 100		
	c								
France	a				2		1		
	b				1 170		500 000		
	c								
Germany	a	4	4		1	1	1		
	b	154 589	2 025 356		78 000	1 042	6 280		
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Kuwait

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Hungary	a			6	1				
	b			30 335	115				
	c			22 260					
Italy	a		2				2		
	b		120 137 939				4 894 425		
	c								
Slovenia	a	3							
	b	1 770							
	c	1 220							
Spain	a			1		1			
	b			4 878 720		327 509			
	c			19 681 470					
Sweden	a				1				
	b								
	c				16 643			2 228	
Total per ML category	a	41	6	10	5	2	5		1
	b	617 600	122 163 295	5 645 264	79 285	328 551	5 643 805		
	d								
	e								

Kuwait

		ML10	ML11	ML12	ML14	ML15	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a			1					16
	b			12 500 000					12 640 576
	c								137 912
Belgium	a								3
	b								797 533
	c								
Cyprus	a								18
	b								259 341
	c								
Czech Republic	a								2
	b								
	c								27

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Kuwait

		ML10	ML11	ML12	ML14	ML15	ML21	ML22	Total
Denmark	a								1
	b								243 100
	c								
France	a				1	2			6
	b				250 001	52 396 000			53 147 171
	c								
Germany	a	6					1		18
	b	8 309 806					5 000		10 580 073
	c								
Hungary	a								7
	b								30 450
	c								22 260
Italy	a	2	1					1	8
	b	26 000	433 720						125 492 084
	c								1 301 284 601
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c	4 133 427							4 133 427
Slovenia	a								3
	b								1 770
	c								1 220
Spain	a					2			4
	b								5 206 229
	c								19 681 470
Sweden	a							1	2
	b								
	c								18 871
Total per ML category	a	8	1	1	1	4	1	2	88
	b	8 335 806	433 720	12 500 000	250 001	52 396 000	5 000		208 398 327
	d								
	e								

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Kyrgyzstan

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	Total
Austria	a	5		1		6
	b	408 900		15 449		424 349
	c	155 231		14 268		169 499
Croatia	a	2		1		3
	b	107 330		2 267 692		2 375 022
	c	107 330				107 330
Cyprus	a	1				1
	b	75 220				75 220
	c					
Hungary	a	6				6
	b	267 143				267 143
	c					
Slovenia	a			1		1
	b			85 000		85 000
	c			560 250		560 250
Total per ML category	a	14		3		17
	b	858 593		2 368 141		3 226 734
	d	5	1	3	1	10
	e	1(2), 3(1), 4(1), 7(5)	3(1), 7(1)	1(1), 4(1), 7(3)	3(1), 7(1)	1(3), 3(3), 4(2), 7(10)

Latvia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a		1						
	b		152 064						
	c		152 064						
Belgium	a	4							
	b	11 801 555							
	c								
Czech Republic	a								2
	b								
	c							749 726	271 005

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Latvia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Denmark	a	1							
	b	988							
	c								
Estonia	a	5			4				
	b	136 696			866 701				
	c								
Finland	a	2							
	b	24 785							
	c	560		1 169 190	248 625		31 990 894		
France	a			1		1			
	b			26 000 000		71 405 000			
	c								
Germany	a	3	3	1	2		2		
	b	9 705 110	2 259 818	2 894 050	627 200		546 841		
	c								
Greece	a						1		
	b						261 856		
	c								
Italy	a			2					
	b			239 770					
	c								
Lithuania	a	44		24				1	
	b	138 535		1 169 240				59 202	
	c	3 853 900		6 800				59 202	
Netherlands	a	1							
	b	1 995							
	c	1 995							
Poland	a				2				
	b				12 675 120				
	c				12 240 200				
Slovakia	a		1	1	1				
	b			10 120 000	22 140 000				
	c			1 840 000	8 318 160				

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Latvia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Spain	a			2					
	b			3 563 911					
	c			2 476 500	133 120				
Sweden	a	2	3	4	5	3			
	b	392	136 453	16 319 434	1 422 905	6 440 977			
	c	54 605	740 494	8 174 429		36 074			
Total per ML category	a	62	8	35	14	4	3	1	2
	b	21 810 056	2 548 335	60 306 405	37 731 926	77 845 977	808 697	59 202	
	d								
	e								

Latvia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Belgium	a		3						
	b		3 025 264						
	c								
Czech Republic	a		2						
	b		3 742						
	c		66 034	1 608 205					
Denmark	a					7			
	b					7 535			
	c								
Estonia	a					1	1	3	
	b					5 500	9 845	59 302	
	c								
France	a		1						
	b		310 000						
	c								
Lithuania	a			2		1		1	
	b			363 000		37 897			
	c							192 148	
Poland	a					1			
	b					231 000			
	c					5 328 465			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Latvia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Spain	a			1					
	b								
	c								
Sweden	a			1					
	b			55 766					
	c			24 938		1 974 276			
Total per ML category	a		6	4		10	1	4	
	b		3 339 006	418 766		281 932	9 845	59 302	
	d								
	e								

Latvia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a							1
	b							152 064
	c							152 064
Belgium	a							7
	b							14 826 819
	c							
Czech Republic	a							4
	b							3 742
	c							2 694 970
Denmark	a							8
	b							8 523
	c							
Estonia	a					1	1	16
	b							1 078 044
	c							
Finland	a							2
	b							24 785
	c					696 968	299 000	34 405 237
France	a							3
	b							97 715 000
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Latvia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Germany	a		3				1	15
	b		244 984				2 500	16 280 503
	c							
Greece	a							1
	b							261 856
	c							
Italy	a							2
	b							239 770
	c							2 885 118
Lithuania	a					1		74
	b							1 767 874
	c							4 112 050
Netherlands	a							1
	b							1 995
	c							1 995
Poland	a							3
	b							12 906 120
	c							17 568 665
Slovakia	a							3
	b							32 260 000
	c							10 158 160
Spain	a						2	5
	b							3 563 911
	c							2 609 620
Sweden	a		2			4	5	29
	b		173 193					24 549 120
	c		273 254					11 278 070
Total per ML category	a		5			6	9	174
	b		418 177				2 500	205 640 126
	d							
	e							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Lebanon

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML10	ML11
Belgium	a					1			
	b					188 727			
	c								
Croatia	a	1							
	b	8 164							
	c								
Cyprus	a	1							
	b	23 700							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	6	6						
	b		1 509 976						
	c	1 129 181	1 048 697						
France	a	3			1	2		2	
	b	63 233			457 000	2 705 924		2 000 000	
	c								
Germany	a	1			1	4			
	b	6 262			2 150	842 186			
	c								
Hungary	a		1						
	b		30 000						
	c								
Italy	a	3	2				1		1
	b	1 067 138	917 000				19 850		184 000
	c								
Poland	a			1					
	b			357 669					
	c			334 453					
Romania	a							3	2
	b							1 522 810	369 353
	c							1 655 192	35 590
Total per ML category	a	15	9	1	2	7	1	5	3
	b	1 168 497	2 456 976	357 669	459 150	3 736 837	19 850	3 522 810	553 353
	d		2						
	e		1(1), 4(1)						

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Lebanon

		ML13	ML15	ML17	Total
Belgium	a				1
	b				188 727
	c				
Croatia	a				1
	b				8 164
	c				
Cyprus	a				1
	b				23 700
	c				
Czech Republic	a				12
	b				1 509 976
	c				2 177 878
France	a	3	3		14
	b	2 330 046	3 513 200		11 069 403
	c				
Germany	a			1	7
	b			21 155	871 753
	c				
Hungary	a				1
	b				30 000
	c				
Italy	a				7
	b				2 187 988
	c				203 850
Netherlands	a	2			2
	b	2 535			2 535
	c				
Poland	a				1
	b				357 669
	c				334 453
Romania	a				5
	b				1 892 163
	c				1 690 782

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Lebanon

		ML13	ML15	ML17	Total
Total per ML category	a	5	3	1	52
	b	2 332 581	3 513 200	21 155	18 142 078
	d				2
	e				4(1), 1(1)

Lesotho

		ML1	ML3	ML5	Total
Bulgaria	a				
	b				
	c	357 660	510 800	82 500	950 960
Czech Republic	a	1			1
	b	24 993			24 993
	c				
Total per ML category	a	1			1
	b	24 993			24 993
	d				
	e				

Libya

		ML1	ML6	ML11	ML13	Total
Germany	a	1	2		1	4
	b	14 016	1 266 503		16 440	1 296 959
	c					
Spain	a		1	1		2
	b		69 000 000	38 770 000		107 770 000
	c					
Total per ML category	a	1	3	1	1	6
	b	14 016	70 266 503	38 770 000	16 440	109 066 959
	d					
	e					

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Liechtenstein

		ML1	ML3	Total
Austria	a	7	42	49
	b	86 348	231 537	317 885
	c	55 041	227 691	282 732
Total per ML category	a	7	42	49
	b	86 348	231 537	317 885
	d			
	e			

Lithuania

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a		1				1		
	b		19 652				5 551 311		
	c		20 241	1 413 227					
Belgium	a	5		1					
	b	13 522 408		190 800					
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1		1		1			
	b	123 870		6 433 877		59 400			
	c	123 870		4 749 695					
Croatia	a	6							
	b	47 219							
	c	47 219							
Czech Republic	a	3							
	b								
	c	6 644		6 519 740					1 854 117
Denmark	a	1							
	b	4 900							
	c								
Estonia	a	4							
	b	27 864							
	c	20 315							
Finland	a	3		1					
	b	8 337		23 200					
	c	26 660		288 200	16 281 542				

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Lithuania

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
France	a					2	1		
	b					900 000	26 030 000		
	c								
Germany	a	9	4	2	2		6		
	b	7 892 919	1 308 958	5 439 197	88 577 319		47 867		
	c								
Greece	a			1					
	b			12 600					
	c								
Hungary	a			3			2		
	b			11 104 168			195 000		
	c			195 246					
Italy	a	1		6					
	b	6 655		50 584 557					
	c								
Latvia	a	34		15					
	b								
	c								
Netherlands	a	3					2		
	b	15 841					209 769		
	c	307 536					176 630		
Poland	a				1				
	b				100				
	c								
Portugal	a	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	b	381 466	879 954	215 878	673 043	215 408	2 378 135		
	c	381 466	879 954	215 878	673 043	215 408	2 378 135		
Slovakia	a			2					
	b			2 144 683					
	c								
Spain	a	1		2	1				
	b	2 000		1 132 795	35 800				
	c			420 000	3 485 712				1 436 099

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Lithuania

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Sweden	a	1		7	4	1			
	b			43 474 087	40 918 501				
	c	4 827	505 575	9 942 306	4 581 163				
Total per ML category	a	73	6	42	9	5	13		
	b	22 033 479	2 208 564	120 755 842	130 204 763	1 174 808	34 412 082		
	d								
	e								

Lithuania

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Bulgaria	a					1			
	b					282 408			
	c					290 408			
Czech Republic	a								
	b								
	c		26 216	126 864		788 583			
Denmark	a					17			
	b					11 834			
	c								
France	a			2					
	b			2 150 000					
	c								
Germany	a	1							2
	b	905 000							1 679 430
	c								
Greece	a							2	
	b							29 839	
	c								
Poland	a			1		2			
	b			3 264		2 037 226			
	c			3 264		1 534 398			
Portugal	a	1		1		1		1	
	b	197 781		3 023 310		840 753		174 959	
	c	197 841	5 322 412	3 023 310		840 753		174 959	

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Lithuania

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Slovakia	a		3				1		
	b		116 880				14 000		
	c		105 300				14 000		
Sweden	a						1		
	b						1 732 232		
	c								
Total per ML category	a	2	3	4		21	2	3	2
	b	1 102 781	116 880	5 176 574		3 172 221	1 746 232	204 798	1 679 430
	d								
	e								

Lithuania

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		1					3
	b		49 936					5 620 899
	c		49 936					1 483 404
Belgium	a							6
	b							13 713 208
	c							
Bulgaria	a							4
	b							6 899 555
	c							5 163 973
Croatia	a							6
	b							47 219
	c							47 219
Czech Republic	a							3
	b							
	c							9 322 164
Denmark	a					2		20
	b					13		16 747
	c							
Estonia	a							4
	b							27 864
	c							20 315

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Lithuania

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Finland	a							4
	b							31 537
	c					2 629 021		19 225 423
France	a	1	1				2	9
	b	20 000 000	1 000 000				44 800 002	94 880 002
	c							
Germany	a	1	1			1	3	32
	b	48 000	545			250 000	255 000	106 404 235
	c							
Greece	a							3
	b							42 439
	c							
Hungary	a							5
	b							11 299 168
	c							195 246
Italy	a						1	8
	b							50 591 212
	c							9 658 488
Latvia	a							49
	b							
	c							
Netherlands	a							5
	b							225 610
	c							484 166
Poland	a							4
	b							2 040 590
	c							1 537 662
Portugal	a	1						11
	b	410 942						9 391 629
	c	410 942						14 714 101
Slovakia	a							6
	b							2 275 563
	c							119 300

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Lithuania

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Spain	a						2	6
	b						910 139	2 080 734
	c							5 341 811
Sweden	a					1	5	20
	b							86 124 820
	c	5 480						15 039 351
Total per ML category	a	3	3			4	13	208
	b	20 458 942	1 050 481			250 013	45 965 141	391 713 031
	d							
	e							

Luxembourg

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML6	ML7	ML8	ML10
Austria	a	2		1		6			
	b	12 000		26 304		1 492 106			
	c	12 000		26 304		1 105 264			
Czech Republic	a					1	1		2
	b								
	c			86 513	389 188	3 445 314	10		47 172
Denmark	a					1			
	b					14 270			
	c								
Finland	a	1							
	b	527							
	c	527							
France	a				1	1			
	b				46 000	472 017			
	c								
Germany	a	4	1		4	29			16
	b	918 418	3 700		1 605 544	23 542 337			1 148 767
	c								
Greece	a				1	1			
	b				1 608 000	2 427			
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Luxembourg

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML6	ML7	ML8	ML10
Italy	a								1
	b								18 150
	c								
Lithuania	a			1					
	b			38 934					
	c			38 700					
Netherlands	a								
	b								
	c					1 625 650			
Poland	a					1			
	b					6 700			
	c					6 700			
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c								304 596
Slovakia	a			1			1	1	
	b			39 000				1 758 000	
	c								
Spain	a				3			1	5
	b							20 992	1 080 181 615
	c							20 992	181 615
Sweden	a								
	b								
	c				17 057				
Total per ML category	a	7	1	3	9	40	2	2	24
	b	930 945	3 700	104 238	3 259 544	25 529 857		1 778 992	1 081 348 532
	d								
	e								

Luxembourg

		ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML17	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		1							10
	b		30 791							1 561 201
	c									1 143 568

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Luxembourg

		ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML17	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Czech Republic	a									4
	b									
	c									3 968 197
Denmark	a		2					1		4
	b		857					26		15 153
	c									
Finland	a									1
	b									527
	c									527
France	a	1			2				1	6
	b	600 002			200 000				1 000	1 319 019
	c									
Germany	a	6		3	4	3	3	1	2	76
	b	294 713		877 000	1 123 581	43 282	5 006 060	102 000	5 001	34 670 403
	c									
Greece	a	2								4
	b	853 674								2 464 101
	c									
Italy	a	1							1	3
	b	535 943								554 093
	c									522 520
Lithuania	a									1
	b									38 934
	c				12 956					51 656
Netherlands	a									
	b									
	c									1 625 650
Poland	a		1							2
	b		5 500							12 200
	c		5 500							12 200
Portugal	a								1	1
	b								1	1
	c								1	304 597

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Luxembourg

		ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML17	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Slovakia	a									3
	b									1 797 000
	c									
Spain	a								3	12
	b									1 080 202 607
	c									202 607
Sweden	a									
	b									
	c									17 057
Total per ML category	a	10	4	3	6	3	3	2	8	127
	b	2 284 332	37 148	877 000	1 323 581	43 282	5 006 060	102 026	6 002	1 122 635 239
	d									
	e									

Macao

		ML1	ML3	Total
Austria	a	6	5	11
	b	63 245	485 624	548 869
	c	52 573	210 437	263 010
Hungary	a		1	1
	b		987 000	987 000
	c			
Total per ML category	a	6	6	12
	b	63 245	1 472 624	1 535 869
	d		1	1
	e		1(1), 7(1)	1(1), 7(1)

Madagascar

		ML1	Total
Spain	a	1	1
	b	250	250
	c		

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Madagascar

		ML1	Total
Total per ML category	a	1	1
	b	250	250
	d		
	e		

Malawi

		ML1	ML4	ML5	ML10	ML22	Total
Italy	a	1	4	1	2	1	9
	b	400	212 900		171 991 881		172 205 181
	c						
Spain	a				1		1
	b				92 754		92 754
	c						
Total per ML category	a	1	4	1	3	1	10
	b	400	212 900		172 084 635		172 297 935
	d						
	e						

Malaysia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	7		4					
	b	897 650		162 170					
	c	170 981		161 933					
Belgium	a	3			1				
	b	310 513			2 922 287				
	c								
Bulgaria	a			1	1		1		
	b			155 562	1 648 000		12 532		
	c				1 648 000		12 532		
Cyprus	a	1							
	b	77 511							
	c								

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Malaysia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Czech Republic	a	6		3	2		1	1	
	b	122 881		1 547 465	179 445		9 372	858	
	c	59 599		1 517 388			9 145	843	
Denmark	a						1		
	b						1		
	c								
Estonia	a						1		
	b						50 000		
	c								
Finland	a							2	
	b							809 410	
	c							182 869	
France	a		1	2	2	6			
	b		649 970 000	188 220 000	300 000	215 349 730			
	c								
Germany	a	1			1	2	2	1	9
	b	27 000			110 000	123 921	23 065	226	2 855
	c								
Hungary	a	1		2					
	b	46 253		22 105					
	c								
Ireland	a					1	1		
	b					27 000	65 305		
	c								
Netherlands	a				2	2			
	b				1 150 421	923 234			
	c					947 165			
Poland	a					3	2		
	b					703 030	122 249		
	c					257 774			
Romania	a					1			
	b					18 000			
	c					18 000			

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Malaysia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Slovakia	a	1							
	b	1 834							
	c	960							
Slovenia	a			1					
	b			1 570					
	c			1 570					
Spain	a	1	1	2					
	b			3 559 989					
	c			3 556 280		907 600			
Sweden	a		2				1		
	b		4 044 780				784 210		
	c		171 369			1 429			
Total per ML category	a	21	4	15	9	15	10	4	9
	b	1 483 642	654 014 780	193 668 861	6 310 153	217 144 915	1 066 734	810 494	2 855
	d								
	e								

Malaysia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Belgium	a								1
	b								249 740
	c								
Bulgaria	a			1				1	
	b			36 418				14 000	
	c			36 418				23 060	
Czech Republic	a			3				2	
	b								
	c			1 235 881				84 541	
Finland	a					1			
	b					1 500 000			
	c								
France	a	4	4	2		2		4	
	b	176 100 000	54 008 456	4 200 001		15 000 000		10 210 000	
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Malaysia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Germany	a	5	11	3					
	b	330 831	2 938 331	2 149 023					
	c								
Netherlands	a							1	
	b							18 347	
	c								
Poland	a			1					
	b			7 878					
	c								
Portugal	a		2	4					
	b		31 705	1 363 366					
	c		31 705	18 166					
Spain	a		2					1	
	b		10 000 000					1 116 288	
	c		95 718					2 195 648	
Sweden	a						1		
	b								
	c			28 306					
Total per ML category	a	9	19	14		3	1	9	1
	b	176 430 831	66 978 492	7 756 686		16 500 000		11 358 635	249 740
	d								
	e								

Malaysia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		1					12
	b		64 633					1 124 453
	c							332 914
Belgium	a							5
	b							3 482 540
	c							
Bulgaria	a							5
	b							1 866 512
	c							1 720 010

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Malaysia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Cyprus	a							1
	b							77 511
	c							
Czech Republic	a							18
	b							1 860 021
	c							2 907 397
Denmark	a							1
	b							1
	c							
Estonia	a							1
	b							50 000
	c							
Finland	a					1		4
	b					20 000		2 329 410
	c					10 000		192 869
France	a					1	4	32
	b					16 000 000	310 823 000	1 640 181 187
	c							
Germany	a	1	2				1	39
	b	235 788	193 231				1	6 134 272
	c							
Hungary	a							3
	b							68 358
	c							
Ireland	a						1	3
	b						32 124	124 429
	c							
Italy	a							
	b							
	c							5 464 143
Netherlands	a		1			4	3	13
	b		89 522			1 846 468	2 123 234	6 151 226
	c					55	537 476	1 484 696

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Malaysia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Poland	a		1					7
	b		44 224					877 381
	c							257 774
Portugal	a							6
	b							1 395 071
	c							49 871
Romania	a							1
	b							18 000
	c							18 000
Slovakia	a							1
	b							1 834
	c							960
Slovenia	a							1
	b							1 570
	c							1 570
Spain	a						1	8
	b							14 676 277
	c						23 782 108	30 537 354
Sweden	a		1			1	1	7
	b							4 828 990
	c							201 104
Total per ML category	a	1	6			7	11	168
	b	235 788	391 610			17 866 468	312 978 359	1 685 249 043
	d							
	e							

Mali

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML6	ML10	Total
Belgium	a				1		1
	b				188 727		188 727
	c						
France	a		1		1		2
	b		337 890		300 000		637 890
	c						

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Mali

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML6	ML10	Total
Portugal	a						
	b						
	c	1 200					1 200
Spain	a			1			1
	b			7 620 000			7 620 000
	c			856 832		142 075	998 907
Total per ML category	a		1	1	2		4
	b		337 890	7 620 000	488 727		8 446 617
	d						
	e						

Malta

		ML1	ML9	Total
Austria	a	1		1
	b	5 500		5 500
	c	5 500		5 500
Czech Republic	a	1		1
	b			
	c	27 743		27 743
Finland	a	3		3
	b	24 090		24 090
	c			
Germany	a		1	1
	b		90 210	90 210
	c			
Netherlands	a	6		6
	b	19 496		19 496
	c	17 246		17 246
Total per ML category	a	11	1	12
	b	49 086	90 210	139 296
	d			
	e			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Mauritania

		ML8	ML11	ML13	ML15	ML21	Total
Bulgaria	a	1					1
	b	222 028					222 028
	c	222 028					222 028
France	a				1		1
	b				2 310 660		2 310 660
	c						
Germany	a		1			1	2
	b		2 785			16 043	18 828
	c						
Malta	a				1		1
	b				8 687		8 687
	c				8 687		8 687
Spain	a			1			1
	b						
	c						
Total per ML category	a	1	1	1	2	1	6
	b	222 028	2 785		2 319 347	16 043	2 560 203
	d						
	e						

Mauritius

		ML1	ML3	ML10	Total
Czech Republic	a	1			1
	b				
	c	50 358			50 358
France	a	1			1
	b	8 500			8 500
	c				
Germany	a	2	3	1	6
	b	47 950	100 222	1 740	149 912
	c				

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Mauritius

		ML1	ML3	ML10	Total
Total per ML category	a	4	3	1	8
	b	56 450	100 222	1 740	158 412
	d				
	e				

Mexico

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8	ML10
Austria	a							2	
	b							1 400 000	
	c							1 400 000	
Czech Republic	a	7		1			2		
	b	578 998		10 414			280 842		
	c	1 371 757		614 186			194		
France	a				1	1			3
	b				3 676 000	320 000			113 640 326
	c								
Germany	a						1	4	1
	b						200	257 050	1 890
	c								
Italy	a	7							1
	b	1 597 830							363 339
	c								
Poland	a								1
	b								638 552
	c								
Slovakia	a	4							
	b	2 063 638							
	c	1 271 711							
Spain	a								5
	b								91 134 135
	c								4 005 420
Sweden	a		1	1					
	b			105 433					
	c		264 647	105 433					

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Mexico

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8	ML10
Total per ML category	a	18	1	2	1	1	3	6	11
	b	4 240 466		115 847	3 676 000	320 000	281 042	1 657 050	205 778 242
	d								
	e								

Mexico

		ML13	ML14	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a			1			3
	b			13 000			1 413 000
	c			7 800			1 407 800
Belgium	a			1			1
	b			1 400 000			1 400 000
	c						
Bulgaria	a	1					1
	b	7 140					7 140
	c	7 140					7 140
Czech Republic	a			1			11
	b						870 254
	c			56 805			2 042 942
France	a	1					6
	b	200 000					117 836 326
	c						
Germany	a						6
	b						259 140
	c						
Italy	a			3		1	12
	b			2 331 675			4 292 844
	c						11 809 094
Netherlands	a		1				1
	b		626				626
	c					1	1
Poland	a					1	2
	b					21 719	660 271
	c						

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Mexico

		ML13	ML14	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Slovakia	a						4
	b						2 063 638
	c						1 271 711
Spain	a						5
	b						91 134 135
	c						4 005 420
Sweden	a			1	1	1	5
	b						105 433
	c	322 927					693 007
Total per ML category	a	2	1	7	1	3	57
	b	207 140	626	3 744 675		21 719	220 042 807
	d						
	e						

Moldova

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML7	ML8	ML13
Austria	a	1						1	
	b	30 000						5 244	
	c							5 244	
Bulgaria	a				1				
	b				999 000				
	c				999 000				
Croatia	a	2							
	b	71 775							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	3		1					
	b								
	c	231 391		842					
France	a	1	1		2	1			
	b	92 102	42 360 000		246 575 000	245 100 000			
	c								
Germany	a	1							
	b	1 595 000							
	c								

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Moldova

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML7	ML8	ML13
Lithuania	a				1				
	b				10 422				
	c				10 422				26 343
Poland	a	1	1	1	1		1	1	1
	b	414 007	206 644	130 957	88 258		119 234	282	177 201
	c	397 298	198 304	125 671	84 696		114 422	271	170 049
Romania	a						2		2
	b						342 168		624 714
	c								611 386
Slovakia	a	2							
	b	195 819							
	c	195 819							
Spain	a			1					
	b								
	c								
Total per ML category	a	11	2	3	5	1	3	2	3
	b	2 398 703	42 566 644	130 957	247 672 680	245 100 000	461 402	5 526	801 915
	d			2					
	e			7(2)					

Moldova

		ML22	Total
Austria	a		2
	b		35 244
	c		5 244
Bulgaria	a		1
	b		999 000
	c		999 000
Croatia	a		2
	b		71 775
	c		
Czech Republic	a		4
	b		
	c		232 233

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Moldova

		ML22	Total
France	a	1	6
	b	91 600 000	625 727 102
	c		
Germany	a		1
	b		1 595 000
	c		
Lithuania	a		1
	b		10 422
	c		36 765
Poland	a		7
	b		1 136 583
	c		1 090 711
Romania	a		4
	b		966 882
	c		611 386
Slovakia	a		2
	b		195 819
	c		195 819
Spain	a		1
	b		
	c		
Total per ML category	a	1	31
	b	91 600 000	630 737 827
	d		2
	e		7(2)

Monaco

		ML13	Total
France	a	1	1
	b	5 456	5 456
	c		

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Monaco

		ML13	Total
Total per ML category	a	1	1
	b	5 456	5 456
	d		
	e		

Mongolia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML10	ML15	Total
Czech Republic	a		1	2	1			4
	b		1 657 528					1 657 528
	c			2 308 693				2 308 693
Finland	a							
	b							
	c	15 849						15 849
France	a						1	1
	b						1 650 000	1 650 000
	c							
Germany	a	7		3		1		11
	b	375 888		22 590		23 840		422 318
	c							
Hungary	a	1						1
	b	73 660						73 660
	c	11 097						11 097
Italy	a	1						1
	b	102 000						102 000
	c							102 000
Spain	a	1						1
	b	4 500						4 500
	c	3 183						3 183
Total per ML category	a	10	1	5	1	1	1	19
	b	556 048	1 657 528	22 590		23 840	1 650 000	3 910 006
	d							
	e							

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Montenegro

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML13	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a	1		1				2
	b	60 700		20 419				81 119
	c							
Croatia	a	3			2			5
	b	25 025			56 500			81 525
	c	10 800			52 000			62 800
Denmark	a					1	1	2
	b					1	1	2
	c							
France	a						1	1
	b						100 000	100 000
	c							
Germany	a	1		1				2
	b	3 200		131 600				134 800
	c							
Slovakia	a	1						1
	b	45 320						45 320
	c	45 320						45 320
Slovenia	a		1	1				2
	b							
	c							
Total per ML category	a	6	1	3	2	1	2	15
	b	134 245		152 019	56 500	1	100 001	442 766
	d							
	e							

Morocco

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML8	ML9
Austria	a			1					
	b			3 505					
	c		1						
Czech Republic	a						3		
	b								
	c						558 889		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Morocco

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML8	ML9
France	a	5	2	3	10		1	1	1
	b	1 123 350	663 040	45 162 190	464 214 116		1 040 460	10 000 000	450 480 000
	c								
Germany	a				2	2	1		1
	b				107 652	1 043 100	86 400		2 883
	c								
Italy	a	3	3	1					
	b	11 833 568	308 563	1 659 800					
	c								
Netherlands	a								
	b								
	c								702 369
Spain	a				1		1	1	
	b				68 100		592 680	425 000	
	c				147 650		592 680	413 550	
Total per ML category	a	8	5	5	13	2	6	2	2
	b	12 956 918	971 603	46 825 495	464 389 868	1 043 100	1 719 540	10 425 000	450 482 883
	d								
	e								

Morocco

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Belgium	a	1							
	b	2 080 000							
	c								
Bulgaria	a			1		2			
	b			22 000		626 428			
	c			22 000		55 313			
Czech Republic	a		2	2					1
	b								
	c		2 146 780						
France	a	3	2	3		4		2	
	b	116 996 434	1 953 501 000	50 432		231 470 162		58 000	
	c								

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Morocco

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Germany	a	2	2		1		1		
	b	56 019 035	8 505 027		89 088		18 210		
	c								
Italy	a	4							
	b	25 399 045							
	c								
Poland	a								
	b								
	c					460 891			
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c	2 094 734							
Spain	a	1	1			1			5
	b	30 000 000							1 007 321
	c	869 378							557 219
Total per ML category	a	11	7	6	1	7	1	2	6
	b	230 494 514	1 962 006 027	72 432	89 088	232 096 590	18 210	58 000	1 007 321
	d								
	e								

Morocco

		ML19	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a				1
	b				3 505
	c				1
Belgium	a				1
	b				2 080 000
	c				
Bulgaria	a				3
	b				648 428
	c				77 313
Czech Republic	a				8
	b				
	c				2 705 669

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Morocco

		ML19	ML21	ML22	Total
France	a	1		1	39
	b	3 000 000		4	3 277 759 188
	c				
Germany	a		3	1	16
	b		351 267	100	66 222 762
	c				
Italy	a				11
	b				39 200 976
	c				14 925 428
Malta	a			1	1
	b				
	c			2 500	2 500
Netherlands	a				
	b				
	c			2	702 371
Poland	a				
	b				
	c				460 891
Portugal	a				
	b				
	c				2 094 734
Spain	a				11
	b				32 093 101
	c				2 580 477
Total per ML category	a	1	3	3	91
	b	3 000 000	351 267	104	3 418 007 960
	d				
	e				

Mozambique

		ML1	ML3	ML5	ML6	ML10	ML11	ML13	ML22	Total
Finland	a									
	b									
	c							6 343		6 343

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Mozambique

		ML1	ML3	ML5	ML6	ML10	ML11	ML13	ML22	Total
Germany	a			1	1				1	3
	b			1 401 840	180 817				1	1 582 658
	c									
Luxembourg	a						1			1
	b						15 000			15 000
	c						15 000			15 000
Portugal	a	1	1			1	1	1		5
	b	13 952	2 200			533	479	18 832		35 996
	c					533				533
Spain	a					2				2
	b					64 000 000				64 000 000
	c									
Total per ML category	a	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	1	11
	b	13 952	2 200	1 401 840	180 817	64 000 533	15 479	18 832	1	65 633 654
	d									
	e									

Namibia

		ML1	ML3	ML6	ML16	Total
Austria	a	5	1			6
	b	100 200	620			100 820
	c	91 850	600			92 450
Belgium	a		1			1
	b		9 465			9 465
	c					
Denmark	a	1				1
	b	1				1
	c					
Finland	a	2				2
	b	119 250				119 250
	c	4 811				4 811
Germany	a	12	1	1	1	15
	b	64 074	5 878	150 000	28 471	248 423
	c					

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Namibia

		ML1	ML3	ML6	ML16	Total
Sweden	a					
	b					
	c	15 437	82 742			98 179
Total per ML category	a	20	3	1	1	25
	b	283 525	15 963	150 000	28 471	477 959
	d					
	e					

Netherlands

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	4	1	1					
	b	739 166	4 298 000	11 354 727					
	c	607 607	149 000	8 074 824					
Bulgaria	a				1				
	b				61 974				
	c				61 974				
Czech Republic	a	3	1	9	4		3		
	b			6 901 645	3 819 386				
	c	520 122	20 016 141	71 379 454	3 356 518		100 523 971	64 022	14 249
Denmark	a					2	8		
	b					130 699	390 746		
	c								
Estonia	a		1	1		1	2		
	b		15 000	13 000		300 000	3 150 000		
	c					25 000	450 000		
Finland	a	4				1			
	b	354 091				132 770			
	c	133 732		4 504 400		132 770			
France	a	1			4	6	1	1	
	b	1 413 750			10 112 200	425 714 477	3 000	75 760	
	c								
Germany	a	12	21	18	4	32	227	1	
	b	685 451	4 403 957	58 539 346	709 629	17 140 879	11 530 268	58	
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Netherlands

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Greece	a					6			
	b								
	c								
Hungary	a				6				
	b				728 510				
	c				136 820				
Italy	a	1	2	1			5	2	
	b	4 240 000		7 200 000			14 109	13 519	
	c								
Latvia	a	1							
	b	3 921 625							
	c								
Lithuania	a	1		1					
	b			12 388					
	c	102 275							
Poland	a	2	2				3		
	b	283 017	81 500				5 994		
	c	260 047				800			
Portugal	a					2			
	b					157 200			
	c					1			
Spain	a	2				1	2		2
	b	6 650							225 580
	c	6 650							1 247
Sweden	a					1	1		
	b					2 376 724	6 117 272		
	c	18 782	2 175 443			930 377	22 838 567	501 199	
Total per ML category	a	31	28	31	19	52	252	4	2
	b	11 643 750	8 798 457	84 021 106	15 431 699	445 952 749	21 211 389	89 337	225 580
	d								
	e								

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Netherlands

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a					3			
	b					1 260 356			
	c					1 231 884			
Czech Republic	a		2	3					
	b								
	c		7 941 643	7 593 518		53 313			
Denmark	a					29			
	b					37 423			
	c								
Estonia	a		2						
	b		467 000						
	c								
Finland	a			1		2			
	b			1 830 000		730 000			
	c					75 815			
France	a	3	4	3		4			1
	b	71 400 002	50 375 685	5 810 000		51 100 000			750 000
	c								
Germany	a	4	16	21			6	2	11
	b	25 690	1 185 047	8 392 430			807 048	552 094	877 016
	c								
Greece	a							3	
	b							3 197 025	
	c								
Hungary	a		1						
	b		22 707						
	c		4 771						18
Ireland	a	2							
	b	2 671							
	c								
Italy	a	2	12	2			1		2
	b	1 563 480	429 551	2 192 133					790 620
	c								

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Netherlands

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Lithuania	a			2				1	
	b			1 220 000					
	c			1 892 000				239 452	
Poland	a		1			1			
	b		480 187			14 832 000			
	c					1 008 039			
Portugal	a			5					
	b			95 577					
	c		2 409 507	324 102					
Romania	a					1			
	b					5 114 547			
	c					1 959 917			
Spain	a		6	6				1	
	b		342 328 250	2 791 200					
	c		3 288 792						
Sweden	a			4		6			
	b			119 374		1 702 695			
	c			43 981		932 711	943 542		
Total per ML category	a	11	44	47		46	7	7	14
	b	72 991 843	395 288 427	22 450 714		74 777 021	807 048	3 749 119	2 417 636
	d								
	e								

Netherlands

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a						1	10
	b						600 000	18 252 249
	c							10 063 315
Bulgaria	a							1
	b							61 974
	c							61 974
Czech Republic	a	1	1					27
	b							10 721 031
	c	2 226 851	66 041		902			213 756 745

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Netherlands

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Denmark	a	2					1	42
	b	43 493					3	602 364
	c							
Estonia	a	1				4	6	18
	b	400 000						4 345 000
	c							475 000
Finland	a	6				1		15
	b	117 854				30 000		3 194 715
	c	3 789						4 850 506
France	a	1		1		5	6	41
	b	140 000		450 000		49 268 856	38 290 000	704 903 730
	c							
Germany	a	24	13			11	37	460
	b	631 931	363 978			2 026 402	12 169 327	120 040 551
	c							
Greece	a							9
	b							3 197 025
	c							
Hungary	a							7
	b							751 217
	c							141 609
Ireland	a							2
	b							2 671
	c							
Italy	a						3	33
	b							16 443 412
	c							51 211 675
Latvia	a							1
	b							3 921 625
	c							
Lithuania	a					1		6
	b							1 232 388
	c							2 233 727

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Netherlands

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Poland	a						5	14
	b						6 705 338	22 388 036
	c						7 248	1 276 134
Portugal	a		1					8
	b		21 465					274 242
	c							2 733 610
Romania	a						2	3
	b						10 600 000	15 714 547
	c					4 522 457	4 012 059	10 494 433
Spain	a					1	17	38
	b					1 210 000	623 194	347 184 874
	c					1 210 000		4 506 689
Sweden	a	6					5	23
	b	509 057						10 825 122
	c	266 330						28 650 932
Total per ML category	a	41	15	1		23	83	758
	b	1 842 335	385 443	450 000		52 535 258	68 987 862	1 284 056 773
	d							
	e							

New Caledonia

		ML1	ML10	ML16	Total
Austria	a	5			5
	b	635 926			635 926
	c	14 571			14 571
Denmark	a	2			2
	b	3 500			3 500
	c				
Germany	a	4		1	5
	b	11 206		860	12 066
	c				
Spain	a				
	b				
	c		82 061		82 061

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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New Caledonia

		ML1	ML10	ML16	Total
Total per ML category	a	11		1	12
	b	650 632		860	651 492
	d				
	e				

New Zealand

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML8	ML10
Austria	a	9	5	2	2		2		
	b	1 749 265	32 200	493 766	1 468 000		5 075 000		
	c	154 457	34 200	1 536	582 000		187 385		
Belgium	a	3							
	b	4 090 618							
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1							
	b	39 155							
	c	39 155							
Czech Republic	a	2							
	b								
	c	20 828							
Denmark	a	3							
	b	155 155							
	c								
Finland	a	2							
	b	2 362 000							
	c	14 580							
France	a	1							1
	b	5 672							7 612
	c								
Germany	a	23	3	8	3		2	1	2
	b	409 430	1 674 340	2 193 301	877 682		4 366 292	171	101 290
	c								
Latvia	a	4							
	b	2 559 750							
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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New Zealand

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML8	ML10
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c	229 640							
Netherlands	a					1			
	b					500 000			
	c					316 489			479 930
Sweden	a			7					
	b			62 209					
	c		34 342	933 254					
Total per ML category	a	48	8	17	5	1	4	1	3
	b	11 371 045	1 706 540	2 749 276	2 345 682	500 000	9 441 292	171	108 902
	d								
	e								

New Zealand

		ML11	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a						1			21
	b						30 000			8 848 231
	c						3 750			963 328
Belgium	a									3
	b									4 090 618
	c									
Bulgaria	a									1
	b									39 155
	c									39 155
Czech Republic	a									2
	b									
	c									20 828
Denmark	a								2	7
	b								3 500	162 155
	c									
Finland	a									2
	b									2 362 000
	c									14 580

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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New Zealand

		ML11	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
France	a							4		6
	b							18 125 723		18 139 007
	c									
Germany	a	2			2	1	4	3	1	55
	b	135 098			3 987	180 000	1 106 946	3 003	1	11 051 541
	c									
Italy	a									
	b									
	c									270 997
Latvia	a									4
	b									2 559 750
	c									
Lithuania	a									
	b									
	c			33 512						263 152
Netherlands	a							1	2	4
	b							50	500 050	1 000 100
	c									796 419
Sweden	a					2			2	11
	b					76 330				138 539
	c		45 014			184 761				1 197 371
Total per ML category	a	2			2	3	5	8	7	116
	b	135 098			3 987	256 330	1 136 946	18 128 776	503 551	48 391 096
	d									
	e									

Niger

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML10	ML11	ML13
Belgium	a					1			
	b					188 728			
	c								
Bulgaria	a		1	2					
	b		248 500	4 721 900					
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Niger

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML10	ML11	ML13
France	a	2	1	1	1	1			4
	b	15 801	810 217	1 239 395	4 327 500	4 350 000			534 615
	c								
Germany	a				1		3	1	2
	b				450 439		40 402 621	291 200	15 822
	c								
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c						2 888 921		
Spain	a					1			
	b					965 124			
	c					965 124			
Total per ML category	a	2	2	3	2	3	3	1	6
	b	15 801	1 058 717	5 961 295	4 777 939	5 503 852	40 402 621	291 200	550 437
	d								
	e								

Niger

		ML15	ML22	Total
Belgium	a			1
	b			188 728
	c			
Bulgaria	a			3
	b			4 970 400
	c			
France	a	1	1	12
	b	1 323	3 550 000	14 828 851
	c			
Germany	a	2	1	10
	b	5 671 400	1	46 831 483
	c			
Italy	a			
	b			
	c			5 466

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Niger

		ML15	ML22	Total
Portugal	a			
	b			
	c			2 888 921
Spain	a			1
	b			965 124
	c			965 124
Total per ML category	a	3	2	27
	b	5 672 723	3 550 001	67 784 586
	d			
	e			

Nigeria

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10
Austria	a								1
	b								11 761 146
	c								11 761 146
Bulgaria	a	6	1	5	2		2		
	b	3 950 550	701 530	6 281 565	1 614 607		4 809 387		
	c	4 474 857	2 736 703	14 578 061	2 449 137		4 338 355		
Croatia	a	1	3						
	b	13 750	555 000						
	c	13 750							
Czech Republic	a	2		6					
	b	3 913 327		9 260 521					
	c	1 517 926		597 861			4 122 757		76 659
France	a						1	1	4
	b						45 100 000	115 100 000	152 065 720
	c								
Germany	a						2		
	b						33 956		
	c								
Italy	a	1	1			1	1		4
	b	5 460 000	84 600 000			1 818 838	1 165 000		182 614
	c								

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Nigeria

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10
Poland	a			1					
	b			144 000					
	c								
Spain	a						1	1	
	b						70 668	5 480 620	
	c						70 668	5 486 838	
Total per ML category	a	10	5	12	2	1	7	2	9
	b	13 337 627	85 856 530	15 686 086	1 614 607	1 818 838	51 179 011	120 580 620	164 009 480
	d								
	e								

Nigeria

		ML11	ML13	ML15	Total
Austria	a	1		1	3
	b	973 062		4 711 901	17 446 109
	c	973 062	1	4 711 901	17 446 110
Bulgaria	a				16
	b				17 357 639
	c				28 577 113
Croatia	a				4
	b				568 750
	c				13 750
Czech Republic	a				8
	b				13 173 848
	c		17 852		6 333 055
France	a		1		7
	b		50 000		312 315 720
	c				
Germany	a				2
	b				33 956
	c				
Italy	a				8
	b				93 226 452
	c				15 752 457

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Nigeria

		ML11	ML13	ML15	Total
Lithuania	a	1			1
	b	369 600			369 600
	c	369 600			369 600
Poland	a				1
	b				144 000
	c				
Portugal	a	2			2
	b	47 099			47 099
	c	23 550			23 550
Spain	a				2
	b				5 551 288
	c				5 557 506
Sweden	a	1			1
	b	11 327			11 327
	c	4 929			4 929
Total per ML category	a	5	1	1	55
	b	1 401 088	50 000	4 711 901	460 245 788
	d				
	e				

North Macedonia

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML7	ML8	ML10	ML14	ML15
Austria	a	7							
	b	417 738							
	c	340 641							
Belgium	a				1				
	b				477 875				
	c								
Bulgaria	a								
	b								
	c		163 357	71 342		264 090			
Croatia	a	4							
	b	473 244							
	c	75 935							

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North Macedonia

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML7	ML8	ML10	ML14	ML15
Cyprus	a	1							
	b	21 719							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	1		1			1		
	b	9 581					6 664 723		
	c	6 774							
France	a			1					2
	b			103 700 000					220 645 000
	c								
Germany	a	10	2					1	
	b	326 524	53 804					204 160	
	c								
Hungary	a	1	2						
	b	500 000	50 000						
	c								
Netherlands	a	2							
	b	15 779							
	c								
Slovenia	a					1			
	b					1 440 000			
	c					1 024 000			
Spain	a					1			
	b					99 250			
	c					49 625			
Total per ML category	a	26	4	2	1	2	1	1	2
	b	1 764 585	103 804	103 700 000	477 875	1 539 250	6 664 723	204 160	220 645 000
	d	1							
	e	7(1)							

North Macedonia

		ML18	ML22	Total
Austria	a			7
	b			417 738
	c			340 641

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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North Macedonia

		ML18	ML22	Total
Belgium	a			1
	b			477 875
	c			
Bulgaria	a			
	b			
	c			498 789
Croatia	a			4
	b			473 244
	c			75 935
Cyprus	a			1
	b			21 719
	c			
Czech Republic	a	2		5
	b	21 292		6 695 596
	c	36 745		43 519
France	a			3
	b			324 345 000
	c			
Germany	a			13
	b			584 488
	c			
Hungary	a			3
	b			550 000
	c			
Netherlands	a			2
	b			15 779
	c		1	1
Slovenia	a			1
	b			1 440 000
	c			1 024 000
Spain	a			1
	b			99 250
	c			49 625

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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North Macedonia

		ML18	ML22	Total
Total per ML category	a	2		41
	b	21 292		335 120 689
	d			1
	e			7(1)

Norway

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	11		1			2		
	b	1 957 158		24 756			5 297 490		
	c	1 061 040		24 756			5 297 490		
Belgium	a	34		1				1	1
	b	1 890 639		550 000				126 000	3 272
	c								
Croatia	a		9	1					1
	b		303 096	10					10
	c		303 096						
Czech Republic	a			1			1		
	b			1 882 784					
	c			2 189 731			1 468 557		
Denmark	a	3		1	1	21	2		
	b	17 558		1 362	269 566	180 636	206 713		
	c								
Estonia	a						5		
	b						20 600 010		
	c						3 050 000		
Finland	a	3				7			2
	b	554 500				16 451 026			1 378 957
	c	33 755		699 600		3 460 128	344 673		696 893
France	a	1		2	7	1	1		2
	b	48 356		127 715 490	1 269 070 000	5 460 000	124 000		19 488 500
	c								
Germany	a	12	22	18	19	10	7	1	
	b	1 863 733	7 456 104	8 288 559	24 433 200	4 401 889	1 122 284 898	190	
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Norway

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Hungary	a			2					
	b			268 136					
	c			268 136					
Italy	a			2	3		4		
	b			3 972 000	19 560 415		5 775 538		
	c								
Latvia	a	5					1		
	b	5 646 865					9 000		
	c						9 000		
Lithuania	a			1		1			
	b			101 726					
	c	212 850				619 171			
Netherlands	a			2	3		2		
	b			234 800	3 438 347		218 350		
	c		38	42 122	11 584 735	29 168		295 426	1 000
Poland	a			1	2	8	1		
	b			648 180	29 698 367	2 005 070	92 177		
	c				10 835 600	1 502 949			
Slovenia	a	1							
	b	14 000							
	c	14 000							
Spain	a			11	4				
	b			8 414 290	8 624 900				
	c	6 100		4 886 645	3 500 690				132 187
Sweden	a	3	1	35	3	6	2		10
	b	163 595		66 166 985	264 883	1 900 834	453 099		7 470 284
	c	292 773	1 105 492	23 031 179	93 527	1 822 358	18 613 945	14 908	1 942 404
Total per ML category	a	73	32	79	42	54	28	2	16
	b	12 156 404	7 759 200	218 269 078	1 355 359 678	30 399 455	1 155 061 275	126 190	28 341 023
	d								
	e								

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Norway

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Belgium	a								4
	b								213 958
	c								
Denmark	a		1	3		27			
	b		5 000	60 528		17 419			
	c								
Estonia	a			1				1	
	b			455 561				179 191	
	c							25 313	
Finland	a					1			
	b					340 000			
	c		56 797	704 355					
France	a	1		5		1		3	1
	b	127 000		18 950 000		2 000 000		6 480 000	5 700 001
	c								
Germany	a	11	7	19			1	1	3
	b	821 816	8 283 824	14 786 896			50 000	238 700	212 120
	c								
Greece	a							1	
	b							13 800	
	c								
Italy	a		1	2				1	
	b		2 992	1 986 280					
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c							200 772	
Netherlands	a	12	2	1					
	b	153 374	1 504 975	750 000					
	c	81 071	7 045 796	19					
Poland	a		1	13		3	1		2
	b		306 486	614 126		300 575 000	4 480 000		2 942 234
	c		208 913	290 559		4 563 346	780 000		2 443 912

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Norway

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c		2 632 555						
Romania	a								
	b								
	c	40 760 927							
Spain	a		1						
	b								
	c								
Sweden	a	1	8	2		1		1	
	b	217 836	1 947 890	227 812				243 976	
	c	217 836	207 601	6 422		312 853	46 448	26 532	
Total per ML category	a	25	21	46		33	2	8	10
	b	1 320 026	12 051 167	37 831 203		302 932 419	4 530 000	7 155 667	9 068 313
	d								
	e								

Norway

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		1					15
	b		7 500					7 286 904
	c							6 383 286
Belgium	a							41
	b							2 783 869
	c							
Croatia	a							11
	b							303 116
	c							303 096
Czech Republic	a		3					5
	b		7 543					1 890 327
	c		245 425					3 903 713
Denmark	a					1	3	63
	b					3 003	47 525	809 310
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Norway

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Estonia	a					1	4	12
	b						136 803	21 371 565
	c						136 803	3 212 116
Finland	a						2	15
	b						3 001 000	21 725 483
	c	4 723					106 056	6 106 980
France	a	1				3	9	38
	b	70 000				4 832 696	4 364 004	1 464 430 047
	c							
Germany	a	4	5			15	22	177
	b	2 533 037	51 574			1 310 727	2 484 012	1 199 501 279
	c							
Greece	a							1
	b							13 800
	c							
Hungary	a							2
	b							268 136
	c							268 136
Italy	a					1		14
	b							31 297 225
	c							879 670
Latvia	a							6
	b							5 655 865
	c							9 000
Lithuania	a							2
	b							101 726
	c							1 032 793
Netherlands	a		1			2	1	26
	b		89 522			1 775	54 395	6 445 538
	c						114 032	19 193 407
Poland	a		1				4	37
	b		179					341 361 819
	c		850 179					21 475 458

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Norway

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Portugal	a		1					1
	b		72 000					72 000
	c						22 827	2 655 382
Romania	a							
	b							
	c							40 760 927
Slovenia	a		1					2
	b		7 850					21 850
	c		7 850					21 850
Spain	a					2	4	22
	b						827 927	17 867 117
	c							8 525 622
Sweden	a	20					12	105
	b	19 129					1 226 461	80 302 784
	c	5 688 849				215 644	1 637 739	55 276 510
Total per ML category	a	25	13			25	61	595
	b	2 622 166	236 168			6 148 201	12 142 127	3 203 509 760
	d							
	e							

Oman

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	21	2	2			1		
	b	1 332 071	40 000	496 654			3 491 600		
	c	250 607	40 000				249 400		
Belgium	a	3		1					
	b	233 744		2 768 500					
	c								
Bulgaria	a			2	1				
	b			5 431 984	918 690				
	c								
Czech Republic	a	5							
	b	164 132							
	c	172 492							433 863

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Oman

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
France	a				2	2	1		
	b				279 902 000	16 820 000	1 980 000		
	c								
Germany	a	4		1			1	2	
	b	32 633		127 500			600 000	3 743	
	c								
Ireland	a					1			
	b					21 259			
	c								
Italy	a	4	3	1					
	b	6 540 010	102 170	2 112 500					
	c								
Netherlands	a					1			
	b					214 873			
	c					780 762			
Slovenia	a			1		1			
	b					6 558 000			
	c			14					
Spain	a								
	b								
	c			10 411 735		876 000	14 308 816		
Sweden	a				1				
	b								
	c				26 036				
Total per ML category	a	37	5	8	4	5	3	2	
	b	8 302 590	142 170	10 937 138	280 820 690	23 614 132	6 071 600	3 743	
	d								
	e								

Oman

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a								
	b								
	c								1 745

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Oman

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Estonia	a	2							
	b	222 390 734							
	c								
France	a	1		2				1	
	b	18 800 000		33 120 000				46 650 000	
	c								
Germany	a	3	6						1
	b	21 740	4 218 233						1 933 313
	c								
Italy	a		1						
	b								
	c								
Netherlands	a		3						
	b		2 717 737						
	c		1 464 991						
Spain	a		2	1					
	b		40 000 000	6 750 000					
	c		1 419 699	127 336					
Total per ML category	a	6	12	3				1	1
	b	241 212 474	46 935 970	39 870 000				46 650 000	1 933 313
	d								
	e								

Oman

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		2					28
	b		373 046					5 733 371
	c		296 393					836 400
Belgium	a							4
	b							3 002 244
	c							
Bulgaria	a							3
	b							6 350 674
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Oman

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Czech Republic	a							5
	b							164 132
	c							608 100
Estonia	a							2
	b							222 390 734
	c							
France	a					2	3	14
	b					1 623 400 000	5 820 035	2 026 492 035
	c							
Germany	a							18
	b							6 937 162
	c							
Ireland	a							1
	b							21 259
	c							
Italy	a							9
	b							8 754 680
	c							704 019
Netherlands	a					2	2	8
	b					429 747	714 873	4 077 230
	c					8	407	2 246 168
Slovenia	a							2
	b							6 558 000
	c							14
Spain	a							3
	b							46 750 000
	c							27 143 586
Sweden	a						1	2
	b							
	c							26 036
Total per ML category	a		2			4	6	99
	b		373 046			1 623 829 747	6 534 908	2 337 231 521
	d							
	e							

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Pakistan

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10
Belgium	a								1
	b								18 524 000
	c								
Croatia	a	2							
	b	330 885							
	c	108 410							
Cyprus	a	25							
	b	619 343							
	c								
Czech Republic	a			1					
	b								
	c			160 262					
France	a			2	1	1		4	4
	b			10 735 000	7 100 000	3 126 003		12 038 580	40 537 568
	c								
Germany	a				3		1		1
	b				1 800 857		3 913		1 500 000
	c								
Italy	a		1	1	3				3
	b		4 020	1 292 940	28 684 000				19 724 038
	c								
Netherlands	a					2		1	3
	b					7 850 348		485 600	1 000 000
	c								305 931
Romania	a							1	7
	b							60 000 000	16 645 638
	c								19 340 695
Spain	a		2				4		4
	b		12 453 900				131 958		6 708 583
	c	3 313	9 096 128				274 485	371 003	667 237
Sweden	a				4	5			3
	b								13 070 164
	c					1 445 526			135 319 766

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Pakistan

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10
Total per ML category	a	27	3	4	11	8	5	6	26
	b	950 228	12 457 920	12 027 940	37 584 857	10 976 351	135 871	72 524 180	117 709 991
	d			1				2	
	e			7(1)				1(2), 4(1)	

Pakistan

		ML11	ML13	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18	ML19	ML21
Austria	a						1		
	b						111 176		
	c						111 176		
Bulgaria	a		1						
	b		10 080						
	c								
Czech Republic	a	1					4	1	
	b								
	c	37 204					112 554		
France	a	1		1					
	b	10 000 000		1 309 780					
	c								
Germany	a	18		1					5
	b	6 635 144		67 038					449 500
	c								
Italy	a	2		1	2				
	b			100 000	396 800				
	c								
Netherlands	a								1
	b								7 661 201
	c								
Romania	a	3							
	b	821 944							
	c	198 937					570 094		
Spain	a								
	b								
	c	355 947							

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Pakistan

		ML11	ML13	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18	ML19	ML21
Sweden	a	2		2	2	2			5
	b								1 307 016
	c								287 783
Total per ML category	a	27	1	5	4	2	5	1	11
	b	17 457 088	10 080	1 476 818	396 800		111 176		9 417 717
	d								
	e								

Pakistan

		ML22	Total
Austria	a		1
	b		111 176
	c		111 176
Belgium	a		1
	b		18 524 000
	c		
Bulgaria	a		1
	b		10 080
	c		
Croatia	a		2
	b		330 885
	c		108 410
Cyprus	a		25
	b		619 343
	c		
Czech Republic	a		7
	b		
	c	2 152 841	2 462 861
France	a	1	15
	b	2 400 000	87 246 931
	c		
Germany	a	2	31
	b	11 110	10 467 562
	c		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Pakistan

		ML22	Total
Italy	a		13
	b		50 201 798
	c		36 570 122
Netherlands	a	1	8
	b	7 661 201	24 658 350
	c	1	305 932
Romania	a	2	13
	b	3 440 000	80 907 582
	c	3 200 000	23 309 726
Spain	a		10
	b		19 294 441
	c		10 768 113
Sweden	a	4	29
	b		14 377 180
	c	20 041	137 073 116
Total per ML category	a	10	156
	b	13 512 311	306 749 328
	d		3
	e		4(1), 1(2), 7(1)

Palestine

		ML6	Total
Germany	a	1	1
	b	721 961	721 961
	c		
Total per ML category	a	1	1
	b	721 961	721 961
	d		
	e		

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Panama

		ML1	Total
Austria	a	3	3
	b	118 274	118 274
	c	118 274	118 274
Czech Republic	a	1	1
	b	18 745	18 745
	c		
Spain	a	1	1
	b	5 000 000	5 000 000
	c		
Total per ML category	a	5	5
	b	5 137 019	5 137 019
	d		
	e		

Paraguay

		ML1	ML3	ML15	Total
Austria	a	1			1
	b	7 470			7 470
	c	7 470			7 470
Belgium	a	1			1
	b	850			850
	c				
Czech Republic	a		1		1
	b		70 813		70 813
	c				
Germany	a	2			2
	b	8 940			8 940
	c				
Slovakia	a	1			1
	b	2 460			2 460
	c				
Spain	a	1		1	2
	b	150 000			150 000
	c	169 033			169 033

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Paraguay

		ML1	ML3	ML15	Total
Total per ML category	a	6	1	1	8
	b	169 720	70 813		240 533
	d	1			1
	e	7(1)			7(1)

Peru

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML9	ML10	ML11	ML21
Austria	a	1							
	b	272 500							
	c	94 226							
Czech Republic	a	2							
	b								
	c	269 727							
France	a			2	1		1	2	
	b			276 000 000	49 000 000		32 040 000	34 000 000	
	c								
Germany	a	3				4	1		1
	b	20 960				9 569 826	31 090		10 000
	c								
Italy	a	1						1	
	b	21 689							
	c								
Netherlands	a								
	b								
	c						65 000	5 000	
Slovenia	a								
	b								
	c	14 695							
Spain	a						1		
	b						600		
	c		886 000				2 224		
Sweden	a								
	b								
	c	1 714							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Peru

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML9	ML10	ML11	ML21
Total per ML category	a	7		2	1	4	3	3	1
	b	315 149		276 000 000	49 000 000	9 569 826	32 071 690	34 000 000	10 000
	d								
	e								

Peru

		ML22	Total
Austria	a		1
	b		272 500
	c		94 226
Czech Republic	a		2
	b		
	c		269 727
France	a	1	7
	b	7	391 040 007
	c		
Germany	a	1	10
	b	329 342	9 961 218
	c		
Italy	a		2
	b		21 689
	c		962 292
Netherlands	a	1	1
	b	50	50
	c		70 000
Slovenia	a		
	b		
	c		14 695
Spain	a		1
	b		600
	c		888 224
Sweden	a		
	b		
	c		1 714

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Peru

		ML22	Total
Total per ML category	a	3	24
	b	329 399	401 296 064
	d		
	e		

Philippines

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10
Bulgaria	a			6	1				
	b			17 207 310	1 465 708				
	c			28 155 712	1 465 708				
Croatia	a			1					
	b			188 000					
	c			188 000					
Cyprus	a	1							
	b	51 600							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	3							
	b								
	c	126 289							
Finland	a					1			
	b					4 000			
	c					4 200			
France	a		1	1			1	2	1
	b		51 505 000	45 600 000			229 300 000	636 570 000	52 231
	c								
Germany	a						6	1	1
	b						2 042 228	509 600	8 735
	c								
Italy	a		2	1		1			3
	b		17 770 000	3 982 623		9 740 000			123 677
	c								
Netherlands	a					1			
	b					114 347			
	c								

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Philippines

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10
Poland	a								1
	b								157 929
	c								
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c								15 198 102
Spain	a			9	1				
	b			21 723 786	1 140 000				
	c			13 960 036	2 047 184				29 702 457
Total per ML category	a	4	3	18	2	3	7	3	6
	b	51 600	69 275 000	88 701 719	2 605 708	9 858 347	231 342 228	637 079 600	342 572
	d						1		
	e						2(1)		

Philippines

		ML11	ML13	ML15	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a							7
	b							18 673 018
	c							29 621 420
Croatia	a							1
	b							188 000
	c							188 000
Cyprus	a							1
	b							51 600
	c							
Czech Republic	a							3
	b							
	c							126 289
Finland	a							1
	b							4 000
	c							4 200
France	a						3	9
	b						66 125	963 093 356
	c							

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Philippines

		ML11	ML13	ML15	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Germany	a	1				1	1	11
	b	2 230 063				24 225	310 400	5 125 251
	c							
Greece	a			1				1
	b			1 600 000				1 600 000
	c							
Italy	a							7
	b							31 616 300
	c							15 291 092
Netherlands	a							1
	b							114 347
	c							
Poland	a		1					2
	b		12 443					170 372
	c				562 145			562 145
Portugal	a							
	b							
	c							15 198 102
Spain	a							10
	b							22 863 786
	c						36	45 709 713
Total per ML category	a	1	1	1		1	4	54
	b	2 230 063	12 443	1 600 000		24 225	376 525	1 043 500 030
	d			1				2
	e			2(1), 3(1)				2(2), 3(1)

Poland

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	14	1	1		1			
	b	115 009		850 000		56 500			
	c	420 302	1 000	44 485		56 500			
Belgium	a	11		4			6		
	b	1 040 358		261 837 652			5 397 102		
	c								

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Poland

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Bulgaria	a	4	15	45	17	5	5		5
	b	24 480 601	31 801 087	526 912 168	357 535 591	2 894 489	3 390 629		986 950
	c	12 640 293	15 718 830	329 475 331	418 829 882	2 453 362	3 155 429		517 770
Croatia	a			1					
	b			652					
	c			652					
Czech Republic	a	4	9	5	3		3		6
	b								
	c	1 403 809	1 350 036	7 197 131	4 807 386		12 361 205	10 551	690 710
Denmark	a					4	4		
	b					311 360	273 189		
	c								
Estonia	a	1			2				
	b	6 380			3 113 600				
	c								
Finland	a	8	2		1		1		
	b	1 030 091	91 000		5 580		700 000		
	c	320 236	40 000	3 433 184	5 580		1 739 902		
France	a			4	1	11	1		
	b			320 380 000	3 000 000	297 347 770	2 500 000		
	c								
Germany	a	11	10	15	1	6	64	1	
	b	1 171 279	2 210 334	6 408 075	10 651	27 374 560	231 549 715	28	
	c								
Hungary	a	16		12					
	b	4 076 294		5 304 805					
	c	363 493		2 427 900					
Ireland	a							2	
	b						76 000		
	c								
Italy	a	3	1	10					
	b	171 000	26 600	41 221 334					
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Poland

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Latvia	a	5							
	b	7 243 985							
	c								
Lithuania	a	1		1					
	b	10 000		3 940					
	c	485 232		80 600					
Netherlands	a	52	1	10			1		
	b	194 072	5 000	1 180 485			16 048 000		
	c	109 548		94 871			258 000		
Portugal	a	1			1	1			
	b	57 802			12	29 844			
	c	57 802			12	29 844			
Romania	a		1	3		1			
	b		240 975	8 425 408		541 596			
	c		240 975	1 928 028		288 722			
Slovakia	a	1	1	9	3	2	26		6
	b	18 000	122 240	7 319 131	224 500	547 489	246 040		2 859 997
	c			4 126 670		106 666	238 722		1 282 020
Slovenia	a	2							
	b	1 000							
	c			12 640					
Spain	a	1	2	5		1			1
	b	31 000	3 500	98 393 420					197 500
	c	34 558	3 000						
Sweden	a	4		5	1	1	4		1
	b	411		8 525 550			1 821 110		357 251
	c	213 417		406 707		386 054	1 101 379		564 480
Total per ML category	a	139	43	130	30	33	115	3	19
	b	39 647 282	34 500 736	1 286 762 620	363 889 934	329 103 608	261 925 785	76 028	4 401 698
	d								
	e								

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Poland

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Belgium	a								1
	b								140 236
	c								
Czech Republic	a		3	6			1	1	
	b								
	c		464 318	1 370 115		399 953	737 906		228 108
Denmark	a					127			
	b					180 194			
	c								
Estonia	a			1			6		
	b			7 600			175 240		
	c						4 757		
Finland	a					1			
	b					230 000			
	c								
France	a	2	2	10		7			7
	b	31 865 000	24 238 288	81 280 000		127 950 000			26 060 000
	c								
Germany	a	3	8	6		2		2	5
	b	40 362 778	511 586	719 280		1 337 063		16 833	10 032 342
	c								
Greece	a							4	
	b							6 574 200	
	c								
Ireland	a			1					
	b			2 500					
	c								
Italy	a			1					
	b			155 763					
	c								
Latvia	a							8	
	b							124 332	
	c							124 332	

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Poland

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Lithuania	a		1	1					
	b		101 503	21 900 000					
	c		29 490	525 000				375 753	
Netherlands	a	1	2			1		1	
	b	70 455	2 272			51 039		132	
	c		290					124 551	86 186
Portugal	a			1		1		1	
	b			189 293		27 576		79 567	
	c			189 293		27 576		79 567	
Romania	a								8
	b								142 757
	c							24 940	166 675
Slovakia	a		3	2			1		
	b		23 584				2 500 000		
	c		376				128 754		
Slovenia	a								1
	b								1 376 544
	c								792 368
Spain	a		10					1	
	b		190 543 586					111 760	
	c		14 410 713					111 760	
Sweden	a		2	4		1	2	1	1
	b		40 285 864	10 491 392		31 368	4 792 394		
	c		224 830	7 470		3 959 375	4 277 985		
Total per ML category	a	6	31	33		140	10	19	23
	b	72 298 233	255 706 683	114 745 828		129 807 240	7 467 634	6 906 824	37 751 879
	d								
	e								

Poland

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a	2						19
	b	53 051						1 074 560
	c							522 287

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Poland

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Belgium	a						1	23
	b						1	268 415 349
	c							
Bulgaria	a							96
	b							948 001 515
	c							782 790 897
Croatia	a							1
	b							652
	c							652
Czech Republic	a		12					53
	b							
	c		599 516			2 029		31 622 773
Denmark	a						2	137
	b						250 000	1 014 743
	c							
Estonia	a						1	11
	b							3 302 820
	c							4 757
Finland	a							13
	b							2 056 671
	c							5 538 902
France	a	3	1			2	4	55
	b	6 529	2 310 000			456 100	6 952 800	924 346 487
	c							
Germany	a	9	16			9	15	183
	b	742 731	378 941			5 223 773	26 011	328 075 980
	c							
Greece	a							4
	b							6 574 200
	c							
Hungary	a							28
	b							9 381 099
	c							2 791 393

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Poland

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Ireland	a	2						5
	b	12 431						90 931
	c							
Italy	a		5			2		22
	b		5 129 623			400 000		47 104 320
	c							35 808 420
Latvia	a							13
	b							7 368 317
	c							124 332
Lithuania	a							4
	b							22 015 443
	c							1 496 075
Netherlands	a	1					1	71
	b	2 805 750					100	20 357 305
	c					263	38 657	712 366
Portugal	a	1						7
	b	1 400						385 494
	c	1 400						385 494
Romania	a							13
	b							9 350 736
	c							2 649 340
Slovakia	a	1						55
	b	6 260						13 867 241
	c	6 260						5 889 468
Slovenia	a							3
	b							1 377 544
	c							805 008
Spain	a					4	6	31
	b						419 580	289 700 346
	c						145 159	14 705 190
Sweden	a	3				3	5	38
	b	174 269				4 500 731	4 802 943	75 783 283
	c	37 231					1 176 516	12 355 444

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Poland

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Total per ML category	a	22	34			20	35	885
	b	3 802 421	7 818 564			10 580 604	12 451 435	2 979 645 036
	d							
	e							

Portugal

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML9
Austria	a	2							
	b	2 758							
	c	2 758		17 280					
Belgium	a	6							
	b	629 071							
	c								
Czech Republic	a			1					
	b								
	c	72 471		1 726 598				3 148	
Finland	a								
	b								
	c	4 753							
France	a			1	1				
	b			230 000	46 000 000				
	c								
Germany	a	1					1		4
	b	11 050					1 125		28 419
	c								
Italy	a		1						1
	b		5 501 000						5 430 000
	c								
Latvia	a	2							
	b	2 986 175							
	c								
Lithuania	a	1							
	b								
	c	264 852							

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Portugal

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML9
Netherlands	a	3				1			
	b	29 024				2 000			
	c	13 554				65 002	24 000		
Spain	a	1		1		1	1		
	b	130 000		1 660 800			31 512 796		
	c	85 398		517 875			1 555 011		
Sweden	a	2		10					
	b			3 308 529					
	c	62 577		89 438					
Total per ML category	a	18	1	13	1	2	2		5
	b	3 788 078	5 501 000	5 199 329	46 000 000	2 000	31 513 921		5 458 419
	d								
	e								

Portugal

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML15	ML17	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a			1						3
	b			3 500 000						3 502 758
	c			1						20 039
Belgium	a	1								7
	b	18 524 000								19 153 071
	c									
Bulgaria	a			1						1
	b			144 000						144 000
	c			144 000						144 000
Czech Republic	a									1
	b									
	c		126 971	15 758						1 944 946
Denmark	a			10				1		11
	b			6 189				27		6 216
	c									
Finland	a									
	b									
	c									4 753

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Portugal

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML15	ML17	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
France	a	6				1		1	2	12
	b	69 311 984				32 946		4 444 444	1 550 001	121 569 375
	c									
Germany	a	19	1				18	3	8	55
	b	462 989	461 670				2 047 684	5 002	5 162	3 023 101
	c									
Italy	a	2	1							5
	b	9 261	79 340							11 019 601
	c									2 606 820
Latvia	a									2
	b									2 986 175
	c									
Lithuania	a				1			1		3
	b									
	c				39 054					303 906
Netherlands	a	3								7
	b	324 471								355 495
	c	6 222 153							1	6 324 710
Poland	a			5						5
	b			246 723						246 723
	c			156 656						156 656
Spain	a	3	1					3	11	22
	b	17 490 000	3 884 849						314 805	54 993 250
	c	1 685 863	736 102							4 580 249
Sweden	a		1						2	15
	b		69 708							3 378 237
	c		30 276			897				183 188
Total per ML category	a	34	4	17	1	1	18	9	23	149
	b	106 122 705	4 495 567	3 896 912		32 946	2 047 684	4 449 473	1 869 968	220 378 002
	d									
	e									

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Qatar

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML9
Austria	a	9		2			1		
	b	836 352		81 000			1 810 000		
	c	780 557		81 000			7 211		
Belgium	a	3		2					
	b	402 684		134 201					
	c								
Bulgaria	a	2							
	b	25 260							
	c	25 260							
Cyprus	a	2							
	b	97 435							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	4		1					
	b	32 282		18 745					
	c	2 963							
France	a		2	1	1	3	4		1
	b		287 600	135 450 000	491 900	3 575 872	141 720 000		4 800 000
	c								
Germany	a	1		1	1	4			2
	b	20 407		745 000	222 750	657 012			65 358
	c								
Greece	a						1		
	b						185 000		
	c								
Hungary	a	5							
	b	26 600							
	c	8 800							
Italy	a	4		1	7				
	b	48 627 300		103 870	8 160 759				
	c								
Netherlands	a					1			
	b					750 000			
	c					1 090 918			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Qatar

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML9
Poland	a	1							
	b	6 787 330							
	c								
Slovenia	a							1	
	b							26 668	
	c							47 192	
Sweden	a				1				
	b								
	c				20 041				
Total per ML category	a	31	2	8	10	8	6	1	3
	b	56 855 650	287 600	136 532 816	8 875 409	4 982 884	143 715 000	26 668	4 865 358
	d								
	e								

Qatar

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Belgium	a				1				
	b				500 000				
	c								
Bulgaria	a								
	b								
	c			21 000					
Czech Republic	a								
	b								
	c								57 016
Finland	a		2						
	b		81 321						
	c		81 321						
France	a	1	5			2		2	
	b	18 344 000	571 410 004			51 890 000		33 734	
	c								
Germany	a	17	6		1	1	12	2	
	b	5 379 380	1 436 116		1 159 996	31 237	2 220 197	206 246	
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Qatar

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Italy	a	1	1						1
	b	5 127 685							73 777
	c								
Netherlands	a	1	1		1				
	b	5 000 000	1 065 550		18 117				
	c	2 779 223							
Poland	a								
	b								
	c			13 750					
Spain	a								
	b								
	c	1 395 746							
Sweden	a							6	
	b							177 929	
	c							173 280	
Total per ML category	a	20	15		3	3	12	10	1
	b	33 851 065	573 992 991		1 678 113	51 921 237	2 220 197	417 909	73 777
	d								
	e								

Qatar

		ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a			12
	b			2 727 352
	c			868 768
Belgium	a			6
	b			1 036 885
	c			
Bulgaria	a			2
	b			25 260
	c			46 260
Cyprus	a			2
	b			97 435
	c			

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Qatar

		ML21	ML22	Total
Czech Republic	a			5
	b			51 027
	c			59 979
Finland	a	1		3
	b			81 321
	c		226 413	307 734
France	a	4	9	35
	b	61 985 001	41 816 080	1 031 804 191
	c			
Germany	a	7	2	57
	b	4 475 441	1 001	16 620 141
	c			
Greece	a			1
	b			185 000
	c			
Hungary	a			5
	b			26 600
	c			8 800
Italy	a			15
	b			62 093 391
	c			1 168 085 983
Netherlands	a	2	3	9
	b	1 500 000	6 815 550	15 149 217
	c		1	3 870 142
Poland	a			1
	b			6 787 330
	c			13 750
Slovenia	a			1
	b			26 668
	c			47 192
Spain	a			
	b			
	c			1 395 746

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Qatar

		ML21	ML22	Total
Sweden	a		2	9
	b			177 929
	c			193 321
Total per ML category	a	14	16	163
	b	67 960 442	48 632 631	1 136 889 747
	d			
	e			

Romania

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Belgium	a	1		2					
	b	22 654		91 460					
	c								
Bulgaria	a	3	6	32	11		2		3
	b	6 570 000	16 849 500	845 950 276	218 530 750		33 120 000		660 825
	c	45 074 658	8 270 950	261 086 480	110 855 690		2 400 000		398 164
Croatia	a	1							
	b	8 772							
	c	8 772							
Czech Republic	a		1				3		
	b								
	c	114 074		373 838			1 872 846	6 211	
Denmark	a			1					
	b			2 305					
	c								
France	a	2		1	1	1	1		
	b	111 430		57 875 000	4 400 200	13 750 000	17 400 003		
	c								
Germany	a	6	1			1	46		
	b	1 083 125	79 500			8 149	16 399 805		
	c								
Greece	a				2				
	b				3 350 000				
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Romania

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Hungary	a	14	1	26					
	b	5 081 208	50 000	2 042 120					
	c	134 745		316 032					
Italy	a			14			3	2	
	b			333 964			188 817 090	23 072	
	c								
Lithuania	a	2							
	b	7 000							
	c								
Netherlands	a	2							
	b	2 100							
	c	2 100							
Poland	a								3
	b								161 465
	c						1 279 811		78 437
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c	1 157 385	23 000	380 458 831	2 540		631 963	8 208	
Slovenia	a			1			1		
	b			162 161			241 686		
	c			116 317					
Spain	a			9			3		2
	b			11 096 691			5 305 770		13 250
	c			6 777 871	796 588		1 147 959		13 228
Sweden	a			2					
	b			43 567					
	c			369 481					
Total per ML category	a	31	9	88	14	2	59	2	8
	b	12 886 289	16 979 000	917 597 544	226 280 950	13 758 149	261 284 354	23 072	835 540
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Romania

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17
Belgium	a		1						
	b		574 734						
	c								
Croatia	a							1	
	b							578	
	c							578	
Czech Republic	a			2					1
	b								
	c		204 762	884 957					
Denmark	a				9				
	b				38 089				
	c								
Finland	a	1							
	b	364 300							
	c								
France	a		4	4	3				
	b		261 906 510	200 010 040	5 054 750				
	c								
Germany	a		3	5		1			1
	b		15 000 000	6 503 215		27 750			33 990
	c								
Italy	a			2					
	b			1 691 355					
	c								
Lithuania	a						2		
	b						142 800		
	c						280 830		
Netherlands	a	2	2						
	b	2 150 014	25 744						
	c	8 623 905	6 424						
Poland	a		1	1	1		1		
	b		183 814 849	126 032	720 000		306 141		
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Romania

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17
Portugal	a			1					
	b			135 660					
	c		200 000	174 780	231 230				
Slovenia	a							1	
	b							340 638	
	c								
Sweden	a				2				
	b				55 766				
	c			34 642	59 894				
Total per ML category	a	3	11	15	15	1	3	2	2
	b	2 514 314	461 321 837	208 466 302	5 868 605	27 750	448 941	341 216	33 990
	d								
	e								

Romania

		ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Belgium	a				4
	b				688 848
	c				
Bulgaria	a				57
	b	83 757			1 121 765 108
	c	83 757			428 169 699
Croatia	a				2
	b				9 350
	c				9 350
Czech Republic	a				7
	b				
	c				3 456 688
Denmark	a			1	11
	b			1	40 395
	c				
Finland	a				1
	b				364 300
	c				

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Romania

		ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
France	a		4	5	26
	b		88 705 000	9 522 000	658 734 933
	c				
Germany	a		10	14	88
	b		67 974	1 005 509	40 209 017
	c				
Greece	a				2
	b				3 350 000
	c				
Hungary	a				41
	b				7 173 328
	c				450 777
Italy	a			3	24
	b				190 865 481
	c				38 115 018
Lithuania	a		1		5
	b				149 800
	c			199 980	480 810
Netherlands	a			1	7
	b			2 073 639	4 251 497
	c		2	3 172 861	11 805 292
Poland	a	1	1	1	10
	b	434 253	126 032	158 371	185 847 143
	c				1 358 248
Portugal	a				1
	b				135 660
	c				382 887 937
Slovenia	a				3
	b				744 485
	c				116 317
Spain	a		3	10	27
	b			218 610	16 634 321
	c				8 735 646

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Romania

		ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Sweden	a			1	5
	b				99 333
	c				464 017
Total per ML category	a	1	19	36	321
	b	518 010	88 899 006	12 978 130	2 231 062 999
	d				
	e				

Rwanda

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Bulgaria	a								
	b								
	c			9 399 800	9 465 820				
Czech Republic	a	2	1	2	1		2		
	b	279 598		16 239			196 418		
	c	361 354		236 488	58 747		109 143	53 293	
Finland	a					1			
	b					14 000			
	c					12 200			
Germany	a						1		
	b						173 503		
	c								
Poland	a	1	2			2			
	b	1 715 385	1 416 290			850 498			
	c	4 917 211	121 355						
Slovakia	a	1					1		
	b	646 500					4 481 218		
	c	112 500							
Spain	a								
	b								
	c					40 173			

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Rwanda

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Total per ML category	a	4	3	2	1	3	4		
	b	2 641 483	1 416 290	16 239		864 498	4 851 139		
	d								
	e								

Rwanda

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a								
	b								
	c							226 501	
Estonia	a		2						
	b		4 398 000						
	c								
France	a		2						
	b		11 500 000						
	c								
Total per ML category	a		4						
	b		15 898 000						
	d								
	e								

Rwanda

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a							
	b							
	c							18 865 620
Czech Republic	a							8
	b							492 255
	c							1 045 526
Estonia	a							2
	b							4 398 000
	c							

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Rwanda

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Finland	a							1
	b							14 000
	c							12 200
France	a							2
	b							11 500 000
	c							
Germany	a							1
	b							173 503
	c							
Italy	a							
	b							
	c							784 900
Poland	a							5
	b							3 982 173
	c							5 038 566
Slovakia	a							2
	b							5 127 718
	c							112 500
Spain	a							
	b							
	c							40 173
Total per ML category	a							21
	b							25 687 649
	d							
	e							

Saint Lucia

		ML1	Total
Austria	a	3	3
	b	33 906	33 906
	c	33 906	33 906

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Saint Lucia

		ML1	Total
Total per ML category	a	3	3
	b	33 906	33 906
	d		
	e		

Saint Martin

		ML3	Total
Netherlands	a	1	1
	b	1 500	1 500
	c		
Total per ML category	a	1	1
	b	1 500	1 500
	d		
	e		

Saudi Arabia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Bulgaria	a	2	1						
	b	2 339 850	20 000						
	c								
Cyprus	a	21							
	b			4 098 185					
	c								
Czech Republic	a	5	1	2			2	1	
	b							115	
	c						5 454 031	114	
Estonia	a	1			1		3		
	b	7 700			2 000		15 268 717		
	c						267 474		
France	a		4	2	7	10	5		
	b		107 978 410	48 740 000	4 023 331 680	1 005 202 146	412 420 001		
	c								

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Saudi Arabia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Germany	a	1			3				
	b	14 480			8 112 824				
	c								
Hungary	a			1					
	b			307 500					
	c			307 500					
Italy	a	2		1	3	2			
	b	5 856 620		12 300	306 249 177	30 896 845			
	c								
Netherlands	a							1	
	b							7 771	
	c								
Romania	a		1			3			
	b		7 700			15 630			
	c					179 058			
Slovakia	a	1		1					
	b	1 754							
	c								
Spain	a			3	11	3			
	b			837 774	19 948 840				
	c			323 960	6 589 944	434 460	1 500 000		
Sweden	a		2			3			
	b								
	c		4 060 082						
Total per ML category	a	33	9	10	25	21	10	2	
	b	8 220 404	108 006 110	53 995 759	4 357 644 521	1 036 114 621	427 688 718	7 886	
	d	1							
	e	7(1)							

Saudi Arabia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a					1			
	b					125 000			
	c								

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Saudi Arabia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a		1	3					
	b			44 062					
	c			43 436					
Estonia	a			2			2		
	b			107 700			29 360		
	c								
France	a	6	9	10		1	1	7	
	b	453 802 540	21 403 740 862	1 537 414 040		15 500 000	2 700 030	483 251 000	
	c								
Germany	a		3	1		1			
	b		336 500	4 567 400		194 124			
	c								
Greece	a							1	
	b							8 287 525	
	c								
Italy	a		9						
	b		20 041 605						
	c								
Netherlands	a	1					1		
	b	2 853					18 117		
	c								
Portugal	a		1						
	b		2 814 580						
	c		5 358 560						
Spain	a	1	4				1	7	
	b	513 117 898	67 487 840						
	c	529 253 786	23 859 496						
Total per ML category	a	8	27	16		3	5	15	
	b	966 923 291	21 494 421 387	1 542 133 202		15 819 124	2 747 507	491 538 525	
	d			1					
	e			4(1), 6(1), 7(1)					

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Saudi Arabia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a						1	2
	b						44 440	169 440
	c							
Bulgaria	a							3
	b							2 359 850
	c							
Cyprus	a							21
	b							4 098 185
	c							
Czech Republic	a	1	1			1		18
	b		1 199 658					1 243 835
	c		284 354				339 396	6 121 331
Estonia	a	1						10
	b	350 000						15 765 477
	c							267 474
France	a		3			3	24	92
	b		313 911 600			54 960 000	1 553 438 078	31 416 390 387
	c							
Germany	a					1		10
	b					34 400		13 259 728
	c							
Greece	a					2	2	5
	b					13 295 000	13 295 000	34 877 525
	c							
Hungary	a							1
	b							307 500
	c							307 500
Italy	a						1	18
	b							363 056 547
	c							111 481 484
Netherlands	a							3
	b							28 741
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Saudi Arabia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Portugal	a							1
	b							2 814 580
	c							5 358 560
Romania	a							4
	b							23 330
	c							179 058
Slovakia	a							2
	b							1 754
	c							
Spain	a							30
	b							601 392 352
	c							561 961 646
Sweden	a		1			1	2	9
	b							
	c						4 196 575	8 256 657
Total per ML category	a	2	5			8	30	229
	b	350 000	315 111 258			68 289 400	1 566 777 518	32 455 789 231
	d							2
	e							4(1), 6(1), 7(2)

Senegal

		ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML8	ML9	ML10
Bulgaria	a		1	2					
	b		8 300	84 114					
	c								
Czech Republic	a								
	b								
	c		213 662	81 868			325 413		
France	a	3		2	1	1			3
	b	1 369 000		33 214 000	16 513 000	22 000 000			4 372 968
	c								
Germany	a							1	2
	b							92 070	9 122
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Senegal

		ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML8	ML9	ML10
Italy	a			1					
	b								
	c								
Spain	a								
	b								
	c					965 124			1 355 805
Total per ML category	a	3	1	5	1	1		1	5
	b	1 369 000	8 300	33 298 114	16 513 000	22 000 000		92 070	4 382 090
	d								
	e								

Senegal

		ML11	ML13	ML15	ML16	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a						3
	b						92 414
	c						
Czech Republic	a		1				1
	b						
	c						620 943
France	a	1				1	12
	b	2 100 000				30 000	79 598 968
	c						
Germany	a	1			1	1	6
	b	217 245			25 985	7 350	351 772
	c						
Italy	a						1
	b						
	c						23 559 084
Malta	a			1			1
	b						
	c			24 002			24 002
Spain	a						
	b						
	c						2 320 929

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Senegal

		ML11	ML13	ML15	ML16	ML22	Total
Total per ML category	a	2	1	1	1	2	24
	b	2 317 245			25 985	37 350	80 043 154
	d						
	e						

Serbia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML8	ML10
Austria	a	9					4	1	
	b	292 578					4 259 200	15 000	
	c	232 095					203 898		
Belgium	a					1			
	b					118 000			
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1	3	12	4			4	1
	b	480 000	4 444 490	22 431 493	168 775			2 795 044	6 000
	c	102 400	34 490	10 916 410	125 280			2 838 094	6 000
Croatia	a				2			2	
	b				258			57 000	
	c				129			23 798	
Czech Republic	a						5	4	2
	b						514 419	1 957 838	436 946
	c						517 038	1 225 266	281 957
Finland	a	1							
	b	12 842							
	c	12 842							
France	a			4	2	2			5
	b			581 400 000	2 618 600 000	10 460 000			3 628 189 899
	c								
Germany	a	10			1			1	1
	b	163 473			239 890			144	151 444 733
	c								
Hungary	a	3		7				1	
	b	61 877		105 000				3 000	
	c	38 800		6 648					

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Serbia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML8	ML10
Italy	a			1					
	b								
	c								
Romania	a					1			
	b					318 800			
	c			1 600 267		318 800			
Slovakia	a	1		2					
	b	33 000		1 122 000					
	c	33 000		1 122 000					
Slovenia	a		1				3		
	b		208 000				429 108		
	c	1 920					193 791		
Spain	a								1
	b								
	c	50 520							69 296 888
Total per ML category	a	25	4	26	9	4	12	13	10
	b	1 043 770	4 652 490	605 058 493	2 619 008 923	10 896 800	5 202 727	4 828 026	3 780 077 578
	d	1							
	e	7(1)							

Serbia

		ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18	ML21
Austria	a			1			3		
	b			4 745 080			170 000		
	c						49 185		
Czech Republic	a					1		4	
	b					428 971		267 433	
	c							1 007 383	
France	a	4			3			1	2
	b	8 200 002			40 900 000			140 000	465 000
	c								
Germany	a		1				1		
	b		19 795				1 267		
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Serbia

		ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18	ML21
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c				4 378				
Slovakia	a							1	
	b							2 998 097	
	c								
Slovenia	a					11			
	b					5 820 884			
	c					1 487 782			
Total per ML category	a	4	1	1	3	12	4	6	2
	b	8 200 002	19 795	4 745 080	40 900 000	6 249 855	171 267	3 405 530	465 000
	d								
	e								

Serbia

		ML22	Total
Austria	a		18
	b		9 481 858
	c		485 178
Belgium	a		1
	b		118 000
	c		
Bulgaria	a		25
	b		30 325 802
	c		14 022 674
Croatia	a		4
	b		57 258
	c		23 927
Czech Republic	a		16
	b		3 605 607
	c		3 031 644
Finland	a		1
	b		12 842
	c		12 842

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Serbia

		ML22	Total
France	a		23
	b	1	6 888 354 902
	c	20 000	20 000
Germany	a		15
	b		151 869 302
	c		
Hungary	a		11
	b		169 877
	c		45 448
Italy	a		1
	b		
	c		104 150
Lithuania	a		
	b		
	c		4 378
Netherlands	a		
	b		
	c	1	1
Romania	a	1	2
	b	54 000	372 800
	c	99 875	2 018 942
Slovakia	a	1	5
	b	125 616	4 278 713
	c		1 155 000
Slovenia	a		15
	b		6 457 992
	c		1 683 493
Spain	a		1
	b		
	c		69 347 408
Total per ML category	a	2	138
	b	179 617	7 095 104 953
	d		1
	e		7(1)

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Sierra Leone

		ML1	ML3	Total
Bulgaria	a			
	b			
	c	2 300 000	6 134 700	8 434 700
Total per ML category	a			
	b			
	d			
	e			

Singapore

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	1	3	6	2		4		3
	b	966	2 161 604	347 950	161 862		402 207		26 894
	c	966	596 436	304 259	161 862		390 845		26 894
Belgium	a	3							1
	b	255 373							1 000
	c								
Czech Republic	a	2		3	1			1	
	b	8 331		16 191				282 246	
	c	6 577		23 188	713 479			340	
Denmark	a						2		
	b						3 408 000		
	c								
Estonia	a						4		
	b						22 923 623		
	c						183 000		
Finland	a	2			1				
	b	35 096			37 979				
	c	34 483			37 979	71 200	278 630		
France	a			1	4	3	1	1	
	b			92 600 000	1 573 800 001	9 901 900	2 230 000	7 979 000	
	c								
Germany	a	2	4	2	3	2	30	1	4
	b	8 694	40 061 265	102 980	204 400	294 840	30 551 624	2 416 700	1 565
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Singapore

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Italy	a	4	6	2	2	1			
	b	851 795	3 710 948	10 350 000	1 952 032	1 779 682			
	c								
Netherlands	a					2	2		
	b					15 415 964	640 836		
	c					2 550 410	1 783 155		
Poland	a					1			
	b					577 050			
	c								
Slovenia	a				1				
	b				45 640				
	c								
Spain	a	1		1		1			
	b	375 200		2 205 441		109 200			
	c	364 747				109 200	11 236		
Sweden	a				1	7			3
	b					44 793 789			624 013
	c				102 383	161 646			12 820
Total per ML category	a	15	13	15	15	17	43	3	11
	b	1 535 455	45 933 817	105 622 562	1 576 201 914	72 872 425	60 156 290	10 677 946	653 472
	d								
	e								

Singapore

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a							5	
	b							19 286	
	c							19 286	
Czech Republic	a		2	1			1		
	b								
	c		6 405	99 181			414 970		
Denmark	a	1							
	b	1 466 480							
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Singapore

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Finland	a					1			
	b					40 000			
	c								
France	a	2	3	6		3		1	
	b	197 700 000	79 535 000	72 845 000		25 600 000		5 001	
	c								
Germany	a	4	13	3			1	2	
	b	32 315	1 732 583	2 346 070			200 000	1 226 207	
	c								
Greece	a							1	
	b							1 017 651	
	c								
Hungary	a		2						
	b		850 000						
	c								
Italy	a	1	1				1		1
	b	13 583 178	6 422 806				725 000		20 508
	c								
Netherlands	a	1	1	1					
	b	805	396	26 000					
	c	805	1 357				21 831		
Poland	a								1
	b								855 045
	c								19 937
Spain	a		2					1	
	b		60 000 000						
	c		32 944 634						
Sweden	a	1		2					
	b			4 357					
	c	44 887		4 127		134 380			
Total per ML category	a	10	24	13		4	3	10	2
	b	212 782 778	148 540 785	75 221 427		25 640 000	925 000	2 268 145	875 553
	d							1	
	e							7(1)	

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Singapore

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a							24
	b							3 120 769
	c							1 500 548
Belgium	a							4
	b							256 373
	c							
Czech Republic	a		4			1		16
	b		102 139					408 907
	c		47 201			28 023		1 339 364
Denmark	a							3
	b							4 874 480
	c							
Estonia	a						2	6
	b							22 923 623
	c							183 000
Finland	a							4
	b							113 075
	c							422 292
France	a	1				2	8	36
	b	440 000				659 601 000	8 094 002	2 730 330 904
	c							
Germany	a		4			7	5	87
	b		40 684			469 912	217 001	79 906 840
	c							
Greece	a							1
	b							1 017 651
	c							
Hungary	a							2
	b							850 000
	c							
Ireland	a						1	1
	b						50 000	50 000
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Singapore

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Italy	a							19
	b							39 395 949
	c							87 402 986
Netherlands	a					3	7	17
	b					30 566 109	15 666 164	62 316 274
	c					402	511	4 358 471
Poland	a							2
	b							1 432 095
	c							19 937
Slovenia	a							1
	b							45 640
	c							
Spain	a							6
	b							62 689 841
	c							33 429 817
Sweden	a	1					10	25
	b	20 912						45 443 071
	c	20 912	15 661				16 729 474	17 226 290
Total per ML category	a	2	8			13	33	254
	b	460 912	142 823			690 637 021	24 027 167	3 055 175 492
	d							1
	e							7(1)

Slovakia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	6		1					
	b	210 799 170		7 191					
	c	84		1 130 324					
Belgium	a	1		3					
	b	435 550		124 819					
	c								
Bulgaria	a		3	13	5		1		1
	b		7 708 250	15 231 186	94 873 900		28 916		4 257 200
	c		3 255 000	20 295 044	5 672 023	108 120	28 916		

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Slovakia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Croatia	a	1		3	2				
	b	117 800		221 450	1 042 720				
	c	117 800		219 514	521 360				
Czech Republic	a	8	2	23	5	2	16		5
	b								
	c	4 130 165	9 970 003	42 223 756	894 865	143 802	14 508 043	251 789	598 850
Denmark	a				1	5			
	b				250 000	124 543			
	c								
Finland	a	5					2		
	b	806 665					195 906 298		
	c	46 750		99 764			7 265		
France	a				5				1
	b				2 678 575 000				600 000
	c								
Germany	a	1	1	6	2		4		
	b	71 931	105 030	1 418 917	25 740 000		490 944		
	c								
Greece	a			1					
	b			47 500					
	c								
Hungary	a	13		20	1	2	3		
	b	7 456 900		5 465 822	1 548 000	44 750	586 500		
	c	9 761		568 899					
Italy	a	1		5	3		3		1
	b			88 147 425	602 059		81 980		1 897 000
	c								
Netherlands	a	1							
	b	2 465							
	c	2 465				34 650			
Poland	a		1	6	3	8	5		
	b		70 000	1 218 433	3 540 240	587 366	1 802 343		
	c			577 281	213 141	424 182	65		

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Slovakia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Romania	a			1					1
	b			32 800 000					1 298 144
	c								1 289 144
Slovenia	a								
	b								
	c		1 078 759						
Spain	a	1	1	1	7				1
	b	12 000	15 785 000	374	76 861 596				17 400
	c	1 232	5 930 540		51 675 315				17 400
Sweden	a	2		3		2			1
	b	1 168		2 574 008		7 842 098			17 427
	c	206 470		379 500		1 533 748			2 247
Total per ML category	a	40	8	86	34	19	34		11
	b	219 703 649	23 668 280	147 257 125	2 883 033 515	8 598 757	198 896 981		8 087 171
	d								
	e								

Slovakia

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Austria	a			3					3
	b			25 247 454					53 213
	c			34 668					20 717
Czech Republic	a	9	12	1		2	5	1	5
	b								
	c	721 321	1 019 017	538 974	2 291	1 714 048	2 093 805	231 373	45 197
Denmark	a			6					
	b			3 298					
	c								
Finland	a		2						
	b		1 629 720						
	c		1 629 720						
France	a	1	1	1		1	1		
	b	301 000	12 180 000	2 500 000		11 215 000	57 635 000		
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Slovakia

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Germany	a		4		1	3			4
	b		2 898 050		1 404	32 716			1 440
	c								
Hungary	a		1						
	b		7 680						
	c		7 680						
Poland	a	1	1					5	
	b	13 632	1 801					672 928	
	c	13 017	1 801					1 327 022	
Slovenia	a						3		
	b						1 042 475		
	c						765 798		
Sweden	a							2	
	b							22 699	
	c			4 363				22 699	
Total per ML category	a	11	21	11	1	6	9	8	12
	b	314 632	16 717 251	27 750 752	1 404	11 247 716	58 677 475	695 627	54 653
	d								
	e								

Slovakia

		ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a			13
	b			236 107 028
	c			1 185 793
Belgium	a			4
	b			560 369
	c			
Bulgaria	a			23
	b			122 099 452
	c			29 359 103
Croatia	a			6
	b			1 381 970
	c			858 674

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Slovakia

		ML21	ML22	Total
Czech Republic	a	1		97
	b			
	c	317 140		79 404 439
Denmark	a	1		13
	b	13		377 854
	c			
Finland	a		1	10
	b		2 969 146	201 311 829
	c			1 783 499
France	a		1	12
	b		2 820 000	2 765 826 000
	c			
Germany	a	2	8	36
	b	8 996	142 242	30 911 670
	c			
Greece	a			1
	b			47 500
	c			
Hungary	a			40
	b			15 109 652
	c			586 340
Italy	a			13
	b			90 728 464
	c			67 461 032
Netherlands	a		1	2
	b		40 000	42 465
	c		20 001	57 116
Poland	a	1		31
	b	2 698		7 909 441
	c	658		2 557 167
Romania	a			2
	b			34 098 144
	c			1 289 144

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Slovakia

		ML21	ML22	Total
Slovenia	a			3
	b			1 042 475
	c			1 844 557
Spain	a			11
	b			92 676 370
	c			57 624 487
Sweden	a		1	11
	b			10 457 400
	c		10 414	2 159 441
Total per ML category	a	5	12	328
	b	11 707	5 971 388	3 610 688 083
	d			
	e			

Slovenia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	7		6	2				
	b	215 446		1 527 277	388 109				
	c	31 628		195 444	1 697				
Belgium	a	3							2
	b	2 723 590							299 023
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1							
	b	15 988							
	c	15 988							
Croatia	a			4					
	b			747 033					
	c			81 578					
Czech Republic	a						1		
	b								
	c	40 628		1 257 029			31 801		
Denmark	a					1			
	b					70 306			
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Slovenia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Finland	a								
	b								
	c	82 017			3 500		454 860		
France	a		1	2	3	2	1	1	
	b		1 541 230 000	1 625 000	1 837 725 000	1 423 410 000	500 000	478 000	
	c								
Germany	a		3	1	2	1			
	b		27 109	81 825	12 292 500	5 300			
	c								
Hungary	a	11	1	6			2		1
	b	6 422 600	50 000	1 006 200			958 000		500 000
	c	188 798		15 013			23 900		33
Italy	a		1	3			1		
	b		250 200	1 644 500			1 232 000		
	c								
Lithuania	a			2					
	b			148 050					
	c	21 425							
Netherlands	a	5							
	b	7 130							
	c	6 635					3 390		
Poland	a	1	1		1				
	b	1 000	178 000		444 691				
	c								
Spain	a			1	1				
	b			124 500					
	c	2 200		912 903	2 840 000				
Sweden	a	1		11					
	b	435 672		5 876 172					
	c	37 192		88 912		381 154			
Total per ML category	a	29	7	36	9	4	5	1	3
	b	9 821 426	1 541 735 309	12 780 557	1 850 850 300	1 423 485 606	2 690 000	478 000	799 023
	d								
	e								

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Slovenia

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML15	ML17	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a			3						18
	b			4 377						2 135 209
	c			4 377						233 146
Belgium	a				1					6
	b				11 480					3 034 093
	c									
Bulgaria	a									1
	b									15 988
	c									15 988
Croatia	a									4
	b									747 033
	c									81 578
Czech Republic	a	1								2
	b									
	c	208 456		4 432						1 542 346
Denmark	a			7				2	1	11
	b			3 756				1	1	74 064
	c									
Finland	a									
	b									
	c									540 377
France	a	1	1						1	13
	b	87 800 075	9 800 000						6 310 000	4 908 878 075
	c									
Germany	a				2	6	7	1	6	29
	b				76 553	12 785	116 553	2 500	505 012	13 120 137
	c									
Greece	a				2					2
	b				393 000					393 000
	c									
Hungary	a								1	22
	b								4	8 936 804
	c									227 744

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Slovenia

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML15	ML17	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Italy	a							1		6
	b									3 126 700
	c									352 275
Lithuania	a									2
	b									148 050
	c				255 360					276 785
Netherlands	a				2					7
	b				8 305					15 435
	c				8 305					18 330
Poland	a		1							4
	b		35 500							659 191
	c		33 500							33 500
Spain	a				1				4	7
	b				3 614				134 079	262 193
	c				3 614				54 280	3 812 997
Sweden	a		1			3			2	18
	b		5 402			377 205				6 694 451
	c		2 384			306 322				815 964
Total per ML category	a	2	3	10	8	9	7	4	15	152
	b	87 800 075	9 840 902	8 133	492 952	389 990	116 553	2 501	6 949 096	4 948 240 423
	d									
	e									

Somalia

		ML1	ML3	ML6	ML13	ML18	Total
Bulgaria	a	2				1	3
	b	238 541				3 200	241 741
	c	239 331	563 475				802 806
Finland	a						
	b						
	c				99 834		99 834

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Somalia

		ML1	ML3	ML6	ML13	ML18	Total
Germany	a			2	2		4
	b			1 242 500	153 178		1 395 678
	c						
Italy	a		1				1
	b		56 000				56 000
	c						
Romania	a	1					1
	b	33 987					33 987
	c		1 821 186				1 821 186
Total per ML category	a	3	1	2	2	1	9
	b	272 528	56 000	1 242 500	153 178	3 200	1 727 406
	d						
	e						

South Africa

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	23		4					
	b	5 531 472		818 150					
	c	226 636		250 289					
Belgium	a	1		1		2			
	b	17 500		6 439		46 075			
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1							
	b	236 660							
	c								
Cyprus	a	1							
	b	20 000							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	5		2					
	b	261 824		5 335					
	c	2 228 290		5 394					
Denmark	a	3							
	b	357 500							
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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South Africa

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Finland	a	2		1					
	b	132 650		6 390					
	c	81 591		6 390			26 737		
France	a				3				1
	b				4 151 000				261 120
	c								
Germany	a	11		4		4		1	11
	b	218 986		17 084 619		1 240 878		186	6 722
	c								
Hungary	a			1					
	b			273 600					
	c			273 600					
Italy	a	1		1					
	b	1 080 000							
	c								
Slovenia	a					2			
	b					251 424			
	c					27 235			
Spain	a	2			4				
	b	10 930			30 900 000				
	c	1 753			1 596 181				
Sweden	a				1	1			5
	b								1 217 616
	c	107 537		359 773	890 340	12 086			396 216
Total per ML category	a	50		14	8	9		1	17
	b	7 867 522		18 194 533	35 051 000	1 538 377		186	1 485 458
	d	2							
	e	7(2)							

South Africa

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a							1	
	b							875 000	
	c							875 000	

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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South Africa

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a		1						
	b		10 707						
	c		10 673						
Estonia	a			1					
	b			85 795					
	c			85 795					
France	a		1	1		2		2	
	b		320 000	1 110 000		103 000 000		22 933 100	
	c								
Germany	a	6		4					1
	b	668 731		93 409					2 000 000
	c								
Spain	a							2	
	b								
	c								
Sweden	a		4	2			1	1	
	b		739 768	8 365					
	c		1 046 788	7 926		455 207			
Total per ML category	a	6	6	8		2	1	6	1
	b	668 731	1 070 475	1 297 569		103 000 000		23 808 100	2 000 000
	d								
	e								

South Africa

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		2					30
	b		243 500					7 468 122
	c							1 351 925
Belgium	a							4
	b							70 014
	c							
Bulgaria	a							1
	b							236 660
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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South Africa

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Cyprus	a							1
	b							20 000
	c							
Czech Republic	a		1					9
	b		1 258					279 124
	c		776					2 245 133
Denmark	a							3
	b							357 500
	c							
Estonia	a							1
	b							85 795
	c							85 795
Finland	a							3
	b							139 040
	c							114 718
France	a	1	2				1	14
	b	3 400 000	12 407 040				1	147 582 261
	c							
Germany	a		3				3	48
	b		300 966				87 500	21 701 997
	c							
Hungary	a							1
	b							273 600
	c							273 600
Italy	a							2
	b							1 080 000
	c							1 819 271
Netherlands	a							
	b							
	c						1	1
Slovenia	a							2
	b							251 424
	c							27 235

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South Africa

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Spain	a							8
	b							30 910 930
	c							1 597 934
Sweden	a					2	3	20
	b						8 278	1 974 027
	c						10 926 564	14 202 437
Total per ML category	a	1	8			2	7	147
	b	3 400 000	12 952 764				95 779	212 430 494
	d							2
	e							7(2)

South Korea

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	10	1			1	1		
	b	517 071				2 457 114	1 547 260		
	c	514 053				2 457 114	1 136 100		
Belgium	a	3							
	b	236 051							
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1		1					
	b	44 600		1 540					
	c	86 682		3 780					
Czech Republic	a						6		
	b						21 144 344		
	c						945 928		
Denmark	a				4	3			
	b				66 719 803	58 231			
	c								
France	a	1	1	2	11	11	5	1	10
	b	800 000	51 505 000	137 850 000	106 411 555	84 802 365	1 982 402	200 200	18 659 850
	c								
Germany	a	6	16	1	8	9	46	7	24
	b	2 363 920	3 695 910	4 589 554	18 221 279	9 225 562	24 847 223	31 138	237 473
	c								

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South Korea

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Hungary	a			4					
	b			80 000					
	c								
Ireland	a				5	4			
	b				5 090	382 456			
	c								
Italy	a	1	2	2	3	1	1		
	b	8 600	7 752 791	2 396 940	2 519 865		3 405 500		
	c								
Lithuania	a					1			
	b					6 510			
	c					61 845			
Netherlands	a		1			4	1	1	
	b		42 000			9 277 332	35 000	1 619 000	
	c					13 850 033		834 500	
Poland	a		2			5	4		
	b		512 104			31 674	304 893		
	c		350 314			16 382	322 480		
Romania	a				1				
	b				1 202 257				
	c								
Slovakia	a							1	
	b							530 000	530 000
	c								
Slovenia	a	1		1					
	b	1 550							
	c	1 549							
Spain	a			1	1	3			
	b			1 153 690	15 410	815 000			
	c			1 153 690	15 410	240 000			13 312
Sweden	a				4	8			4
	b				1 690 402	2 604 012			208 077
	c				27 012	11 703 420			208 650

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South Korea

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Total per ML category	a	23	23	12	37	50	64	10	38
	b	3 971 792	63 507 805	146 071 724	196 785 661	109 660 256	53 266 622	2 380 338	19 635 400
	d								
	e								

South Korea

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a			1					1
	b			50 000					899 780
	c			50 000					270 808
Czech Republic	a		6						
	b		6 952						
	c		362 721						
Denmark	a			3					
	b			86 450					
	c								
Finland	a								
	b								
	c					351 633			
France	a	3	12	6	1	1		7	4
	b	162 230 000	734 070 780	38 550 000	1 350 001	2 400 000		10 647 000	6 610 630
	c								
Germany	a	164	17	19		13		3	9
	b	142 976 595	1 670 706	7 548 808		25 086 695		40 903	2 710 801
	c								
Greece	a							1	
	b							2 000	
	c								
Ireland	a			1					
	b			1 254					
	c								
Italy	a	9	15	4				2	7
	b	14 855 884	6 054 355	258 866				249 000	226 183
	c								

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South Korea

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Netherlands	a	7						3	
	b	644 976						5 625 000	
	c	599 416	36 639					46 829	
Poland	a		2	1					
	b		10 714 093	54 027					
	c		213 905	72 065					
Romania	a								1
	b								13 872 191
	c								593 968
Spain	a		1	4				1	
	b		60 000 000	12 596 830				994 700	
	c		11 430 827	2 765 484					
Sweden	a	1					6		
	b						127 729		
	c					423 484	63 779		
Total per ML category	a	184	53	39	1	14	6	17	22
	b	320 707 455	812 516 886	59 146 235	1 350 001	27 486 695	127 729	17 558 603	24 319 585
	d								
	e								

South Korea

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		16				2	33
	b		8 270 919				6 375 000	20 117 144
	c		7 750 735					12 178 810
Belgium	a						1	4
	b						1	236 052
	c							
Bulgaria	a							2
	b							46 140
	c							90 462
Czech Republic	a		4					16
	b		9 485					21 160 781
	c		48 405					1 357 054

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South Korea

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Denmark	a					4	3	17
	b					66 719 803	64 139 803	197 724 090
	c							
Estonia	a						2	2
	b						2 000	2 000
	c							
Finland	a							
	b							
	c							351 633
France	a	1	6	1		1	12	97
	b	153 000	18 911 251	2 600 000		3 591 050	73 761 005	1 457 086 089
	c							
Germany	a	1	14			13	26	396
	b	170 000	710 403			460 271	11 849 128	256 436 369
	c							
Greece	a					1		2
	b					263 000		265 000
	c							
Hungary	a							4
	b							80 000
	c							
Ireland	a						5	15
	b						1 150 000	1 538 800
	c							
Italy	a					7	3	57
	b					1 718 161	8 250	39 454 395
	c							151 217 757
Lithuania	a							1
	b							6 510
	c							61 845
Netherlands	a	2				4	4	27
	b	66 077				8 878 766	7 782 332	33 970 483
	c					116 449	1 290 201	16 774 067

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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South Korea

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Poland	a	2				1	4	21
	b	68 917					268 778	11 954 486
	c	35 599					113 127	1 123 872
Romania	a						1	3
	b						15 000	15 089 448
	c						15 000	608 968
Slovakia	a							1
	b							1 060 000
	c							
Slovenia	a							2
	b							1 550
	c							1 549
Spain	a						6	17
	b						56 704 167	132 279 797
	c						50	15 618 773
Sweden	a		2				2	27
	b		15 771 331					20 401 551
	c		5 699 199				1 385 202	19 510 746
Total per ML category	a	6	42	1		31	71	744
	b	457 994	43 673 389	2 600 000		81 631 051	222 055 464	2 208 910 685
	d							
	e							

South Sudan

		ML6	Total
Germany	a	2	2
	b	630 194	630 194
	c		
Slovakia	a	1	1
	b	41 744	41 744
	c		

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South Sudan

		ML6	Total
Total per ML category	a	3	3
	b	671 938	671 938
	d		
	e		

Spain

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	1		2					
	b	35 000		639 734					
	c	34 050		639 733					
Belgium	a	9		1		3	2		
	b	1 765 854		60 500		5 518	27 500		
	c								
Bulgaria	a					5			
	b					270 050			
	c					98 000			
Czech Republic	a	2	1	4					1
	b								
	c	1 073 249	562 876	4 554 606			43 221		
Denmark	a			1		3	1		
	b			10 956		71 910	1		
	c								
Estonia	a				2				
	b				1 600 000				
	c				797 727				
Finland	a	4							1
	b	594 971							399 146
	c	84 541			467 500				1 025 143
France	a	1	1	10	14	1	2		
	b	46 820	46 525	671 184 793	729 687 100	312 000	36 484 400		
	c								
Germany	a	5	9	22	7	4	35	1	
	b	2 141 507	1 360 713	15 926 084	14 346 502	1 361 126	1 462 950	26	
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Spain

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Ireland	a	2	1						
	b	1 50 000	3 536						
	c								
Italy	a		2	17	4	1	3	1	
	b		4 013 867	51 462 954	620 219		41 837 557	113 455	
	c								
Latvia	a	3							
	b	3 211 375							
	c								
Lithuania	a	1				1			
	b					92 820			
	c	79 087				92 820			
Netherlands	a	3	1	1	1		2	1	
	b	4 966	500 000	360 000	399		533 825	1 100 000	
	c	7 091	589 050		300	2 653 875	3 344	7 771	
Poland	a						1		1
	b						3 500		15 344
	c								15 344
Slovakia	a		1	10	2			1	1
	b			30 693 283				1 150 290	4 400 000
	c			86 191				1 150 290	
Slovenia	a								
	b								
	c			218 486					
Sweden	a	2	1	2	1		1		10
	b	354 201	4 792	506 892	3 311 108				3 004 763
	c	383 487	4 792	1 952 752	835 721	21 784			1 333 715
Total per ML category	a	33	17	70	31	18	47	4	14
	b	8 304 694	5 929 433	770 845 196	749 565 328	2 113 424	80 349 733	2 363 771	7 819 253
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Spain

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a					1		2	
	b					27 006		746 572	
	c					27 006		746 572	
Belgium	a		30						4
	b		982 872						618 522
	c								
Bulgaria	a					2			
	b					1 207 000			
	c					420 490			
Czech Republic	a		3	1					
	b								
	c		811 379	24 863					
Denmark	a		1			13			
	b		3 504			11 446			
	c								
Finland	a		2	1		2			
	b		2 062 084	1 632 000		216 000			
	c		928 974			3 911			
France	a	8	14	7		1	1	5	6
	b	45 516 450	210 001 367	74 291 951		1 000 000	4 000 000	29 057 000	35 656 050
	c								
Germany	a	9	176	22			1	1	28
	b	530 537	32 629 342	3 076 154			76 218	4 193	6 269 208
	c								
Greece	a							2	
	b							2 462 938	
	c								
Ireland	a		1			1			
	b		4 000			50 000			
	c								
Italy	a	6	47	24				2	3
	b	4 918 712	16 709 077	21 508 363				134 495	155 478
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Spain

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Lithuania	a							1	
	b								
	c							398 627	
Netherlands	a	5	2	1		1	1	1	
	b	188 943	205 168	7 710		77 875	388 642	574	
	c	60 650	434 338	6 944		362		574	
Poland	a		1			2			5
	b		13 000 000			301 702			867 109
	c		24 508 059			122 019			876 518
Portugal	a			2			1		
	b			3 258 001			1		
	c		8 082 891	1 059 203			1		
Romania	a		4						4
	b		1 769 054						40 509
	c		285 466						32 857
Sweden	a			1		1			
	b			23 526					
	c			225 679		632 122			
Total per ML category	a	28	281	59		24	4	14	50
	b	51 154 642	277 366 468	103 797 705		2 891 029	4 464 861	32 405 772	43 606 876
	d								
	e								

Spain

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		3					9
	b		195 012					1 643 324
	c		27 859					1 475 220
Belgium	a							49
	b							3 460 766
	c							
Bulgaria	a							7
	b							1 477 050
	c							518 490

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Spain

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Czech Republic	a		4					16
	b							
	c		92 383					7 162 577
Denmark	a	1				3	3	26
	b	1				13	13	97 844
	c							
Estonia	a					2	4	8
	b							1 600 000
	c							797 727
Finland	a					1	1	12
	b					50 000	10 000	4 964 201
	c					80 028		2 590 097
France	a	9	1			4	19	104
	b	103 740 729	20 000			3 094 309	50 080 741	1 994 220 235
	c							
Germany	a	25	22			24	31	422
	b	559 177	1 823 602			240 642	2 288 813	84 096 794
	c							
Greece	a							2
	b							2 462 938
	c							
Ireland	a							5
	b							207 536
	c							
Italy	a	1	3			2	2	118
	b		5 500				28 720	141 508 397
	c							55 734 287
Latvia	a							3
	b							3 211 375
	c							
Lithuania	a					1		4
	b							92 820
	c							570 534

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Spain

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Netherlands	a					2	3	25
	b					100 000	640 182	4 108 284
	c	100				53 488	642 113	4 460 000
Poland	a						5	15
	b						18 106 394	32 294 049
	c		32 441				18 000	25 572 381
Portugal	a						1	4
	b						1	3 258 003
	c						1	9 142 096
Romania	a							8
	b							1 809 563
	c							318 323
Slovakia	a							15
	b							36 243 573
	c							1 236 481
Slovenia	a							
	b							
	c							218 486
Sweden	a					1	6	26
	b						26 140	7 231 422
	c							5 390 052
Total per ML category	a	36	33			40	75	878
	b	104 299 907	2 044 114			3 484 964	71 181 004	2 323 988 174
	d							
	e							

Sri Lanka

		ML1	ML3	ML10	Total
Czech Republic	a	9	1		10
	b	232 105	23 611		255 716
	c	222 656	99 234		321 890
Italy	a				
	b				
	c				49 912

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Sri Lanka

		ML1	ML3	ML10	Total
Spain	a			1	1
	b				
	c				
Total per ML category	a	9	1	1	11
	b	232 105	23 611		255 716
	d				
	e				

Suriname

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	Total
France	a	1	1	1		3
	b	391 101	4 230 000	1 671 580		6 292 681
	c					
Netherlands	a	2				2
	b	300				300
	c					
Spain	a				2	2
	b				18 663 000	18 663 000
	c				2 712 481	2 712 481
Total per ML category	a	3	1	1	2	7
	b	391 401	4 230 000	1 671 580	18 663 000	24 955 981
	d					
	e					

Sweden

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a		1	1	9		1		
	b		21 380	3 061 000	12 166 557		1 920		
	c		21 380	678 313	3 644 873		1 920		
Belgium	a	10							3
	b	712 930							594 264
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Sweden

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Bulgaria	a					2			
	b					314 397			
	c					846 584			
Croatia	a	1							
	b	741							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	1							
	b								
	c	107 753		2 062 056			486 247	48 359	5 251
Denmark	a	1	1		1	10	3		
	b	77 350	1		88 982	606 919	40 118		
	c								
Estonia	a					5			
	b					4 068 246			
	c					170 872			
Finland	a	12		2	3	3	1		1
	b	3 934 200		12 968 000	12 214	1 703 045	18 946 980		38 448
	c	25 173	168 000	18 351 620	949 681	4 752 969	23 891 760		38 448
France	a		6	8	5	10			1
	b		117 623 972	392 395 370	76 832 300	63 586 505			365 300 000
	c								
Germany	a	3	42	35	20	8	48		
	b	58 330	16 704 351	28 914 976	1 614 395	6 714 537	1 719 141		
	c								
Hungary	a			3					1
	b			1 405 500					52 650
	c			710 561					
Ireland	a		1						
	b		3 284						
	c								
Italy	a		1	4	4		1		
	b		590 000		3 278 765				
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Sweden

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Latvia	a	1							
	b	3 738 926							
	c								
Lithuania	a	1		1		3			
	b			34 173		80 440			
	c	309 925				80 440			
Luxembourg	a		2						
	b		217 710						
	c		28 410						
Netherlands	a	5		2	1		4		
	b	9 939		7 974	406 000		1 764 687		
	c	27 389		24 677	118 868	144 375	2 012 765	85 839	
Poland	a		1		1		7		1
	b		285 000		108		598 442		235 300
	c				105				235 300
Portugal	a	1		1					
	b	225 000		9 024					
	c	225 000		9 024					
Slovakia	a	1	2	3	1		2	1	1
	b	57 701	2 396 721	508 018	40 823		3 000 081	414	428 088
	c	57 701	638 296	447 554	40 823		3 000 081	414	
Spain	a		10	14	42	1			8
	b			17 686 909					30 927
	c	2 800		9 987 745	7 478 279	622 058			1 933
Total per ML category	a	37	67	74	87	42	67	1	16
	b	8 815 117	137 842 419	456 990 944	94 440 144	77 074 089	26 071 369	414	366 679 677
	d								
	e								

Sweden

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Belgium	a					1			
	b					26 764			
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Sweden

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a		1				6		
	b						14 043		
	c		3 432	945 061			5 730 988	1 453 539	3 244 372
Denmark	a	3	2	3		66			
	b	38 623	12 961 076	129 855		73 213			
	c								
Finland	a					2			
	b					805 955			
	c		27 102			216 475			
France	a	1	5	6		2	1	4	1
	b	450 580 000	27 655 100	36 855 520		5 750 000	2 000 000	36 580 000	340 000
	c								
Germany	a	16	19	14			6		7
	b	1 308 409	24 929 633	1 332 724			964 058		416 651
	c								
Greece	a							10	
	b							4 254 901	
	c								
Italy	a		2	21					
	b		16 367	2 645 013					
	c								
Lithuania	a							1	
	b								
	c							257 385	
Netherlands	a	1						2	
	b	26 000						6 016	
	c	43 152	405 089	15 100		58 901		5 156	305 515
Poland	a					1			
	b					13 250 000			
	c					559 526			
Portugal	a		1						
	b		7 232 812						
	c		1 955 850						

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Sweden

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Romania	a		3				2		
	b		24 445				23 001		
	c		13 403				19 816		
Slovakia	a			3		1			
	b			4 437 400		4 441			
	c			1 081 006		4 441			
Spain	a	2	7	1				1	
	b	1 664 000	496 966	900 000					
	c	1 664 000	13 695 592	320 000				644 150	
Total per ML category	a	23	40	48		73	15	18	8
	b	453 617 032	73 316 399	46 300 512		19 910 373	3 001 102	40 840 917	756 651
	d								
	e								

Sweden

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a							12
	b							15 250 857
	c							4 346 486
Belgium	a					1		15
	b					8 075		1 342 033
	c							
Bulgaria	a							2
	b							314 397
	c							846 584
Croatia	a							1
	b							741
	c							
Czech Republic	a							8
	b							14 043
	c		7 332					14 094 390
Denmark	a					5	7	102
	b					38 623	1	14 054 761
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Sweden

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Estonia	a					4		9
	b					50 000		4 118 246
	c							170 872
Finland	a	1				1	1	27
	b	2 254				649 000	917 279	39 977 375
	c	102 698				2 646 562	114 640	51 285 128
France	a		2			4	10	66
	b		1 940 000			8 997 238	2 488 361	1 588 924 366
	c							
Germany	a	10	14			17	35	294
	b	682 778	2 538 253			422 384	912 173	89 232 793
	c							
Greece	a							10
	b							4 254 901
	c							
Hungary	a						1	5
	b						4	1 458 154
	c							710 561
Ireland	a							1
	b							3 284
	c							
Italy	a						2	35
	b							6 530 145
	c							10 272 166
Latvia	a							1
	b							3 738 926
	c							
Lithuania	a					1		7
	b							114 613
	c							647 750
Luxembourg	a							2
	b							217 710
	c							28 410

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Sweden

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Netherlands	a					1	2	18
	b					1 150 000	1 350 000	4 720 616
	c	648				100	997 355	4 244 929
Poland	a						2	13
	b						10 000 000	24 368 850
	c							794 931
Portugal	a							3
	b							7 466 836
	c							2 189 874
Romania	a							5
	b							47 446
	c							33 219
Slovakia	a	1					1	17
	b						7 110 000	17 983 687
	c						194 538	5 464 854
Spain	a	1				5	15	107
	b					360 000	1 374 342	22 513 144
	c					360 000		34 776 557
Total per ML category	a	13	16			39	76	760
	b	685 032	4 478 253			11 675 320	24 152 160	1 846 647 924
	d							
	e							

Switzerland

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	120	7	52		4	12		
	b	24 320 700	47 417	4 392 090		9 191 687	5 334 336		
	c	2 061 845	39 360	2 854 481		7 059 290	4 009 293		
Belgium	a	20		2	1				12
	b	873 760		17 855	103 951				4 376 244
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1					4		
	b	450					227 267		
	c						163 868		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Switzerland

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Croatia	a	13							
	b	108 769							
	c	105 314							
Czech Republic	a	17	3	3		1	22		2
	b	155 528		6 405		20 326	1 419 852		
	c	406 614	1 316	10 496		933 970	2 576 366	38 047	156 727
Denmark	a	7	1		1	4	18		
	b	40 261	120 422		120 422	79 226	1 161 750		
	c								
Finland	a	10		1	1				
	b	1 937 950		3 600	9 578				
	c	2 033 772			9 578				
France	a	20	4	11	1	5	1		3
	b	145 169	2 054 100	418 636 296	175	156 880 000	3 020 000		1 562 170
	c								
Germany	a	9	53	77	8	32	209		25
	b	152 474	7 112 172	60 747 510	5 205 117	681 936	20 076 725		100 999
	c								
Greece	a					1		3	
	b					40		40	
	c								
Hungary	a	7		12	1				1
	b	240 677		46 583 991	1 400 000				30 000
	c	137		6 000 414	5 249				
Ireland	a					5	1		
	b					3 411 145	24 000		
	c								
Italy	a	1	1	4	2	9	2		
	b	2 936		554 850	1 839	3 464 810	2 398 972		
	c								
Latvia	a	13							
	b								
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Switzerland

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Lithuania	a			1			1		
	b			54 800			2 400		
	c	68 409					2 400		
Netherlands	a	8		8	3	4	14		
	b	35 624		751 876	4 780	477 939	1 666 909		
	c	14 674		766 806		95 946	1 624 463		
Poland	a			1			5		
	b			55 260			20 731 716		
	c						414 493		
Romania	a	2					1		
	b	3 228					69 361		
	c	3 228					320 556		
Slovakia	a		1			2			1
	b		267 053			132 480			31 988
	c					82 800			
Slovenia	a	1	1	4	4				
	b	1 167		2 496 128	1 061 670				
	c	4 242		2 101 408	623 670				
Spain	a	3			1	1	15		
	b	75 250			3 430 000		144 714		
	c	8 988			1 820 514		4 701 250		
Sweden	a	2	2	8	3	6	2	1	5
	b			1 007 521	19 910				1 213 878
	c	13 208	26 339	1 178 523	76 846	8 141 055	15 330 083		477 725
Total per ML category	a	254	73	184	26	74	307	4	49
	b	28 093 943	9 601 164	535 308 182	11 357 442	174 339 589	56 278 002	40	7 315 279
	d								
	e								

Switzerland

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a					11	1	1	1
	b					319 731	1	3 900 000	852
	c					125 366			852

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Switzerland

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Belgium	a		1						
	b		141 894						
	c								
Bulgaria	a								2
	b								37 699 664
	c								991 516
Czech Republic	a		1			1		7	3
	b		98 264			2 062		1 311 177	20 570 042
	c		81 884			2 074		1 897 596	5 946 744
Denmark	a		4			50			
	b		21 200			19 555 481			
	c								
Estonia	a			2					
	b			1 010 809					
	c			225 338					
Finland	a		3						
	b		68 260						
	c		351 856			73 205			
France	a	1	7	2		6	4		1
	b	20 001 000	79 339 543	7 150 000		3 415 424	73 859 382		10 020 000
	c								
Germany	a		31	20		1	11	14	46
	b		2 556 240	10 946 485		1 329	895 961	205 980	12 665 423
	c								
Greece	a							6	
	b							3 845 036	
	c								
Hungary	a								1
	b								17 982
	c								17 982
Italy	a		14	6					3
	b		8 350 414	600 510					481 332
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Switzerland

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c							252 073	
Netherlands	a						1	1	1
	b						6 572	3 798	57 577
	c						154 267		74 858
Poland	a		1			1			
	b		20 731 716			1 760 900			
	c		20 731 716			63 502			
Portugal	a		1						
	b		2 868 487						
	c		1 249 679						
Romania	a			2					2
	b			25 090					153 471
	c			25 089					131 081
Slovenia	a								1
	b								213 078
	c								114 807
Spain	a		3	1				1	
	b		53 346	12 500				2 051 769	
	c			12 500		363 097		1 702 921	
Sweden	a		1	1		1		1	
	b								
	c		4 150			267 656	34 854		
Total per ML category	a	1	67	34		71	17	31	61
	b	20 001 000	114 229 364	19 745 394		25 054 927	74 761 916	11 317 760	81 879 421
	d								
	e								

Switzerland

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a	1	13				9	232
	b	28 182	121 516				670 490	48 327 002
	c	28 182	4 389				74 499	16 257 557

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Switzerland

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Belgium	a	1	8					45
	b	6 760 314	71 470					12 345 488
	c							
Bulgaria	a							7
	b							37 927 381
	c							1 155 384
Croatia	a							13
	b							108 769
	c							105 314
Czech Republic	a		4					64
	b		73 941					23 657 597
	c		54 524					12 106 358
Denmark	a					3	2	90
	b					5 997 013	5 997 000	33 092 775
	c							
Estonia	a						1	3
	b							1 010 809
	c							225 338
Finland	a						1	16
	b						174 700	2 194 088
	c						598 284	3 066 695
France	a	1	4			2	11	84
	b	12 500	12 547 500			388 420	2 420 996	791 452 675
	c							
Germany	a	49	40			16	50	691
	b	6 711 765	6 498 890			12 963 198	5 115 825	152 638 029
	c							
Greece	a							10
	b							3 845 116
	c							
Hungary	a							22
	b							48 272 650
	c							6 023 782

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Switzerland

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Ireland	a							6
	b							3 435 145
	c							
Italy	a		3				2	47
	b		3 273 950					19 129 613
	c							7 267 849
Latvia	a							13
	b							
	c							
Lithuania	a							2
	b							57 200
	c							322 882
Netherlands	a					1	1	42
	b					15 000	49 100	3 069 175
	c	79 500					1 009	2 811 523
Poland	a						1	9
	b						271	43 279 863
	c							21 209 711
Portugal	a							1
	b							2 868 487
	c							1 249 679
Romania	a							7
	b							251 150
	c							479 954
Slovakia	a							4
	b							431 521
	c							82 800
Slovenia	a							11
	b							3 772 043
	c							2 844 127
Spain	a					2		27
	b					464 843		6 232 422
	c					509 600		9 118 870

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Switzerland

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Sweden	a	1	1			1	3	39
	b							2 241 309
	c	267					2 854 801	28 405 507
Total per ML category	a	53	73			25	81	1 485
	b	13 512 761	22 587 267			19 828 474	14 428 382	1 239 640 307
	d							
	e							

Taiwan

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8	ML9
Austria	a	1				1			
	b	3 409				1 793 750			
	c	3 409							
Belgium	a	1		1					
	b	589 000		919 775					
	c								
Czech Republic	a			1		3			
	b			4 048 819		62 942			
	c			93		61 307			
Germany	a	4			2	2	2	8	7
	b	202 495			22 494 155	132 220	215	1 988	3 402 635
	c								
Italy	a		4	3					
	b		21 231 818	13 778 080					
	c								
Netherlands	a								7
	b								8 248 922
	c								16 624 158
Spain	a	1							
	b	13 900							
	c	13 900							1 275 448

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Taiwan

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8	ML9
Total per ML category	a	7	4	5	2	6	2	8	14
	b	808 804	21 231 818	18 746 674	22 494 155	1 988 912	215	1 988	11 651 557
	d							1	
	e							1(1)	

Taiwan

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Austria	a						1		2
	b						30 000		157 816
	c						24 000		5 845
Belgium	a	1			2				1
	b	16 387			788 979				300 000
	c								
Bulgaria	a			1		1			
	b			16 590		8 860			
	c			10 533		8 860			
Czech Republic	a	1							1
	b	12 104							
	c	11 911							110 915
Finland	a			1					
	b			6 000 000					
	c			5 270					
Germany	a		2	2	2			3	1
	b		92 220	53 900	1 022 150			182 471	27
	c								
Italy	a	2							
	b	13 157							
	c								
Spain	a	1	1						
	b	105 150							
	c	105 150							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Taiwan

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Total per ML category	a	5	3	4	4	1	1	3	5
	b	146 798	92 220	6 070 490	1 811 129	8 860	30 000	182 471	457 843
	d								
	e								

Taiwan

		ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a			5
	b			1 984 975
	c			33 254
Belgium	a		1	7
	b		8 355	2 622 496
	c			
Bulgaria	a			2
	b			25 450
	c			19 393
Czech Republic	a			6
	b			4 123 865
	c			184 226
Finland	a			1
	b			6 000 000
	c			5 270
Germany	a	2	2	39
	b	11 000	452 129	28 047 605
	c			
Italy	a		1	10
	b			35 023 055
	c			20 388 637
Netherlands	a		1	8
	b		3 400	8 252 322
	c		900	16 625 058
Spain	a			3
	b			119 050
	c			1 394 498

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Taiwan

		ML21	ML22	Total
Total per ML category	a	2	5	81
	b	11 000	463 884	86 198 818
	d			1
	e			1(1)

Tajikistan

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML8	ML11	ML16	Total
Austria	a	4	5	1	1		1	12
	b	1 425 344	41 502		520		2 800	1 470 166
	c	1 275 308	32 448		520		2 800	1 311 076
Czech Republic	a					1		1
	b							
	c							
Total per ML category	a	4	5	1	1	1	1	13
	b	1 425 344	41 502		520		2 800	1 470 166
	d							
	e							

Tanzania

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML6	ML18	Total
Austria	a	8	1		1	1	11
	b	217 506	1 638		296 300	84 852	600 296
	c	4 241	1 638		296 300		302 179
Bulgaria	a			1			1
	b			1 826 431			1 826 431
	c			1 826 431			1 826 431
Slovakia	a	2					2
	b	31 500					31 500
	c	17 500					17 500
Sweden	a						
	b						
	c		16 039				16 039

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Tanzania

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML6	ML18	Total
Total per ML category	a	10	1	1	1	1	14
	b	249 006	1 638	1 826 431	296 300	84 852	2 458 227
	d						
	e						

Thailand

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	1		1					
	b	28 805		300 000					
	c	28 805		1					
Belgium	a	1							
	b	17 447							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	6		3			5	1	
	b	8 331		2 553 422			50 364	184	
	c	50 858		1 096 104			1 829 049	189	
Denmark	a					1			
	b					159 095			
	c								
Estonia	a						4		
	b						23 145 221		
	c						608 667		
Finland	a					2			
	b					32 000			
	c					8 200			
France	a	1		1		3			
	b	500 000		1 000 000		14 125 000			
	c								
Germany	a	4	1	3	1		1	1	1
	b	66 305	93	109 110	16 140		3 520	12 989	358
	c								
Hungary	a	3							
	b	71 677							
	c	71 674							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Thailand

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Italy	a	1				1			
	b	113 860				274 873			
	c								
Netherlands	a								
	b								
	c				700	1 086 114			
Slovakia	a	38							
	b	15 965 370							
	c	1 922 318							
Spain	a					7			
	b					3 937 750			
	c					1 032 143			
Sweden	a				2	1			
	b				11 615	78 421			
	c				11 615	2 138 446			
Total per ML category	a	55	1	8	3	15	10	2	1
	b	16 771 795	93	3 962 532	27 755	18 607 139	23 199 105	13 173	358
	d								
	e								

Thailand

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a		1	1			1		
	b						170 784		
	c		305 735						
Finland	a					1			
	b					1 400 000			
	c								
France	a		1	3		1			
	b		2 675 439	152 375 000		20 000 000			
	c								
Germany	a	2	2	7			1		
	b	102 796	40 042	1 815 417			9 794 877		
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Thailand

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Netherlands	a	1							
	b	35 000							
	c	8 958							
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c		142 806						
Spain	a	1						4	
	b	123 256						1 394 400	
	c		30 921 371					1 796 900	
Sweden	a	1							
	b								
	c		25 025 008						
Total per ML category	a	5	4	11		2	2	4	
	b	261 052	2 715 481	154 190 417		21 400 000	9 965 661	1 394 400	
	d					1			
	e					2(1)			

Thailand

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a							2
	b							328 805
	c							28 806
Belgium	a							1
	b							17 447
	c							
Czech Republic	a	1	2					21
	b		12 375					2 795 460
	c		12 683					3 294 618
Denmark	a							1
	b							159 095
	c							
Estonia	a							4
	b							23 145 221
	c							608 667

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Thailand

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Finland	a							3
	b							1 432 000
	c							8 200
France	a			1		3	2	16
	b			2 850 000		65 500 000	1 570 000	260 595 439
	c							
Germany	a	1				6	4	35
	b	37 500				111 567	12 361	12 123 075
	c							
Hungary	a							3
	b							71 677
	c							71 674
Italy	a							2
	b							388 733
	c							774 307
Netherlands	a					2	4	7
	b					667	36 708	72 375
	c					160	9 173	1 105 105
Portugal	a							
	b							
	c							142 806
Slovakia	a							38
	b							15 965 370
	c							1 922 318
Spain	a							12
	b							5 455 406
	c							33 750 414
Sweden	a						2	6
	b							90 036
	c							27 175 069
Total per ML category	a	2	2	1		11	12	151
	b	37 500	12 375	2 850 000		65 612 234	1 619 069	322 640 139
	d					1		2
	e					2(1), 3(1)		2(2), 3(1)

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Togo

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML10	ML13	ML14	ML15	Total
France	a				1	4	1		6
	b				69 500	99 678	11 644		180 822
	c								
Germany	a	1							1
	b	119 269							119 269
	c								
Italy	a	1	2						3
	b	691 485	395 000						1 086 485
	c								1 831 485
Lithuania	a							1	1
	b							120 390	120 390
	c								
Poland	a	1	1						2
	b	251 407	719						252 126
	c	257 965							257 965
Spain	a			1					1
	b			2 160 000					2 160 000
	c				1 391 760				1 391 760
Total per ML category	a	3	3	1	1	4	1	1	14
	b	1 062 161	395 719	2 160 000	69 500	99 678	11 644	120 390	3 919 092
	d								
	e								

Tunisia

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML8	ML10	ML11
Austria	a	9							
	b	2 504 989							
	c	1 114 243							
Belgium	a	2							
	b	693 266							
	c								
Czech Republic	a								
	b								
	c								288 452

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Tunisia

		ML1	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML8	ML10	ML11
France	a	2	1	2	1	1		2	
	b	214 055	118 440	1 593 700 000	20 500 000	519 590		5 010 002	
	c								
Germany	a					1	1		
	b					13 665	176		
	c								
Spain	a								
	b								
	c				35 289 629				
Total per ML category	a	13	1	2	1	2	1	2	
	b	3 412 310	118 440	1 593 700 000	20 500 000	533 255	176	5 010 002	
	d								
	e								

Tunisia

		ML13	ML15	ML17	ML18	ML22	Total
Austria	a				2		11
	b				4 070		2 509 059
	c				4 070		1 118 313
Belgium	a				2		4
	b				12 338 875		13 032 141
	c						
Bulgaria	a	1					1
	b	377 500					377 500
	c	377 500					377 500
Czech Republic	a						
	b						
	c						288 452
France	a			1	1	1	12
	b			121 000	18 000 000	1 000	1 638 184 087
	c						
Germany	a		1				3
	b		304 278				318 119
	c						

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Tunisia

		ML13	ML15	ML17	ML18	ML22	Total
Italy	a			1			1
	b			385 000			385 000
	c						4 841 122
Spain	a						
	b						
	c						35 289 629
Total per ML category	a	1	1	2	5	1	32
	b	377 500	304 278	506 000	30 342 945	1 000	1 654 805 906
	d						
	e						

Turkmenistan

		ML2	ML4	ML5	ML10	ML11	ML15	ML21	Total
France	a		2	2	2		3		9
	b		388 850 000	28 650 000	7 664 642		73 530 000		498 694 642
	c								
Germany	a				1	1		1	3
	b				70 479	2 785		16 043	89 307
	c								
Italy	a	1			2				3
	b								
	c								48 761 635
Netherlands	a				1				1
	b				3 370				3 370
	c								
Total per ML category	a	1	2	2	6	1	3	1	16
	b		388 850 000	28 650 000	7 738 491	2 785	73 530 000	16 043	498 787 319
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Türkiye

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	2							
	b	4 900							
	c	2 450							
Belgium	a	1							
	b	6 177							
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1	7	5		7			1
	b	187 296	2 213 030	9 589 774		161 266			9 025 000
	c	193 908	3 016 110	7 292 600		139 080			1 425 000
Croatia	a	1							
	b	122 000							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	1	1	10	1	2	12	1	4
	b	9 261		135 506	11 736		1 594 465		46 133
	c	7 829		703 165			14 254 391	772 426	1 298 343
Estonia	a		1			2	5		
	b		27 000			208 615	6 390 000		
	c						1 100 000		
France	a		1	1	1	8	1	1	
	b		2 000 000	14 000	50 200 000	27 832 500	1 500 000	160 000	
	c								
Germany	a			1		2		2	
	b			172		22 711		665 965	
	c								
Hungary	a	1		17					
	b	180 000		210 000					
	c			22 845					
Italy	a	1	6	1	3	4	1		
	b	32 200	23 630 759	150 000	144 163 300	18 866 819			
	c								
Lithuania	a			2					
	b			172 674					
	c					4 000			

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Türkiye

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Netherlands	a	161		5		6	1		
	b	177 800		5 150		116 664	55 000		
	c					16 075 468	55 000		
Poland	a						1		
	b						70 949		
	c						70 949		
Romania	a		1	1	5	2			
	b		3 690	234 145	3 042 982	71 196			
	c		3 690	253 335	1 526 090	59 496			
Slovakia	a		2	5					1
	b		179 256	3 070 256					103 800
	c		179 256	595 572					
Slovenia	a			1					
	b								
	c								
Spain	a		1	8	4				1
	b		2 380 260	9 498 561	73 848 400				150 000
	c			2 293 109	1 475 492		12 410		1 401
Sweden	a					2			
	b					27 883			
	c					32 240			
Total per ML category	a	169	20	57	14	35	21	4	7
	b	719 634	30 433 995	23 080 238	271 266 418	47 307 654	9 610 414	825 965	9 324 933
	d				2		1		
	e				4(1), 5(1)		4(1), 7(1)		

Türkiye

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a								1
	b								471 702
	c								
Belgium	a		9						2
	b		1 263 584						108 549
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Türkiye

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Bulgaria	a							1	
	b							385 641	
	c							25 350	
Czech Republic	a	1	18	1				1	
	b	18 229	8 770 151					22 495	
	c	18 387	5 274 265					20 580	
Estonia	a			4					
	b			491 919					
	c			90 305					
Finland	a					1			
	b					36 000 000			
	c		28 882						
France	a		2	1		4		6	1
	b		22 017 725	93 000 000		354 500 000		18 671 600	900 000
	c								
Germany	a		6	2		1			
	b		486 068	18 016		6 400			
	c								
Italy	a		45	1				1	13
	b		25 537 133	77 500				8 031 000	3 907 425
	c								
Netherlands	a	2		1		1			
	b	1 796 509		33 200		1 667			
	c	649 179	46 892	1 095 758		220			34 814
Romania	a								5
	b								659 354
	c								315 662
Spain	a	33	6					1	
	b	54 294 314	81 970 000						
	c	590 881	26 724 321	750 075					
Sweden	a		1			2			
	b		95 848			327 625			
	c					342 289			

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Türkiye

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Total per ML category	a	36	87	10		9		10	22
	b	56 109 052	140 140 509	93 620 635		390 835 692		27 110 736	6 047 030
	d		1						
	e		2(1)						

Türkiye

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a							3
	b							476 602
	c							2 450
Belgium	a							12
	b							1 378 310
	c							
Bulgaria	a							22
	b							21 562 007
	c							12 092 048
Croatia	a							1
	b							122 000
	c							
Czech Republic	a		17				1	71
	b		276 922					10 884 898
	c		682 303					23 031 689
Denmark	a					2		2
	b					26		26
	c							
Estonia	a						1	13
	b							7 117 534
	c							1 190 305
Finland	a							1
	b							36 000 000
	c							28 882
France	a						6	33
	b						55 306 500	626 102 325
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Türkiye

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Germany	a		1				3	18
	b		15 507				10 083	1 224 922
	c							
Hungary	a							18
	b							390 000
	c							22 845
Italy	a		9			1	4	90
	b		6 567 400				380 000	231 343 536
	c							20 979 991
Lithuania	a							2
	b							172 674
	c							4 000
Netherlands	a					1	6	184
	b					6 663	1 810 500	4 003 153
	c					161	649 997	18 607 489
Poland	a		1				2	4
	b		12 217				316 742	399 908
	c						45 205	116 154
Romania	a							14
	b							4 011 367
	c							2 158 273
Slovakia	a		1					9
	b		1 900 000					5 253 312
	c		1 900 000					2 674 828
Slovenia	a							1
	b							
	c							
Spain	a					3	2	59
	b							222 141 535
	c						313 961	32 161 650
Sweden	a							5
	b							451 356
	c							374 529

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Türkiye

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Total per ML category	a		29			7	25	562
	b		8 772 046			6 689	57 823 825	1 173 035 465
	d							4
	e							2(1), 4(2), 5(1), 7(1)

Uganda

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	2							
	b	94 150							
	c	89 805							
Bulgaria	a	1		3	4		1		
	b	2 293 000		3 630 000	10 400 710		3 867 500		
	c			1 573 936	5 996 324				
Croatia	a	8	1	1					
	b	2 228 397	960 480	10 000					
	c	235 152	232 000						
Czech Republic	a	1							
	b								
	c	2 773 427	603 893	26 366 154			1 466 005		
France	a					1			
	b					43 600 000			
	c								
Netherlands	a	1							
	b	999							
	c								
Poland	a				1			1	
	b				10 520 362			520 000	
	c					252 000			1 391 040
Total per ML category	a	13	1	4	5	1	1	1	
	b	4 616 546	960 480	3 640 000	20 921 072	43 600 000	3 867 500	520 000	
	d						1		
	e						7(1)		

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Uganda

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML15	ML18	ML22	Total
Austria	a							2
	b							94 150
	c							89 805
Bulgaria	a	5					2	16
	b	3 255 658					2 322 646	25 769 514
	c	2 782 224					19 371 176	29 723 660
Croatia	a							10
	b							3 198 877
	c							467 152
Czech Republic	a		2	1		1		5
	b							
	c		21 683	41 764		85 994		31 358 920
France	a							1
	b							43 600 000
	c							
Germany	a		1					1
	b		3 322 960					3 322 960
	c							
Greece	a				1			1
	b				1 070 000			1 070 000
	c							
Netherlands	a							1
	b							999
	c							
Poland	a							2
	b							11 040 362
	c							1 643 040
Total per ML category	a	5	3	1	1	1	2	39
	b	3 255 658	3 322 960		1 070 000		2 322 646	88 096 862
	d							1
	e							7(1)

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Ukraine

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Belgium	a	2	4	3	4	1	8	2	
	b	624 908	18 061 597	6 301 500	51 256 821	256 000	602 220 330	2 803 288	
	c								
Bulgaria	a			1					1
	b			10 755 800					4 287 096
	c			10 755 800					
Croatia	a	3	7	3					
	b	35 580	14 003 920	9 884 500					
	c	26 500	11 612 520	3 565 800					
Czech Republic	a	44	27	58	31	2	56	4	1
	b	8 597 892	16 685 027	435 875 410	178 735 853	14 720 706	68 247 508	1 800 594	190 300
	c	26 254 597	25 585 164	291 929 927	281 289 865	45 022 177	86 100 209	2 630 409	306 988
Denmark	a	3		1			4		
	b	263 158		8 158			1 461 902		
	c								
Estonia	a	14	8	12	9	2	5		
	b	2 067 715	16 340 681	15 343 921	19 300 192	3 788 768	9 287 899		
	c	557 047				3 759 180	150 000		
Finland	a	4	1		4				
	b	4 468 350	255 000		3 872 180				
	c	2 667 793	255 000		3 872 180				
France	a	15	6	8	23	12	20	4	1
	b	36 160 526	2 272 434 970	839 156 812	1 695 625 234	881 420 111	259 954 338	516 506	90 000
	c								
Germany	a	42	28	57	12	19	83		
	b	10 361 101	34 569 834	1 211 221 998	1 225 763 569	203 679 801	1 516 075 771		
	c								
Italy	a		6	4			3	2	
	b		175 201 000	230 800 000			11 260 000		
	c								
Latvia	a	10	9	10	12	1	3		
	b					260 560			
	c					260 560			

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Ukraine

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Lithuania	a	2		8	9	10	2		
	b	175 450		1 835 648	850 756	4 012 630	105 940		
	c	175 450		1 942 335	848 756	3 078 140	6 440		
Netherlands	a	15	17	7	27	9	58	1	
	b	117 585 420	46 236 953	44 081 142	99 186 566	177 810 250	224 337 594	1 919 099	
	c	117 575 553	46 236 953	30 352 906	96 808 739	171 930 866	223 853 508	1 919 099	
Poland	a	37	60	136	54	11	77	5	15
	b	75 065 495	129 388 361	1 678 268 020	996 046 646	2 434 978	507 402 609	1 625 385	14 165 776
	c	15 425 057	48 551 669	584 985 862	466 124 829	4 414 374	229 068 186	349 188	6 805 369
Portugal	a	1	1	1	1		1		
	b	1	1	1	15 451		1		
	c	1	1	1	15 451		1		
Spain	a	1	2	9	25	7	24		2
	b		6 870 932	210 762 400	57 173 960	21 649 600	21 815 019		396 900
	c		856 566	106 537 680	23 549 508	21 190 000	1 653 825		
Sweden	a		3	1	4	3			
	b		316 821	30 511 427	6 748 561	26 227 463			
	c		279 695	14 470	6 545 712	9 963 137			
Total per ML category	a	193	179	319	215	77	344	18	20
	b	255 405 596	2 730 365 097	4 724 806 737	4 334 575 789	1 336 260 867	3 222 168 911	8 664 872	19 130 072
	d			1					
	e			7(1)					

Ukraine

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Belgium	a					5		1	
	b					4 155 348		336 000	
	c								
Bulgaria	a			1		4			
	b			48 004		7 821 458			
	c					1 830 708			
Croatia	a					1		1	
	b					2 350 000		17 100	
	c					47 000			

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Ukraine

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a		23	2		7		23	3
	b		12 692 376			2 139 987		32 401 251	352 930
	c		28 745 773	32 321 373		2 278 495		66 847 641	443 763
Denmark	a								1
	b								12 000
	c								
Estonia	a		13	1		12	2	5	
	b		7 727 729	87 142		9 732 416	79 410	726 877	
	c		2 457 487	87 142		22 000		164 800	
Finland	a			9		5		1	1
	b			3 001 492		66 252 098		170 000	9 500 000
	c			1 254 820		107 059			3 350
France	a		3	19		9	1	14	1
	b		154 200 000	208 377 302		26 741 500	36 425	495 133 146	64 080 000
	c								
Germany	a	1	8	9			2	3	3
	b	1 500 000	65 000 741	14 059 910			1 761 176	6 232 946	15 969 002
	c								
Greece	a							3	
	b							1 910 000	
	c								
Latvia	a			1		2		7	
	b			91 500				1 274 280	
	c			91 500				1 274 280	
Lithuania	a		2	32				25	
	b		401 390	18 726 205				7 487 514	
	c		401 390	211 330 325				2 152 647	
Netherlands	a	3	4	4		7		21	
	b	1 894 449	7 284 394	2 769 064		15 681 516		8 707 853	
	c	1 894 449	7 284 394	1 102 470		15 688 850		8 566 525	
Poland	a	1	22	10		2		11	1
	b	771	6 400 197	1 835 865		345 688		7 655 349	17 467 250
	c		47 206 265	3 857 470		11 666 018		354 441	

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Ukraine

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Portugal	a		5					1	
	b		49 838 136					1 597 995	
	c		5 671 453						
Spain	a	2							
	b								
	c								
Sweden	a	2				1		1	
	b					2 178 361		25 864	
	c	5 422 390				470 746		31 891	
Total per ML category	a	9	80	88		55	5	117	10
	b	3 395 220	303 544 963	248 996 484		137 398 372	1 877 011	563 676 175	107 381 182
	d								
	e								

Ukraine

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Belgium	a							30
	b							686 015 792
	c							
Bulgaria	a							7
	b							22 912 358
	c							12 586 508
Croatia	a							15
	b							26 291 100
	c							15 251 820
Czech Republic	a	1	9					291
	b		1 404 770					773 844 604
	c		1 965 183					891 721 564
Denmark	a					2	1	12
	b					750 039	750 000	3 245 257
	c							
Estonia	a	4				1		88
	b	11 801 020				28 215		96 311 985
	c							7 197 656

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Ukraine

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Finland	a					4		29
	b							87 519 120
	c							8 160 202
France	a						6	142
	b						284 860 008	7 218 786 878
	c							
Germany	a	9	14			39	40	369
	b	9 045 949	38 294 797			3 840 403	12 013 023	4 369 390 021
	c							
Greece	a							3
	b							1 910 000
	c							
Italy	a							15
	b							417 261 000
	c							69 582 451
Latvia	a							55
	b							1 626 340
	c							1 626 340
Lithuania	a							90
	b							33 595 533
	c							219 935 483
Netherlands	a	8				5	5	191
	b	49 056 407				8 501 347	8 501 347	813 553 401
	c	49 056 407					3	772 270 722
Poland	a	2	1			1		446
	b	268 857	223 500			3 140		3 438 597 887
	c	257 712	223 500			1 954		1 419 291 894
Portugal	a							11
	b							51 451 586
	c							5 686 908
Spain	a							72
	b							318 668 811
	c							153 787 579

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Ukraine

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Sweden	a	8				1	4	28
	b	4 330 930						70 339 427
	c	3 251 674					238 753	26 218 468
Total per ML category	a	32	24			53	56	1 894
	b	74 503 163	39 923 067			13 123 144	306 124 378	18 431 321 100
	d							1
	e							7(1)

United Arab Emirates

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML9
Austria	a	19		2			1		
	b	1 193 907		166 132			1 144 800		
	c	850 947		126 444			1 144 800		
Bulgaria	a								
	b								
	c	32 985	37 800	18 080					
Croatia	a			1					
	b			3 256 531					
	c			197					
Cyprus	a	3							
	b	12 880							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	6		4			32	1	1
	b	997 716		1 019 691			9 727 968		6 386
	c	129 078		960 475			21 847 862	223	6 257
Finland	a		1	1		1	1		
	b		2 600 000	49 000		36 000	12 000 000		
	c					36 400	34 000		
France	a	1	2	6	15	9	6	5	1
	b	228 140	555 000	620 830	2 971 274 664	954 170 000	10 732 273 380	62 096 175	972 420 800
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

United Arab Emirates

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML9
Germany	a	8	4	9	5		4	5	2
	b	200 330	554 942	795 244	16 493 648		4 346 427	37 134 279	353 075
	c								
Hungary	a			2					
	b			31 850					
	c			18 150					
Italy	a	10	3	1	2	7		1	
	b	218 194	6 505 453	427 550	10 914 870	12 900 682		79 320	
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c					13 600			
Netherlands	a				3	4			2
	b				793 699	1 360 755			79 122
	c				800 786	4 241 298	200		
Poland	a				1				
	b				40 724				
	c								
Romania	a							1	
	b							511 104	
	c							1 001 104	
Slovakia	a	1	2	2					
	b	2 800	170 290	35 597					
	c	5 400		35 597					
Slovenia	a	1							
	b	5 010							
	c	6 230							
Spain	a			2	3	3	1		
	b			1 511 964		309 600 000	1 880 373		
	c								
Sweden	a				1	4			
	b					120 681			
	c					6 820 209			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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United Arab Emirates

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML9
Total per ML category	a	49	12	30	30	28	45	13	6
	b	2 858 977	10 385 685	7 914 389	2 999 517 605	1 278 188 118	10 761 372 948	99 820 878	972 859 383
	d						1		
	e						2(1), 4(1), 7(1)		

United Arab Emirates

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Austria	a			1					3
	b			125 000					86 830
	c								44 339
Belgium	a			1					
	b			2 255 000					
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1		1			1		
	b	141 600		4 818			268 400		
	c	141 600		4 818					
Croatia	a			1					
	b			3 520 000					
	c								
Czech Republic	a	3	3	1					4
	b	339 841	784 771						
	c	170 127							539 798
Finland	a		1				1		
	b		54 352				12 784		
	c	78 258	54 352						
France	a	18	16	5	4	6		1	1
	b	191 551 821	1 463 330 534	440 050 000	10 191 000	203 874 000		100 840 001	42 650 000
	c								
Germany	a	5	10					1	2
	b	8 654 673	5 089 571					14 242	11 221
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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United Arab Emirates

		ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Greece	a					3			
	b					11 106 000			
	c								
Italy	a	8	3	1					2
	b	16 935 700	9 196 417	30 370					461 700
	c								
Netherlands	a								
	b								
	c	29 419		460		1 900			
Poland	a	1							
	b	2 787							
	c	2 787							
Portugal	a	2	1						
	b	19 956	675 450						
	c	92 226	558 195						
Spain	a	5	1		2	5	1		
	b	86 692 686							
	c	3 330 250			11 218				
Sweden	a	1	2			2	1	1	1
	b								
	c	1 295 305	5 496 328						12 815
Total per ML category	a	44	37	11	6	16	4	3	13
	b	304 339 064	1 479 131 095	445 985 188	10 191 000	214 980 000	281 184	100 854 243	43 209 751
	d	2	1						
	e	4(1), 7(2)	4(1)						

United Arab Emirates

		ML19	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a				26
	b				2 716 669
	c				2 166 530
Belgium	a				1
	b				2 255 000
	c				

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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United Arab Emirates

		ML19	ML21	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a				3
	b				414 818
	c				235 283
Croatia	a				2
	b				6 776 531
	c				197
Cyprus	a				3
	b				12 880
	c				
Czech Republic	a		1		56
	b		32 863		12 909 236
	c		33 269		23 687 089
Finland	a		1	1	8
	b			50 000	14 802 136
	c				203 010
France	a	1	5	33	135
	b	7 000 000	1 802 606 016	2 590 714 023	22 546 446 384
	c				
Germany	a		11	5	71
	b		4 067 035	687 362	78 402 049
	c				
Greece	a				3
	b				11 106 000
	c				
Hungary	a				2
	b				31 850
	c				18 150
Italy	a			1	39
	b			181 855	57 852 111
	c				35 958 310
Lithuania	a				
	b				
	c				13 600

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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United Arab Emirates

		ML19	ML21	ML22	Total
Netherlands	a		3	3	15
	b		1 114 216	972 574	4 320 366
	c			1	5 074 064
Poland	a				2
	b				43 511
	c				2 787
Portugal	a				3
	b				695 406
	c				650 421
Romania	a				1
	b				511 104
	c				1 001 104
Slovakia	a				5
	b				208 687
	c				40 997
Slovenia	a				1
	b				5 010
	c				6 230
Spain	a				23
	b				399 685 023
	c			5 002 107	8 343 575
Sweden	a		2	3	18
	b				120 681
	c		1 682 533	3 744 422	19 051 612
Total per ML category	a	1	23	46	417
	b	7 000 000	1 807 820 130	2 592 605 814	23 139 315 452
	d		1		5
	e		2(1)		4(3), 2(2), 7(3)

United Kingdom

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	25	2	5		4			
	b	9 998 475	27 740	2 853 805		10 529 375			
	c	5 573 182	27 740	3 035 481		2 671 869			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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United Kingdom

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Belgium	a	80		5			2		8
	b	9 604 522		2 085 436			2 160 299		3 112 288
	c								
Bulgaria	a	3	2	6	4	4			2
	b	1 287 100	2 105 000	127 374 500	88 676 000	20 587			1 704 240
	c	1 667 100	1 737 867	136 399 103	10 371 000	17 955			1 608 984
Croatia	a	2							
	b	17 341							
	c								
Cyprus	a	1							
	b	1 500							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	3	1	10	1	5	3		8
	b	1 707 835		241 055		77 671	473 712		871 468
	c	20 343	841 385	2 875 594		58 867	473 712		2 480 201
Denmark	a	15				5	2		
	b	344 499				422 691	6 787 808		
	c								
Estonia	a	1			1	2	7		
	b	6 380			10 000	83 237	17 590 499		
	c						1 427 182		
Finland	a					2		10	1
	b					69 595		2 030 527	260 475
	c	26 739			200 000	69 895		203 802	
France	a	1	2	4	16	9	3	4	3
	b	8 000	3 021 300	387 511 650	30 642 287	17 462 647	649 500	900 220	2 888 000
	c								
Germany	a	369	76	88	23	13	132	6	
	b	38 967 718	18 940 472	91 794 925	7 120 661	27 529 106	302 619 385	301 002	
	c								
Greece	a						2		
	b						184 613		
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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United Kingdom

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Hungary	a	6		2	1				
	b	1 784 912		555 900	5 706				
	c	8 000							
Ireland	a	3	1	2	23	3	1		
	b	700	900	3 158	528 064	8 658 631	452		
	c								
Italy	a	1	4	4	16	3	2		
	b	2 131	482 728	6 408 227	41 073 736	3 608	279 022		
	c								
Latvia	a	6							
	b								
	c								
Lithuania	a	3		13		5	1		
	b			1 207 150		3 483 000	80 000		
	c	1 002 240		1 194 150		192 425	80 000		
Netherlands	a	12	1	3	4	5	22		1
	b	138 699	3 000	12 758	56 169	1 683 718	6 535 560		1 720
	c	66 566	3 000	22 099	717 404	1 990 397	3 250 688		
Poland	a	1	1		1		2		2
	b	123 692	1 632 210		20 362		80 004		10 481
	c	620			22 089	13 136	127 492	1 361	10 481
Romania	a		2	2					
	b		2 097 305	667 353					
	c		2 097 305	667 353	28 604 069				
Slovakia	a		1	1	1				1
	b								
	c								
Slovenia	a		2		2				
	b		3 127 076		5 660 000				
	c		61 970						
Spain	a	1	1	5	17	3	16		5
	b	106 209	4 118	954 600	23 523 178	12 368	594 383 040		630 118
	c	584 150		2 542 852	21 942 382	2 589 101	169 344 554		319 957

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United Kingdom

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Sweden	a		14	9	31	22	2		8
	b		80 223 326	48 155 524	10 575 574	8 903 912			115 654
	c	272 524	80 003 122	9 195 948	5 719 175	20 869 861			78 391
Total per ML category	a	533	110	159	141	85	197	20	39
	b	64 099 713	111 665 175	669 826 041	207 891 737	78 940 146	931 823 894	3 231 749	9 594 444
	d								
	e								

United Kingdom

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a		1	1				1	10
	b		13 870	396 580				1 796 920	49 002 870
	c								19 236 680
Belgium	a		44	4		1		3	2
	b		22 697 615	1 526 783		6 246 103		25 121	222 220
	c								
Bulgaria	a			1				3	1
	b			471 189				19 557	149 788
	c			58 899			121 070	19 557	135 921
Czech Republic	a		4	4		3		2	2
	b		1 014 252	795 745		225 081		9 099	589 532
	c		1 422 850	1 819 441		210 032		8 847	62 909
Denmark	a	1	1			25			
	b	19 732 200	107 466			1 073 837			
	c								
Estonia	a		1	12				1	
	b		10 000	12 498 720				168 067	
	c			1 175 484					
Finland	a			1		1			
	b			92 027		300 000			
	c		956 951	92 028		86 000			
France	a	8	37	20		3	3	14	2
	b	86 791 205	346 220 736	395 578 875		110 002 401	73 801	339 667 390	18 150 000
	c								

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United Kingdom

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Germany	a	24	81	41			21	6	54
	b	32 105 191	29 687 646	23 188 910			4 059 472	759 384	18 980 333
	c								
Greece	a			2				4	
	b			98 155				3 642 888	
	c								
Hungary	a		1	1					
	b		3 200 000	1 610 000					
	c		74 202						
Ireland	a	5	1					10	
	b	347 679	83 347					77 354 194	
	c								
Italy	a	1	108	61					6
	b	7 143 087	178 119 597	26 982 607					9 317 190
	c								
Lithuania	a							4	
	b							289 800	
	c							629 685	
Luxembourg	a								3
	b								840 143
	c								84 413
Netherlands	a	33	3	1					
	b	20 329 108	187 337	704 860					
	c	9 277 983	14 412 711	139 294		120	34 971	997 354	1 617 296
Poland	a	2	10			2		1	5
	b	277 479	8 508 656			27 408 816		15 026	14 915 758
	c	3 196 896	952 226	11 468		265 735		7 982	1 387 431
Portugal	a	5	39	11			1		
	b	272 473	57 561 689	231 884			381 295		
	c		41 792 807	72 919			381 295		
Romania	a	2	14				1		
	b	376 936	1 868 330				75 000		
	c		2 793 936				37 500		66 021

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United Kingdom

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Spain	a	4	56	18			1	7	30
	b	1 042 440	1 470 055 122	173 574 276			208 760		12 124 496
	c	717 789	224 448 163	27 182 362			72 292		5 343 962
Sweden	a		3			1	8	2	1
	b		275 672				4 056 125		76 639
	c					2 685 201	1 126 383	1 202 287	3 399
Total per ML category	a	85	404	178		36	35	58	116
	b	168 417 798	2 119 611 335	637 750 611		145 256 238	8 854 453	423 747 446	124 368 969
	d								
	e								

United Kingdom

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a	1	7	1				58
	b	105 000	196 193					74 920 828
	c	137 155	85 794					30 767 901
Belgium	a						4	153
	b						1	47 680 388
	c							
Bulgaria	a							26
	b							221 807 961
	c							152 137 456
Croatia	a						1	3
	b						53 250	70 591
	c							
Cyprus	a							1
	b							1 500
	c							
Czech Republic	a	1	5					52
	b	991 350	84 705					7 081 505
	c	2 245 834	117 927			503 185	1 151 198	14 292 325
Denmark	a	2				5	6	62
	b	78 000				12 110 380	12 110 329	52 767 210
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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United Kingdom

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Estonia	a	1				3	3	32
	b	2 100 000				29 311		32 496 214
	c	1 300 000						3 902 666
Finland	a	2				3	1	21
	b	4 834				89 100	1 021 335	3 867 893
	c	876				13 200	248 377	1 897 868
France	a	1	1			4	26	161
	b	12 000	2 250 000			918 676	41 159 102	1 783 907 790
	c							
Germany	a	7	34	1		40	94	1 110
	b	478 772	6 611 701	65 000		5 713 246	44 866 357	653 789 281
	c							
Greece	a					1		9
	b					23 730		3 949 386
	c							
Hungary	a					1		12
	b					5 000 000		12 156 518
	c					85 700		167 902
Ireland	a					2	6	57
	b					100 000	603 890	87 681 015
	c							
Italy	a		1			9	16	232
	b		100 000			6 564 696	1 141 275	277 617 904
	c							85 581 080
Latvia	a							6
	b							
	c							
Lithuania	a					1	1	28
	b						30 000	5 089 950
	c							3 098 500
Luxembourg	a							3
	b							840 143
	c							84 413

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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United Kingdom

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Netherlands	a		1			2	6	94
	b		124 534			44 903	14 154 709	43 977 075
	c		100 787			95	2 164 049	34 794 814
Poland	a					1	16	44
	b						595 539	53 588 023
	c						10 980	6 007 897
Portugal	a							56
	b							58 447 341
	c							42 247 021
Romania	a							21
	b							5 084 924
	c		36 945					34 303 129
Slovakia	a							4
	b							
	c							
Slovenia	a							4
	b							8 787 076
	c							61 970
Spain	a					5	17	186
	b					1 960 994	81 252	2 278 660 971
	c					2 041 395	720 439	457 849 398
Sweden	a	16	3			19	22	161
	b	10 958 584	45 484			902 686	649 290	164 938 470
	c	1 703 488				1 407 547	7 075 263	131 342 589
Total per ML category	a	31	52	2		96	219	2 596
	b	14 728 540	9 412 617	65 000		33 457 722	116 466 329	5 879 209 957
	d							
	e							

United States

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	115		8			6		
	b	927 386 410		2 655 578			43 293 229		
	c	217 183 999	1 960	305 278			453 388		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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United States

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Belgium	a	389		7		2	13		1
	b	68 621 080		4 672 150		28 330	8 055 244		18 913 940
	c								
Bulgaria	a	20	2	7	5		4		
	b	6 170 079	9 505 524	106 634 541	35 011 649		99 595		
	c	8 708 757	11 160 600	65 977 264	11 629 834		394 647		
Croatia	a	56	17	1					
	b	625 191 475	180 674	315 000					
	c	57 424 738	49 330	315 000					
Cyprus	a	3							
	b	12 694							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	16	2	4	2	1	4	4	1
	b	754 251		10 211 349	4 953 945		6 338 089	528 592	11 186
	c	1 823 582	889 297	4 924 605	8 504 403	22 107	7 313 772	238 168	10 621
Denmark	a	4	2	1	14	15	1		
	b	8 343	3 201 913	65	47 705 763	3 728 344	4 000		
	c								
Estonia	a	3					3		
	b	379 262					15 450 000		
	c						292 260		
Finland	a	2		4	1		1		
	b	55 646		808 015	8 506 645		60 000		
	c	338 544		2 941 370	2 654 594		20 400		
France	a	6	1	2	10	8	4		3
	b	1 394 982	720 000	210 000 000	50 898 976	94 973 047	21 169 167		2 668 630
	c								
Germany	a	736	27	47	18	31	108		24
	b	229 676 955	495 726	35 682 008	3 699 402	40 264 331	45 747 522		9 795 972
	c								
Greece	a				16				
	b				12 490 480				
	c								

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United States

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Hungary	a	57		20		1			
	b	28 239 488		487 589 861		1 000 000			
	c	930 156		22 772 998					
Ireland	a	5			2	13	1		
	b	56 041			16 000 000	34 694 129	100		
	c								
Italy	a		1	1	2	5	12		
	b		35 000	11 400 000	227 163	2 631 903	239 160 865		
	c								
Latvia	a	7	2						
	b		303 940						
	c								
Lithuania	a	1		3		1			
	b	8 650 300		1 335 600		8 432 293			
	c	8 837 176		856 800		262 438			
Luxembourg	a				1				
	b				77 357				
	c				70 324				
Malta	a	3		2					
	b	54 400		3 600					
	c	2 566		1 275					
Netherlands	a	42	9	6	5	6	7		
	b	2 203 905	882 282	1 010 914	12 846	1 785 938	893 724		
	c	2 319 907	2 748 101	26 645	16 586 315	4 438 991	308 169		
Poland	a	8			3	6	1		1
	b	2 405 033			309 857	1 263 326	16 131		6 384 434
	c	2 058 147		338 321	60 824	56 688	275 712		510 880
Portugal	a	4	2		2				
	b	5 184 206	658 002		665 104				
	c	4 351 861							
Romania	a	4		6		1			
	b	1 390 134		44 896 598		1 665			
	c	927 754		3 179 053		1 665	71 773		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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United States

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Slovakia	a	2		1			2		1
	b	24 914		3 350 700			333 389		19 558
	c	24 894		3 350 700					
Slovenia	a	8		1					
	b	49 822 000		5 660 377					
	c	2 493 527		535 138					
Spain	a	42	2	1	6		20	2	1
	b	14 510 415		2 952 200	15 980 058		1 422 399		297
	c	1 225 639	432	2 114 587	6 380 157	590 416	815 494		287 996
Sweden	a	5	46	18	9	38	4		12
	b	1 080	39 293 338	3 382 139	36 714 478	27 206 609	35 176 578		9 501 382
	c	758	42 086 958	140 067 995	7 972 800	30 967 557	28 330 361		35 334 704
Total per ML category	a	1 538	113	140	96	128	191	6	44
	b	1 972 193 093	55 276 399	932 560 695	233 253 723	216 009 915	417 220 032	528 592	47 295 399
	d								
	e								

United States

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a		2		2	4		2	15
	b		1 335 000		5 015 869	23 799 720		201 520	67 140 638
	c					10 667		201 520	19 192 544
Belgium	a		11	8			1		10
	b		304 420 298	3 492 019			48 455 000		3 394 571
	c								
Bulgaria	a		1	2		1			1
	b		439 292	15 537		205 706			23 631 000
	c		1 557 705	15 537		205 706			391 543
Czech Republic	a		24	10			6	1	9
	b		3 686 193	124 232 075			41 145		47 840
	c		19 311 318	8 224 353			225 242		38 909
Denmark	a	7	49	1		8			1
	b	155 140	49 440 158	180		5 949 065			122 357
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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United States

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Estonia	a		6	7		1		4	
	b		1 065 143	4 822 066		26 142		4 138 616	
	c		745 691	232 500		23 887			
Finland	a		5			2		1	
	b		10 253 066			307 000		248 900	
	c		2 886 870			9 000			
France	a	2	29	22		4	2	13	2
	b	23 571 450	75 761 965	48 504 737		16 842 177	929 000	229 943 819	6 087 684
	c								
Germany	a	19	90	40			1	11	42
	b	7 294 747	107 980 027	14 987 385			22 085	16 094 355	23 734 488
	c								
Greece	a		34	4		1		12	
	b		58 000 000	1 764 758		111 770		25 634 630	
	c								
Hungary	a		4						1
	b		5 477 992						5 000
	c		24 028						380
Ireland	a		8	2				1	
	b		111 464 376	128 278				174 706	
	c								
Italy	a	7	72	22				1	5
	b	12 886 254	100 576 391	12 676 812				3 023 755	1 022 816
	c								
Latvia	a			2					
	b								
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c							383 200	
Luxembourg	a			1					1
	b			30 488					341 536
	c			30 488					334 327

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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United States

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Malta	a					2		1	
	b					2 000		1 500	
	c					1 519		1	
Netherlands	a	49	11				2	14	10
	b	9 254 340	59 962 041				218 653	1 358 970	2 130 186
	c	4 129 358	289 326 417	117 693			391 276	2 440 524	
Poland	a		58	3				1	12
	b		5 867 085 922	1 034 463				371 350	30 612 811
	c		103 832 535	925 863					6 371 704
Portugal	a	1	20						
	b	155 453	2 538 232						
	c		84 150 223						761 636
Romania	a		2					1	1
	b		8 134					135 485	255 544
	c		4 839 108					4 579	9 583
Slovakia	a			3					
	b			145 064					
	c								
Spain	a	10	39	18		1	2	5	2
	b	4 378 278	98 119 452	98 334 944				48 518	20 000
	c	2 957 011	10 507 196	9 207 867				50 755	
Sweden	a		2	4			5	3	
	b			4 357			144 925	265 760	
	c		969 044	839 407		289 328	5 990 149	262 084	
Total per ML category	a	95	467	149	2	24	19	71	112
	b	57 695 662	6 857 613 682	310 173 163	5 015 869	47 243 580	49 810 808	281 641 884	158 546 471
	d								
	e								

United States

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		24			2	5	185
	b		20 724 064			7 500 000	9 600 000	1 108 652 028
	c		7 204 633					244 553 989

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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United States

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Belgium	a		3				2	447
	b		3 187 800					463 240 432
	c							
Bulgaria	a							43
	b							181 712 923
	c							100 041 593
Croatia	a							74
	b							625 687 149
	c							57 789 068
Cyprus	a							3
	b							12 694
	c							
Czech Republic	a		2					86
	b							150 804 665
	c		64 221				183 631	51 774 229
Denmark	a		1			24	33	161
	b		22 750			70 316 421	83 455 716	264 110 215
	c							
Estonia	a					2	5	31
	b							25 881 229
	c							1 294 338
Finland	a						4	20
	b						531 998	20 771 270
	c						324 047	9 174 825
France	a	4	1			6	20	139
	b	20 489	63 352 000			408 333 001	203 342 795	1 458 513 919
	c							
Germany	a	37	56			41	90	1 418
	b	551 284	492 533			2 037 894	7 248 458	545 805 172
	c							
Greece	a							67
	b							98 001 638
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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United States

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Hungary	a						1	84
	b						4	522 312 345
	c							23 727 562
Ireland	a					4	5	41
	b					300 000	500 000	163 317 630
	c							
Italy	a		3			1	8	140
	b		6 201 750				500 000	390 342 709
	c							232 324 778
Latvia	a							11
	b							303 940
	c							
Lithuania	a							5
	b							18 418 193
	c							10 339 614
Luxembourg	a							3
	b							449 381
	c							435 139
Malta	a							8
	b							61 500
	c							5 361
Netherlands	a					3	30	194
	b					650 832	9 750 472	90 115 103
	c					27 252	4 450 584	327 311 232
Poland	a		9			1	20	123
	b		4 996 835			302 036	5 088 796	5 919 870 994
	c		551 773			74 523	3 076 156	118 133 126
Portugal	a	1						30
	b	4 710						9 205 707
	c							89 263 720
Romania	a							15
	b							46 687 560
	c					231 203		9 264 718

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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United States

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Slovakia	a							9
	b							3 873 625
	c							3 375 594
Slovenia	a							9
	b							55 482 377
	c							3 028 665
Spain	a		1				8	160
	b						166 598	235 933 159
	c						156 938	34 294 488
Sweden	a	21	4			20	24	215
	b	1 049 495	939 415			1 045 613	3 485 377	158 210 546
	c	743 384	611 879			2 622 965	5 039 959	302 129 332
Total per ML category	a	63	104			104	255	3 721
	b	1 625 978	99 917 147			490 485 797	323 670 214	12 557 778 103
	d					1	1	2
	e					2(1), 3(1), 4(1)	2(1), 3(1), 4(1)	4(2), 2(2), 3(2)

Uruguay

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML10	ML15	ML21	Total
Austria	a	2							2
	b	244 600							244 600
	c	16 413							16 413
Belgium	a	1							1
	b	76 361							76 361
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1	1	1					3
	b	51 226	200 928	381 029					633 183
	c								
Czech Republic	a			1					1
	b			1 791 144					1 791 144
	c			1 713 305					1 713 305
France	a		1						1
	b		230 000						230 000
	c								

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Uruguay

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML10	ML15	ML21	Total
Germany	a	1							1
	b	26 800							26 800
	c								
Lithuania	a	1					2	1	4
	b	338 498					315 655		654 153
	c								
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c					16 000			16 000
Spain	a				1				1
	b				152 350				152 350
	c				83 602				83 602
Sweden	a								
	b								
	c			12 244					12 244
Total per ML category	a	6	2	2	1		2	1	14
	b	737 485	430 928	2 172 173	152 350		315 655		3 808 591
	d								
	e								

Uzbekistan

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Bulgaria	a		2	4	3				
	b		982 906	16 014 588	927 117				
	c		375 000	6 333 028	604 297				
France	a	1	2						
	b	1 558 000	17 600 000						
	c								
Germany	a	8		2					
	b	81 224		44 040					
	c								
Hungary	a	4		2					
	b	45 884		25 113					
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Uzbekistan

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Spain	a			1		2			
	b			367 060					
	c								
Total per ML category	a	13	4	9	3	2			
	b	1 685 108	18 582 906	16 450 801	927 117				
	d							1	
	e							2(1)	

Uzbekistan

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Czech Republic	a		1						
	b		40 961						
	c		36 729						
Estonia	a							1	
	b							1 548 815	
	c							1 548 815	
Finland	a					1			
	b					3 000 000			
	c					97 114			
France	a							6	
	b							202 783 000	
	c								
Spain	a		1						
	b		5 000 000						
	c		367 719						
Total per ML category	a		2			1		7	
	b		5 040 961			3 000 000		204 331 815	
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Uzbekistan

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a							9
	b							17 924 611
	c							7 312 325
Czech Republic	a							1
	b							40 961
	c							36 729
Estonia	a							1
	b							1 548 815
	c							1 548 815
Finland	a							1
	b							3 000 000
	c							97 114
France	a		1				2	12
	b		9 301 000				4 001 000	235 243 000
	c							
Germany	a							10
	b							125 264
	c							
Hungary	a							6
	b							70 997
	c							
Netherlands	a							
	b							
	c						1	1
Spain	a						1	5
	b							5 367 060
	c							367 719
Total per ML category	a		1				3	45
	b		9 301 000				4 001 000	263 320 708
	d							1
	e							2(1)

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

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Vanuatu

		ML1	Total
France	a	1	1
	b	42 285	42 285
	c		
Total per ML category	a	1	1
	b	42 285	42 285
	d		
	e		

Vietnam

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML9
Austria	a	1		1					
	b	4 910		123 500					
	c	4 910		123 500					
Bulgaria	a					1			
	b					69 148			
	c					69 148			
Croatia	a	1							
	b	557 466							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	2	1		1	1	6		
	b						4 259 373		
	c		4 176 728		1 853 965	2 310 617	4 251 300		
Finland	a					1			
	b					899 000			
	c								
France	a		1	2	1	2	1	1	2
	b		51 505 000	4 075 000	4 789 000	18 957 500	9 225 000	190 000	60 500 000
	c								
Germany	a			1		1	1	1	
	b			58 845		82 269	2 084 500	2 294	
	c								
Spain	a					1			
	b								
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Vietnam

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML9
Total per ML category	a	4	2	4	2	7	8	2	2
	b	562 376	51 505 000	4 257 345	4 789 000	20 007 917	15 568 873	192 294	60 500 000
	d								
	e								

Vietnam

		ML10	ML11	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a						1			3
	b						219 640			348 050
	c						219 640			348 050
Bulgaria	a				1					2
	b				61 140					130 288
	c				61 140					130 288
Croatia	a									1
	b									557 466
	c									
Czech Republic	a	3					4	1		19
	b	2 793 853					45 328	1		7 098 555
	c	61 216 433		4 217 469			1 110 135	208 274		79 344 921
Finland	a									1
	b									899 000
	c									
France	a	1	5		1		2	1	2	22
	b	100 000 004	6 715 000		135 000		7 821 790	27 550 000	4 005 000	295 468 294
	c									
Germany	a	2	3			1		4		14
	b	203 855	1 861 204			18 210		85 901		4 397 078
	c									
Italy	a									
	b									
	c									4 658 523
Lithuania	a								2	2
	b								174 817	174 817
	c								173 039	173 039

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Vietnam

		ML10	ML11	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML18	ML21	ML22	Total
Netherlands	a	3	1		1				1	6
	b	124 915	32 550		41 076				240	198 781
	c				41 076				1	41 077
Spain	a		1							2
	b		19 600 000							19 600 000
	c	15 106	21 901 677						87 859	22 004 642
Total per ML category	a	9	10		3	1	7	6	5	72
	b	103 122 627	28 208 754		237 216	18 210	8 086 758	27 635 902	4 180 057	328 872 329
	d									
	e									

Zambia

		ML1	ML3	ML6	ML10	Total
Austria	a	4				4
	b	105 300				105 300
	c	38 087				38 087
Germany	a	8			1	9
	b	110 643			28 027	138 670
	c					
Italy	a					
	b					
	c					1 391 401
Netherlands	a			1		1
	b			190 000		190 000
	c					
Slovakia	a		1			1
	b		280 065			280 065
	c					
Sweden	a					
	b					
	c		50 783			50 783

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Zambia

		ML1	ML3	ML6	ML10	Total
Total per ML category	a	12	1	1	1	15
	b	215 943	280 065	190 000	28 027	714 035
	d					
	e					

Zimbabwe

		ML6	ML10	Total
Germany	a	1		1
	b	184 305		184 305
	c			
Total per ML category	a	1		1
	b	184 305		184 305
	d		1	1
	e		1(1)	1(1)

[multiple destinations]

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML9	ML10
France	a	3	30	20	61	70	11	51	58
	b	68 169 400	3 597 285 093	6 562 715 000	4 654 094 174	2 754 440 099	629 985 540	14 028 772 027	8 668 288 026
	c								
Italy	a					2	1		1
	b					2 380 468	2 181 015		782 400
	c								
Netherlands	a	2				4	5	1	4
	b	2 043 620				7 814 756	2 715 195	1 666 667	16 450 000
	c								
Total per ML category	a	5	30	20	61	76	17	52	63
	b	70 213 020	3 597 285 093	6 562 715 000	4 654 094 174	2 764 635 323	634 881 750	14 030 438 694	8 685 520 426
	d								
	e								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER DESTINATION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

[multiple destinations]

		ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18	ML21
France	a	87	6	8	67	4	1	5	43
	b	11 885 076 262	45 300 004	689 500 003	1 453 087 357	18 320 003	4 600 000	15 922 501	1 328 568 166
	c								
Italy	a			1					5
	b			2 342 864					22 402 832
	c								
Netherlands	a	1	6			1			5
	b	1 666 667	35 105			11 510			1 617 667
	c								
Total per ML category	a	88	12	9	67	5	1	5	53
	b	11 886 742 929	45 335 109	691 842 867	1 453 087 357	18 331 513	4 600 000	15 922 501	1 352 588 665
	d								
	e								

[multiple destinations]

		ML22	Total
Belgium	a	3	3
	b	2 066 500	2 066 500
	c		
France	a	158	683
	b	2 911 152 110	59 315 275 765
	c		
Italy	a	11	21
	b	28 456 159	58 545 738
	c		
Netherlands	a	32	61
	b	16 829 598	50 850 785
	c	498 893	498 893
Total per ML category	a	204	768
	b	2 958 504 367	59 426 738 788
	d		
	e		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Central America and the Caribbean

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	11							2
	b	314 865							1 400 000
	c	274 984							1 400 000
Czech Republic	a	14		3				2	
	b	1 102 179		89 558				280 842	
	c	1 861 971		655 107				194	
Estonia	a	2							
	b	333 195							
	c								
France	a					1	1		
	b					3 676 000	320 000		
	c								
Germany	a						1	1	4
	b						3 486	200	257 050
	c								
Hungary	a			1					
	b			272 160					
	c								
Italy	a	9							
	b	1 719 614							
	c								
Netherlands	a	5		7		1			
	b	5 166		47 929		566 667			
	c			20 000					
Slovakia	a	4							
	b	2 063 638							
	c	1 271 711							
Slovenia	a	1							
	b	8 400							
	c	8 400							
Spain	a	1					1		
	b	5 000 000					8 099 600		
	c			40 245			6 740 000		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Central America and the Caribbean

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Sweden	a		1	1					
	b			105 433					
	c		264 647	105 433					
Total per ML category	a	47	1	12		2	3	3	6
	b	10 547 057		515 080		4 242 667	8 423 086	281 042	1 657 050
	d	1		2			1		
	e	3(1), 7(1)		7(2)			2(1), 3(1)		

Central America and the Caribbean

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Bulgaria	a					1			
	b					7 140			
	c					7 140			
France	a		3			2		1	
	b		113 640 326			414 840		3 015 000	
	c								
Germany	a		1						
	b		1 890						
	c								
Italy	a		1						
	b		363 339						
	c								
Netherlands	a		1				1	2	
	b		566 667				626	574 667	
	c							7 178	
Poland	a		1						
	b		638 552						
	c								
Spain	a		5						
	b		91 134 135						
	c		4 005 420						
Sweden	a								
	b								
	c					322 927			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Central America and the Caribbean

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Total per ML category	a		12			3	1	3	
	b		206 344 909			421 980	626	3 589 667	
	d								
	e								

Central America and the Caribbean

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		1					14
	b		13 000					1 727 865
	c		7 800					1 682 784
Belgium	a		1					1
	b		1 400 000					1 400 000
	c							
Bulgaria	a							1
	b							7 140
	c							7 140
Czech Republic	a		1					20
	b							1 472 579
	c		56 805					2 574 077
Estonia	a							2
	b							333 195
	c							
France	a						1	9
	b						10 110 000	131 176 166
	c							
Germany	a							7
	b							262 626
	c							
Hungary	a							1
	b							272 160
	c							
Italy	a		3				1	14
	b		2 331 675					4 414 628
	c							11 876 605

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Central America and the Caribbean

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Netherlands	a							17
	b							1 761 722
	c						1	27 179
Poland	a						1	2
	b						21 719	660 271
	c							
Slovakia	a							4
	b							2 063 638
	c							1 271 711
Slovenia	a							1
	b							8 400
	c							8 400
Spain	a							7
	b							104 233 735
	c							10 785 665
Sweden	a		1			1	1	5
	b							105 433
	c							693 007
Total per ML category	a		7			1	4	105
	b		3 744 675				10 131 719	249 899 558
	d							4
	e							2(1), 3(2), 7(3)

Central Asia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	12		8	1				1
	b	1 937 194		246 419					520
	c	1 442 033		100 499					520
Bulgaria	a		2	6	3	2			
	b		982 906	16 804 040	927 117	140 510			
	c		375 000	6 333 028	604 297	140 510			
Croatia	a	2		1					
	b	107 330		2 267 692					
	c	107 330							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Central Asia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Cyprus	a	14							
	b	315 850							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	6		4			10	1	
	b	59 691		266 075			3 889 409	693 900	
	c	228 864		620 931			3 280 185	59 673	
Estonia	a	1							
	b	554 000							
	c	88 728							
Finland	a							1	
	b							143 200	
	c							89 000	
France	a	1	2		6	7			
	b	1 558 000	17 600 000		1 283 550 000	840 568 600			
	c								
Germany	a	25		5				1	
	b	1 038 809		98 327				1 250	
	c								
Hungary	a	10		2					
	b	313 027		25 113					
	c								
Italy	a	2	1						
	b	527 250							
	c								
Netherlands	a						1		
	b						34 200		
	c					15 000	34 200		
Slovakia	a	3							
	b	570 190							
	c								
Slovenia	a			1					
	b			85 000					
	c			560 250					

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Central Asia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Spain	a			1	4	2			
	b			367 060	59 114 000				
	c				1 735 526				
Total per ML category	a	76	5	28	14	11	11	3	1
	b	6 981 341	18 582 906	20 159 726	1 343 591 117	840 709 110	3 923 609	838 350	520
	d	5	1	3	1			1	
	e	1(2), 3(1), 4(1), 7(5)	3(1), 7(1)	1(1), 4(1), 7(3)	3(1), 7(1)			2(1)	

Central Asia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a								2
	b								24 800
	c								2 801
Bulgaria	a					5		6	
	b					728 124		3 210 120	
	c					728 124		3 210 120	
Croatia	a					2			
	b					475 765			
	c					475 765			
Czech Republic	a		4	1					
	b		270 061						
	c		9 578 399						
Estonia	a							1	
	b							1 548 815	
	c							1 548 815	
Finland	a					3			
	b					5 324 104			
	c					97 114			
France	a		2	2		1		17	
	b		7 664 642	5 560 000		1 000 000		480 449 000	
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

Central Asia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Germany	a		9	3					
	b		6 143 659	509 510					
	c								
Greece	a					1			
	b					207 000			
	c								
Italy	a		2						
	b								
	c								
Netherlands	a	1	1						
	b	96 596	3 370						
	c								
Poland	a		2						
	b		74 800						
	c		74 800						
Slovakia	a					1			
	b					277 536			
	c					277 536			
Spain	a		6	1					
	b		122 000 000	3 000 000					
	c		73 615 145						
Total per ML category	a	1	26	7		13		24	2
	b	96 596	136 156 532	9 069 510		8 012 529		485 207 935	24 800
	d								
	e								

Central Asia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a							24
	b							2 208 933
	c							1 545 853
Bulgaria	a							24
	b							22 792 817
	c							11 391 079

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Central Asia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Croatia	a							5
	b							2 850 787
	c							583 095
Cyprus	a							14
	b							315 850
	c							
Czech Republic	a							26
	b							5 179 136
	c							13 768 052
Estonia	a							2
	b							2 102 815
	c							1 637 543
Finland	a							4
	b							5 467 304
	c							186 114
France	a		1				5	44
	b		9 301 000				21 101 000	2 668 352 242
	c							
Germany	a					2	1	46
	b					16 044	1	7 807 600
	c							
Greece	a							1
	b							207 000
	c							
Hungary	a							12
	b							338 140
	c							
Italy	a							5
	b							527 250
	c							49 313 502
Lithuania	a						1	1
	b						22 250	22 250
	c						22 250	22 250

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Central Asia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Netherlands	a							3
	b							134 166
	c						2	49 202
Poland	a							2
	b							74 800
	c							74 800
Slovakia	a							4
	b							847 726
	c							277 536
Slovenia	a							1
	b							85 000
	c							560 250
Spain	a						4	18
	b							184 481 060
	c							75 350 671
Total per ML category	a		1			2	11	236
	b		9 301 000			16 044	21 123 251	2 903 794 876
	d							11
	e							1(3), 2(1), 3(3), 4(2), 7(10)

European Union

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	176	14	54	28	4	37		2
	b	214 643 095	7 182 036	93 840 144	15 677 136	1 320 971	53 504 595		31 610
	c	2 414 538	1 213 200	27 222 146	6 868 886	407 797	22 861 956		31 610
Belgium	a	266	6	38	4	16	28		28
	b	92 019 871	45 362 156	285 988 670	8 939 775	5 880 089	29 288 755		53 309 832
	c								
Bulgaria	a	28	30	122	48	28	10		12
	b	43 992 963	119 702 447	1 696 759 284	734 084 921	4 640 039	38 422 794		7 703 062
	c	60 286 725	36 988 350	783 044 848	577 917 101	4 651 359	5 777 345	14 000	2 204 033

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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European Union

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Croatia	a	18		17	2		5		2
	b	801 054		25 658 935	1 042 720		2 299 787		195 100
	c	186 987		2 669 794	521 360				127 709
Czech Republic	a	38	19	56	14	3	60	8	32
	b	439 132		9 567 787	3 819 386		4 299 806		
	c	11 074 484	33 287 162	348 754 810	9 962 855	3 159 170	184 112 106	6 965 742	6 739 698
Denmark	a	8	1	3	8	59	49		
	b	121 188	1	14 706	500 187	2 469 660	2 662 231		
	c								
Estonia	a	14	4	3	9	10	14		
	b	1 085 436	47 764	39 000	5 584 301	4 982 246	46 087 416		
	c	562 315			801 727	255 872	5 324 964		
Finland	a	80	2	9	22	5	9		3
	b	15 302 200	91 000	13 037 419	4 135 158	2 052 815	215 696 630		3 194 894
	c	2 330 530	248 000	27 892 002	21 529 477	5 129 448	59 788 961	47 400	3 802 859
France	a	18	21	63	96	55	29	3	14
	b	105 920 821	2 470 786 385	2 918 970 313	11 154 347 382	4 605 992 129	6 027 555 140	713 760	385 039 728
	c								
Germany	a	110	164	259	103	98	739	8	1
	b	31 804 325	50 014 666	1 075 302 261	438 601 421	61 731 732	785 645 071	514	25 000
	c								
Greece	a			5	8	6	81	2	
	b			12 092 432	6 182 505		36 664 283	13 728	
	c								
Hungary	a	102	8	121	19	6	21	1	7
	b	40 964 822	6 418 340	248 386 327	7 563 415	699 550	19 653 462	38 000	21 840 450
	c	2 243 527	4 677 240	21 761 597	940 304		924 443	38 000	14 430
Ireland	a	3	2			7		2	
	b	171 600	6 820			5 036 398		76 000	
	c								
Italy	a	22	26	130	87	13	69	15	9
	b	4 728 433	17 629 172	440 338 505	267 617 133	2 638 874	288 152 722	619 790	13 038 800
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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European Union

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Latvia	a	82		17			2		
	b	64 547 002		9 132			1 167 032		
	c	39 300		9 132			1 167 032		
Lithuania	a	70		51	1	13	5	1	
	b	504 923		4 302 282	3 459 600	593 195	656 030	59 202	
	c	7 296 033		567 050	3 459 600	405 195	656 030	59 202	
Luxembourg	a		2		1		1		
	b		217 710		398 608		54 500		
	c		28 410		358 928		54 500		
Netherlands	a	219	18	37	11	6	57	1	1
	b	2 951 869	4 579 849	5 613 958	36 217 272	13 423 879	47 281 915	1 100 000	29 200
	c	1 736 656	1 780 322	3 968 832	37 256 182	84 611 471	88 667 051	93 610	288 995
Poland	a	9	14	12	15	17	110	1	14
	b	6 726 128	1 666 391	8 448 962	310 126 433	2 123 619	21 750 287	99 215	15 948 994
	c	6 954 762	456 762	4 195 507	14 352 032	2 875 029	4 631 797	99 215	6 558 081
Portugal	a	9	4	7	2	5	2	2	
	b	1 427 603	35 579 954	3 386 402	673 055	439 236	6 378 135	26 473	
	c	1 963 138	1 124 954	380 806 178	675 595	245 253	3 042 699	12 681	
Romania	a	5	3	38	3	11	7	2	6
	b	2 073 199	943 269	181 956 674	2 232 813	3 401 901	2 012 629	6 396 494	4 089 090
	c	2 035 504	643 269	103 217 493	433 052	1 254 878	1 250 078	6 307 464	4 243 385
Slovakia	a	34	34	95	21	13	151	9	24
	b	13 939 401	25 234 568	652 473 307	33 330 923	10 452 528	36 888 210	1 732 204	116 676 058
	c	10 857 829	3 850 487	99 634 437	14 346 231	6 957 477	15 525 884	1 730 493	12 105 813
Slovenia	a	9		4			4	1	
	b	84 839		462 161			1 247 079	623 360	
	c	1 094 643	1 746 006	10 713 407			2 216 161	623 360	
Spain	a	28	24	77	99	14	39		33
	b	1 534 117	26 975 913	186 362 228	387 660 082	5 940 227	42 403 971		4 713 799
	c	9 409 542	25 881 928	43 699 686	82 662 463	1 125 751	5 419 267		4 807 429
Sweden	a	50	28	115	33	63	28	8	80
	b	1 459 848	909 795	168 254 921	167 082 231	111 202 887	13 250 269	4 357	59 643 868
	c	2 281 919	15 393 846	65 994 738	14 899 973	48 857 379	38 690 692	606 207	25 117 079

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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European Union

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Total per ML category	a	1 398	424	1 333	634	452	1 557	64	268
	b	647 243 869	2 813 348 236	8 031 265 810	13 589 276 457	4 845 021 975	7 723 022 749	11 503 097	685 479 485
	d								
	e								

European Union

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a	3				48	2	2	1
	b	602 532				39 153 909	450 570	746 572	56 160
	c	602 532				5 492 652		746 572	
Belgium	a		180	16		3	2	8	34
	b		124 467 536	31 280 881		990 175	25 367 700	210 931	16 653 951
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1	1			17		2	9
	b	38 650	649 830			5 709 808		39 995	243 283 607
	c	32 139	649 830			6 690 629		66 800	31 513 320
Croatia	a								2
	b								867
	c								578
Czech Republic	a		41	27		3	8	6	9
	b		3 742				14 043		
	c		19 929 899	36 902 199		9 024 705	6 471 185	4 968 880	56 175 300
Denmark	a	6	6	11		816			
	b	1 517 543	12 978 673	716 736		1 853 565			
	c								
Estonia	a		7	10		1	7	7	
	b		3 262 107	7 884 597		5 500	185 085	4 359 302	
	c		727 932	1 386 240			4 757	100 000	
Finland	a	1	4	10		18			
	b	364 300	2 580 084	18 207 783		8 830 031			
	c		2 019 573	5 270 620		5 050 113			1 912 620

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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European Union

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
France	a	28	103	87		51	9	31	41
	b	1 811 134 129	4 442 047 745	2 141 886 098		598 227 047	159 040 282	785 263 000	194 917 558
	c								
Germany	a	86	537	225		4	33	47	197
	b	47 534 315	289 394 034	209 403 687		1 368 881	9 269 244	58 230 070	150 386 499
	c								
Greece	a		2	18		1		38	
	b		287 850	33 174 542		180 000		73 663 254	
	c								
Hungary	a		2	3					12
	b		60 707	54 300					16 967 156
	c		4 771	28 400					1 560 493
Ireland	a	3	1	12		1		1	
	b	1 002 671	4 000	625 578		50 000		692	
	c								
Italy	a	32	273	179		5	4	4	68
	b	47 294 976	28 278 354	442 922 054		33 915		134 495	14 546 803
	c								
Latvia	a		2					8	
	b		32 450					124 332	
	c		32 450					124 332	
Lithuania	a		2	7		1		22	
	b		2 869 755	23 666 939		37 897		815 509	
	c		29 490	2 600 939				6 568 930	
Luxembourg	a		6			2			4
	b		992 002			275 000			363 105
	c		28 023			1			4 400
Netherlands	a	53	24	8	1	5	9	21	5
	b	12 449 150	6 043 771	9 518 809	29 200	16 308 564	3 344 892	75 784	104 731
	c	14 075 330	66 845 841	3 751 320		2 770 980	4 995 671	3 410 844	3 203 347
Poland	a	28	17	13		27	1	2	10
	b	571 447	353 681 315	1 398 118		86 015 534	3 220 000	361 141	16 241 472
	c	331 241	48 688 146	362 048		23 172 844	740 600		12 631 270

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European Union

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Portugal	a	1	11	14		6	1	3	1
	b	197 781	166 401 701	6 974 758		6 074 124	1	261 126	29 040
	c	197 841	64 728 788	5 042 005		1 117 559	1	254 526	5 968
Romania	a	1	34	2		2	2	15	28
	b	300 000	6 592 106	810 000		5 909 972	23 001	28 529 262	1 459 764
	c		2 585 588	565 000		2 404 962	19 816	1 899 414	897 101
Slovakia	a		33	10		8	4	1	1
	b		4 774 952	4 485 798		159 934	2 646 176	155 000	55 640
	c		3 423 243	1 129 108		133 512	274 930	138 402	55 640
Slovenia	a						2		5
	b						411 830		2 759 657
	c						8 700 412		16 279 084
Spain	a	6	170	86		2	6	22	
	b	2 535 192	8 402 125 830	859 028 373		905 301	14 000 000	5 791 132	
	c	2 598 406	1 437 481 789	33 319 777		136 901	14 000 000	3 087 145	97 998
Sweden	a		10	29		32	25	6	1
	b		41 391 600	19 492 385		1 831 372	11 007 263	1 394 151	
	c	71 886	1 387 856	7 333 530		19 899 519	9 628 151	1 176 378	
Total per ML category	a	249	1 466	767	1	1 053	115	246	428
	b	1 925 542 686	13 888 920 144	3 811 531 436	29 200	773 920 529	228 980 087	960 155 748	657 826 010
	d								
	e								

European Union

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a	13	44				8	436
	b	4 124 344	1 832 681				2 285 000	435 451 355
	c	22 036	1 027 073			1	600 001	69 511 000
Belgium	a		3			3	8	643
	b		13 755 438			8 175	4 023	733 527 958
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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European Union

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a						2	310
	b		83 757				9 020 649	2 904 131 806
	c		83 757				8 447 088	1 518 367 324
Croatia	a							46
	b							29 998 463
	c							3 506 428
Czech Republic	a	5	71	1		2		403
	b			357 402				18 501 298
	c	4 670 919	2 472 947		902	513 667	216 715	745 403 345
Denmark	a	6				54	55	1 082
	b	43 495				348 331	456 750	23 683 066
	c							
Estonia	a	3				19	33	141
	b	510 567				50 000	600 001	74 683 322
	c	1 901						9 165 708
Finland	a	25				9	4	201
	b	138 460				939 912	3 896 425	288 467 111
	c	121 112				8 027 121	1 287 501	144 457 337
France	a	29	13	1		41	147	880
	b	137 411 035	16 007 230	450 000		826 922 450	793 456 676	39 576 088 908
	c							
Germany	a	177	275			203	406	3 672
	b	7 673 383	22 287 463			9 735 410	29 752 852	3 278 160 828
	c							
Greece	a	1					1	163
	b	1 900					286 500	162 546 994
	c							
Hungary	a	4	1			1	3	311
	b	329 651	435 911			12 000 000	25 008	375 437 099
	c	104 369	50 000			2 150 509		34 498 083
Ireland	a	2					3	37
	b	12 431					64 000	7 050 190
	c							

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European Union

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Italy	a	4	14			12	29	995
	b	680 373	10 868 713			13 915 817	17 815 470	1 611 254 399
	c							680 569 543
Latvia	a							111
	b							65 879 948
	c							1 372 246
Lithuania	a					10		183
	b							36 965 332
	c						199 980	21 842 449
Luxembourg	a		2					18
	b		418 623					2 719 548
	c		2					474 264
Netherlands	a	11	4	1	1	9	53	555
	b	3 519 469	308 734	29 200	29 200	9 881 195	106 249 588	279 090 229
	c	1 284 279	275 984			96 164	22 822 931	341 935 810
Poland	a	14	7			4	35	350
	b	1 352 348	1 256 664			202 730	39 034 193	870 224 991
	c	1 861 629	574 409			658	1 845 483	130 331 513
Portugal	a	3	4			1	5	81
	b	413 342	7 951 174			1	5	236 213 911
	c	412 342					2	459 629 530
Romania	a						6	165
	b						11 331 252	258 061 426
	c					9 454 325	4 206 774	141 418 103
Slovakia	a	4	6				2	450
	b	37 150	1 987 636				7 119 900	912 149 385
	c	37 150	523 484				194 538	170 918 658
Slovenia	a		2					27
	b		24 350					5 613 276
	c		1 409 983					42 783 056
Spain	a	10				51	354	1 021
	b					2 612 500	41 998 772	9 984 587 437
	c					2 395 000	43 180 448	1 709 303 530

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European Union

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Sweden	a	60	4			33	110	715
	b	40 546 012	173 193			4 507 702	13 603 521	655 755 375
	c	8 046 395	273 254			5 738 347	150 550 960	415 948 109
Total per ML category	a	371	450	3	1	452	1 264	12 996
	b	196 793 960	77 391 567	836 602	29 200	881 124 223	1 077 000 585	62 826 243 655
	d							
	e							

Middle East

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	84	2	7	1		5		
	b	3 685 079	40 000	753 786	17 854		7 276 400		
	c	2 150 862	40 001	207 444			1 409 475		
Belgium	a	8	1	5		2	2		1
	b	769 702	25 100	3 638 910		582 000	413 561		50 160 000
	c								
Bulgaria	a	7	2	10	1	2	1		
	b	7 237 163	49 240	25 969 606	918 690	196 958	1 640 000		
	c	2 386 885	2 538 340	113 985	8 505 660	6 205	47 968 000		
Croatia	a	8	1	1					
	b	19 964 840	108 000	3 256 531					
	c			197					
Cyprus	a	76							
	b	643 738		4 098 185					
	c								
Czech Republic	a	39	2	22	1	2	46	7	1
	b	1 924 311	40 398	3 214 704			15 209 665	2 482 343	
	c	5 010 330	39 427	4 032 241	105 903		53 537 434	4 661 932	433 863
Denmark	a					1	1		
	b					180 108	243 100		
	c								
Estonia	a	2			1		3		
	b	60 200			2 000		15 268 717		
	c	17 292					267 474		

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Middle East

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Finland	a	1	1	1		1	1		
	b	175 675	2 600 000	49 000		36 000	12 000 000		
	c	237 540				36 400	34 000		
France	a	5	11	12	32	37	23	6	2
	b	293 046	115 864 510	387 160 830	7 542 941 514	2 030 142 783	11 297 789 062	62 115 999	10 279 300
	c								
Germany	a	33	11	21	26	35	84	20	8
	b	803 069	21 509 278	3 165 695	50 035 183	6 499 035	117 933 451	37 483 232	9 299
	c								
Greece	a			1	1		9		
	b				112 291		2 936 900		
	c								
Hungary	a	22		14	1				
	b	796 800		1 302 685	115				
	c	50 120		355 990					
Ireland	a					1			
	b					21 259			
	c								
Italy	a	32	8	8	16	9	2	2	
	b	64 804 438	126 745 562	4 597 520	362 913 065	43 797 527	4 894 425	99 170	
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c					13 600			
Luxembourg	a				1				
	b				20				
	c				20				
Netherlands	a			1	3	10	3	1	
	b			50 000	793 699	20 268 210	3 330 000	7 771	
	c				800 786	6 554 328	3 330 200		
Poland	a	1	1		5				
	b	6 787 330	235 294		589 442				
	c				334 453				

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Middle East

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Portugal	a				1				
	b				11 545				
	c				97 421				
Romania	a		1	3	2	5	2	1	
	b		7 700	1 813 465	27 744 382	270 425	20 000 000	511 104	
	c				15 213 234	469 063	10 649 018	1 001 104	
Slovakia	a	3	3	3					
	b	9 754	399 245	35 597					
	c	7 735		35 597					
Slovenia	a	4		1		1	1	1	
	b	6 780				6 558 000	79 360	26 668	
	c	7 450		14			66 543	47 192	
Spain	a			8	16	15	7		
	b			9 204 813	35 218 236	310 167 259	51 654 373		
	c			31 529 405	10 168 417	11 366 659	64 229 235		
Sweden	a		2		4	20			
	b					4 768 431			
	c		4 060 082		62 720	8 353 948		2 228	
Total per ML category	a	325	46	118	112	141	190	38	12
	b	107 961 925	267 624 327	448 311 327	8 021 298 036	2 423 487 995	11 550 669 014	102 726 287	60 448 599
	d	1		2			2		
	e	7(1)		1(1), 4(1)			2(2), 4(2), 7(1)		

Middle East

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a			1	1	5			
	b			20 000	12 500 000	11 235 000			
	c			20 000		768 288			
Belgium	a		3	1		1	1	3	
	b		4 376 511	398 822		2 255 000	500 000	3 155 500	
	c								

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Middle East

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Bulgaria	a		1	5		6		3	2
	b		141 600	4 219 884		1 931 981		4 008 798	461 670
	c		141 600	978 793	206 250	1 754 648		22 973 187	176 936
Croatia	a					1			
	b					3 520 000			
	c								
Czech Republic	a	1	7	15		2	2	10	
	b	6 386	436 346	3 040 295		567 249	911 924	1 094 300	
	c	6 257	5 728 334	6 170 818		553 866		2 187 426	167 781
Denmark	a					1			
	b					3 840			
	c								
Estonia	a	2		2			2		
	b	222 390 734		107 700			29 360		
	c								
Finland	a			3		1			1
	b			135 673		400 000			12 784
	c		78 258	135 673		45 000			
France	a	13	43	40		23	6	41	3
	b	1 732 561 362	21 809 819 112	3 721 069 578		549 199 046	13 141 031	879 533 976	4 700 000
	c								
Germany	a	38	39	52		8	2	7	19
	b	26 135 640	27 077 550	123 275 172		1 199 491	5 949 333	3 294 771	16 799 964
	c								
Greece	a	1				6		10	
	b	2 675 000				45 766 197		154 928 625	
	c								
Hungary	a							1	
	b								
	c							79 116	
Italy	a		35	7		1			1
	b		48 439 111	10 529 065		30 370			867 098
	c								

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Middle East

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Lithuania	a			1					
	b			177 000					
	c			177 000					
Luxembourg	a							1	3
	b							473 450	2 047 187
	c							1	66 451
Malta	a		3						
	b		7 411 751						
	c		1 966 572						
Netherlands	a	5	5	6		2	2	1	
	b	1 795 149	8 009 404	28 922 890		2 535	36 234	86 256	
	c	998 348	9 510 410	1		460	35 000	45 028	
Poland	a		1			1			
	b		2 787			234 570			
	c		2 787			13 750			
Portugal	a		18	1					
	b		14 100 161	675 450					
	c		19 778 151	558 195					
Romania	a		3	4				4	2
	b		1 522 810	9 941 165				5 965 042	530 672
	c		12 508 180	12 535 899				3 352 596	
Slovenia	a								6
	b								460 966
	c								586 837
Spain	a	2	23	7			3	22	1
	b	513 408 698	194 520 126	6 750 000					
	c	529 544 586	33 824 106	127 336			11 218		
Sweden	a		1	2				2	1
	b								
	c		1 295 305	5 496 328					

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Middle East

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Total per ML category	a	62	182	147	1	58	18	105	39
	b	2 498 972 969	22 115 857 269	3 909 262 694	12 500 000	616 345 279	20 567 882	1 052 540 718	25 880 341
	d		3	2					
	e		2(1), 4(1), 6(1), 7(2)	4(2), 6(1), 7(1)					

Middle East

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		15				2	123
	b		3 219 291				644 440	39 391 850
	c		3 099 681					7 695 751
Belgium	a		1					29
	b		31 175					66 306 281
	c							
Bulgaria	a							40
	b							46 775 590
	c							87 750 489
Croatia	a	1						12
	b	10 407						26 859 778
	c							197
Cyprus	a							76
	b							4 741 923
	c							
Czech Republic	a	5	13		1	2	1	179
	b		4 591 991		6 189	32 863		33 558 964
	c	57 135	1 553 482			33 269	339 396	84 618 894
Denmark	a							3
	b							427 048
	c							
Estonia	a	1				1	2	16
	b	350 000						238 208 711
	c							284 766

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Middle East

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Finland	a					2	1	13
	b						50 000	15 459 132
	c						226 413	793 284
France	a	3	7	1		16	81	405
	b	100 873 735	357 017 400	7 000 000		3 543 521 017	4 208 957 218	58 373 980 519
	c							
Germany	a	12	20			41	68	544
	b	551 502	40 133 963			9 289 987	12 227 859	503 373 474
	c							
Greece	a					2	2	32
	b					13 295 000	13 295 000	233 009 013
	c							
Hungary	a							38
	b							2 099 600
	c							485 226
Ireland	a							1
	b							21 259
	c							
Italy	a		6				4	131
	b		787 377				181 855	668 686 583
	c							2 799 773 309
Lithuania	a							1
	b							177 000
	c							190 600
Luxembourg	a							5
	b							2 520 657
	c							66 472
Malta	a							3
	b							7 411 751
	c							1 966 572
Netherlands	a		1			11	16	67
	b		291 667			21 449 959	29 853 660	114 897 434
	c					536	100 632	21 375 729

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Middle East

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Poland	a		1				5	15
	b		192 308				32 580	8 074 311
	c						1 810	352 800
Portugal	a							20
	b							14 787 156
	c							20 433 767
Romania	a					1		28
	b					3 236 845		71 543 610
	c	2 262 706	2 865 234			1 070 479		61 927 513
Slovakia	a							9
	b							444 596
	c							43 332
Slovenia	a							14
	b							7 131 774
	c							708 036
Spain	a						4	108
	b							1 120 923 505
	c						5 002 107	685 803 069
Sweden	a	7	2			3	9	53
	b	177 929						4 946 360
	c	173 280	12 815			1 682 533	7 940 997	29 080 236
Total per ML category	a	29	66	1	1	79	195	1 965
	b	101 963 573	406 265 172	7 000 000	6 189	3 590 825 671	4 265 242 612	61 605 757 879
	d					1	2	13
	e					2(1)	1(1), 2(1), 6(1)	1(2), 2(5), 4(6), 6(3), 7(5)

North Africa

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	10		1					
	b	2 504 989		3 505					
	c	1 114 681	1						

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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North Africa

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Belgium	a	2							
	b	693 266							
	c								
Bulgaria	a					1	15		
	b					59 633	16 835 901		
	c	277 035	263 891			1 015 592	5 742 899		
Czech Republic	a						5	1	
	b						833 090	4 040	
	c	4 400			59 969		875 380	3 507	415 494
France	a	7	2	5	12	1	2	2	1
	b	1 337 405	663 040	62 105 630	2 057 914 116	20 500 000	1 560 050	27 687 000	10 000 000
	c								
Germany	a	1			2	3	7		3
	b	14 016			107 652	28 462 861	95 096 308		860
	c								
Italy	a	5	4	2	5	2			
	b	12 475 818	2 808 563	1 665 800	18 839 087	404 223			
	c								
Poland	a	2	2			1	5		
	b	3 253 417	3 796 602			331 760	1 009 228		
	c	2 117 393	32 827			65 000	587 477		
Spain	a				1		2		1
	b				68 100		69 592 680		425 000
	c				147 650	35 289 629	592 680		413 550
Total per ML category	a	27	8	8	20	8	36	3	5
	b	20 278 911	7 268 205	63 774 935	2 076 928 955	49 758 477	184 927 257	27 691 040	10 425 860
	d								
	e								

North Africa

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17
Belgium	a		1						
	b		2 080 000						
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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North Africa

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17
Bulgaria	a				3		2		
	b				430 500		626 428		
	c				399 500		55 313		
Czech Republic	a		6	2	2				
	b		13 437						
	c		3 346 777	2 435 232					
France	a	1	8	4	4		8		3
	b	450 480 000	366 706 436	1 963 651 000	56 832		300 141 535		179 000
	c								
Germany	a	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1
	b	2 883	56 021 264	8 505 027	16 440	89 088	304 278	18 210	147 320
	c								
Italy	a		5						1
	b		25 447 877						385 000
	c								
Lithuania	a		1	1					
	b		11 322	74 615					
	c		11 284	82 713					
Netherlands	a			1					
	b			45 000					
	c	702 369		984 951					
Poland	a		1						
	b		18 681						
	c		19 246				460 891		
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c		2 094 734						
Slovakia	a					3			
	b					3 559 998			
	c					2 270 158			
Spain	a		2	2			1		
	b		30 000 000	38 770 000					
	c		869 390						

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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North Africa

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17
Total per ML category	a	2	27	12	10	4	12	1	5
	b	450 482 883	480 299 017	2 011 045 642	503 772	3 649 086	301 072 241	18 210	711 320
	d		1						
	e		1(1)						

North Africa

		ML18	ML19	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a	2				13
	b	4 070				2 512 564
	c	4 070				1 118 752
Belgium	a	2				5
	b	12 338 875				15 112 141
	c					
Bulgaria	a					21
	b					17 952 462
	c					7 754 230
Czech Republic	a	1				17
	b					850 567
	c					7 140 759
France	a	3	1		4	68
	b	71 329 000	3 000 000		6 156 004	5 343 467 048
	c					
Germany	a			4	2	33
	b			764 487	75 100	189 625 794
	c					
Italy	a					24
	b					62 026 368
	c					23 717 869
Lithuania	a					2
	b					85 937
	c					93 997
Malta	a				1	1
	b					
	c				2 500	2 500

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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North Africa

		ML18	ML19	ML21	ML22	Total
Netherlands	a			1	1	3
	b			45 000	45 000	135 000
	c			51	127	1 687 498
Poland	a	1			1	13
	b	194 150			605 240	9 209 078
	c	194 000				3 476 834
Portugal	a					
	b					
	c					2 094 734
Slovakia	a					3
	b					3 559 998
	c					2 270 158
Spain	a	5				14
	b	1 007 321				139 863 101
	c	557 219				37 870 118
Total per ML category	a	14	1	5	9	217
	b	84 873 416	3 000 000	809 487	6 881 344	5 784 400 058
	d					1
	e					1(1)

North America

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	137	1	10			8		
	b	932 058 508	3 750	3 826 287			43 326 866		
	c	218 922 973	5 710	1 326 340			460 234		
Belgium	a	401		7		3	13		2
	b	69 621 161		4 672 150		36 482	8 055 244		25 778 108
	c								
Bulgaria	a	21	2	7	5		4		
	b	6 659 710	9 505 524	107 291 577	35 011 649		99 595		
	c	8 722 551	11 160 600	66 083 045	11 629 834		394 647		
Croatia	a	56	17	1					
	b	625 191 475	180 674	315 000					
	c	57 424 738	49 330	315 000					

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North America

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Cyprus	a	3							
	b	12 694							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	18	3	6	2	1	4	6	1
	b	754 251		11 119 417	4 953 945		6 338 089	565 165	11 186
	c	1 847 525	891 185	5 819 201	8 504 403	22 107	7 313 772	321 460	10 621
Denmark	a	6	2	1	14	16	1		
	b	20 080	3 201 913	65	47 705 763	3 968 844	4 000		
	c								
Estonia	a	3					4		
	b	379 262					15 750 000		
	c						292 260		
Finland	a	3		5	1		1		
	b	1 115 746		814 135	8 506 645		60 000		
	c	2 494 283		2 947 490	2 654 594		20 400		
France	a	6	4	3	12	8	6		3
	b	1 394 982	823 100	429 120 000	51 006 676	94 973 047	83 299 167		2 668 630
	c								
Germany	a	799	34	64	24	40	121		24
	b	232 758 973	3 381 183	39 746 579	7 304 807	46 017 005	52 443 609		9 795 972
	c								
Greece	a				16				
	b				12 490 480				
	c								
Hungary	a	57		23		1			
	b	28 239 488		487 632 411		1 000 000			
	c	930 156		22 773 253					
Ireland	a	5			2	13	1		
	b	56 041			16 000 000	34 694 129	100		
	c								
Italy	a	2	2	4	2	7	12		
	b	309 670	883 500	12 805 184	227 163	3 134 843	239 160 865		
	c								

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North America

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Latvia	a	7	2						
	b		303 940						
	c								
Lithuania	a	1		3		1			
	b	8 650 300		1 335 600		8 432 293			
	c	8 837 176		856 800		262 438			
Luxembourg	a				1				
	b				77 357				
	c				70 324				
Malta	a	3		2					
	b	54 400		3 600					
	c	2 566		1 275					
Netherlands	a	45	10	7	5	6	7		
	b	2 213 616	887 346	1 013 462	12 846	1 785 938	893 724		
	c	2 344 973	2 753 004	26 645	16 586 315	7 108 393	399 586		
Poland	a	8			3	6	6		1
	b	2 405 033			309 857	1 263 326	640 210		6 384 434
	c	2 058 147		338 321	60 824	56 688	843 656		510 880
Portugal	a	4	2		2				
	b	5 184 206	658 002		665 104				
	c	4 351 861							
Romania	a	4		6		1			
	b	1 390 134		44 896 598		1 665			
	c	927 754		3 179 053		1 665	71 773		
Slovakia	a	2		1			2		1
	b	24 914		3 350 700			333 389		19 558
	c	24 894		3 350 700					
Slovenia	a	8		1					
	b	49 822 000		5 660 377					
	c	2 493 527		535 138					
Spain	a	42	2	2	9	8	20	2	1
	b	14 510 415		2 993 079	26 882 288		1 422 399		297
	c	1 225 639	432	2 114 587	7 300 934	590 416	815 494		287 996

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North America

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Sweden	a	5	47	19	9	46	4		12
	b	1 080	39 293 338	9 516 403	36 714 478	27 341 885	35 176 578		9 501 382
	c	758	42 450 758	151 520 344	7 972 800	35 587 461	28 330 361		36 031 204
Total per ML category	a	1 646	128	172	107	157	214	8	45
	b	1 982 828 139	59 122 270	1 166 112 624	247 869 058	222 649 457	487 003 835	565 165	54 159 567
	d								
	e								

North America

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a		4		2	4		3	16
	b		3 446 202		5 015 869	23 799 720		948 162	67 674 178
	c		442 094			10 667		948 162	19 405 960
Belgium	a		11	8			1		10
	b		304 420 298	3 492 019			48 455 000		3 394 571
	c								
Bulgaria	a		1	2		1			2
	b		439 292	15 537		205 706			69 094 965
	c		1 557 705	15 537		205 706			4 423 066
Czech Republic	a		25	10		1	6	1	9
	b		3 767 033	124 232 075			41 145		47 840
	c		19 393 538	8 224 353		449 393	225 242		38 909
Denmark	a	7	49	1		11			1
	b	155 140	49 440 158	180		6 848 915			122 357
	c								
Estonia	a		6	7		1		4	
	b		1 065 143	4 822 066		26 142		4 138 616	
	c		745 691	232 500		23 887			
Finland	a		5			4		1	
	b		10 253 066			556 000		248 900	
	c		3 316 447			28 962			
France	a	3	32	23		8	3	22	5
	b	23 651 559	75 958 666	48 724 753		47 900 942	955 200	436 061 712	15 051 566
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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North America

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Germany	a	21	104	45			4	14	48
	b	7 342 233	108 176 686	15 362 969			442 382	29 572 055	23 987 097
	c								
Greece	a		35	4		1		12	
	b		58 104 000	1 764 758		111 770		25 634 630	
	c								
Hungary	a		4						1
	b		5 477 992						5 000
	c		24 028						380
Ireland	a		8	2				4	
	b		111 464 376	128 278				10 662 458	
	c								
Italy	a	8	74	29				2	5
	b	21 428 354	114 666 194	50 178 734				3 023 755	1 022 816
	c								
Latvia	a			2					
	b								
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c							383 200	
Luxembourg	a			1					1
	b			30 488					341 536
	c			30 488					334 327
Malta	a					2		1	
	b					2 000		1 500	
	c					1 519		1	
Netherlands	a	56	12	1			2	14	10
	b	11 249 602	59 962 436	56 111			218 653	1 358 970	2 130 186
	c	5 791 746	290 238 979	2 428 601			391 276	2 503 939	
Poland	a		83	3		2		1	15
	b		5 903 623 389	1 034 463		630 285		371 350	35 880 311
	c		106 594 733	925 863		140 613			6 371 704

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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North America

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Portugal	a	1	20						
	b	155 453	2 538 232						
	c		84 907 671						761 636
Romania	a		3					1	1
	b		8 294					135 485	255 544
	c		5 382 196					4 579	9 583
Slovakia	a			3					
	b			145 064					
	c								
Spain	a	10	47	18		1	2	5	2
	b	4 378 278	101 119 452	98 334 944				48 518	20 000
	c	2 957 011	87 400 996	9 207 867				50 755	
Sweden	a		2	6			5	7	
	b			14 116			144 925	402 404	
	c		969 044	846 029		765 408	5 990 149	1 289 615	
Total per ML category	a	106	525	165	2	36	23	92	126
	b	68 360 619	6 913 930 909	348 336 555	5 015 869	80 081 480	50 257 305	512 608 515	219 027 967
	d								
	e								

North America

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		24			2	5	216
	b		20 724 064			7 500 000	9 600 000	1 117 923 606
	c		7 204 633					248 726 773
Belgium	a		3				3	462
	b		3 187 800					471 112 833
	c							
Bulgaria	a							45
	b							228 323 555
	c							104 192 691
Croatia	a							74
	b							625 687 149
	c							57 789 068

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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North America

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Cyprus	a							3
	b							12 694
	c							
Czech Republic	a		4					97
	b		159					151 830 305
	c		67 237				183 631	53 312 577
Denmark	a		1			27	37	174
	b		22 750			71 330 299	84 529 486	267 349 950
	c							
Estonia	a					4	7	36
	b							26 181 229
	c							1 294 338
Finland	a						4	24
	b						531 998	22 086 490
	c						324 047	11 786 223
France	a	6	2			11	26	183
	b	39 320 489	63 853 000			412 785 305	204 047 207	2 031 596 001
	c							
Germany	a	41	60			53	108	1 604
	b	587 595	1 994 753			3 049 153	7 316 029	589 279 080
	c							
Greece	a							68
	b							98 105 638
	c							
Hungary	a					1	1	88
	b					8 000 000	4	530 354 895
	c					375 721		24 103 538
Ireland	a					4	5	44
	b					300 000	500 000	173 805 382
	c							
Italy	a		3			1	12	163
	b		6 201 750				4 060 317	457 103 145
	c							238 850 029

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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North America

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Latvia	a							11
	b							303 940
	c							
Lithuania	a							5
	b							18 418 193
	c							10 339 614
Luxembourg	a							3
	b							449 381
	c							435 139
Malta	a							8
	b							61 500
	c							5 361
Netherlands	a					3	31	209
	b					650 832	9 750 473	92 184 195
	c					27 452	4 499 630	335 100 539
Poland	a		10			1	27	166
	b		5 630 320			302 036	5 165 040	5 963 640 054
	c		551 773			74 523	3 117 966	121 645 691
Portugal	a	1						30
	b	4 710						9 205 707
	c							90 021 168
Romania	a							16
	b							46 687 720
	c					231 203		9 807 806
Slovakia	a							9
	b							3 873 625
	c							3 375 594
Slovenia	a							9
	b							55 482 377
	c							3 028 665
Spain	a		1			1	11	184
	b						18 166 601	267 876 271
	c						156 938	112 109 065

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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North America

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Sweden	a	23	5			23	29	242
	b	1 052 283	939 415			1 045 613	3 485 377	164 629 277
	c	989 151	611 879			3 672 200	7 822 177	324 849 338
Total per ML category	a	71	113			131	306	4 173
	b	40 965 077	102 554 011			504 963 238	347 152 532	13 413 564 192
	d					1	1	2
	e					2(1), 3(1), 4(1)	2(1), 3(1), 4(1)	4(2), 2(2), 3(2)

North East Asia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	24	2	6		1	3		
	b	873 982	218 136	485 627		2 457 114	4 900 430		
	c	765 159	106 146	210 440		2 457 114	2 695 520		
Belgium	a	5		1					
	b	843 867		919 775					
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1		1					
	b	44 600		1 540					
	c	86 682		3 780					
Czech Republic	a		1	3	1		9	2	3
	b		1 657 528	4 048 819			21 207 286	176 199	4 746
	c			2 308 786			1 007 235	320	5 161
Denmark	a				4	3			
	b				66 719 803	58 231			
	c								
Estonia	a						1		
	b						50 000		
	c						50 000		
Finland	a			1			2		
	b			5 900			85 200 000		
	c	15 849							
France	a	1	1	2	11	13	5	1	11
	b	800 000	51 505 000	137 850 000	106 411 555	104 374 865	1 982 402	200 200	18 923 850
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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North East Asia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Germany	a	62	28	25	10	16	69	10	47
	b	3 646 783	4 051 412	23 973 448	20 337 354	32 270 177	26 374 535	31 611	1 111 451
	c								
Hungary	a	2		8					
	b	74 335		1 257 691					
	c	11 772							
Ireland	a				5	4			
	b				5 090	382 456			
	c								
Italy	a	2	7	5	6	1	1		
	b	110 600	29 473 362	16 175 020	2 777 465		3 405 500		
	c								
Lithuania	a					1			
	b					6 510			
	c					61 845			
Netherlands	a		1			4	1	1	
	b		42 000			9 277 332	35 000	1 619 000	
	c					16 463 965		834 500	
Poland	a		2			5	4		
	b		512 104			31 674	304 893		
	c		350 314			16 382	322 480		
Romania	a				1				
	b				1 202 257				
	c								
Slovakia	a							1	
	b							530 000	530 000
	c								
Slovenia	a	1		1					
	b	1 550							
	c	1 549							
Spain	a	2		1	1	4			2
	b	18 400		1 153 690	15 410	832 000			2 691 000
	c	17 083		1 153 690	15 410	240 000			528 832

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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North East Asia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Sweden	a		9	3	5	9			4
	b		20 408 992	611 940	1 814 150	2 617 082			208 077
	c		257 540	1 076 592	211 435	11 758 221			267 901
Total per ML category	a	100	51	57	44	61	95	15	67
	b	6 414 117	107 868 534	186 483 450	199 283 084	152 307 441	143 460 046	2 557 010	23 469 124
	d			1					1
	e			1(1), 7(1)					1(1)

North East Asia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a			1					2
	b			50 000					929 780
	c			50 000					294 808
Belgium	a		1				2		
	b		16 387				788 979		
	c								
Bulgaria	a					1		1	
	b					16 590		8 860	
	c					10 533		8 860	
Croatia	a					1			
	b					4 230			
	c					4 230			
Czech Republic	a		8						
	b		36 692						
	c		2 444 768						
Denmark	a			3		4			
	b			86 450		36 416			
	c								
Estonia	a		1						
	b		853						
	c								
Finland	a					1			
	b					6 000 000			
	c		714 480	33 000		356 903			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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North East Asia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
France	a	6	26	14	1	6	1	22	5
	b	167 774 000	1 119 172 717	130 270 032	1 350 001	72 499 600	620 001	250 486 208	7 610 631
	c								
Germany	a	171	31	34		16	2	8	9
	b	146 379 230	4 041 299	11 577 517		25 169 295	1 022 150	2 497 066	2 710 801
	c								
Greece	a							4	
	b							231 511	
	c								
Ireland	a			1					
	b			1 254					
	c								
Italy	a	9	22	6				2	7
	b	14 855 884	6 502 325	488 866				249 000	226 183
	c								
Netherlands	a	16	1				2	3	
	b	9 474 730	100 000 000				197 961	5 625 000	
	c	17 296 241	2 278 435				52 855	46 829	
Poland	a		2	1					
	b		10 714 093	54 027					
	c		213 905	72 065					
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c		1 899 977						
Romania	a								1
	b								13 872 191
	c								593 968
Spain	a		3	5				2	
	b		60 105 150	12 596 830				994 700	
	c	1 275 448	11 535 977	2 765 484				18 000	
Sweden	a	1					9		
	b						155 048		
	c					423 484	201 457		

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North East Asia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Total per ML category	a	203	95	65	1	29	16	42	24
	b	338 483 844	1 300 589 516	155 124 976	1 350 001	103 726 131	2 784 139	260 092 345	25 349 586
	d								
	e								

North East Asia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		19				2	60
	b		8 451 729				6 375 000	24 741 798
	c		7 756 580					14 335 767
Belgium	a		1				2	12
	b		300 000				8 356	2 877 364
	c							
Bulgaria	a							4
	b							71 590
	c							109 855
Croatia	a							1
	b							4 230
	c							4 230
Czech Republic	a		6					33
	b		27 786					27 159 056
	c		159 320					5 925 590
Denmark	a					4	3	21
	b					66 719 803	64 139 803	197 760 506
	c							
Estonia	a						2	4
	b						2 000	52 853
	c							50 000
Finland	a						3	7
	b						69 200 000	160 405 900
	c							1 120 232
France	a	3	6	1		2	18	156
	b	192 666	18 911 251	2 600 000		4 173 752	81 897 317	2 279 606 048
	c							

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North East Asia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Germany	a	6	18	1		22	36	621
	b	355 244	1 539 181	1 404 000		2 096 503	12 476 262	323 065 319
	c							
Greece	a					1		5
	b					263 000		494 511
	c							
Hungary	a							10
	b							1 332 026
	c							11 772
Ireland	a						5	15
	b						1 150 000	1 538 800
	c							
Italy	a					9	4	81
	b					1 828 729	8 250	76 101 184
	c							181 372 350
Lithuania	a							1
	b							6 510
	c							61 845
Netherlands	a	2				4	9	44
	b	66 077				8 878 766	8 234 693	143 450 559
	c					116 449	1 291 602	38 380 876
Poland	a	2				1	4	21
	b	68 917					268 778	11 954 486
	c	35 599					113 127	1 123 872
Portugal	a							
	b							
	c							1 899 977
Romania	a						1	3
	b						15 000	15 089 448
	c						15 000	608 968
Slovakia	a							1
	b							1 060 000
	c							

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North East Asia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Slovenia	a							2
	b							1 550
	c							1 549
Spain	a					13	6	39
	b					11 396 000	56 704 167	146 507 347
	c					8 927 000	50	26 476 974
Sweden	a	7	2			3	11	63
	b	575 316	15 771 331					42 161 936
	c	575 316	5 699 199				1 385 202	21 856 347
Total per ML category	a	20	52	2		59	106	1 204
	b	1 258 220	45 001 278	4 004 000		95 356 553	300 479 626	3 455 443 021
	d		1					3
	e		1(1), 7(1)					1(3), 7(2)

Oceania

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	29	6	2	2		4		
	b	9 668 220	32 868	493 766	1 468 000		6 557 970		
	c	2 505 370	34 868	1 536	582 000		203 399		
Belgium	a	17	11	1	1				
	b	16 515 819	124 490	39 800	9 892 000				
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1							
	b	39 155							
	c	39 155							
Cyprus	a	3							
	b	26 731							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	2					1		
	b								
	c	20 828					57 972		
Denmark	a	3			1	2			
	b	155 155			2 600	5 809			
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Oceania

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Estonia	a						2		
	b						22 500 000		
	c						33 000		
Finland	a	4		2				1	
	b	3 238 000		482 256				58 965	
	c	130 085		213 741		469 580			
France	a	5		1	1	1			1
	b	226 264		7 690 000	4 620 000	22 000 000			125 000
	c								
Germany	a	104	14	30	7	7	61	2	9
	b	3 945 757	33 979 146	17 195 940	4 296 339	4 873 045	35 285 639	381	2 277
	c								
Ireland	a	1				13			
	b	3 700				4 741 520			
	c								
Italy	a				10		1		2
	b				123 314 267		574 050		77 600
	c								
Latvia	a	5							
	b	21 095 125							
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c	2 878 287							
Netherlands	a				2	3	2		
	b				4 524 800	1 028 644	6 986		
	c				4 800	906 480	541 619		
Slovenia	a								
	b								
	c						112 200		
Spain	a		1				1		
	b		2 000 000				35 000		
	c		2 000 000						

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Oceania

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Sweden	a		3	13	1	5			1
	b		34 858 324	11 501 748		522 807			51 880
	c		88 722	5 829 457	14 902 680	1 091 583			353 554
Total per ML category	a	174	35	49	25	31	72	3	13
	b	54 913 926	70 994 828	37 403 510	148 118 006	33 171 825	64 959 645	59 346	256 757
	d								
	e								

Oceania

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a		1						
	b		1 067						
	c		1 067						
Czech Republic	a		2						
	b		313 039						
	c		261 605	483 848					
Finland	a			1		1			
	b			22 000		290 000			
	c	11 737 575		11 000					
France	a	3	3	1		1	1	2	1
	b	76 060 820	55 500 212	1 100 000		30 000 000	4 600 000	19 400 000	1 980 000
	c								
Germany	a	18	20	19			6	5	9
	b	1 721 513	16 292 072	2 270 673			4 176 530	6 457 551	694 757
	c								
Ireland	a	1							
	b	19 510							
	c								
Italy	a	6	10	7				1	
	b	6 090 622	4 049 821	188 182				36 151	
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c							195 664	

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Oceania

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Luxembourg	a					2			
	b					7 668			
	c					7 668			
Netherlands	a	11		1			2	2	2
	b	30 097 612		1 830 999			148 557	7 487 280	1 299 729
	c	8 996	3 268 494					126 000	2 668
Portugal	a			30					
	b			1 743 154					
	c		304 434	704 265					
Spain	a	2	1						
	b		27 818 682						
	c		17 884 856						
Sweden	a		2	7			1		
	b		1 285 756	1 445 952			45 132		
	c		395 973	309 292		198 491	90 146		
Total per ML category	a	41	39	66		4	10	10	12
	b	113 990 077	105 260 649	8 600 960		30 297 668	8 970 219	33 380 982	3 974 486
	d								
	e								

Oceania

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		4					48
	b		344 820					18 566 711
	c		11 496					3 339 736
Belgium	a							30
	b							26 572 109
	c							
Bulgaria	a							1
	b							39 155
	c							39 155
Cyprus	a							3
	b							26 731
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Oceania

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Czech Republic	a	1						6
	b	30 688						343 727
	c		29					824 282
Denmark	a					5	7	20
	b					6 019 520	6 023 020	12 209 604
	c							
Estonia	a					1	1	4
	b							22 500 000
	c							33 000
Finland	a							9
	b							4 091 221
	c							12 561 981
France	a	1				5	2	29
	b	173				19 125 723	1 920 000	244 348 192
	c							
Germany	a	11	9			20	28	379
	b	730 735	4 951 069			1 622 473	15 750 102	154 245 999
	c							
Ireland	a					1	1	17
	b					100 000	100 000	4 964 730
	c							
Italy	a					1	3	41
	b					37 222 692	90 432	171 643 817
	c							54 529 268
Latvia	a							5
	b							21 095 125
	c							
Lithuania	a							
	b							
	c							3 073 951
Luxembourg	a							2
	b							7 668
	c							7 668

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Oceania

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Netherlands	a		1			3	14	43
	b		179 044			248 172	32 457 887	79 309 710
	c						810 447	5 669 504
Poland	a	1						1
	b	50 679						50 679
	c	16 000						16 000
Portugal	a							30
	b							1 743 154
	c							1 008 699
Romania	a							
	b							
	c					827 001		827 001
Slovenia	a							
	b							
	c							112 200
Spain	a							5
	b							29 853 682
	c						5	19 884 861
Sweden	a	4				3	13	53
	b	226 637					34 853 771	84 792 007
	c	339 795				47 569	6 952 986	30 600 248
Total per ML category	a	18	14			39	69	726
	b	1 038 912	5 474 933			64 338 580	91 195 212	876 404 021
	d							
	e							

Other European countries

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	231	9	103		8	20	1	2
	b	38 466 176	75 157	7 669 877		19 721 062	22 541 626		20 244
	c	10 186 976	67 100	6 142 409		9 731 159	17 161 281		5 244
Belgium	a	146	4	13	5	2	10	4	21
	b	13 351 953	18 061 597	9 531 597	51 360 772	374 000	604 380 629	3 407 163	7 491 804
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Other European countries

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Bulgaria	a	8	13	32	14	11	4	1	9
	b	1 966 656	10 096 270	198 702 746	103 600 018	181 853	227 267	39 695	23 217 380
	c	1 975 218	4 788 467	182 196 257	14 705 365	157 035	163 868	39 695	6 212 358
Croatia	a	49	19	9	2				4
	b	9 118 829	14 986 631	22 177 614	258				58 426
	c	456 541	12 413 866	7 912 723	129				25 214
Cyprus	a	23							
	b	645 631							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	79	32	88	34	11	104	9	19
	b	10 480 097	16 685 027	439 852 278	178 747 589	15 068 830	72 259 303	2 257 033	3 065 739
	c	28 094 767	26 427 865	299 282 777	281 289 865	46 268 380	106 776 013	3 742 610	5 467 525
Denmark	a	28	1	2	2	30	26		
	b	665 476	120 422	9 520	389 988	682 553	9 618 173		
	c								
Estonia	a	16	9	12	10	6	22		
	b	2 223 567	16 367 681	15 343 921	19 310 192	4 080 620	53 868 408		
	c	557 047				3 759 180	5 727 182		
Finland	a	23	1	3	5	9		10	3
	b	7 522 852	255 000	128 900	3 881 758	16 520 621		2 030 527	1 639 432
	c	4 786 779	255 000	703 700	4 081 758	3 530 023	344 673	203 802	696 893
France	a	41	15	31	56	41	27	9	10
	b	38 310 153	2 350 170 370	2 455 105 998	6 311 512 696	2 099 565 258	308 347 838	1 576 726	24 057 670
	c								
Germany	a	483	180	246	63	78	432	10	26
	b	55 785 311	68 296 033	1 372 527 178	1 262 762 437	236 435 504	2 963 235 405	990 517	101 143
	c								
Greece	a					1	2	3	
	b					40	184 613	40	
	c								
Hungary	a	22		55	2				2
	b	2 873 966		48 019 027	1 405 706				33 000
	c	113 537		6 308 043	5 249				

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Other European countries

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Ireland	a	3	1	2	23	8	2		
	b	700	900	3 158	528 064	12 069 776	24 452		
	c								
Italy	a	4	17	17	24	16	12	2	
	b	82 177	199 314 487	253 411 777	204 799 290	22 335 237	19 713 532		
	c								
Latvia	a	34	9	10	12	1	4		
	b	5 646 865				260 560	9 000		
	c					260 560	9 000		
Lithuania	a	5		25	10	16	4		
	b	175 450		3 371 998	861 178	7 495 630	188 340		
	c	1 458 949		3 136 485	859 178	3 893 736	88 840		
Netherlands	a	198	18	25	37	24	98	1	1
	b	117 953 322	46 239 953	45 085 726	102 685 862	180 088 571	232 820 913	1 919 099	1 720
	c	117 656 793	46 239 991	31 183 933	109 110 878	190 121 845	228 791 159	2 214 525	1 000
Poland	a	39	62	139	59	19	86	6	18
	b	75 603 194	131 227 215	1 679 102 417	1 036 724 963	4 440 048	528 377 455	1 744 619	14 176 539
	c	15 822 975	48 749 973	585 111 533	477 067 214	5 930 459	229 681 120	464 971	6 816 121
Portugal	a	1	1	1	1		1		
	b	1	1	1	15 451		1		
	c	1	1	1	15 451		1		
Romania	a	3	3	3	5	4	1	2	
	b	84 057	2 100 995	901 498	3 042 982	414 272	69 361	342 168	
	c	84 057	2 100 995	2 520 955	30 130 159	378 296	320 556		
Slovakia	a	6	5	9	1	2	3		3
	b	318 080	8 592 905	4 192 260		132 480	286 594 161		135 788
	c	318 080	179 256	1 717 572		82 800	447 646		
Slovenia	a	4	5	7	6		3		1
	b	95 332	3 335 076	4 371 128	6 721 670		429 108		1 440 000
	c	20 327	61 970	2 122 639	623 670		193 791		1 024 000
Spain	a	21	5	36	52	12	56		9
	b	380 795	13 218 050	229 632 286	168 130 438	21 661 968	616 342 773		1 276 268
	c	706 167	3 712 246	116 270 478	52 288 586	23 779 101	175 712 039		503 170

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Other European countries

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Sweden	a	5	20	55	41	39	6	1	23
	b	163 595	80 540 147	145 966 265	17 608 928	37 060 092	453 099		8 799 816
	c	578 505	81 414 648	33 564 490	12 435 260	40 828 651	33 944 028	14 908	2 498 948
Total per ML category	a	1 472	429	923	464	338	923	59	151
	b	381 914 235	2 979 683 917	6 935 107 170	9 474 090 240	2 678 588 975	5 719 685 457	14 307 587	85 514 969
	d	8		7	2	1	1		
	e	1(2), 3(4), 4(2), 7(6)		1(1), 3(3), 4(1), 7(6)	4(1), 5(1)	4(1), 7(1)	4(1), 7(1)		

Other European countries

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a		1	1		11	2	2	13
	b		13 870	396 580		319 731	4 745 081	5 696 920	49 497 904
	c					125 366			19 260 012
Belgium	a		54	4		6	1	4	8
	b		24 103 093	1 526 783		10 401 451	8 034 884	361 121	544 727
	c								
Bulgaria	a		1	2		4		4	3
	b		6 000	519 193		7 821 458		405 198	37 849 452
	c		6 000	58 899		1 830 708	121 070	44 907	1 127 437
Croatia	a		1			6		1	
	b		17 000			2 414 440		17 100	
	c					102 040			
Czech Republic	a	1	51	7		11	1	33	9
	b	18 229	30 280 703	795 745		2 367 130		33 744 022	21 941 475
	c	18 387	37 268 968	34 140 814		2 490 601	1 882 837	68 774 664	9 009 699
Denmark	a	1	6	3		102			1
	b	19 732 200	133 666	60 528		20 646 737			12 000
	c								
Estonia	a		14	20		12	2	7	
	b		7 737 729	14 544 151		9 732 416	79 410	1 074 135	
	c		2 457 487	1 578 269		22 000		190 113	

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Other European countries

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Finland	a		3	10		8		1	1
	b		68 260	3 093 519		102 892 098		170 000	9 500 000
	c		1 394 486	2 051 203		266 264			3 350
France	a	10	56	55		26	8	46	6
	b	106 919 205	4 326 577 903	881 078 181		496 878 431	73 969 608	1 250 936 779	98 850 001
	c								
Germany	a	36	134	94		4	37	24	108
	b	34 427 007	257 459 252	63 064 736		302 524	7 080 494	7 437 010	47 836 438
	c								
Greece	a			2				15	
	b			98 155				9 892 224	
	c								
Hungary	a		2	1					1
	b		3 500 000	1 610 000					17 982
	c		303 058						17 982
Ireland	a	5	1					10	
	b	347 679	83 347					77 354 194	
	c								
Italy	a	1	169	71				2	22
	b	7 143 087	349 910 136	48 646 897				8 031 000	13 705 947
	c								
Latvia	a			1		2		7	
	b			91 500				1 274 280	
	c			91 500				1 274 280	
Lithuania	a		2	32				29	
	b		401 390	18 726 205				7 777 314	
	c		401 390	211 330 325		26 343		3 239 555	
Luxembourg	a								3
	b								840 143
	c								84 413
Netherlands	a	50	9	7		8	1	22	1
	b	24 173 440	8 976 706	4 257 124		15 683 183	6 572	8 711 651	57 577
	c	11 902 682	28 789 793	2 337 541		15 689 190	189 238	9 563 879	1 726 968

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Other European countries

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Poland	a	3	37	23		9	1	12	8
	b	278 250	40 849 267	2 449 991		330 267 605	4 480 000	7 670 375	35 325 242
	c	3 196 896	78 600 464	4 159 497		16 728 650	780 000	362 423	3 831 343
Portugal	a	6	45	11			1	1	
	b	947 473	110 268 312	231 884			381 295	1 597 995	
	c		51 346 494	72 919			381 295		
Romania	a	2	14	2		2	1		7
	b	376 936	1 868 330	25 090		624 714	75 000		812 825
	c	40 760 927	2 793 936	25 089		611 386	37 500		512 764
Slovakia	a			2			2	2	
	b			49 661 141			5 152 123	182 750	
	c								
Slovenia	a								13
	b								6 891 562
	c								1 602 589
Spain	a	39	67	19			1	9	30
	b	55 336 754	1 552 078 468	173 586 776			208 760	2 051 769	12 124 496
	c	1 308 670	320 469 372	28 680 444		363 097	72 292	1 702 921	5 343 962
Sweden	a	3	13	3		6	8	5	1
	b	217 836	2 319 410	227 812		2 505 986	4 056 125	269 840	76 639
	c	5 640 226	246 046	6 422		4 078 745	1 207 685	1 260 710	3 399
Total per ML category	a	157	680	370		217	66	236	235
	b	249 918 096	6 716 652 842	1 264 691 991		1 002 857 904	108 269 352	1 424 655 677	335 884 410
	d		5						
	e		1(2), 2(1), 7(2)						

Other European countries

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a	5	31	1			9	450
	b	303 182	340 209				670 490	150 478 109
	c	214 522	90 183				74 499	63 058 751
Belgium	a	1	8				4	295
	b	6 760 314	71 470				1	759 763 359
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Other European countries

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a						5	111
	b						8 500 000	393 133 186
	c							213 427 284
Croatia	a	1					1	93
	b	8 025					53 250	48 851 573
	c							20 910 513
Cyprus	a							23
	b							645 631
	c							
Czech Republic	a	4	47				1	541
	b	991 350	2 153 496					830 708 046
	c	2 249 940	5 077 674			503 185	1 151 198	959 917 769
Denmark	a	2				14	13	231
	b	78 000				18 860 462	18 904 855	89 914 580
	c							
Estonia	a	5				5	9	149
	b	13 901 020				57 526	136 803	158 457 579
	c	1 300 000					136 803	15 728 081
Finland	a	2				7	4	90
	b	4 834				89 100	4 197 035	151 993 936
	c	5 599				13 200	952 717	19 289 447
France	a	3	7			11	64	522
	b	94 500	15 437 500			6 604 792	703 061 612	21 549 055 221
	c						72 320 000	72 320 000
Germany	a	72	94	1		111	209	2 442
	b	19 105 274	51 472 469	65 000		23 828 811	64 489 300	6 536 701 843
	c							
Greece	a					1		24
	b					23 730		10 198 802
	c							
Hungary	a					1		86
	b					5 000 000		62 459 681
	c					85 700		6 833 569

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Other European countries

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Ireland	a					2	6	63
	b					100 000	603 890	91 116 160
	c							
Italy	a		14			11	22	404
	b		10 641 350			6 564 696	1 521 275	1 145 820 888
	c							185 953 201
Latvia	a	1						81
	b	102 576						7 384 781
	c	102 576						1 737 916
Lithuania	a					1	2	126
	b						67 560	39 065 065
	c							224 434 801
Luxembourg	a							3
	b							840 143
	c							84 413
Netherlands	a	9	2			11	19	541
	b	49 059 789	214 056			8 569 688	24 570 051	871 075 003
	c	49 135 907	100 787			256	2 929 093	847 685 458
Poland	a	2	3			2	23	551
	b	268 857	235 896			3 140	912 552	3 894 137 625
	c	257 712	1 073 679			1 954	56 185	1 478 693 169
Portugal	a		1					70
	b		72 000					113 514 414
	c						22 827	51 838 990
Romania	a						1	50
	b						54 000	10 792 228
	c		36 945				99 875	80 413 440
Slovakia	a		2				2	39
	b		4 898 097				1 525 616	361 385 401
	c		1 900 000					4 645 354
Slovenia	a		1					40
	b		7 850					23 291 726
	c		7 850					5 656 836

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Other European countries

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Spain	a					12	23	391
	b					2 425 837	909 179	2 849 364 617
	c					2 550 995	1 034 400	734 497 940
Sweden	a	47	4			21	41	342
	b	15 308 643	45 484			902 686	1 875 751	318 398 154
	c	10 735 310				1 623 191	11 806 556	241 887 728
Total per ML category	a	154	214	2		210	458	7 758
	b	105 986 364	85 589 877	65 000		73 030 468	832 053 220	40 468 547 751
	d							24
	e							1(5), 2(1), 3(7), 4(6), 5(1), 7(16)

South America

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	89							
	b	17 816 819							
	c	9 118 060							
Belgium	a	20				1	2		1
	b	1 789 445				240 000	50 699		9 150 000
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1	1	1					
	b	51 226	200 928	381 029					
	c				14 025				
Croatia	a	6							
	b	6 045 090							
	c	2 018 742							
Cyprus	a	1							
	b	18 800							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	9		2			1		
	b	221 602		1 861 957			1 083 017		
	c	1 599 167	24 452	1 713 305			723		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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South America

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Denmark	a				1	1	1		
	b				4 160 000	37 075	34 349		
	c								
Estonia	a						1		
	b						50 000		
	c								
Finland	a					1			
	b					4 000			
	c								
France	a	1	3	1	10	7			
	b	391 101	431 490 000	1 671 580	585 304 178	569 499 000			
	c								
Germany	a	23	2	1	5	3	25	4	11
	b	283 787	2 735 947	15 000	994 279	6 114 647	7 770 348	687 727	3 669
	c								
Italy	a	48			5	5	5		
	b	9 113 647			2 155 241	1 226 582	5 237 713		
	c								
Lithuania	a	1							
	b	338 498							
	c								
Netherlands	a	3				4	1		
	b	900				6 270 589	20 475		
	c	60 028				848 595			
Slovakia	a	17							
	b	9 165 259							
	c	3 287 172							
Slovenia	a	2		3					
	b	1 852 519		5 275 116					
	c	939 955		18 096 256					
Spain	a	31	2	4	5	5	7		1
	b	240 181		1 682 715	19 495 763	216 711	8 990 452		1 000 000
	c	284 895	24 868	5 858 235	3 348 193		5 629 336		389 849

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South America

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Sweden	a		1	2	3	1			
	b			165 608					
	c	1 714	464 727	938 348	5 209 683	3 255 915			
Total per ML category	a	252	9	14	29	28	43	4	13
	b	47 328 874	434 426 875	11 053 005	612 109 461	583 608 604	23 237 053	687 727	10 153 669
	d	1							
	e	7(1)							

South America

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a					7			
	b					525 000			
	c					42 350		43 744	
Belgium	a							3	
	b							327 667	
	c								
Bulgaria	a					4			
	b					975 346			
	c					181 536			
Croatia	a								1
	b								52 029
	c								
Czech Republic	a								
	b								
	c		10 804 614						
Denmark	a		1						
	b		299 000 000						
	c								
Estonia	a		1				1		
	b		775 648				1 300		
	c								
Finland	a					1			
	b					1 200			
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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South America

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
France	a	4	12	11		3		6	1
	b	45 584 002	380 340 004	500 072 000		10 200 460		50 490 000	14 098 529
	c								
Germany	a	25	70	27			2	3	5
	b	42 144 203	7 152 185	25 755 115			705 890	241 484	129 764
	c								
Greece	a							15	
	b							38 574 000	
	c								
Italy	a		12	5					
	b		1 438 997	1 033 535					
	c								
Lithuania	a			1				2	
	b			18 480				315 655	
	c			18 480					
Netherlands	a	4		3					
	b	12 271 421		5 842 424					
	c	957 745	65 000	6 189					
Poland	a								
	b								
	c					450			
Portugal	a			2					
	b			98 600					
	c		28 250 547	13 400					
Romania	a								
	b								
	c			287 520					
Spain	a		8	3		1		7	
	b		140 793 600	17 096 182		24 000		16 000	
	c		12 641 997	1 789 319				473 424	
Sweden	a						3		
	b						53 152		
	c		131 572 986	2 044 605		150 877	365 923	141 943	

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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South America

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Total per ML category	a	33	104	52		16	6	36	7
	b	99 999 626	829 500 434	549 916 336		11 726 006	760 342	89 964 806	14 280 322
	d								
	e								

South America

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		10					106
	b		207 656					18 549 475
	c		204 085					9 408 239
Belgium	a		3			1	1	32
	b		438 766			100	104	11 996 781
	c							
Bulgaria	a							7
	b							1 608 529
	c							195 561
Croatia	a							7
	b							6 097 119
	c							2 018 742
Cyprus	a							1
	b							18 800
	c							
Czech Republic	a		4					16
	b		91 510					3 258 086
	c		172 342					14 314 603
Denmark	a							4
	b							303 231 424
	c							
Estonia	a							3
	b							826 948
	c							
Finland	a							2
	b							5 200
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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South America

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
France	a		2			1	15	77
	b		24 300 000			1 909 220	110 922 008	2 726 272 082
	c							
Germany	a		4			16	12	238
	b		43 235			784 376	1 785 910	97 347 566
	c							
Greece	a							15
	b							38 574 000
	c							
Hungary	a						1	1
	b						4	4
	c							
Italy	a		1					81
	b		1 060 000					21 265 715
	c							53 940 137
Lithuania	a					1		5
	b							672 633
	c							18 480
Netherlands	a					3	9	27
	b					6 518 822	6 760 497	37 685 128
	c					10	706	1 938 273
Poland	a							
	b							
	c							450
Portugal	a						1	3
	b						1	98 601
	c							28 263 947
Romania	a							
	b							
	c							287 520
Slovakia	a							17
	b							9 165 259
	c							3 287 172

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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South America

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Slovenia	a							5
	b							7 127 635
	c							19 036 211
Spain	a						1	75
	b							189 555 604
	c							30 440 116
Sweden	a					3	4	17
	b							218 760
	c	223 396	52 013			29 775 901	72 145 324	246 343 355
Total per ML category	a		24			25	44	739
	b		26 141 167			9 212 518	119 468 524	3 473 575 349
	d							1
	e							7(1)

South Asia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	6		6					
	b	282 500		45 575					
	c	8 294		5 256					
Belgium	a	4	3	2		1			
	b	11 135 319	2 340 497	4 933 210		143 280			
	c								
Bulgaria	a			5	1	1			
	b			534 342	4 006 650	5 916			
	c	50 355		16 634 919		2 904			
Croatia	a	2	1						
	b	330 885	50						
	c	108 410							
Cyprus	a	225							
	b	1 611 495							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	16		4		2	11	2	1
	b	278 466		103 342			2 782 617	295 956	583 163
	c	291 830		352 697			11 854 622	359	

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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South Asia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Estonia	a						6		
	b						15 538 858		
	c						388 808		
Finland	a					1			
	b					16 000			
	c					16 400			
France	a		4	3	17	20	4		
	b		1 495 700 000	11 435 000	3 903 358 542	2 130 851 524	12 961 255		
	c								
Germany	a	81	1	102	14	16	15	1	6
	b	962 948	5 810 400	2 132 077	60 576 790	2 512 166	4 073 122	250 000	110 402
	c								
Hungary	a	2							
	b	33 170							
	c	33 170							
Ireland	a					1			
	b					49 684			
	c								
Italy	a	3	9	1	4	6			
	b	19 500 966	13 482 774	1 292 940	29 386 176	9 965 773			
	c								
Lithuania	a					1			1
	b					47 700			12 490
	c					47 700			12 490
Netherlands	a					18	5		
	b					11 104 928	857 520		
	c					607 334	690 520		
Poland	a					1	2		
	b					93 394	220 641		
	c				5 424 483	96 600	62 332		
Romania	a				1				
	b				277 444				
	c				348 712	99 954			

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South Asia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Slovakia	a	6	1	1			3		1
	b	287 777		791 700			749 545		535 000
	c	31 420							
Slovenia	a		1	1					
	b		26 680	3 732					
	c		29 160	3 732					
Spain	a		5		1	1	5		
	b		12 594 700				131 958		
	c	3 313	13 925 487	1 042 000	786 234		274 485		
Sweden	a		4	2	4	14			
	b			110 154 892		1 845 899			
	c		10 093 320	49 588 755		1 552 512			
Total per ML category	a	345	29	127	42	83	51	3	9
	b	34 423 526	1 529 955 101	131 426 810	3 997 605 602	2 156 636 264	37 315 516	545 956	1 241 055
	d			1		1			
	e			7(1)		1(1), 2(1), 7(1)			

South Asia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a		4			1			
	b		1 180 703			125 000			
	c								
Belgium	a		5						
	b		19 274 948						
	c								
Bulgaria	a			6		1			
	b			2 568 832		10 080			
	c			2 568 832					
Czech Republic	a		4	2				1	
	b		3 269 539						
	c		1 703 374	37 204					
Denmark	a	2							
	b	5 395 209							
	c								

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South Asia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Finland	a		1			4			
	b		3 420 532			9 087 422			
	c					179 927			
France	a	32	43	26		3	2	21	4
	b	569 199 899	11 352 138 441	386 435 000		2 511 500	209 850 000	60 032 822	29 305 207
	c								
Germany	a	47	35	38			3	3	2
	b	22 775 263	13 419 110	10 871 040			382 375	1 471 088	1 002 185
	c								
Greece	a							3	
	b							278 309	
	c								
Hungary	a			1					
	b			666 800					
	c								
Ireland	a	1							
	b	4 000							
	c								
Italy	a	3	27	7				1	2
	b	260 214	38 406 791	1 946 648				100 000	396 800
	c								
Lithuania	a								
	b								
	c		48 235						
Netherlands	a	1	5						
	b	485 600	1 055 386						
	c		373 785						
Poland	a	2	1				1		
	b	176 015	15 394				22 624		
	c	44 641	1 541 198			4 600	63 763		
Portugal	a								
	b								
	c		2 199 690						

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South Asia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Romania	a	1	7	3					4
	b	60 000 000	16 645 638	821 944					88 161
	c		19 394 802	198 937					60 034
Slovakia	a		3						
	b		1 172 915						
	c		629 463						
Spain	a	1	5	6				1	
	b	7 651	6 708 583	1 268 427				136 652	
	c	5 088 807	65 521 329	5 770 705					
Sweden	a		3	2				2	2
	b		13 070 164						
	c	60 360	135 319 766			1 053 763			
Total per ML category	a	90	143	91		9	6	32	14
	b	658 303 851	11 469 778 144	404 578 691		11 734 002	210 254 999	62 018 871	30 792 353
	d	2				1			
	e	1(2), 4(1)				2(1)			

South Asia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		7			1	1	26
	b		468 240			1 600 000	3 838 000	7 540 018
	c		455 015					468 565
Belgium	a							15
	b							37 827 254
	c							
Bulgaria	a							14
	b							7 125 820
	c							19 257 010
Croatia	a							3
	b							330 935
	c							108 410

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South Asia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Cyprus	a							225
	b							1 611 495
	c							
Czech Republic	a		9	1				53
	b		223 268					7 536 351
	c		437 094				2 152 841	16 830 021
Denmark	a					1		3
	b					39		5 395 248
	c							
Estonia	a							6
	b							15 538 858
	c							388 808
Finland	a							6
	b							12 523 954
	c							196 327
France	a	3	8	1		2	33	226
	b	51 500	54 260 421	2 700 000		77 401 000	10 505 840 841	30 804 032 952
	c							
Germany	a	6	2			10	20	402
	b	100 776 052	39 888			727 925	2 711 225	230 604 056
	c							
Greece	a							3
	b							278 309
	c							
Hungary	a							3
	b							699 970
	c							33 170
Ireland	a							2
	b							53 684
	c							
Italy	a		1			1	3	68
	b		6 013 580				267 000	121 019 662
	c							95 963 339

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South Asia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Lithuania	a						2	4
	b						18 320	78 510
	c						473 872	582 297
Netherlands	a					4	15	48
	b					8 050 422	9 149 522	30 703 378
	c						568 213	2 239 852
Poland	a						9	16
	b						879 638	1 407 706
	c							7 237 617
Portugal	a							
	b							
	c							2 199 690
Romania	a						2	18
	b						3 440 000	81 273 187
	c		570 094				3 200 000	23 872 533
Slovakia	a							15
	b							3 536 937
	c							660 883
Slovenia	a							2
	b							30 412
	c							32 892
Spain	a		1				5	31
	b							20 847 971
	c							92 412 360
Sweden	a	2				7	8	50
	b					1 316 568		126 387 523
	c		337 178			295 022	126 591	198 427 267
Total per ML category	a	11	28	2		26	98	1 239
	b	100 827 552	61 005 397	2 700 000		89 095 954	10 526 144 546	31 516 384 190
	d							5
	e							1(3), 2(2), 4(1), 7(2)

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South East Asia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	12	3	12	2		4		3
	b	941 217	2 161 604	933 620	161 862		402 207		26 894
	c	205 664	596 436	589 693	161 862		390 845		26 894
Belgium	a	8		2	1				1
	b	1 190 076		3 458 400	2 922 287				1 000
	c								
Bulgaria	a	1	2	11	5	1	1		
	b	24	719 120	17 758 346	4 460 035	69 148	12 532		
	c	24	719 120	28 551 186	3 973 663	70 078	12 532		
Croatia	a	1		1					
	b	557 466		188 000					
	c			188 000					
Cyprus	a	3							
	b	147 511							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	27	1	11	6	1	16	3	
	b	1 117 916		4 225 380	179 445		4 319 109	283 288	
	c	12 382 443	4 176 728	2 738 461	2 567 444	2 310 617	44 034 065	1 372	
Denmark	a	1			5	1	3		
	b	66 500			4 491 029	159 095	3 408 001		
	c								
Estonia	a						9		
	b						46 118 844		
	c						791 667		
Finland	a	2			1	4		4	
	b	35 096			37 979	935 000		913 490	
	c	34 483			37 979	83 600	278 630	188 869	
France	a	2	4	7	10	20	11	2	
	b	2 047 000	804 485 000	331 495 000	1 704 789 001	291 521 630	288 867 141	8 169 000	
	c								
Germany	a	9	5	7	5	5	42	5	24
	b	259 551	40 061 358	450 935	330 540	501 030	35 527 149	2 461 225	11 850
	c								

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South East Asia

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Hungary	a	5		2					
	b	142 938		22 105					
	c	71 674							
Ireland	a					2	1		
	b					97 000	65 305		
	c								
Italy	a	14	11	4	2	3			
	b	4 167 508	36 630 948	14 332 623	1 952 032	11 794 555			
	c								
Netherlands	a	1			2	7	2		
	b	579 219			1 150 421	16 623 514	640 836		
	c				700	4 620 012	1 783 155		
Poland	a					5	2		
	b					1 857 130	122 249		
	c					834 824			
Romania	a	1				1			
	b	27 523				18 000			
	c	27 523				18 000			
Slovakia	a	39							
	b	15 967 204							
	c	1 923 278							
Slovenia	a	1		1	1				
	b	119 313		1 570	45 640				
	c	119 313		1 570					
Spain	a	3	2	15	1	10			
	b	379 646		27 859 166	1 140 000	6 521 958			
	c	377 243		20 159 181	2 074 484	2 048 943	11 236		
Sweden	a		3		3	8	1		3
	b		4 044 780		11 615	44 872 210	784 210		624 013
	c		330 853		113 998	2 301 521			12 820
Total per ML category	a	130	31	73	44	68	92	14	31
	b	27 745 708	888 102 810	400 725 145	1 721 671 886	374 970 270	380 267 583	11 827 003	663 757
	d						1		
	e						2(1)		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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South East Asia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a					1		5	
	b					125 000		19 286	
	c					3 750		19 286	
Belgium	a								1
	b								249 740
	c								
Bulgaria	a			1				2	
	b			36 418				75 140	
	c			36 418				84 200	
Czech Republic	a		6	5			2	5	
	b		2 793 853				170 784		
	c		61 528 573	1 335 062			4 632 439	126 736	
Denmark	a	1							
	b	1 466 480							
	c								
Estonia	a			1					
	b			100 000					
	c								
Finland	a			1		4			
	b			683 496		3 840 000			
	c			683 496					
France	a	12	18	20		9	1	8	
	b	1 113 470 000	410 668 739	418 745 001		72 600 000	10 900 000	203 370 001	
	c								
Germany	a	21	35	19			2	2	2
	b	11 173 642	6 402 564	11 333 863			9 994 877	1 226 207	1 018 210
	c								
Greece	a							3	
	b							2 630 151	
	c								
Hungary	a		2						
	b		850 000						
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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South East Asia

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Italy	a	1	4	2			1		1
	b	13 583 178	6 546 483	8 772 000			725 000		20 508
	c								
Lithuania	a			1					
	b			40 000					
	c			40 000					
Netherlands	a	2	4	4				4	
	b	35 805	125 311	1 226 266				369 856	
	c	9 763	1 357				21 831	54 096	
Poland	a		3	1		1			1
	b		520 629	7 878		12 443			855 045
	c		252 000						19 937
Portugal	a		2	5					
	b		31 705	1 405 966					
	c		15 372 613	43 966					
Spain	a	1	9	1				6	
	b	123 256	402 038 000	19 600 000				2 510 688	
	c		97 148 950	21 901 677				4 256 548	
Sweden	a	2		6			1		
	b			42 696					
	c	44 887	25 025 008	51 226		134 380			
Total per ML category	a	40	83	67		15	7	35	5
	b	1 139 852 361	829 977 284	461 993 584		76 577 443	21 790 661	210 201 329	2 143 503
	d		1			1		2	
	e		1(1)			2(1)		2(1), 3(1), 7(1)	

South East Asia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		2					44
	b		284 273					5 055 963
	c		219 640					2 214 070
Belgium	a							13
	b							7 821 503
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

South East Asia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Bulgaria	a							24
	b							23 130 763
	c							33 447 221
Croatia	a							2
	b							745 466
	c							188 000
Cyprus	a							3
	b							147 511
	c							
Czech Republic	a	1	13			2	1	100
	b		216 882			1		13 306 658
	c		1 329 668			236 297		137 399 905
Denmark	a					4		15
	b					4 476 500		14 067 605
	c							
Estonia	a						2	12
	b							46 218 844
	c							791 667
Finland	a					1		17
	b					20 000		6 465 061
	c					10 000		1 317 057
France	a	5	2	1		10	40	182
	b	2 237 385	7 821 790	2 850 000		843 421 000	2 064 773 677	8 582 231 365
	c							
Germany	a	2	6			19	13	223
	b	273 288	233 915			732 979	12 549 128	134 542 311
	c							
Greece	a					2		5
	b					38 895 300		41 525 451
	c							
Hungary	a							9
	b							1 015 043
	c							71 674

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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South East Asia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Ireland	a						2	5
	b						82 124	244 429
	c							
Italy	a							43
	b							98 524 835
	c							137 192 879
Lithuania	a						2	3
	b						174 817	214 817
	c						173 039	213 039
Netherlands	a		1			11	19	57
	b		89 522			32 723 677	20 754 062	74 318 489
	c					621	721 099	7 212 634
Poland	a		1					14
	b		44 224					3 419 598
	c		562 145					1 668 906
Portugal	a							7
	b							1 437 671
	c							15 416 579
Romania	a							2
	b							45 523
	c							45 523
Slovakia	a							39
	b							15 967 204
	c							1 923 278
Slovenia	a							3
	b							166 523
	c							120 883
Spain	a						1	49
	b							460 172 714
	c						23 870 003	171 848 265
Sweden	a	1	2			2	35	67
	b	20 912						50 400 436
	c	20 912	15 661				17 266 751	45 318 017

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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South East Asia

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Total per ML category	a	9	27	1		51	115	938
	b	2 531 585	8 690 606	2 850 000		920 269 457	2 098 333 808	9 581 185 783
	d					1		6
	e					2(1), 3(1)		1(1), 2(4), 3(2), 7(1)

Sub-Saharan Africa

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Austria	a	50		9			4		
	b	6 199 851		893 363			14 776 829		
	c	588 125		320 076			296 300		
Belgium	a	4		2		2	4		
	b	112 654		15 904		46 075	808 711		
	c								
Bulgaria	a	26	8	24	22		3		3
	b	57 509 136	49 847 278	52 345 147	30 242 667	3 019 450	8 676 887		2 146 750
	c	38 441 033	10 740 482	44 243 155	44 979 725	431 700	4 338 355		1 087 250
Croatia	a	9	4	1					
	b	2 242 147	1 515 480	10 000					
	c	248 902	232 000						
Cyprus	a	1							
	b	20 000							
	c								
Czech Republic	a	18	1	13	1		3		
	b	4 860 238		9 282 095			196 418		
	c	7 718 574	603 893	29 895 133	140 615		5 697 905	53 293	325 413
Denmark	a	4							
	b	357 501							
	c								
Finland	a	4		1		1			
	b	251 900		6 390		14 000			
	c	86 402		6 390		12 200	26 737		

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Sub-Saharan Africa

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
France	a	13	3	6	9	8	26		1
	b	701 824	1 369 000	1 585 542	185 612 380	175 015 505	187 305 182		261 120
	c								
Germany	a	41		8	1	7	36	1	11
	b	725 611		17 190 719	268 000	7 557 177	5 283 420	186	6 722
	c								
Hungary	a			1					
	b			273 600					
	c			273 600					
Italy	a	7	1	4	5	2	1		
	b	9 258 078	84 600 000	451 000	212 900	1 818 838	1 165 000		
	c								
Malta	a			2					
	b			19 434					
	c			19 434					
Netherlands	a	2				1	1		
	b	313 249				123 853	190 000		
	c	312 250							
Poland	a	3	4	2	1	4	3	1	
	b	2 021 672	5 220 284	144 719	10 520 362	1 832 218	4 240 538	520 000	
	c	5 230 056	690 921			252 000	448 929		1 391 040
Portugal	a	3		3					
	b	322 159		51 149					
	c	19 700		123 400			157 263	18 200	
Romania	a	1							
	b	33 987							
	c			1 821 186					
Slovakia	a	3		1			3		
	b	678 000		280 065			4 534 934		
	c	130 000					11 972		
Slovenia	a					2			
	b					251 424			
	c					27 235			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Sub-Saharan Africa

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6	ML7	ML8
Spain	a	4		4	18		3		
	b	11 980		4 016 000	77 207 331		4 741 364		
	c	1 753		375 000	8 751 137	40 173	2 118 165		
Sweden	a				1	1			5
	b								1 217 616
	c	122 974		582 054	890 340	12 086			396 216
Total per ML category	a	193	21	81	58	28	87	2	20
	b	85 619 987	142 552 042	86 565 127	304 063 640	189 678 540	231 919 283	520 186	3 632 208
	d	2					1		
	e	7(2)					7(1)		

Sub-Saharan Africa

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Austria	a		1	1				2	
	b		11 761 146	973 062				5 586 901	
	c		11 761 146	973 062		1		5 586 901	
Bulgaria	a		5	2		2			
	b		3 255 658	234 141		488 603			
	c		2 782 224	132 318		2 178 559			
Czech Republic	a		4	2		2			
	b		49 378 683						
	c		8 762 979	804 749		251 381	2 244 718	612 623	
Estonia	a		2	1					
	b		4 398 000	85 795					
	c			85 795					
Finland	a								
	b								
	c					145 403			
France	a	3	21	7		28	1	12	
	b	217 455 000	430 593 165	558 623 634		112 511 915	11 644	77 076 703	
	c								
Germany	a	7	9	8		4		2	4
	b	760 801	41 925 022	3 927 599		169 000		5 671 400	2 056 631
	c								

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Sub-Saharan Africa

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Greece	a							1	
	b							1 070 000	
	c								
Hungary	a		5						
	b		654 000						
	c								
Italy	a		9						
	b		172 222 213						
	c								
Lithuania	a			1				2	
	b			369 600				1 854 590	
	c			369 600					
Luxembourg	a			1					
	b			15 000					
	c			15 000					
Malta	a							2	
	b							8 687	
	c							32 689	
Poland	a		1			1			
	b		369 412			81 000			
	c		393 681						
Portugal	a		1	3		1			
	b		533	47 578		18 832			
	c		6 990 175	102 004					
Romania	a		1						
	b		2 384 553						
	c								
Spain	a	2	6			1		2	
	b	11 280 620	106 491 819						
	c	5 486 838	40 491 536						
Sweden	a		4	3			1	1	
	b		739 768	19 692					
	c		1 046 788	12 855		455 207			

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Sub-Saharan Africa

		ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12	ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16
Total per ML category	a	12	69	29		39	2	24	4
	b	229 496 421	824 173 972	564 296 101		113 269 350	11 644	91 268 281	2 056 631
	d		6						
	e		1(4), 3(2)						

Sub-Saharan Africa

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a		3				1	71
	b		328 352				264 672	40 784 176
	c							19 525 611
Belgium	a							12
	b							983 344
	c							
Bulgaria	a		1				2	98
	b		3 200				2 322 646	210 091 563
	c						22 371 176	171 725 977
Croatia	a							14
	b							3 767 627
	c							480 902
Cyprus	a							1
	b							20 000
	c							
Czech Republic	a		2					46
	b		1 258					63 718 692
	c		86 770					57 198 046
Denmark	a							4
	b							357 501
	c							
Estonia	a							3
	b							4 483 795
	c							85 795
Finland	a							6
	b							272 290
	c							277 132
France	a	1	2			1	9	151
	b	3 400 000	12 407 040			25 750 000	122 060 736	2 111 740 390
	c							

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Sub-Saharan Africa

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Germany	a		3			1	7	150
	b		300 966			16 043	197 852	86 057 149
	c							
Greece	a							1
	b							1 070 000
	c							
Hungary	a							6
	b							927 600
	c							273 600
Italy	a						1	30
	b							269 728 029
	c							118 955 205
Lithuania	a							3
	b							2 224 190
	c							369 600
Luxembourg	a							1
	b							15 000
	c							15 000
Malta	a							4
	b							28 121
	c							52 123
Netherlands	a							4
	b							627 102
	c						1	312 251
Poland	a							20
	b							24 950 205
	c							8 406 627
Portugal	a							11
	b							440 251
	c							7 410 742
Romania	a						1	3
	b						49 500	2 468 040
	c						49 500	1 870 686

EU ARMS EXPORTS PER REGION IN 2023

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Sub-Saharan Africa

		ML17	ML18	ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Slovakia	a							7
	b							5 492 999
	c							141 972
Slovenia	a							2
	b							251 424
	c							27 235
Spain	a						1	41
	b						1 250 000	204 999 114
	c							57 264 602
Sweden	a	1				2	3	22
	b	18 298					8 278	2 003 652
	c						10 926 564	14 445 084
Total per ML category	a	2	11			4	25	711
	b	3 418 298	13 040 816			25 766 043	126 153 684	3 037 502 254
	d							9
	e							1(4), 3(2), 7(3)

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

WORLDWIDE

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6
Austria	a	871	37	218	34	13	85
	b	1 229 392 495	9 713 551	109 191 969	17 324 852	23 499 147	153 286 923
	c	249 697 719	2 063 462	36 125 839	7 612 748	12 596 070	45 479 010
	d						
	e						
Belgium	a	881	25	71	11	27	59
	b	208 043 133	65 913 840	313 198 416	73 114 834	7 301 926	642 997 599
	c						
	d						
	e						
Bulgaria	a	94	60	219	99	46	38
	b	117 500 633	191 103 713	2 116 547 657	913 251 747	8 313 507	65 914 976
	c	112 265 663	67 574 250	1 127 204 203	662 329 670	6 475 383	64 397 646
	d						
	e						
Croatia	a	151	42	31	4		5
	b	664 359 116	16 790 835	53 873 772	1 042 978		2 299 787
	c	60 551 650	12 695 196	11 085 714	521 489		
	d						
	e						
Cyprus	a	349					
	b	3 442 450		4 098 185			
	c						
	d						
	e						
Czech Republic	a	266	59	212	59	20	270
	b	21 237 883	18 382 953	483 631 412	187 700 365	15 068 830	132 417 809
	c	70 135 183	65 450 712	696 173 449	302 631 054	51 760 274	418 547 412
	d	3		1			
	e	1(2), 7(3)		1(1), 7(1)			

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

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WORLDWIDE

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6
Denmark	a	50	4	6	35	113	81
	b	1 385 900	3 322 336	24 291	123 969 370	7 561 375	15 969 854
	c						
	d						
	e						
Estonia	a	38	13	15	20	16	62
	b	4 635 660	16 415 445	15 382 921	24 896 493	9 062 866	215 232 243
	c	1 225 382			801 727	4 015 052	12 875 355
	d						
	e						
Finland	a	117	4	22	29	22	13
	b	27 641 469	2 946 000	14 524 000	16 561 540	19 578 436	312 956 630
	c	10 115 951	503 000	31 763 323	28 303 808	9 277 651	60 493 401
	d	2				1	1
	e	3(2), 7(2)				4(1), 7(1)	2(1)
France	a	103	100	154	333	289	145
	b	221 149 996	11 337 741 498	13 306 904 893	39 545 462 214	15 743 120 440	18 839 972 777
	c						
	d				2		
	e				4(1), 5(1)		
Germany	a	1 771	439	768	260	308	1 632
	b	332 028 940	229 839 423	2 551 798 159	1 845 614 802	432 974 379	4 128 671 543
	c						
	d	6		2			1
	e	3(2), 4(1), 7(6)		3(2), 7(2)			7(1)
Greece	a			6	25	7	92
	b			12 092 432	18 785 276	40	39 785 796
	c						
	d						
	e						

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

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WORLDWIDE

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6
Hungary	a	222	8	227	22	7	21
	b	73 438 546	6 418 340	787 191 119	8 969 236	1 699 550	19 653 462
	c	3 453 956	4 677 240	51 472 483	945 553		924 443
	d	3		7			
	e	1(2), 4(2), 7(1)		1(2), 3(1), 4(2), 7(6)			
Ireland	a	12	3	2	30	49	4
	b	232 041	7 720	3 158	16 533 154	57 092 222	89 857
	c						
	d					1	1
	e					1(1), 2(1), 7(1)	2(1), 4(1), 7(1)
Italy	a	150	86	175	166	66	104
	b	126 798 199	511 568 368	745 070 369	1 014 193 819	99 496 920	564 484 822
	c						
	d	1					
	e	7(1)					
Latvia	a	128	11	27	12	1	6
	b	91 288 992	303 940	9 132		260 560	1 176 032
	c	39 300		9 132		260 560	1 176 032
	d						
	e						
Lithuania	a	77		79	11	32	9
	b	9 669 171		9 009 880	4 320 778	16 575 328	844 370
	c	20 470 445		4 560 335	4 318 778	4 684 514	744 870
	d						
	e						
Luxembourg	a		2		3		1
	b		217 710		475 985		54 500
	c		28 410		429 272		54 500
	d						
	e						

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

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WORLDWIDE

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6
Malta	a	3		4			
	b	54 400		23 034			
	c	2 566		20 709			
	d			2			
	e			1(1), 4(1)			
Netherlands	a	475	47	77	60	88	183
	b	126 060 961	51 749 148	51 811 075	145 384 900	268 376 881	288 826 764
	c	122 110 700	50 773 317	35 199 410	163 759 661	311 857 423	324 237 490
	d			2			3
	e			7(2)			2(2), 3(1), 4(2), 7(1)
Poland	a	62	85	153	83	58	218
	b	96 796 774	142 657 890	1 687 696 098	1 358 271 057	11 973 169	556 665 501
	c	32 183 333	50 280 797	589 645 361	497 239 006	10 126 982	236 577 791
	d						
	e						
Portugal	a	17	7	11	6	5	3
	b	6 933 969	36 237 957	3 437 552	1 365 155	439 236	6 378 136
	c	6 334 700	1 124 955	380 929 579	788 467	245 253	3 199 963
	d						
	e						
Romania	a	14	7	50	12	22	10
	b	3 608 900	3 051 964	229 568 235	34 499 878	4 106 263	22 081 990
	c	3 074 838	2 744 264	110 738 687	46 125 157	2 221 856	12 291 425
	d			2			
	e			7(2)			
Slovakia	a	117	43	110	22	15	162
	b	43 024 217	34 226 718	661 123 629	33 330 923	10 585 008	329 100 239
	c	17 852 119	4 029 743	104 738 306	14 346 231	7 040 277	15 985 502
	d	3	1		1		
	e	3(2), 7(3)	3(1), 7(1)		3(1), 7(1)		

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

WORLDWIDE

		ML1	ML2	ML3	ML4	ML5	ML6
Slovenia	a	30	6	20	7	3	8
	b	51 990 733	3 361 756	15 859 084	6 767 310	6 809 424	1 755 547
	c	4 685 164	1 837 136	32 033 006	623 670	27 235	2 588 695
	d						
	e						
Spain	a	132	41	148	207	71	141
	b	22 075 534	54 788 663	463 271 037	774 931 648	345 340 123	803 414 570
	c	12 025 635	45 544 961	222 242 507	169 279 034	74 480 672	261 541 937
	d						
	e						
Sweden	a	60	118	210	104	206	39
	b	1 624 523	180 055 376	446 277 210	223 231 402	230 231 293	49 664 156
	c	2 985 870	154 819 143	309 200 211	56 698 889	153 599 277	100 965 081
	d						
	e						
Total per ML category	a	6 190	1 247	3 015	1 654	1 484	3 391
	b	3 484 414 635	12 916 815 144	24 081 618 719	46 389 999 716	17 319 466 923	27 193 695 883
	d	18	1	16	3	2	6
	e	1(4), 3(6), 4(3), 7(16)	3(1), 7(1)	1(4), 3(3), 4(3), 7(13)	3(1), 4(1), 5(1), 7(1)	1(1), 2(1), 4(1), 7(2)	2(4), 3(1), 4(3), 7(3)

WORLDWIDE

		ML7	ML8	ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12
Austria	a	1	10	3	11	4	3
	b		1 479 268	602 532	16 402 988	1 439 642	17 515 869
	c		1 464 268	602 532	12 204 307	1 043 062	
	d						
	e						
Belgium	a	4	54		255	29	
	b	3 407 163	145 890 744		478 738 773	36 698 505	
	c						
	d						
	e						

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

WORLDWIDE

		ML7	ML8	ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12
Bulgaria	a	1	24	1	9	18	
	b	39 695	33 067 192	38 650	4 492 380	7 594 005	
	c	53 695	9 503 641	32 139	5 137 359	3 790 797	206 250
	d						
	e						
Croatia	a		6		1		
	b		253 526		17 000		
	c		152 923				
	d						
	e						
Czech Republic	a	41	57	2	158	71	
	b	7 038 766	3 664 834	24 615	90 563 128	128 068 115	
	c	15 810 462	13 397 775	24 644	180 751 828	90 534 279	
	d				8		
	e				1(7), 7(1)		
Denmark	a			17	62	18	
	b			28 266 572	361 552 497	863 894	
	c						
	d						
	e						
Estonia	a			2	31	41	
	b			222 390 734	17 239 480	27 544 309	
	c				3 931 110	3 282 804	
	d						
	e						
Finland	a	16	6	1	13	25	
	b	3 146 182	4 834 326	364 300	16 321 942	22 142 471	
	c	529 071	4 499 752	11 737 575	7 523 244	8 184 992	
	d						
	e						

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

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WORLDWIDE

		ML7	ML8	ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12
France	a	23	43	166	428	377	1
	b	100 462 685	451 355 298	20 343 062 003	53 559 116 134	22 642 291 539	1 350 001
	c						
	d	1		1	2		
	e	2(1)		1(1)	1(1), 2(1)		
Germany	a	63	174	471	1 027	566	
	b	41 906 843	11 435 695	340 396 730	833 506 587	485 856 908	
	c						
	d		1	1	1	1	
	e		1(1)	1(1), 4(1)	4(1), 7(1)	4(1)	
Greece	a	5		1	37	24	
	b	13 768		2 675 000	58 391 850	35 037 455	
	c						
	d						
	e						
Hungary	a	1	9		15	5	
	b	38 000	21 873 450		10 542 699	2 331 100	
	c	38 000	14 430		331 857	28 400	
	d				4		
	e				3(2), 7(2)		
Ireland	a	2		10	10	15	
	b	76 000		1 373 860	111 551 723	755 110	
	c						
	d						
	e						
Italy	a	19	11	60	644	313	
	b	718 960	13 116 400	110 656 315	797 054 041	564 705 981	
	c						
	d						
	e						

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

WORLDWIDE

		ML7	ML8	ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12
Latvia	a				2	3	
	b				32 450	91 500	
	c				32 450	91 500	
	d						
	e						
Lithuania	a	1	1		5	44	
	b	59 202	12 490		3 282 467	43 072 839	
	c	59 202	12 490		490 399	214 619 057	
	d						
	e						
Luxembourg	a				6	2	
	b				992 002	45 488	
	c				28 023	45 488	
	d						
	e						
Malta	a				3		
	b				7 411 751		
	c				1 966 572		
	d						
	e						
Netherlands	a	4	2	200	66	32	1
	b	4 645 870	30 920	103 795 772	201 193 051	53 366 290	29 200
	c	3 142 635	289 995	51 743 220	401 372 094	9 508 603	
	d				1	1	
	e				2(1), 6(1)	4(1), 6(1), 7(1)	
Poland	a	8	33	33	149	41	
	b	2 363 834	36 509 967	1 025 712	6 310 508 319	4 944 477	
	c	564 186	15 276 122	3 572 778	236 380 960	5 519 473	
	d						
	e						

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

WORLDWIDE

		ML7	ML8	ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12
Portugal	a	2		8	97	66	
	b	26 473		1 300 707	293 340 644	11 177 390	
	c	30 881		197 841	277 873 274	6 536 754	
	d						
	e						
Romania	a	5	6	4	62	11	
	b	7 249 766	4 089 090	60 676 936	29 021 731	11 598 199	
	c	7 308 568	4 243 385	40 760 927	42 664 702	13 612 445	
	d						
	e						
Slovakia	a	10	29		36	15	
	b	2 262 204	117 896 404		5 947 867	54 292 003	
	c	1 730 493	12 105 813		4 052 706	1 129 108	
	d						
	e						
Slovenia	a	2	1				
	b	650 028	1 440 000				
	c	670 552	1 024 000				
	d						
	e						
Spain	a	2	47	63	352	148	
	b		10 106 364	587 070 449	11 236 933 845	1 230 031 532	
	c		6 930 826	548 259 766	2 202 890 863	103 562 609	
	d						
	e						
Sweden	a	9	128	6	35	58	
	b	4 357	80 046 652	217 836	58 806 698	21 242 653	
	c	623 343	64 677 722	5 817 359	297 258 772	16 100 287	
	d						
	e						

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

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WORLDWIDE

		ML7	ML8	ML9	ML10	ML11	ML12
Total per ML category	a	219	641	1 048	3 514	1 926	5
	b	174 109 796	937 102 620	21 803 938 723	74 502 962 047	25 385 191 405	18 895 070
	d	1	1	2	16	2	
	e	2(1)	1(1)	1(2), 4(1)	1(8), 2(2), 3(2), 4(1), 6(1), 7(4)	4(2), 6(1), 7(1)	

WORLDWIDE

		ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Austria	a	77	4	14	34	18	162
	b	75 283 360	5 195 651	12 997 841	118 182 822	4 427 526	36 218 385
	c	6 443 074		7 344 665	38 963 581	236 558	20 080 256
	d						
	e						
Belgium	a	10	7	18	53	1	22
	b	13 646 626	83 146 563	4 055 219	20 842 989	6 760 314	31 523 524
	c						
	d			1			
	e			2(1), 3(1)			
Bulgaria	a	45		20	16		1
	b	18 325 336		8 374 539	350 689 694		86 957
	c	13 987 083	121 070	26 443 387	37 240 759		83 757
	d						
	e						
Croatia	a	10		1	3	2	
	b	6 414 435		17 100	52 896	18 432	
	c	582 035			578		
	d						
	e						
Czech Republic	a	21	19	56	27	16	171
	b	2 934 379	1 137 896	34 838 322	21 989 315	1 022 038	7 306 350
	c	12 769 946	15 456 421	76 670 329	65 391 689	6 977 994	11 413 368
	d						
	e						

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

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WORLDWIDE

		ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Denmark	a	934			2	8	1
	b	29 389 473			134 357	121 495	22 750
	c						
	d						
	e						
Estonia	a	14	12	19		9	
	b	9 764 058	295 155	11 120 868		14 761 587	
	c	45 887	4 757	1 838 928		1 301 901	
	d						
	e						
Finland	a	45		2	2	27	
	b	137 220 855		418 900	9 512 784	143 294	
	c	6 169 686			1 915 970	126 711	
	d						
	e						
France	a	171	40	304	70	58	58
	b	2 039 300 617	1 162 587 769	6 249 344 093	384 833 495	288 360 483	666 568 133
	c						
	d	1		1			
	e	2(1)		7(1)			
Germany	a	37	92	116	404	328	491
	b	28 225 631	39 112 363	116 402 980	246 640 556	130 200 393	122 996 902
	c						
	d	1					1
	e	2(1)					1(1), 7(1)
Greece	a	9		101		1	
	b	46 264 967		306 902 704		1 900	
	c						
	d						
	e						

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

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WORLDWIDE

		ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Hungary	a			1	14	4	1
	b				16 990 138	329 651	435 911
	c			79 116	1 578 855	104 369	50 000
	d						
	e						
Ireland	a	1		15		2	
	b	50 000		88 017 344		12 431	
	c						
	d						
	e						
Italy	a	6	6	12	106	5	42
	b	64 285	3 067 864	11 574 401	30 786 155	1 065 373	37 904 445
	c						
	d						
	e						
Latvia	a	2		15		1	
	b			1 398 612		102 576	
	c			1 398 612		102 576	
	d						
	e						
Lithuania	a	1		55			
	b	37 897		10 763 068			
	c	26 343		10 387 349			
	d						
	e						
Luxembourg	a	4		1	11		2
	b	282 668		473 450	3 591 971		418 623
	c	7 669		1	489 591		2
	d						
	e						

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

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WORLDWIDE

		ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Malta	a	2		3			
	b	2 000		10 187			
	c	1 519		32 690			
	d						
	e						
Netherlands	a	21	19	69	19	22	9
	b	32 029 387	3 953 495	24 289 464	3 603 733	52 645 335	1 083 023
	c	18 460 630	5 685 871	15 757 793	4 932 983	50 420 186	376 771
	d						
	e						
Poland	a	41	3	15	34	19	23
	b	417 241 437	7 722 624	8 402 866	88 302 070	1 740 801	7 553 562
	c	40 060 907	1 584 363	823 314	22 854 254	2 170 940	2 956 006
	d						
	e						
Portugal	a	7	2	4	1	4	5
	b	6 092 956	381 296	1 859 121	29 040	418 052	8 023 174
	c	1 117 559	381 296	254 526	767 604	412 342	
	d						
	e						
Romania	a	4	3	20	43		
	b	6 534 686	98 001	34 629 789	17 019 157		
	c	3 016 348	57 316	5 256 589	2 073 450	2 262 706	3 472 273
	d						
	e						
Slovakia	a	9	9	3	1	4	8
	b	437 470	11 358 297	337 750	55 640	37 150	6 885 733
	c	411 048	2 545 088	138 402	55 640	37 150	2 423 484
	d						
	e						

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

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WORLDWIDE

		ML13	ML14	ML15	ML16	ML17	ML18
Slovenia	a		2		24		3
	b		411 830		10 112 185		32 200
	c		8 700 412		18 468 510		1 417 833
	d						
	e						
Spain	a	5	12	77	33	10	7
	b	929 301	14 208 760	11 549 459	12 144 496		1 007 321
	c	499 998	14 083 510	9 588 793	5 441 960		557 219
	d						
	e						
Sweden	a	38	53	23	5	152	20
	b	4 337 358	15 461 645	2 066 395	76 639	57 926 030	16 929 423
	c	27 482 801	17 483 511	3 868 646	3 399	21 103 555	7 001 999
	d						
	e						
Total per ML category	a	1 514	283	964	902	691	1 026
	b	2 874 809 182	1 348 139 209	6 939 844 472	1 335 590 132	560 094 861	944 996 416
	d	2		2			1
	e	2(2)		2(1), 3(1), 7(1)			1(1), 7(1)

WORLDWIDE

		ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Austria	a	1		3	28	1 631
	b			9 100 000	23 677 602	1 864 932 423
	c			1	674 500	442 631 652
	d					
	e					
Belgium	a			4	21	1 552
	b			8 275	2 078 984	2 137 367 427
	c					
	d				1	2
	e				1(1)	1(1), 2(1), 3(1)
Bulgaria	a				9	700
	b				19 843 295	3 855 183 976
	c				30 818 264	2 167 665 016
	d					
	e					

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

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WORLDWIDE

		ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Croatia	a				1	257
	b				53 250	745 193 127
	c					85 589 585
	d					
	e					
Cyprus	a					349
	b					7 540 635
	c					
	d					
	e					
Czech Republic	a	2	1	6	3	1 537
	b	357 402	6 189	32 864		1 157 423 465
	c		902	1 286 418	4 043 781	2 099 227 920
	d					12
	e					1(10), 7(5)
Denmark	a			109	115	1 557
	b			167 754 954	174 053 914	914 396 532
	c					
	d			1	1	2
	e			2(1), 3(1), 4(1)	2(1), 3(1), 4(1)	2(2), 3(2), 4(2)
Estonia	a			30	56	378
	b			107 526	738 804	589 588 149
	c				136 803	29 459 706
	d					
	e					
Finland	a			19	16	379
	b			1 049 012	77 875 458	667 237 599
	c			8 050 321	2 790 678	191 985 134
	d					4
	e					2(1), 3(2), 4(1), 7(3)
France	a	6		143	603	3 615
	b	18 600 000		7 090 182 425	21 745 456 406	235 737 222 899
	c				72 320 000	72 320 000
	d					8
	e					1(2), 2(3), 4(1), 5(1), 7(1)

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

WORLDWIDE

		ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Germany	a	2		502	910	10 361
	b	1 469 000		52 664 191	159 331 620	12 131 073 645
	c					
	d			2		17
	e			2(2), 3(1)		1(3), 2(3), 3(5), 4(4), 7(11)
Greece	a			6	3	317
	b			52 477 030	13 581 500	586 009 718
	c					
	d					
	e					
Hungary	a			3	5	565
	b			25 000 000	25 016	974 936 218
	c			2 611 930		66 310 632
	d					14
	e					1(4), 3(3), 4(4), 7(9)
Ireland	a			7	22	184
	b			500 000	2 500 014	278 794 634
	c					
	d					2
	e					1(1), 2(2), 4(1), 7(2)
Italy	a			40	90	2 101
	b			81 934 766	52 400 758	4 766 662 241
	c					4 632 007 236
	d					1
	e					7(1)
Latvia	a					208
	b					94 663 794
	c					3 110 162
	d					
	e					
Lithuania	a			12	7	334
	b				282 947	97 930 437
	c				869 141	261 242 923
	d					
	e					

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

WORLDWIDE

		ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Luxembourg	a					32
	b					6 552 397
	c					1 082 956
	d					
	e					
Malta	a				1	16
	b					7 501 372
	c				2 500	2 026 556
	d					2
	e					1(1), 4(1)
Netherlands	a	1	1	65	218	1 679
	b	29 200	29 200	98 634 200	264 655 031	1 776 222 900
	c			241 539	34 243 377	1 604 113 698
	d				1	8
	e				2(1), 6(1)	2(4), 3(1), 4(3), 6(3), 7(4)
Poland	a			8	105	1 171
	b			507 906	46 919 740	10 787 803 804
	c			77 135	5 134 571	1 753 028 279
	d					
	e					
Portugal	a			1	6	252
	b			1	6	377 440 865
	c				22 829	680 217 823
	d					
	e					
Romania	a			1	11	285
	b			3 236 845	14 889 752	485 961 182
	c			11 583 008	7 571 149	321 079 093
	d					2
	e					7(2)
Slovakia	a				4	597
	b				8 645 516	1 319 546 768
	c				194 538	188 815 648
	d					5
	e					3(4), 7(5)

EU ARMS EXPORTS WORLDWIDE IN 2023

Key: (a) = number of licences issued, (b) = value of licences issued in Euros, (c) = value of arms exports in Euros (if available), (d) = total EU number of licence refusals (small discrepancies may appear between breakdowns and totals due to refusals concerning more than one ML item or refusals for items other than those appearing in the ML). (e) = criteria numbers on which refusals are based (the approximate number of times each criterion is invoked is indicated in brackets).

WORLDWIDE

		ML19	ML20	ML21	ML22	Total
Slovenia	a					106
	b					99 190 097
	c					72 076 213
	d					
	e					
Spain	a			77	410	1 983
	b			16 434 337	119 028 719	15 703 266 158
	c			13 872 995	73 243 951	3 764 047 236
	d					
	e					
Sweden	a			101	264	1 629
	b			7 772 569	53 826 698	1 449 798 913
	c			42 834 763	286 924 108	1 569 448 736
	d					
	e					
Total per ML category	a	12	2	1 137	2 908	33 775
	b	20 455 602	35 389	7 607 396 901	22 779 865 030	298 619 441 375
	d			3	3	79
	e			2(3), 3(2), 4(1)	1(1), 2(2), 3(1), 4(1), 6(1)	1(22), 2(16), 3(18), 4(17), 5(1), 6(3), 7(43)

TABLE A.II

Exports to United Nations-Mandated or Other International Missions in 2023 ⁽²⁸⁾Destination Country: **Afghanistan**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Finland	International Organization for Migration (IOM)	Tactical vests and helmets (ML13)

Destination Country: **Armenia**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	EU Delegation	Cross-country vehicles with special protection and spare parts

Destination Country: **Austria**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	United Nations Office	Sub-machine guns

Destination Country: **Bosnia and Herzegovina**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Greece	European Union Force (EUFOR) ALTHEA	Pistol M1911A1 0,45" (7 items), Rifle M16M4, Cartridges (0,45mm and 5,56mm'), Magazines
Hungary	European Union Force (EUFOR)	BDU, body armour, bulletproof vests, kevlar helmets, shackles, pistols, rifles, ammunition, impact resistant shields, body protectors, rubber sticks, night vision goggles

Destination Country: **Burkina Faso**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Finland	International Organization for Migration (IOM)	Tactical vests and helmets (ML13)

⁽²⁸⁾ Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Ireland, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Poland, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, and Sweden submitted a nil report.

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	EU Delegation	Cross-country vehicles with special protection and spare parts

Destination Country: **Burundi**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Malta	European Delegation to Burundi	13000 Ammunition Fiocchi cal .223 REM FMJ 55 gr. (250 boxes of 50 rounds each) 7350 Ammunition Fiocchi cal. 9x19mm FMJ 115 gr. (147 boxes of 50 rounds each), 13000 ammunition (260 boxes of 50 rounds each) Fiocchi cal .223 REM FMJ 55 gr., 7350 Ammunition Fiocchi cal. 9x19mm FMJ 115 gr. (147 boxes of 50 rounds each)

Destination Country: **Central African Republic**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	EU Delegation United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) United Nations Multidimensional Integrated Stabilization Mission in the Central African Republic (MINUSCA)	Cross-country vehicle with special protection and spare parts Cross-country vehicle with special protection Optical weapon-sights, sound suppressors and spare parts for pistols
Portugal	European Union Training Mission in Central African Republic (EUTM RCA) United Nations Multidimensional Integrated Stabilization Mission in the Central African Republic (MINUSCA)	Handguns, sub-machine guns, assault rifles and components (ML1), ammunition (ML3), ground vehicles and components (ML6), anti-riot equipment (ML7), equipment and communication systems (ML11)

Destination Country: **Chad**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Hungary	Bilateral Treaty	Medical equipment

Destination Country: **Congo (Democratic Republic of)**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
France	United Nations Organization Stabilization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (MONUSCO)	T100EE Firewall attachment kit, kit to fix the engine Trident T100EE ALT, shut off valve kit, 120mF capacitor hole Ø20 bracket assy

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	EU Delegation	Cross-country vehicle with special protection and spare parts

Destination Country: **Ethiopia**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	EU Delegation	Cross-country vehicle with special protection and spare parts

Destination Country: **Iraq**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	United Nations Assistance Mission in Iraq (UNAMI) United Nations Investigative Team to Promote Accountability for Crimes Committed by Da'esh/ISIL (UNITAD)	Body armour vests and spare parts for rifles Body armour vests, detachable cartridge magazines, optical weapon-sights, rifles, sub-machine guns and spare parts for rifles, sub-machine guns
Greece	NATO Mission in Iraq (NMI)	Pistol M1911A1 0,45", Rifle with Bayonet M16A2, Cartridges (0,45mm and 5,56mm), Magazines.
Hungary	NATO Mission in Iraq	Radio sets, pistols, night vision devices, bulletproof vests, ceramic plates, BDU, rifles

Destination Country: **Italy**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	United Nations Global Service Center (UNGSC)	Cross-country vehicles with special protection

Destination Country: **Ivory Coast**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	EU Delegation	Cross-country vehicle with special protection and spare parts

Destination Country: **Kosovo**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Greece	NATO Kosovo Force (KFOR) 2023, Second Multi National Operational Reserve Forces Battalion (2nd MN ORF BN) NATO Kosovo Force (KFOR) 2023, Operational Reserve Forces (ORF)	Machine Gun 0,50" (4 items), machine Gun Barrels 0,50" (8 items), vehicle HUMMER (4 items), radio TRC 9200 (2 items), SEM 190-8 (2 items), night vision goggles (4 items), cartridges 0,50" (8.400 items) Pistol M1911A1 0,45" (26 items), rifle 5,56mm (121 items), grenade launcher M203 (9 items), machine gun MINIMI (18 items), machine gun 7,62mm (7 items), flare launcher (7 items), vehicle MERCEDES 240-290GD (15 items), vehicle HUMMER (2 items)
Hungary	Kosovo Force (KFOR)	Kevlar helmets, bulletproof vests, combat vest kit, gasmask sets, rifles, pistols, BDU, ammunition, crypto unit, shields, night vision goggles, aiming lasers, rifle scopes, red dot sights, magazines, APCs

Destination Country: **Lebanon**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	International Monetary Fund (IMF) United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (UNESCWA) United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) United Nations Truce Supervision Organization (UNTSO)	Cross-country vehicles with special protection and spare parts Spare parts for sub-machine guns Spare parts for cross-country vehicles with special protection Laser protection equipment and spare parts for cross-country vehicles with special protection
Hungary	United Nations Interim Force In Lebanon (UNIFIL)	BDU, kevlar helmets, rifles, pistols, bulletproof vests, ceramic plates

Destination Country: **Libya**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	EU Delegation United Nations Support Mission in Libya (UNSMIL)	Cross-country vehicles with special protection and spare parts Ballistic helmets, optical weapon-sights, pistols and spare parts for rifles
Malta	Malta Embassy / AFM at Malta Mission in Tripoli	3,000 rounds (5.56x45 live)1,000 rounds (9x19 live) 3,000 rounds (5.56 x 45 linked live), 8 Plate Carriers16 Ballistic Plates, 2 x PVS 21 Night Vision goggles4 x NVS 7 – NVGs, Day and Night Flares, 7 x Sig MCX Rifles in 5.56 Configuration complete with ATPIAL, Optical Sights and Flashlight8 x Glock 17 Pistols complete with light and laser, 48 x 5.56 Magazine24 x Glock Magazine, 10 x Helmet with storbe light10 x body armour, 1,000 rounds 5.56 x 45 live500 rounds 9 x 19 live, Sig MCX Rifles in 5.56 Configuration complete with ATPIAL, Optical Sights and Flashlight, Glock 17 Pistols complete with light and laser

Destination Country: **Lithuania**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Portugal	NATO Enhanced Air Policing NATO Assurance Measures	Handguns, sub-machine guns, assault rifles and components (ML1), grenade launchers (ML2), ammunition (ML3), several aircrafts and equipment (ML10), equipment and communication systems (ML11), protection equipment (ML13), image and countermeasures equipment (ML15), training equipment (ML17)

Destination Country: **Mali**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Hungary	European Union Training Mission in Mali (EUTM Mali)	Rifles, ACOG optics, bulletproof vests, ceramic plates, ammunition, magazines, BDU
Portugal	European Union Training Mission in Mali (EUTM Mali)	Handguns, sub-machine guns, assault rifles and components (ML1)

Destination Country: **Mozambique**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Finland	International Organization for Migration (IOM)	Tactical vests and helmets (ML13)
Germany	EU Delegation	Cross-country vehicle with special protection and spare parts
Portugal	European Union Training Mission in Mozambique (EUTM Mozambique)	Several aircrafts and equipment (ML10)

Destination Country: **Netherlands**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)	Cross-country vehicle with special protection

Destination Country: **Niger**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
France	European Union civilian crisis management mission (EUCAP Sahel)	NORO-PN-1701010 - Support bracket for night vision on ballistic helmets

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Portugal	EU Military Partnership Mission in Niger	Several aircrafts and equipment (ML10)

Destination Country: **Mali**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
France	European Union civilian crisis management mission in Mali – EUCAP Sahel	OXF1 plaster exercise grenades, 7.62X51 ammunition on tape, red smoke grenades, yellow smoke grenades, white smoke grenades, OXF1 plaster exercise grenades, manual protection device for sting-ball grenade

Destination Country: **Poland**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Portugal	NATO Assurance Measures	Handguns, sub-machine guns, assault rifles and components (ML1), large ammunition (ML4), surveillance equipment (ML5), equipment and communication systems (ML11), protection equipment (ML13), image and countermeasures equipment (ML15), training equipment (ML17)

Destination Country: **Romania**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Portugal	tailored Forward Presence (tFP)	Handguns, sub-machine guns, assault rifles and components (ML 1), grenade launchers (ML2), ammunition (ML3), large ammunition (ML4), ground vehicles and components (ML6), anti-riot equipment (ML7), several aircrafts and equipment (ML10), equipment and communication systems (ML11), protection equipment (ML13)

Destination Country: **Rwanda**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	EU Delegation	Cross-country vehicle with special protection and spare parts

Destination Country: **Somalia**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Finland	International Organization for Migration (IOM)	Tactical vests and helmets (ML13)

Destination Country: **South Sudan**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	EU Delegation	Cross-country vehicles with special protection and spare parts

Destination Country: **United Arab Emirates**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Italy	World Health Organization (WHO)	Ballistic helmet, bulletproof vest

Destination Country: **United States**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	United Nations Headquarters (UN)	Rifles and sub-machine guns

Destination Country: **Zimbabwe**

Exporting Member State	United Nations-mandated or other international missions	Description of goods
Germany	EU Delegation	Cross-country vehicle with special protection and spare parts

TABLE A.III

1. Brokering Licences Granted by Member States in 2023 ⁽²⁹⁾**Bulgaria**

Destination	Number of brokering licences issued	Value of brokering licences issued (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Algeria	2	2 739 584	ML2	32 pcs + 2 kits	2 739 584	Belarus
		131 053	ML1	160 pcs	131 053	Serbia
Azerbaijan	1	3 966 800	ML3	82 000 pcs	3 966 800	Serbia

Croatia

Destination	Number of brokering licences issued	Value of brokering licences issued (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
USA	1	1 229 419,00	ML 3a.	11 724 754	0	Bosnia and Herzegovina
Jordan	1	162 250,00	ML 3a.	5 000	0	Serbia
Ukraine	1	21 669 683,00	ML 3a.	90 000	0	Cambodia
Poland	1	3 059 400,00	ML 3a.	18 200 000	0	Bosnia and Herzegovina
Slovakia	1	2 095 000,00	ML 3a.	10 000	0	Bulgaria
Ukraine	1	2 095 000,00	ML 3a.	10 000	0	Bulgaria
Nigeria	1	256 109,00	ML 3a.	500	0	Serbia
Kyrgyzstan	1	3 100 000,00	ML 4a.	10 000	0	Bosnia and Herzegovina

Czechia

Destination	Number of brokering licences issued	Value of brokering licences issued (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Burkina Faso	3	530 750	3	2 300 000 pcs	406 142	Bosnia and Herzegovina, Serbia
Indonesia	5	115 941 945	4	—	0	Türkiye
			9	—		Croatia
			10	—		Qatar
			17	—		Croatia
			18	—		Croatia

⁽²⁹⁾ Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Denmark, France, Greece, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta and Portugal submitted a nil report.

Destination	Number of brokering licences issued	Value of brokering licences issued (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Mongolia	1	63 056	4	—	0	Azerbaijan
Nigeria	1	206 612	6	5 sets	201 324	United Arab Emirates
Rwanda	1	406 874	1 3	— —	0	United States United States
Senegal	1	169 749	3	—	0	Spain
Togo	1	310 110	3	—	0	Bosnia and Herzegovina
Ukraine	15	51 764 073	1 2 3 4 5 6 11 15	— — 940 000 pcs — 3 885 pcs 12 pcs — 400 pcs	11 537 965	Türkiye Türkiye Canada, United Kingdom, Türkiye Slovakia, Türkiye Türkiye United Kingdom Poland Türkiye , United States
United States	1	66 577	9	—	0	Ukraine

Estonia

Destination	Number of brokering licences issued	Value of brokering licences issued (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Belgium	1	218 000	ML3	40 000	218 000	Lithuania
Malaysia	1	37 752	ML10	37 752	37 752	Ukraine
Latvia	2	1 334 000	ML3	6 300 000	3 654 000	Switzerland
Finland	1	320 000	ML1	200	320 000	United States
Lithuania	1	11 060	ML3	7 000	11 060	Latvia
Hungary	1	4351	ML3	10 500	4351	Lithuania
Algeria	1	595 691	M10	328	595 691	India
Lithuania	1	48 950	EST2 (ML1)	500	48 950	United States

Finland

Destination	Number of brokering licences <u>issued</u>	Value of brokering licences <u>issued</u> (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Ukraine	1	N/A	16	N/A	N/A	Türkiye

Germany

Destination	Number of brokering licences <u>issued</u>	Value of brokering licences <u>issued</u> (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Ecuador	1	154 611	ML 9A	4 pcs.	154 611	United Kingdom
Israel	4	136 373	ML 11A ML 9A	4 pcs. 11 lots	54 820 81 553	United Kingdom
Japan	3	233 300	ML 4B	16 pcs.	233 300	United Kingdom
Kazakhstan	1	2 000 000	ML 11A	various	2 000 000	South Africa
Norway	4	129 700	ML 8F	410 kg	129 700	South Korea
South Korea	2	1 599 660	ML 8A	12 300 kg	1 599 660	Norway
South Korea	1	1 724 000	ML 4A	2 000 pcs.	1 724 000	United Kingdom
Ukraine	1	28 600	ML 6B	18 pcs.	28 600	United Arab Emirates
United Kingdom	1	33 527	ML 5C	100 pcs.	33 527	United States
United States	7	12 362 500	ML 3A	23 800 000 pcs.	12 362 500	Switzerland

Hungary

Destination	Number of brokering licences <u>issued</u>	Value of brokering licences <u>issued</u> (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Romania	0 (granted in 2022)	0	3	35 000	10 150	Switzerland
Poland	1	1 650 000	3	0	0	Switzerland
Romania	1	150 000	10	0	0	Ukraine

Ireland

Destination	Number of brokering licences <u>issued</u>	Value of brokering licences <u>issued</u> (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Serbia	3	1 202 015	6	165	1 202 015	Canada

Italy

Destination	Number of brokering licences issued	Value of brokering licences issued (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Australia	6	804 800,15	9, 11	725 days	804 800,15	Australia
France	8	1 212 131,08	4	134 - 6 years - 80 months	1 212 131,08	France
Germany	50	60 364 572,09	6, 10, 11	3433	60 364 572,09	Germany, Italy, Spain, UK, United States
Israel	1	30 600,00	14	1	30 600,00	Israel
Italy	1	—	21	10	—	France
Netherlands	2	3 876 124,00	2, 14	129 - 12 years	3 876 124,00	Belgium, Canada
Oman	1	43 113,27	10	6	43 113,27	UK
Qatar	1	- 793 370,00	4	9 weeks	- 793 370,00	France
Romania	1	30 000,00	6	1	30 000,00	Romania
Saudi Arabia	1	444 919,10	10	612	444 919,10	Italy
Slovenia	1	—	10	1	—	Italy
Spain	21	9 401 970,44	10, 11	568	9 401 970,44	Germany, Italy, Spain, UK, United States
Taiwan	1	4 735 212,73	4	480 months	4 735 212,73	Taiwan
Ukraine	1	- 12 800 000,00	3	8000	- 12 800 000,00	Australia
United Kingdom	130	14 824 691,67	4, 10, 11	23390 - 1 year	14 824 691,67	France, Germany, Italy, Spain, UK
United States	4	5 564 214,35	6, 10, 15	7541	5 564 214,35	Belgium, Poland, United States

Netherlands

Destination	Number of brokering licences issued	Value of brokering licences issued (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
United States of America	1	39 600	3a	35 000	23 345	United States of America
Ukraine	1	n/a	6a	15	17 850 000	Czechia
Ukraine	1	n/a	6a	16	132 026 520	Germany
Ukraine	1	19 262 250	4a	8 250	16 986 750	Czechia
Ukraine	1	7 552 218	10c	6	6 740 170	Czechia

Destination	Number of brokering licences issued	Value of brokering licences issued (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Ukraine	1	3 245 000	10c	3	3 696 950	Czechia
United Kingdom	1	425 450	18a	72	425 450	Singapore
Taiwan	1	20 550	11a	1	284 550	United States of America
Thailand	1	8 203	11a	1	496 900	United States of America
France	1	55 841	11a	1	93 458	United States of America
United Kingdom	1	n/a	18a	1 800	3 489 701	Singapore
Ukraine	1	6 033 000	10c	5	5 432 000	Czechia

Poland

Destination	Number of brokering licences issued	Value of brokering licences issued (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Austria	1	32 597	10, 16, 18, 22	Nil	Nil	Canada
Azerbaijan	1	164 959	10	4	100 634	Georgia
Canada	5	162 896	10, 16, 18, 22	Nil	Nil	Austria, France, Israel, Serbia, United Kingdom
Czechia	1	132 000	6	2	132 000	Germany
Ireland	1	3 001	6	1	2 500	Czechia
Finland	1	8 000	6	1	1 000 000	Germany
France	2	832 597	10, 16, 18, 22	10 000	10 000 000	Canada, Germany, United Kingdom
Israel	1	32 597	10, 16, 18, 22	Nil	Nil	Canada
The Netherlands	1	27 149	22	300	271 493	USA
Philippines	1	6 632 144	10, 11	631	6 632 148	USA
Serbia	1	32 597	10, 16, 18, 22	Nil	Nil	Canada
Singapore	1	800 000	10, 16	10 000	10 000 000	Malaysia, USA
Vietnam	1	3 108 581	3	17 249	7 800 882	Italy
Togo	1	84 200	3	4 000 000	1 440 000	Türkiye
Uganda	5	26 951 584	3, 4, 7	5 061 784	24 251 084	Bulgaria, North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia

Destination	Number of brokering licences issued	Value of brokering licences issued (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Ukraine	8	6 106 495	1, 2, 3, 6	182 662	310 966 971	Croatia, India, Rep. of Korea, Romania, Türkiye, United Kingdom
United Kingdom	4	2 432 597	10, 16, 18, 22	30 000	30 000 000	Canada, Czechia, France, Germany, Italy, Romania, Spain, Türkiye, USA
USA	6	83 620	6, 10, 16, 22	91	180 000	Switzerland

Romania

Destination	Number of brokering licences issued	Value of brokering licences issued (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Czech Republic	1	303 114	3		0	Bulgaria
India	0	0	10		25 994	South Africa
Nigeria	0	0	6		476 985	United Arab Emirates
Argentina	1	304 651	10		0	South Africa

Slovakia

Destination	Number of brokering licences issued	Value of brokering licences issued (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Poland	1	81 600,00	ML8	48 tonnes	not available	Poland
Ukraine	1	not available	ML6	not available	not available	Slovakia

Slovenia

Destination	Number of brokering licences issued	Value of brokering licences issued (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Montenegro	1	5 741	3	150	5 740	United Kingdom
Montenegro	1	54 340	13	380	54 340	Israel
Chad	4	4 117 800	3	98 450	permits not implemented	Serbia
Poland	1	13 500 000	3	5 000	permit not implemented	India

Spain

Destination	Number of brokering licences <u>issued</u>	Value of brokering licences <u>issued</u> (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
United Arab Emirates	1	1 880 373	6	2 188	1 880 373	Türkiye

Sweden

Destination	Number of brokering licences <u>issued</u>	Value of brokering licences <u>issued</u> (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Ireland	1		6			Austria
Denmark	1		6, 17			Belgium
Finland	1		6, 17			Belgium
France	2		6, 17			Belgium
Germany	1		6, 17			Belgium
Ireland	1		6, 17			Belgium
Luxembourg	1		6			Belgium
Netherlands	2		6, 17			Belgium
Norway	1		6			Belgium
Poland	1		6			Belgium
Brazil	2		5, 10, 11, 15, 18			Brazil
Denmark	2		1, 3			Canada
Latvia	1		14, 22			Czech Republic
Bulgaria	1		11			Denmark
Denmark	2		3, 17			Denmark
Finland	1		11			Denmark
Netherlands	3		2, 13			Denmark
Denmark	2		6			Estonia
Ireland	1		6			Estonia
Netherlands	3		6			Estonia
Poland	1		6			Estonia
Finland	1		5			Finland

Destination	Number of brokering licences issued	Value of brokering licences issued (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Czech Republic	1		5, 22			France
France	1		6			France
Japan	1		2			France
Netherlands	1		6			France
Norway	1		5			France
United States	1		10			France
Netherlands	2		6			Germany
United States	1		10			Germany
Finland	2		11			Israel
Denmark	1		17			Latvia
Greece	1		17			Latvia
Hungary	1		17			Latvia
India	1		17			Latvia
Netherlands	1		17			Latvia
Singapore	1		17			Latvia
United States	1		17			Latvia
Denmark	3		6			Netherlands
Finland	3		6			Netherlands
Ireland	2		6			Netherlands
Netherlands	11		2, 6, 13			Netherlands
Poland	1		6			Netherlands
Finland	1		9			Norway
Norway	3		6, 13, 22			Norway
Netherlands	1		13			Switzerland
United Kingdom	1		4			Switzerland
United States	1		10			Switzerland
Bulgaria	1		11			South Africa

Destination	Number of brokering licences <u>issued</u>	Value of brokering licences <u>issued</u> (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Finland	1		11			South Africa
South Africa	1		11			South Africa
Türkiye	1		22			Türkiye
Australia	1		5			United Kingdom
Belgium	1		5			United Kingdom
Finland	1		4			United Kingdom
Netherlands	2		6			United Kingdom
United Kingdom	9		4, 5, 10, 17			United Kingdom
Switzerland	1		10			United States
Germany	1		10			United States
United Kingdom	3		4			United States
United States	15		10, 18			United States

2. Brokering Licences Refused by Member States in 2023

Bulgaria

Destination	Number of brokering licences <u>denied</u>	Value of brokering licences <u>denied</u> (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Tajikistan	1	156 000	ML3	26 000 pcs	156 000	Serbia
Ukraine	1	1 525 143	ML8	55 200 kg	1 525 143	USA
Serbia	1	5 805 113	ML8	1 038 710 kg	5 805 113	South Korea

Czechia

Destination	Number of brokering licences <u>denied</u>	Value of brokering licences <u>denied</u> (EUR)	ML categories	Quantity of brokered items	Value of brokered items (EUR)	Country of origin
Indonesia	1	60 339	10	3	60 339	Lithuania

TABLE B.

1. Total Number of Consultations Initiated and Received Member States in 2023

Member State	Number of consultations initiated	Number of consultations received
Austria	1	—
Belgium	9	—
Cyprus	1	—
Czechia	8	—
Denmark	—	1
Finland	1	2
France	—	1
Germany	2	21
Hungary	—	2
Ireland	—	1
Italy	4	1
Netherlands	2	3
Poland	1	—
Slovakia	3	1
Spain	3	—
Sweden	—	2
TOTAL	35	35

2. Total Number of Consultations Initiated by Member States in 2023 per Destination

Destination Country	Number of consultations
Argentina	1
Belize	1
Bosnia and Herzegovina	3
Congo (Democratic Republic of)	1
Hong Kong	2
Kazakhstan	1
Kyrgyzstan	1
Morocco	4
Pakistan	2
Philippines	7
Saudi Arabia	2
Serbia	1

Destination Country	Number of consultations
South Africa	2
Thailand	2
Ukraine	1
United Arab Emirates	4
TOTAL	35

TABLE C.

**Member States' Implementing Legislation or Administrative Rules for Common Position 2003/468/CFSP and
Common Position 2008/944/CFSP**

Member State	Council Common Position 2003/468/CFSP on the control of arms brokering		Council Common Position 2008/944/CFSP defining common rules governing control of exports of military technology and equipment	
	National legislation reference no.	Information concerning state of play	National legislation or administrative rules reference no.	Information concerning state of play
Austria	Foreign Trade Act (AußWG, Federal Gazette I No 26/2011 as last amended by Federal Gazette I no. 87/2020) and War Material Act (KMG, Federal Gazette I no. 540/1977 in its current version)	Implementation completed.	Foreign Trade Act (AußWG, Federal Gazette I No 26/2011 as last amended by Federal Gazette I no. 87/2020) and War Material Act (KMG, Federal Gazette I no. 540/1977 in its current version)	Implementation completed.
Belgium	Law of 25 March 2003, article 15, (published in Moniteur belge of 7.7.2003, modifying law of 5.8.1991	Partial implementation.	Flemish Region: Flemish Parliament Act on the import, export, transit and transfer of defence-related products, and other materials for military use, law enforcement materials, civilian firearms, components and munitions — 15.6.2012, as amended by the Flemish Parliament Act of 30.6.2017 Walloon Region: Decree regarding the import, export, transit and transfer of civil weapons and defence material — 21.6.2012 Brussels Capital Region: Ordinance regarding the import, export, transit and transfer of defence material, military material, law enforcement material, civil weapons, and parts, components and ammunitions — 20.6.2013 Federal government: Law of 26 March 2003 (published in Moniteur belge of 7.7.2003), modifying law of 5.8.1991	Flemish Region: Implementation completed Walloon Region: Implementation completed Brussels Capital Region: Implementation completed Federal government: Implementation completed
Bulgaria	Latest amendments: Export control of defence-related products and dual use items and technologies Act, entered into force 30.6.2012 Regulation for the implementation of the Export Control Act (adopted by Decree 205/15.7.2012)	Implementation completed.	Ministerial Decree — November 2009	Implementation completed.

Member State	Council Common Position 2003/468/CFSP on the control of arms brokering		Council Common Position 2008/944/CFSP defining common rules governing control of exports of military technology and equipment	
	National legislation reference no.	Information concerning state of play	National legislation or administrative rules reference no.	Information concerning state of play
Croatia	Act on the trade control of military goods and non-military lethal goods (OG 80/13, in force since 6 July 2013)	Implementation completed.	Act on the trade control of military goods and non-military lethal goods (OG 80/13, in force since 6 July 2013)	Implementation completed.
Cyprus	Cyprus issued the Export, brokering and the provision of technical assistance (military equipment) Regulations of 2011 in December 2011. These Regulations set the legal framework for the implementation of Common Position 2008/944/CFSP, Common Position 2003/468/CFSP and Joint Action 2000/401/CFSP.	Implementation completed.	Cyprus issued the Export, brokering and the provision of technical assistance (military equipment) Regulations of 2011 in December 2011. These Regulations set the legal framework for the implementation of Common Position 2008/944/CFSP, Common Position 2003/468/CFSP and Joint Action 2000/401/CFSP.	Implementation completed.
Czechia	Act No 38/1994 Coll. on foreign trade in military material.	Implementation completed.	Act No 38/1994 Coll. on foreign trade in military material reflects certain provisions of the Common Position.	Implementation completed.
Denmark	Amendment Act no. 555 of 24 June 2005 to the Danish Weapons Act (arms brokering etc.)	Implementation completed.		Implementation completed.
Estonia	Legislation on brokering was adopted in 2004. Current Strategic Goods Act (ref no RT I, 22.12.2011, 2) entered into force in 1.1.2012	Implementation completed.	Current Strategic Goods Act (ref no RT I, 22.12.2011, 2) entered into force in 1.1.2012	Implementation completed.
Finland	Act on the Export of Defence Materiel (282/2012).	Fully implements the Common Position on Brokering.	Act on the Export of Defence Materiel (282/2012).	Implementation completed.

Member State	Council Common Position 2003/468/CFSP on the control of arms brokering		Council Common Position 2008/944/CFSP defining common rules governing control of exports of military technology and equipment	
	National legislation reference no.	Information concerning state of play	National legislation or administrative rules reference no.	Information concerning state of play
France	Code de la Défense (Art. L2332-1)	Implementation completed.	The existing legal requirements in connection with the political principles adopted by the government make it possible to immediately apply the regulations laid down in the Common Position within the Commission established by Decree no55-965.	Implementation completed. General directives approved by political authorities and specific directives in the event of specific situations, such as embargoes, conflict areas, or human rights situation. France bases its export decisions on the criteria defined in the framework of international treaties, conventions, instruments or fora to which it subscribes (such as Common Position 2008/944/CFSP, Arms Trade Treaty, criteria laid down by the United Nations, the OSCE, the European Council).
Germany	War Weapons Control Act (KrWaffKontrG), in the version promulgated on 22 November 1990, Federal Law Gazette 1990 I, p. 2506, last amended by Article 25 of the Act of 19 December 2022, Federal Law Gazette 2022 I p. 2606; Foreign Trade and Payments Act (AWG), Federal Law Gazette 2013 I p. 1482, last amended by Article 2 of the Act of 27 February 2024, Federal Law Gazette 2024 I p. 71, and Foreign Trade and Payments Regulation (AWV), Federal Law Gazette 2013 I p. 2865; 2021 I p. 4304, last amended by Article 1 of the Act of 17 July 2024, Federal Law Gazette 2024 I p. 243	Implementation completed.	The existing legal requirements (Foreign Trade and Payments Act - AWG, Federal Law Gazette 2013 I p. 1482, last amended by last amended by Article 2 of the Act of 27 February 2024, Federal Law Gazette 2024 I p. 71 and Foreign Trade and Payments Regulation -AWV, Federal Law Gazette 2013 I p. 2865; 2021 I p. 4304, last amended by Article 1 of the Act of 17 July 2024, Federal Law Gazette 2024 I p. 243, in connection with the 'Political Principles Adopted by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany for the Export of War Weapons and Other Military Equipment' of June 2019 make it possible to immediately apply the regulations laid down in the Common Position.	Implementation completed.
Greece	Law 4028/2011 of 11 November 2011 (Government Gazette 242), which incorporated the Common Position 2003/468/CFSP	Implementation completed.	Directive (EU) 2017/853 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2017 amending Council Directive 91/477/EEC on control of the acquisition and possession of weapons was incorporated in the Greek legal corpus with Law 4678/2020 of 20 March 2020, (Government Gazette 70A), modifying Law 2168/1993.	Implementation completed.

Member State	Council Common Position 2003/468/CFSP on the control of arms brokering		Council Common Position 2008/944/CFSP defining common rules governing control of exports of military technology and equipment	
	National legislation reference no.	Information concerning state of play	National legislation or administrative rules reference no.	Information concerning state of play
Hungary	The provisions on the control of brokering activities have been in force in Hungary since 2004. Currently the control of arms brokering is regulated by the Government Decree 156/2017. (VI. 16.) on the detailed regulations of the licensing of defence related activity and the certification of enterprises.	Implementation completed.	The criteria laid down in Council Common Position 2008/944/CFSP are included in Annex II. to the Government Decree 156/2017. (VI.16.) on the detailed regulations of the licensing of defence related activity and the certification of enterprises.	Implementation completed.
Ireland	Control of Exports Act 2008 (No 1 of 2008) Control of Exports (Brokering Activities, Goods and Technology) Regulations 2021 (S.I. No. 207 of 2021)	Implementation completed.	Control of Exports (Brokering Activities, Goods and Technology) Regulations 2021 (S.I. No. 207 of 2021) and S.I. No. 291 of 2019, the European Communities (Intra-Community Transfers of Defence Related Products) (Amendment) Regulations 2019 give effect to licensing requirements for the Common Military List. The criteria of the Common Position are taken into account as a minimum standard when assessing all licence applications.	Implementation completed.
Italy	Law No. 185 of 9 July 1990. New provisions on controlling the export, import and transit of military goods Modified and integrated by DL n. 105 of 22 June 2012. Implementing regulation approved with Ministerial Decree No. 19 of 7 January 2013.	Implementation completed.	Law No. 185 of 9 July 1990. New provisions on controlling the export, import and transit of military goods Modified and integrated by DL n. 105 of 22 June 2012. Implementing regulation approved with Ministerial Decree No. 19 of 7 January 2013.	Implementation completed.
Latvia	Law on the Circulation of Strategic Goods, in force since 19 July 2007 (last amended on 7 January 2021)	Implementation completed.	Law on the Circulation of Strategic Goods, in force since 19 July 2007 (last amended on 7 January 2021)	Implementation completed.
Lithuania	Law on the Control of Strategic Goods (came into effect on 1 August 2004, lastly amended on 5 December 2019, No XIV-1738 amendments came into force from 1 April 2023). Law on the Control of Arms and Ammunition of 15 January 2002, lastly amended on 22 December 2022 No. XIV-1740, came into force from 1 July 2023.	Implementation completed.	Law on the Control of Strategic Goods (came into effect on 1 August 2004, lastly amended on 5 December 2019, No XIV-1738 amendments came into force from 1 April 2023). Law on the Control of Arms and Ammunition of 15 January 2002, lastly amended on 22 December 2022 No. XIV-1740, came into force from 1 July 2023.	Implementation completed.

Member State	Council Common Position 2003/468/CFSP on the control of arms brokering		Council Common Position 2008/944/CFSP defining common rules governing control of exports of military technology and equipment	
	National legislation reference no.	Information concerning state of play	National legislation or administrative rules reference no.	Information concerning state of play
Luxembourg	Law of 27 June 2018 voted by Parliament on 26 April 2018 and published on 20 July 2018 in Luxembourg's O.J. No 603	Implementation completed.	Law of 27 June 2018 voted by Parliament on 26 April 2018 and published on 20 July 2018 in Luxembourg's O.J. No 603	Implementation completed.
Malta	Subsidiary legislation 365.13. Military Equipment (Export Control) Regulations	Implementation completed.	The Common Position is not part of Maltese Law, however, it is applied when analysing cases through the Military Equipment (Export Control) Regulations. Subsidiary legislation 365.13.	Implementation completed.
Netherlands	Strategic Services Act (as of January 2012)	Implementation completed.	The Netherlands national legal framework has not been changed after the adoption of the Common Position. The legal basis for the application of the regulations laid down in the Common Position consists of several existing Acts, Decrees, Decisions and Regulations. General Customs Act: Algemene Douanewet (Adw) (stb. 2008, 111) wetten.nl - Regeling - Algemene douanewet - BWBR0023746 (overheid.nl) Strategic Goods Order 2012: Besluit Strategische Goederen (Stcr. 2011, 19960) wetten.nl - Regeling - Besluit strategische goederen - BWBR0024139 (overheid.nl) Implementation measure for Strategic Goods: Uitvoeringsregeling strategische goederen 2012 (Stcr. 2011, 1996) wetten.nl - Regeling - Uitvoeringsregeling strategische goederen 2012 - BWBR0030610 (overheid.nl) 2015 Arms and Munitions Act: Wet Wapens en Munitie (Stb. 1995, 292) wetten.nl - Regeling - Wet wapens en munitie - BWBR0008804 (overheid.nl)	Implementation completed.
Poland	Law of 29.11.2000 on foreign trade in goods, technologies and services of strategic importance to the security of the state and to maintaining international peace and security (Journal of Laws 2020, item 509). Note: Poland first adopted legislation covering brokering activities in the Act of 11 December 1997 on administrating of foreign trade in goods and services and transfers of special goods (Journal of Laws 1997, No 157, item 1026).	Implementation completed.	Law of 29.11.2000 on foreign trade in goods, technologies and services of strategic importance to the security of the state and to maintaining international peace and security (Journal of Laws 2020, item 509).	Implementation completed.

Member State	Council Common Position 2003/468/CFSP on the control of arms brokering		Council Common Position 2008/944/CFSP defining common rules governing control of exports of military technology and equipment	
	National legislation reference no.	Information concerning state of play	National legislation or administrative rules reference no.	Information concerning state of play
Portugal	Law no. 49/2009 of 5 August 2009.	Implementation completed.	Law no. 37/2011 of 22 June 2011. Ordinance N°. 121/2024/1 from 28/03/2024, which transposes for national legislation the latest Military Common List from Delegated Directive (UE) 2024/242.	Implementation completed.
Romania	Government's Emergency Ordinance (GEO) No. 158/1999 on the control regime of exports, imports and other operations with military good, republished (2021).	Implementation completed.	Minister of Foreign Affairs Order no. 3191/2021 (Implementing Regulation for GEO No. 158/1999, republished.	Implementation completed.
Slovakia	Act No 392/2011 on trading with defence industry products and on amendments and supplements of certain acts (in force since 1 December 2011).	Implementation completed.	Act No 392/2011 on trading with defence industry products and on amendments and supplements of certain acts (in force since 1 December 2011).	Implementation completed.
Slovenia	Decree on production consents and trade permits for military weapons and equipment and on preliminary permits for import, export, transit and transfer of defence products (The Official Gazette of Republic of Slovenia, no. 59/11, 88/11, 74/12, 46/13, 29/14, 37/15, 62/16, 30/17, 14/18 and 36/19, 172/21, 42/23 and 46/23). Brokers are bound to obtain trading permit.	Implementation completed.	Article 77 of the Defence Act (Official Gazette 103/04) specifies that an export license may be refused on the basis of Slovenia's international commitments and obligations.	Implementation completed.
Spain	Law 53/2007 of 28.12.2007 Royal Decree 679/2014 of 1.8.2014 Royal Decree 494/2020 of 28.4.2020 Royal Decree 414/2022 of 31.05.2022 Order ICT/5342023 of 26.05.2023 Order ECM/541/2024 of 06.06.2024	Implementation completed.	Law 53/2007 of 28.12.2007 Royal Decree 679/2014 of 1.8.2014 Royal Decree 494/2020 of 28.4.2020 Royal Decree 414/2022 of 31.05.2022 Order ICT/5342023 of 26.05.2023 Order ECM/541/2024 of 06.06.2024	Implementation completed.
Sweden	Military equipment act 1992:1300 (5 §) and Military Equipment Ordinance 1992:1303 (7 §).	Implementation completed.	Military Equipment Act 1992:1300 (1 §, 6 §) and Military Equipment Ordinance 1992:1303 (annex). The Ordinance with Instructions for the Inspectorate of Strategic Products, No 2010:1101 (1a §).	Implementation completed.

TABLE D.
INFORMATION ON EU OUTREACH ACTIVITIES

1. Council Decision (CFSP) 2020/1464, amended by Council Decision (CFSP) 2022/848 on Union outreach activities in support of the implementation of the EU Outreach Project on the Promotion of Effective Arms Export Controls

'COARM Outreach Project V' – implemented by: BAFA

I. INDIVIDUAL ASSISTANCE WORKSHOPS

Kyrgyzstan

Online/hybrid, 12-13 July 2023

A workshop was organised for Kyrgyzstan in hybrid setup. Eighteen representatives from Kyrgyzstan's relevant authorities participated in this activity.

This workshop was designed as a follow-up workshop to the study visit to Armenia (13-15 February 2023) for Kyrgyzstan. The objective of this activity was to provide participants with practical insights into the export control systems and customs procedures of an EU Member State, including the intersection between licensing–customs, technical assessment in export controls, outreach to industry and cooperation between industry and the administration.

Montenegro

In-person (Podgorica), 15-16 November 2023 – jointly organised by BAFA and Expertise France

A joint arms and dual use trade control workshop was organised for Montenegro in Podgorica, Montenegro. Twelve representatives from Montenegro's relevant authorities participated in this activity. In addition, two observers from the United States Export Control and related Border Security Programme (EXBS) attended the event.

This workshop was jointly organised by BAFA and Expertise France in the framework of EU COARM OP V and the EU P2P Project no. 64. The event addressed the effective implementation of controls on transit and transshipment as well as approaches of (related) interagency cooperation.

II. CROSS REGIONAL WORKSHOPS

For Eastern Europe, Caucasus and Central Asia

In-person (Yerevan, Armenia), 16-17 February 2023

A cross regional workshop was organised for Eastern European, Caucasian and Central Asian Partner countries in Yerevan, Armenia. Thirty-five representatives from the relevant authorities of Armenia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova, Mongolia and Uzbekistan participated in this activity. The workshop was organised in cooperation with the OSCE, which sponsored the participation of three additional participants from the Kyrgyz Republic.

The two-day workshop covered topics such as the role of technical expertise in the application of the EU Common Military List and decision-making criteria, as well as risk assessment and risk management techniques in the field of export controls. These topics were accompanied by comprehensive case studies. A spotlight was also put on intergovernmental cooperation and included prevention techniques against illicit trade.

For North African Mediterranean Region, Southern Neighbourhood Countries of the European Neighbourhood Policy as well as South Eastern Europe

In-person (Algiers, Algeria), 13-14 June 2023

A cross regional workshop was organised for North African, Mediterranean and Southern Neighbourhood Countries of the European Neighbourhood Policy and South Eastern Europe in Algiers, Algeria. Twenty-nine participants from the competent authorities from Algeria, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon and Tunisia attended the event. In addition, five representatives from AFRIPOL, the African Centre for the Study and Research on Terrorism (ACSRT), took part in the event.

This was the first cross-regional workshop bringing together representatives from North Africa, the Middle East and South Eastern Europe. Following the pandemic period, during which activities and progress in many countries slowed, the aim of the workshop was to re-address the key pillars of an effective arms export control system, foster regional exchange and to get an overview of the applied practices and approaches within the partner countries.

III. STUDY VISITS

Study Visit to Armenia for Kazakhstan and Kyrgyzstan

In-person (Yerevan, Armenia), 13-15 February 2023

A study visit was organised for Kazakhstan and Kyrgyzstan in Yerevan, Armenia. Twelve representatives from Kazakhstan's and Kyrgyzstan's relevant authorities participated in this activity. Two representatives from the OSCE participated as observers. The OSCE also sponsored three additional participants.

The study visit aimed at providing the participants with an overview of the applied arms export control procedures in Armenia. Special attention was paid to the role of technical assessments as Kazakhstan and Kyrgyzstan specifically asked for support in the frame of the COARM project regarding ways to optimize the incorporation and use of technical expertise into their export control administration processes.

Study Visit to Romania for Azerbaijan, Moldova and North Macedonia

In-person (Bucharest, Romania), 28 February - 2 March 2023

A Study Visit was organised for Azerbaijan, Moldova and North Macedonia in Bucharest, Romania. Six representatives from the participating country's relevant authorities participated in this activity.

This study visit was intended to provide the participants with a detailed and practical overview of the applied arms export control procedures in Romania and give them the opportunity to discuss and exchange their national perspectives and approaches. The event covered different items from a licencing and customs perspective. Two on-site visits to customs at Otopeni Airport and a Romanian company that produces and exports military goods, complemented the discussions.

Study Visit to Georgia for Armenia and Bosnia and Herzegovina

In-person (Tbilisi, Georgia), 10-11 July 2023

A study visit was organised for Armenia and Bosnia and Herzegovina to Tbilisi, Georgia. Eight representatives from Armenia's and Bosnia and Herzegovina's relevant authorities participated in this activity.

Experts from the COARM partner countries who had participated in the train-the-trainer course were responsible for leading this peer-to-peer study visit.

This event focused on items' identification and classification against the national control list, the Georgian arms export control system, inter-agency cooperation in the licencing phase, customs procedures in export control of military goods and particular cases in licencing.

Study Visit to Latvia for Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan

In-person (Riga, Latvia), 12-14 September 2023

A study visit was organised for Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan to Riga, Latvia. Twelve representatives from the partner countries' relevant authorities participated in this activity.

The focus of the study visit was on the importance of a robust legal framework, the licensing procedure as a whole and, more specifically, technical assessment within the licensing procedure, as well as outreach to industry. The program of the study visit was complemented by an on-site visit to a Latvian drone manufacturer to discuss the obligations and responsibilities of the company in the field of export controls.

Study Visit for Ukraine to Germany

In-person (Eschborn, Germany), 25-26 October 2023

A study visit was organised for Ukraine to Eschborn, Germany. Nine representatives from Ukraine's relevant authorities participated in this activity.

This was the first in person event with Ukraine after the pandemic and the outbreak of the war. It focused on the importance of inter-agency cooperation, customs clearance procedures as well as end-use verification in the licensing process. Furthermore, the operative provisions and requirements for the EU member states' arms export control systems set by Common Position 2008/944 were discussed.

Study Visit to Romania for Mongolia

In-person (Bucharest, Romania), 30 October – 1 November 2023

A study visit was organised for Mongolia to Bucharest, Romania. Nine representatives from relevant Mongolian authorities participated in this activity.

For this first ever study visit for Mongolia, a two-fold objective was pursued: firstly, participants were introduced to the key elements of an export control system, including control list (EU Common Military List), scope of control (export, import, transit, transshipment, brokering), licensing process, assessment criteria, the role of inter-agency cooperation. Secondly, an overview of the ATT operative provisions and their implementation into Romanian export controls legislation was provided.

IV. INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY-BUILDING AND ADVANCED-LEVEL AWARENESS-RAISING EVENTS

Advanced-level support Bosnia and Herzegovina/Cross-project train-the-trainer seminar

Online and in-person (Eschborn, Germany), May 2023

A cross project train-the-trainer seminar was organised in Eschborn, Germany and online. Two representatives from Bosnia and Herzegovina's relevant authorities participated in this activity as part of the COARM Project. This train-the-trainer seminar was organised as a 'cross-project' activity. This means the participants came from three partner countries working with the implementing agency in different projects.

The train-the-trainer program is focused on didactics and knowledge transfer regarding strategic trade control topics. The activity focused on the process of knowledge transfer and on skills and competencies necessary for a trainer to launch, manage and direct a knowledge transfer process.

V. CONFERENCE FOR PARTNER COUNTRIES WITH ADVANCED EXPORT CONTROL SYSTEMS

Conference for advanced-level partner countries

In-person (Wiesbaden, Germany), 9 February 2023

A conference for advanced-level partner countries was organised for Albania, Serbia and Georgia in Wiesbaden, Germany.

Four representatives from participating countries' relevant authorities joined this activity, including all participants of the first train-the-trainer seminar. The event was organised back-to-back with the seventh global Wiesbaden Conference.

Discussions focussed particularly on the intangible transfer of technology (ITT), due diligence requirements and emerging technologies. In addition, the conference allowed representatives to exchange views regarding newest developments related to the arms trade and to discuss how recent changes and improvements in arms trade controls can be implemented as part of their own national export control system.

VI. ASSESSMENT EVENTS

Final Assessment Event

Hybrid (Brussels, Belgium and online), 27-28 November 2023

The final assessment event of the EU COARM Outreach Project V was organised in Brussels, Belgium, as a hybrid event. Fifty representatives from fifteen partner countries, EU institutions, EU member states and EU experts participated either in-person or online.

The final assessment event served to assess and consolidate the outcomes, advancements, and challenges encountered throughout project phase V, but also aimed at a more general lookback. Additionally, the final conference sought to foster dialogue among participants from both the European Union and partner countries to discuss the future COARM VI follow-up project.

2. Council Decision (CFSP) 2021/2309 on Union outreach activities in support of the implementation of the Arms Trade Treaty (ATT)

I. NATIONAL ACTIVITIES

Benin

Awareness raising workshop for Parliamentarians on the ATT and its incorporation in national legislation

Hybrid workshop (Cotonou), 19 September 2023 – Expertise France

Benin adopted a law on arms and ammunition in 2020. Drafted in 2010, it was adopted by the Parliament after very long delays.

It does not reflect provisions from the ATT. Changing Benin's legislation in relation to small arms is therefore a priority for Benin's authorities. This is a condition for the proper implementation of the Treaty. Benin's authorities are considering two options: amending the existing Law or adopting a new one.

Organised in collaboration with Benin's National Commission on the fight against the Proliferation of Light Weapons (below the 'National Commission'), the workshop aimed at boosting the process of incorporation of ATT provisions into Benin's legislation. Following legislative elections of January 2023, new Parliamentarians entered the National Assembly and the composition of its Commission on Defense and Security was renewed (NB: Benin is a unicameral system with no Senate). This workshop aimed at raising awareness of members of the new Commission. Representatives of other entities involved in the legislative process on arms related issues were also invited – Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Defense, Justice, Interior, Armed forces etc.

In proposing such an activity, Benin's National Commission aimed at taking into account lessons from the experience of the above-mentioned law which was adopted only after very long delays. Such delay was largely due to lack of understanding of the subject matter among members of the National Assembly.

Members of Parliament expressed their satisfaction vis-à-vis the information provided and their readiness to take prompt action to adapt Benin's legislative framework. They called for continued support by international partners to help them advance towards this objective. Participants also underlined the need for stronger awareness rising among the public regarding existing and future legislation on arms.

Diverging views were expressed among participants as to whether a new law was needed or amending the existing one was sufficient. The National Commission and Ministry of Foreign Affairs expressed their intention to rapidly invite all relevant stakeholders to a coordination meeting to decide on the way forward.

Botswana

Online Assessment Event

Online, 6-7 September 2023 - BAFA

An online assessment event was organised for Botswana. Eighteen representatives from Botswana's relevant authorities participated in this activity.

The online assessment event constituted the inaugural activity for Botswana under EU ATT OP-III after the country joined the project as a partner country on 25 August 2023.

The event aimed at raising awareness of the requirements of the Arms Trade Treaty, introduce the project to a broader range of stakeholders and begin to map out the road ahead for Botswana on its journey to implement ATT provisions.

1st national assistance workshop

In-person (Gaborone), 2-3 November 2023 - BAFA

A national assistance workshop was organised for Botswana in Gaborone, Botswana. Seventeen representatives from Botswana's relevant authorities participated in this activity.

The workshop sought to raise awareness for key considerations with regards to legal, licencing and enforcement aspects of implementing the ATT provisions and was also designed to further elaborate the needs, interests, and priorities of Botswana, thereby jointly assessing the next steps in cooperation.

Colombia

National Assistance Workshop

In-person (Bogota), 27-29 June 2023 - BAFA

A national assistance workshop was organised for Colombia in Bogota, Colombia. Forty representatives from Colombia's relevant authorities participated in this activity.

This workshop aimed at lending new momentum and practical support to Colombia's goal of ratifying the Arms Trade Treaty. Topics addressed during the event included legislative procedures and institutional structures, secondary legislation and control lists, interagency cooperation and risk assessment.

National Assistance Workshop

In-person (Cartagena), 5-7 December 2023 - BAFA

A national assistance workshop was organised for Colombia in Cartagena, Colombia. Thirty representatives from Colombia's relevant authorities participated in this activity.

Discussions focused on strengthening the interagency cooperation at the federal level and the role of customs in arms trade controls. Outreach to industry was another central theme of the workshop, which included a site visit to a manufacturer and marketer of conventional naval weaponry and technologies for military purposes, COTECNMAR.

Côte d'Ivoire**Raising awareness among civil society on the draft Law on arms and ammunition, and the ATT**

Hybrid workshop, (Abidjan), 11-12 July 2023 - Expertise France

This activity built on previous support provided by Expertise France to Côte d'Ivoire under Phases II and III of the EU P2P ATT project. Previously, Expertise France provided advice to Côte d'Ivoire to finalise its draft legislation. The workshop aimed at sensitizing civil society actors to both the draft Law and the ATT. Through the strengthening of the expertise of civil society actors, the event aimed at enhancing their capacity to play their advocacy role vis-à-vis national authorities, including all actors involved in the process for the adoption of the draft Law.

23 individuals counting for 20 civil society organisations participated. It included the country's most important organisations focusing on arms control (i.e., RASALAO Côte d'Ivoire; WANEP Côte d'Ivoire) and others working on related issues such as human rights, gender, reconciliation, or justice (i.e., Amnesty International Côte d'Ivoire, Ligue Ivoirienne des Droits de l'homme, Fondation Serenti, etc).

Guyana**Capacity building workshop on diversion prevention**

Hybrid workshop, 19-20 December 2023 – Expertise France

Demand-driven assistance took the form of an activity which was held in hybrid form on 19 and 20 December 2023.

The training provided 20 participants from different ministries and departments with practical knowledge including: tools, practices, techniques, and methods, as well as lessons learned to prevent diversion of arms, ammunition and explosive within and across the borders of Guyana.

Overall, the training has: a) improved participants' technical competence to regulate the trade and transfer of conventional arms to prevent diversion; b) provided participants with the necessary tools and analysis methods to identify diversion risks, prevent diversion, and counter diversion; c) enhanced participants' knowledge of illicit arms trafficking dynamics in the country and the CARICOM region.

The workshop was approached through thematic presentations and exchanges of experiences and expertise between national and international experts, centred on the following: a) a review of different approaches to prevent diversion along the entire arms transfer chain (pre-transfer, during transfer and post-transfer); b) comparison of techniques and presentation of good practices and methods to prevent arms diversion, including 'operational' perspectives; c) the interlinkages between the ATT and the CARICOM model law to address illicit arms trafficking and diversion of arms. Discussions also addressed diversion in the context of specific national and regional challenges.

Kazakhstan**National Assistance Workshop**

Online, 29-30 June 2023- BAFA

An online national assistance workshop was organised for Kazakhstan. Six representatives from Kazakhstan's relevant authorities participated in this activity.

This was the second event for Kazakhstan under the ATT OP-III framework and designed to resume cooperation with the partner country after the pandemic. According to Kazakhstan's wishes, the workshop aimed at introducing the country to the topics of interagency cooperation and outreach to industry, and to identify topics of discussion for future cooperation in the framework of the project.

3rd National Assistance Workshop

In-Person (Astana, Kazakhstan), 20-21 September 2023 – BAFA

A national assistance workshop was organised for Kazakhstan in Astana, Kazakhstan. Twenty representatives from Kazakhstan's relevant authorities participated in this activity.

This two-day workshop deepened the discussions about matters of interagency cooperation and outreach to industry, and identified topics of discussion for the next workshop within the framework of the project.

Liberia

Awareness Raising to Liberia's National Commission on Arms (LiNCA)

Remote Assistance, June-August 2023 - Expertise France

Consistently with Liberia's 2023 Workplan 'Promoting Effective Implementation of the Arms Trade Treaty' and with exchanges held between Liberia's National Commission on Arms (LiNCA) and Expertise France in February 2023, Expertise France in the framework of the third phase of the EU ATT OP partnered with LiNCA to support Liberia in providing public education and civic awareness on relevance of ATT implementation in the country.

In line with Liberia's 2023 Workplan Output n. 2.1 and relevant objectives, this was done through an ad-hoc activity following the full inclusion of Liberia in the Programme in March 2023. The activity focused on the development of simplified versions of the Liberia Firearms and Ammunition Control Act (FACA) of 2022 and the Arms Trade Treaty (ATT). It was undertaken between June and August 2023.

Capacity building workshop to promote effective implementation of the ATT in Liberia: Preventing Diversion

Hybrid workshop (Monrovia), 28-29 September 2023 – Expertise France

In an effort to promote effective national implementation of the ATT, the government of Liberia has amended the Firearms and Ammunition Control Act of 2015 to domesticate the ATT, integrating relevant ATT provisions on trade and transfer of arms and ammunitions, while employing the ECOWAS ATT Model Law as a guiding instrument. This milestone achievement made Liberia the first among 113 State Parties to domesticate the ATT. In addition, the Government of Liberia enacted into law the Act to Repeal the Act establishing Liberia National Commission on Small Arms (LiNCSA) of 2012 to create the Liberia National Commission on Arms (LiNCA) as the national competent authority to supervise the implementation of the ATT in Liberia.

The training workshop provided participants with practical knowledge including: tools, techniques, and methods, as well as lessons learned to prevent diversion of arms, ammunition and explosive within and across the border of Liberia. The workshop also enhanced the understanding of participants on key provisions of the ATT on trade, transfer and transshipment of conventional arms to promote the effective implementation of the ATT. At the end of training, beneficiaries were certified to train additional state security and other actors in diversion prevention methods. More specifically, the training:

- Improved participants' technical competence to regulate the trade and transfer of conventional arms to prevent diversion.
- Enhanced participants' understanding of existing national laws on arms control and the ATT.
- Provided participants with the necessary skills to facilitate the training of a large group of relevant national ATT implementers.
- Provided participants with the necessary tools and analysis methods to identify diversion risks, prevent diversion, and counter diversion.

Madagascar

Political awareness of high-ranking political authorities

In-person meetings (Antananarivo), 28-30 June 2023 – Expertise France

This first activity with Madagascar under the third phase of the EUP2PATT programme built on the support previously provided by Expertise France during the second phase of the programme. The aim was to inform national authorities about the provisions of the Treaty and the practical arrangements for applying it at national level, to create the best possible conditions for resuming the process of revising the law on the general regime for arms and arms transfers. The activity included briefings for senior national political authorities, discussions on facilitating the authorities' support for the resumption of the process and possible ways of implementing the Treaty.

After the end of the activity, a verbal communication was adopted in July 2023 by the Council of Ministers, enabling the technical committee responsible for finalising the draft bill to be relaunched.

Under the authority of the Prime Minister, the Secretary General of the Government has pledged that the bill currently being prepared will be presented to Parliament in 2024.

Sierra Leone

Workshop ‘Towards the development and use of a National Control List (NCL) in Sierra Leone’

Hybrid Event (Freetown and remote), 29-30 May 2023 – Expertise France

This first activity with Sierra Leone under Phase III of the European Union’s Arms Trade Treaty Outreach Programme (EU ATT OPIII) was organised following exchanges between the Sierra Leone National Commission on Small Arms (SLeNCSA) and Expertise France. Sierra Leone was welcomed as a partner in the Programme on 31 March 2023.

This activity helped to prepare and plan the internal drafting process of the Sierra Leone NCL, which could take several months pending internal discussions related to leadership and coordination on the drafting of the list. Once a draft list has been developed by the Sierra Leone experts, the Programme will put in place remote legal/legislative support to finalise the text and will also provide further ad-hoc support as needed.

Ad-hoc assistance on the process towards the development of a National Control List (NCL)

Remote assistance, November-December 2023 – Expertise France

Following the workshop ‘Towards the development and use of a National Control List (NCL) in Sierra Leone’ of 29-30 May 2023 SLeCAA requested further support from Expertise France to support the process towards the establishment of the NCL and corresponding internal consultations.

This activity supported SLeCAA and other competent authorities in the development of specific procedures and institutional arrangements for the development of the NCL. The activity consisted of three major components: technical advisory in relation to the approach to consultations including advisory on and mapping of participating ministries, department, agencies, and other relevant stakeholders; development of guidance for the national Coordinator to guide internal discussions and consultations alongside the Commission (list of draft items for discussion) and consideration; advisory on good practices and concrete models of NCLs developed by other countries in West Africa and elsewhere.

Expertise France in consultation with Sierra Leone authorities contracted an International Consultant from its well-established pool of experts, who previously participated in the workshop on the process towards the development of the National Control List and who provided technical advisory drafting the above documents in collaboration with the key Expert.

Union of the Comoros

Political and technical awareness-raising

In-person workshop (Moroni), 03-04 July 2023 – Expertise France

The ATT Focal Point in Comoros and Expertise France proposed an initial activity to support the efforts of the national authorities to fully implement the ATT. The aim was to raise awareness among national political authorities of the ATT as a guarantee of regional and international security, and to inform them about the provisions of the Treaty and to initiate consultation on the modalities for its ratification.

This first activity took the form of a two-day workshop. It included information sessions for national political authorities on international arms transfers, the history, spirit and letter of the provisions of the ATT, its institutional operation, and the importance of the transparency mechanisms that underpin the instrument. The workshop also provided an opportunity to place the instrument in a regional context. It started a process that will be followed closely in 2024.

Zambia

Online National Assistance Workshop

Online, 25 – 27 April 2023- BAFA

An online national assistance workshop was organised for Zambia. Twenty representatives from Zambia’s relevant authorities participated in this activity.

The workshop focused on Zambia’s draft national conventional arms control bill. A participating expert analysed the draft bill in advance to identify any gaps and/or areas needing further attention.

In addition to addressing some remaining issues around the bill, the workshop aimed at raising awareness among the different agencies of important ATT stipulations covered by this draft law and to discuss possible further steps to implement this law if it is passed.

National Assistance Workshop

In-person (Lusaka), 6-7 November 2023 - BAFA

A national assistance workshop was organised for Zambia in Lusaka, Zambia. Nineteen representatives from Zambia's relevant authorities participated in this activity.

Discussions focused particularly on the process of licencing, with the aim of strengthening stakeholders' understanding of the licencing process in light of Zambia's upcoming work to draft secondary legislation and procedural guidance to implement the national conventional arms control bill.

II. REGIONAL ACTIVITIES

Africa

Regional Workshop for Southern Africa

In person, (Livingstone, Zambia) 6-7 June 2023 – BAFA

A regional workshop was organised for Botswana, Eswatini, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Tanzania and Zambia in Livingstone, Zambia. Fifty-nine representatives from relevant authorities participated in this activity. In the spirit of donor coordination, the United States was present with three representatives, two from the Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) and one from Export Control and Related Border Security Assistance (EXBS).

This two-day event was the first regional event for Southern Africa in the EU ATT OP-III framework. It aimed at raising awareness in the region of the importance of the ATT, support its universalisation, and further inform countries about available assistance projects and resources supporting the implementation of the obligations under the ATT.

Benin

Regional workshop and meetings - Delegations from Cameroon and Madagascar visit Benin

In person (Cotonou), 13-17 November 2023 – Expertise France

This activity was a continuation of the support provided to Cameroon and Madagascar during the second and third phase of the EU P2P ATT project. For Cameroon, the last workshops organised in 2022 contributed to the development of a National Control List (NCL) and national reporting capacities. With regard to Madagascar, a programme of meetings and a workshop at the end of June 2023 in Antananarivo led to the relaunch of the process aimed at adopting a law on the general arms regime in the country.

Cameroon and Madagascar expressed a desire to take part in a study visit to learn about existing practices in other countries with regard to the implementation of the ATT. In particular, these two countries are planning to set up a National Commission against the Proliferation of Small Arms and Light Weapons (SALW) and would like to learn from the experience of a country that has already established such a body.

Benin, for its part, has undertaken numerous actions and initiatives as part of the implementation of the ATT, in particular the establishment of an LNC. Benin has effective and operational national mechanisms for combating the proliferation of SALW, including a National Commission.

The study visit to Benin by delegations from Cameroon and Madagascar enabled Benin to share its experience, particularly in the following areas:

- development of the LNC;
- establishment and operation of the National Commission to combat the proliferation of SALW, with a focus on three levels:
 - Strategic: normative/legislative basis of the Commission, entities participating in it and to which it is accountable, etc.
 - Administrative: involvement and relationship with relevant bodies;
 - Operational: concrete activities carried out by the Commission and the relevant bodies, particularly in the area of export (and import) controls.

The study visit took place in Cotonou over two days. It included a meeting with representatives of the National Commission to Combat the Proliferation of SALW and other relevant bodies, including the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Ministry of Justice, the Ministry of the Interior, the Armed Forces, the National Directorate of Materiel and Customs.

Mexico

Regional conference against the diversion of trade of small arms and light weapons and their illicit trafficking: the role and usefulness of the ATT

In-person (Mexico City), 1-2 June 2023 – Expertise France

Taking as a departing point that multilateralism and international cooperation constitute the ideal platform to better prevent and counter these challenges, and building on the outcomes of the online seminar ‘Generating synergies and regional strategies against the diversion of trade of small arms and light weapons and their illicit trafficking’,

which was held on 19 and 20 January 2022, the ‘regional conference against the diversion of trade of small arms and light weapons and their illicit trafficking: The role and usefulness of the ATT’ aimed at fostering exchanges between experts and diplomats on best practices for preventing the diversion of trade of small arms and light weapons and their illicit trafficking in the region in the context of Article 11 of the ATT, as well as to identify areas for common action.

In this regard, the conference, which was organised in the premises of the Mexican ministry of foreign affairs:

- promoted the cooperation, networking and exchange of information among importing, transit, trans-shipment and exporting States Parties in order to mitigate the risk of diversion of the transfer of small arms and light weapons;
- encouraged the sharing of information on diversion and illicit activities, including corruption, international trafficking routes, illicit brokers, sources of illicit supply, methods of concealment, common points of dispatch, or destinations used by organized groups engaged in diversion;
- shared good practices implemented by participating countries in preventing and addressing risks of diversion of small arms and light weapons in accordance with the ATT and with the aim of strengthening international cooperation.

17 countries from Latin America participated (including Mexico), which brought together 38 foreign participants during two days: Argentina, Belize, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Guyana, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Republica Dominica, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Santa Lucia (joined by representatives from France, Germany, the UN, and the EU).

In conclusion, the partners decided to follow up this regional conference with the joint preparation of a policy paper designed to summarise in a few pages the main measures taken by the countries taking part in the conference to combat the diversion and illicit trafficking of firearms. 8 States participating to the regional conference responded to the questions put by the partners, providing the substance of a document that was formatted, published, and widely distributed at the 9th Conference of States Parties (CSP) to the ATT, from 21 to 25 August 2023.

Togo

Regional Workshop on National Control Lists

Hybrid Event (Lome and remote), 31 January 2023 – Expertise France

Expertise France participated at the regional workshop organised by ECOWAS in Lome for all ECOWAS member countries, on the theme of the development of national control lists under the ATT, the implementation of the Treaty and its universalisation.

III. STUDY VISITS

Study visit for Chile to BAFA

In-person (Eschborn, Germany) 14-16 March 2023 - BAFA

A study visit was organised for Chile in Eschborn, Germany. Six representatives from Chile’s relevant authorities participated in this activity.

The study visit focused on reviewing different licensing methods and approaches. Therefore, tools of licensing, including procedures, documentation and certification, information sharing and data collection and interagency cooperation were discussed. Participating EU experts presented the German and Spanish licensing system, explaining specific laws, regulations, and tools used to license and regulate the export of military equipment.

Study visit for Thailand to London, UK, and Heathrow Airport*In-person (London, United Kingdom) 21-23 March 2023 - BAFA*

A study visit was organised for Thailand to London Heathrow Airport, United Kingdom. Eight representatives from relevant Thai authorities participated in this activity.

The focus of this activity was to sensitize participants regarding the role of customs procedures in enforcing arms trade controls. The participants received an overview of best practices for effective export control from different UK agencies, including the UK Border Force, His Majesty's Revenue and Customs (HMRC) and the Export Control Joint Unit.

IV. OTHER ACTIVITIES**Side event at the ninth Conference of the States Parties to the ATT (CSP 9)***In-person (Geneva, Switzerland) 23 August 2023 - Expertise France / BAFA*

A side event at the ninth Conference of the States Parties to the ATT (CSP 9) was organised in Geneva, Switzerland. Forty representatives from relevant authorities, different countries' missions to the UN in Geneva and several NGOs participated in this activity.

The CSP side event was intended to demonstrate how the European Union's support programme for ATT implementation is set up to pool technical resources and provide beneficiary countries with a toolbox of implementation know-how. It was also intended to raise awareness about the EU's ATT implementation support activities, in particular for countries that may subsequently seek assistance, inform about recently implemented activities and discuss expertise sharing on the implementation of the ATT. The event also provided two partner countries - Benin and Colombia - with the opportunity to present their experiences as partner countries in the project. The session gave the floor to Mr. Álvaro Alejandro Gómez OCAMPO, Minister Plenipotentiary, Permanent Mission of Colombia to the United Nations Office and other International Organisations in Geneva, and Mr. André Hounsou FINAGNON, Directorate of International Organisations, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Benin.

The session was followed by a question-and-answer session of approximately 30 minutes.

Side Event in the margins of the Meeting of the UN General Assembly First Committee*In person (New York) 23 October 2023, Expertise France/BAFA*

A side event in the margins of the UN General Assembly First Committee Meeting was organised in New York, USA. Twenty-Seven representatives from relevant authorities, different countries' missions to the UN and several NGOs participated in the event.

The event coincided with the ten-year anniversary of the EU ATT Outreach Project's inauguration in 2013. Therefore, the purpose of the event was to take stock of the project activities over the past decade, presenting trends, developments, data, and learnings for the future, while also inviting remarks and questions from interested attending country/organisation representatives. Two representatives from Zambia and Benin had the opportunity to share their experiences as partner countries: Mr. Dominic Matala, Ministry of Defence, Zambia, and Colonel Gabin Chahounka, Permanent Secretary, National Commission to Fight the Proliferation of Small Arms CNLCPAL, Benin.

Production of a motion design devoted to the EU support to the ATT*Expertise France*

The specific communication effort which was launched during the first part of the year was pursued with the production of an animated video ('motion design') promoting the ATT and the European Union action in support of the Treaty, in English, French, and Spanish versions, intended for very wide distribution throughout the third phase of the programme.

The video motion design was achieved in spring 2023. It was introduced for the first time at the regional conference of Mexico on 1st June 2023. It was also introduced at the CSP9 ATT in Geneva in August 2023 and at the UNGA First Committee meeting in October 2023 (English version).

Production of a dedicated policy paper to the fight against illicit trafficking of SALW*Expertise France*

Latin America and the Caribbean is a region which is specifically affected by the diversion and illicit trafficking of small arms and light weapons (SALW). These arms feed internal violence and organised crime in many countries of the region where 70 % of homicides are caused by firearms.

Taking as a departing point that multilateralism and international cooperation constitute the ideal platform to better prevent and counter these challenges, and building on the outcomes of the online seminar 'Generating synergies and regional strategies against the diversion of trade of small arms and light weapons and their illicit trafficking' which was held on 19 and 20 January 2022, the Mexican MFA and the EUP2P ATT Outreach Programme organized on 1 & 2 June 2023 in Mexico City a 'Regional conference against the diversion of trade of SALW and their illicit trafficking: The role and usefulness of the ATT'. Bringing together around 20 States of the region, this meeting aimed at fostering exchanges between experts and diplomats on best practices for preventing the diversion of trade of SALW and their illicit trafficking in the region in the context of Article 11 of the ATT, as well as to identify areas for common action.

Based on this regional conference, this policy paper was prepared to be circulated during the ATT CSP9 in Geneva in order to share good practices implemented by participating countries to the conference in preventing and addressing risks of diversion in accordance with the ATT and with the aim of strengthening international cooperation.

Two questions were put to several countries in the region, which were kind enough to respond.

1. What are the main measures taken and challenges encountered by your country in countering the diversion and subsequent illegal trafficking of SALW?
2. How is your country working in cooperation with other countries in the region to countering diversion and illicit trafficking of SALW?

Their answers provided the content of a document which was published and circulated (around 70 copies) during the ATT CSP 9, in Geneva in August 2023.

3. Council Decision (CFSP) 2021/649 on Union support for activities of the ATT Secretariat in support of the implementation of the Arms Trade Treaty

Implemented by: ATT Secretariat

Council Decision 2021/649 was adopted to support the effective implementation and universalisation of the Arms Trade Treaty (ATT). Thus, in partnership with the ATT Secretariat, the Union provided the necessary resources for activities to support States Parties to the ATT in strengthening their arms transfer control systems for the effective implementation of the ATT and to strengthen the institutional set-up of the ATT Secretariat as the principal body to assist States Parties to the ATT in implementing the ATT. The text below relates to activities undertaken from January to October 2023 when the project concluded. On 23 October 2023, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2023/2296 on Union support for activities of the Arms Trade Treaty Secretariat in support of the implementation of the Arms Trade Treaty.

Project 1: support for capacity building of ATT National Points of Contact

The overall objective of Project 1 was to build the capacity of States Parties' National Points of Contact (NPC), including increasing their knowledge of ATT obligations and raising their awareness with respect to ATT process developments.

Following the development of the *Guidance Document for National Points of Contact (NPCs)* in 2022, to provide guidance on the role and possible tasks of NPCs, two briefing sessions were conducted remotely in February and May 2023 to coincide with the ATT Working Groups and CSP9 Informal Preparatory meetings. In the February 2023 briefing session, 184 participants from 35 States joined online whereas in the May 2023 briefing session, 166 participants from 44 States joined online. An additional 80 viewers watched the recording published on the ATT website on demand.

Furthermore in 2023, the ATT Secretariat conducted several focused call-in outreach to NPCs according to their regional and linguistic categorisation. During the outreach calls, the available resources on the NPC webpage (including the *NPC Guidance Document*) were highlighted, as well as the process for states to access the ATT internal support mechanisms i.e. the Sponsorship Programme and the Voluntary Trust Fund. NPCs were also able to raise ATT implementation and universalization issues, in an informal way, directly with the Head of the Secretariat. Through this project, NPCs were also able to brief the ATT Secretariat on national and regional circumstances which are impacting the implementation of the Treaty, as well as how best they could bring to bear their experience to ATT formal meetings.

Project 2: Expert Roster (Train the Trainers)

The overall objective of this Project was to build the capacity of national and regional ATT experts to provide advice and training on ATT implementation at the national and regional levels in order to reduce the reliance on international consultants and organisations, improve the quality of training and implementation assistance, and to contribute to better tailoring capacity-building efforts.

For the reporting period and following the development of the ATT training programme and training materials (i.e. Manual and Guide) in 2022, the ATT Secretariat conducted the following additional four (4) regional training workshops:

1. For Caribbean states: Trinidad & Tobago (Port of Spain) in February 2023 conducted in English.

2. For West African States: Cote d'Ivoire (Abidjan) in April 2023 conducted in French.
3. For Southern African States: Lesotho (Maseru) in July 2023 conducted in English.
4. For Southern and Central American States: Mexico (Mexico City), in September 2023 conducted in Spanish.

The regional training workshops mentioned above has helped increase the number of national and regional experts to deliver quality training and implementation assistance to States at national and regional levels.

Project 3: Support for a matching and needs resources database

This project aimed at establishing a formal mechanism within the ATT framework to facilitate the matching of offers and requests for assistance concerning the ATT implementation. This mechanism will give effect to international assistance amongst states and complement the foreseen ATT discussions in the ATT Working Groups focusing on practical Treaty implementation.

In 2023, the project undertook a mapping exercise, identifying existing needs matching mechanisms within the disarmament space, as well as those being utilised in the humanitarian, development and peace spheres. The project conducted further analysis of the information gathered, provided a critical view of the availability and suitability of matching mechanisms, best practices and key issues for consideration to inform the setting up of the databases.

A prototype of the database was demonstrated and launched by the ATT Secretariat during a side event at CSP9, in August 2023, with the participation of Ms. Marketa Homolkova, Head of Political Section for Disarmament and Non-proliferation, EU Delegation to the UN and other international organisations in Geneva. The development of the database has since been completed and went live on 17 October 2023.

The ATT Secretariat is currently engaging States Parties and Signatory States regarding the utility of the database and encouraging them to make available information to be publish on the database to facilitate international assistance for ATT implementation.

TABLE E.

Internet Addresses of Member States' National Websites Providing National Reports on Arms Exports**Austria**

<http://www.bmeia.gv.at>

Belgium

Brussels Capital Region: <http://du-arms.brussels/>

Flemish Region: www.fdfa.be/csg

Walloon Region: <https://gouvernement.wallonie.be/home/publications/rapport-armes.html>

Bulgaria

<https://exportcontrol.mi.government.bg/indexbg.php>

Croatia

<https://mingo.gov.hr/>

Czechia

<https://www.mpo.cz/en/foreign-trade/licence-administration/>

www.mzv.cz/kontrolaexportu

Denmark

<https://politi.dk/statistik/udfoersel-af-militaert-udstyr>

Estonia

<https://vm.ee/en/activity/control-strategic-goods/overview-strategic-goods-controls>

Finland

https://www.defmin.fi/luvat_ja_asiointi/vienti-_ja_siirtoluvat/tilastot#7ff322a2

France

<https://www.defense.gouv.fr/rapport-au-parlement-2024-exportations-darmement-france>

<https://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/fr/politique-etrangere-de-la-france/securite-desarmement-et-non-proliferation/desarmement-et-non-proliferation/commerce-transport-et-exportations-d-armes-et-materiels-sensibles/article/contrôle-des-exportations-de-matériels-de-guerre>

Germany

<https://www.bmwk.de/Redaktion/EN/Dossier/export-controls-for-military-equipment.html>

http://www.bafa.de/EN/Foreign_Trade/Export_Control/export_control_node.html

(general information on the German export control system)

Hungary

http://mkeh.gov.hu/haditechnika/haditechnika_kulkereskedelem/6a_Jelentesek

Ireland

<https://enterprise.gov.ie/en/what-we-do/trade-investment/export-licences/publications-and-forms/>

Italy

<https://www.esteri.it/en/ministero/struttura/uama/>

https://www.camera.it/leg18/494?idLegislatura=18&categoria=067&tipologiaDoc=elenco_categoria

https://www.esteri.it/mae/resource/doc/2017/06/legge_09_07_1990_n185.pdf

Latvia

<https://www.mfa.gov.lv/lv/media/8540/download?attachment>

Lithuania

<http://eimin.lrv.lt/lt/veiklos-sritys/verslo-aplinka/prekyba/uzsienio-prekyba>

Malta

<https://commerce.gov.mt/en/trade-related-services-and-projects-directorate/exportation-of-military-equipment>

Netherlands

<http://www.government.nl/issues/export-controls-of-strategic-goods> (English)

<http://www.rijksoverheid.nl/onderwerpen/exportcontrole-strategische-goederen> (Dutch)

Poland

http://www.msz.gov.pl/pl/polityka_zagraniczna/polityka_bezpieczenstwa/kontrola_eksportu/transparencja/

http://www.msz.gov.pl/en/foreign_policy/security_policy/export_control/

Portugal

<https://www.defesa.gov.pt/pt/pdefesa/ii/id/tcpd/Paginas/default.aspx>

Romania

<https://www.ancex.ro/>

Slovakia

<https://www.economy.gov.sk/>

Slovenia

<https://www.gov.si/en/state-authorities/ministries/ministry-of-defence/about-the-ministry-of-defence/logistics-directorate/>

Spain

<https://comercio.gob.es/ImportacionExportacion/Regimenes/Paginas/Defensa.aspx>

Sweden

Strategisk exportkontroll 2023 – krigsmateriel och produkter med dubbla användningsområden – Regeringen.se

EU

<https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/eeasqap/sense/app/75fd8e6e-68ac-42dd-a078-f616633118bb/sheet/74299ecd-7a90-4b89-a509-92c9b96b86ba/state/analysis>

TABLE F.

European Peace Facility - Assistance Measures**Overview of EPF assistance measures adopted until 31 December 2023****1. Assistance measures taking the form of a general programme for support to the African Union**

On 22 July 2021, the Council adopted Decision (EU) 2021/1210 on an assistance measure (AM) taking the form of a general programme for support to the African Union (AM/GP-AU 2021) in the second half of 2021, with a financial reference amount of EUR 130 million. On the basis of recommendations from the HR, the Political and Security Committee (PSC) approved four actions under this AM in 2021.

On 21 April 2022, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2022/667 on an AM taking the form of a general programme for support to the African Union for the period 2022 – 2024 (AM/GP-AU 2022-2024), with a financial reference amount of EUR 600 million. On the basis of recommendations from the HR, the PSC approved three actions under this AM in 2022, and additional three actions in 2023, including to increase appropriations for the third support package to the Somali National Army.

1.1. Support to the AU Mission in Somalia/ AU Transition Mission in Somalia (AMISOM/ATMIS)

On 21 July 2021, the PSC approved an action in support of the military component of AMISOM for the period 1 July-31 December 2021 amounting to EUR 65 million under the AM/GP-AU 2021.

On 6 July 2022, the PSC approved an action in support of the military component of AMISOM/ATMIS for the period 1 January-31 December 2022 amounting to EUR 120 million under the AM/GP-AU 2022-2024.

On 2 March 2023, the PSC approved an action in support of the military component of ATMIS for the period of 1 January to 31 December 2023 amounting to EUR 85 million under the AM/GP-AU 2022-2024.

These actions aim at enabling the military component of ATMIS to fulfil its mandate, with a focus on the gradual transfer of security responsibilities to the Somali Security Forces (SSF), in line with United Nations Security Council Resolutions (UNSCR) 2568 (2021), 2628 (2022), 2670 (2022) and the Somali Transition Plan.

On 27 June 2023, the UNSC adopted UNSCR 2687 (2023) and called on the Federal Government of Somalia to continue working with the AU, UN, EU and bilateral partners to expedite the development of its sovereign capabilities necessary to gradually take over security responsibilities from ATMIS, and to enable greater Somali ownership and responsibility in preparation for the exit of ATMIS and scaling-back of the United Nations Support Office in Somalia (UNSOS). Furthermore, on 15 November 2023, the UNSC through UNSCR 2710 (2023) further extended its authorisation of ATMIS until 30 June 2024.

Type of support: troop allowances, mission subsistence allowances for high-ranking officers, and death and disability compensation.

1.2. Support to the Somali National Army (SNA)

On 17 November 2021, the PSC approved an action in support of the SNA for the period 1 January 2022 – 30 June 2023 amounting to EUR 20 million under the AM/GP-AU 2021.

On 2 March 2023, the PSC approved a second action in support of the SNA amounting to EUR 25 million under the AM/GP-AU 2022-2024. A EUR 4 million top-up to this package of support was agreed by the PSC on 10 October 2023.

Both actions aim at further building the capacities of the SNA and contributing to the gradual handover of security responsibilities from AMISOM/ATMIS to the SSF, in line with UNSCR 2568 (2021), 2628 (2022), 2670 (2022), 2687 (2023), 2710 (2023) and the Somali Transition Plan.

Type of support: rehabilitation works at the training facility, the payment of the training centre's running costs, personal equipment for trainees, other non-lethal equipment.

Furthermore, on 27 November 2023, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2023/2680 on an AM to support the SNA with military equipment designed to deliver lethal force, with a financial reference amount of EUR 1 million.

The objective of the AM is to strengthen the capacity of the SNA to be trained at the General Dhagabadan Training Centre used by the EU Training Mission Somalia (EUTM Somalia), with a view to restore safety and security in the country, and protect the civilian population. Through this measure, the EU will provide ammunition that will be used solely for training the SNA personnel in conjunction with the EUTM Somalia.

Type of support: ammunition.

1.3. Support to the Multi-National Joint Task Force (MNJTF) against Boko Haram

On 16 December 2021, the PSC approved an action in support of the MNJTF against Boko Haram for the period 1 January-30 June 2022 amounting to EUR 10 million under the AM/GP-AU 2021.

On 29 March 2022, the PSC approved an action in support of the MNJTF against Boko Haram for the period 1 July-31 December 2022 amounting to EUR 10 million under the GP-AU 2022-2024.

On 18 January 2023, the PSC agreed to provide additional EUR 80 million under the AM/GP-AU 2022-2024 over a two year-period (2023/2024) to support the MNJTF.

The objective of these actions is to enhance the operational effectiveness of the MNJTF with the aim to create a safe and secure environment in the areas affected by the activities of BH and other terrorist groups.

As a result of the coup in Niger in July 2023, the AU Peace and Security Council decided to suspend the participation of Niger in all activities of the AU and its organs and institutions until the effective restoration of constitutional order in the country. Consequently, all MNJTF operations in Niger's Diffa region have been suspended as well.

Type of support: financial support to cover personnel and operational/logistical costs, including ground and air transportation, communication equipment and medical services, Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance, nautical, aerial and ground mobility.

1.4. Support to the G5 Sahel Joint Force (G5SJF)

On 15 December 2021, the PSC approved an action in support of the G5SJF under the AM/GP-AU 2021 amounting to EUR 35 million for the period 1 January 2022-30 June 2024.

The approved action aims at enhancing two main lines of effort: i) contribute to strengthening the resilience of the G5SJF; ii) contribute to increasing capacities to ensure maintenance of equipment with a view to ensuring its sustainability.

On 30 April 2022, the PSC decided to temporarily and reversibly suspend the EPF support to the Malian battalions of the G5SJF. Furthermore, as a result of the coup in Niger in July 2023 and due to the volatile political climate in Burkina Faso, EPF support to the Nigerien and Burkinabe battalions of the G5SJF has also been suspended.

Type of support: technical devices, infrastructure works, maintenance capacities.

1.5. Support to the SADC Mission in Mozambique (SAMIM)

On 8 September 2022, the PSC approved an action in support of the Southern African Development Community (SADC) Mission in Mozambique (SAMIM) amounting to EUR 15 million under the AM/GP-AU 2022-2024.

This strand of EPF support is complementary to the ongoing EPF assistance to the Mozambican Armed Forces and EPF support to the deployment of the Rwanda Defence Force in Mozambique (see below).

By providing this support, the EU joins Mozambican and international efforts to restore peace, safety and security in the North of Mozambique, protect the civilian population, and allow for the return of internally displaced persons, accountable law enforcement, state structures and services to the area.

By 31 December 2023, discussions at the level of SADC Headquarters on a possible phased withdrawal of the force from Mozambique were ongoing.

Type of support: camp fortifications and storage containers, medical equipment, mobility assets, as well as technological devices.

2. Assistance measures benefiting individual African countries

2.1. Mozambique

Following the establishment of EUTM Mozambique, the Council approved an urgent measure of EUR 4 million on 30 July 2021 (on the basis of Concept Note 10547/1/21 REV 1 EU-R), and on 19 November 2021 adopted Decision (CFSP) 2021/2032 establishing an AM of EUR 40 million to support five military units trained by the EUTM. On 21 April 2022, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2022/668 to increase the reference amount of the AM by EUR 45 million to address the needs of all eleven units to be trained. Total support to Mozambique under this AM and the urgent measure now equals EUR 89 million.

This support will allow the aforementioned units to develop the necessary and sustainable capacities to restore safety and security in Mozambique's northern Cabo Delgado province. It consists of the provision of integrated packages of equipment and supplies in conjunction with EU training mission. The aim is to ensure that the training is as efficient and effective as possible, enabling EUTM-trained troops to be fully operational and self-sufficient upon deployment.

The AM benefiting military units trained by EUTM Mozambique is complemented by support to SAMIM (see above) and support to the deployment of the Rwanda Defence Force in Mozambique (see below).

Type of support: personal and collective equipment, ground mobility assets, technical devices and a field hospital.

2.2. Rwanda

On 1 December 2022, the Council adopted Council Decision (CFSP) 2022/2354 on an AM to support the deployment of the Rwanda Defence Force in Mozambique with a financial reference amount of EUR 20 million.

The objective of the AM is to support part of the extra-costs generated by continued deployment of units of the Rwanda Defence Force in Mozambique's northern province of Cabo Delgado in order to extend, protect and sustain the territorial and tactical gains they have made so far. This should ensure the security and the protection of the civilian population in Mozambique's northern provinces and facilitate the return of law enforcement agencies and of other accountable state structures that deliver services for the benefit of the population. This deployment started in July 2021 at the request of Mozambican authorities, in response to the ongoing fight against terrorism.

This AM complements EPF support to SAMIM and EPF support to military units trained by EUTM Mozambique (see above).

Type of support: personal and collective equipment, financial support to cover costs related to the strategic airlift.

2.3. Niger

On 18 July 2022, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2022/1236 on an AM to support the Nigerien Armed Forces, with a financial reference amount of EUR 25 million.

On 7 March 2023, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2023/509 for an AM to support the Nigerien Armed Forces in conjunction with the EU Military Partnership Mission in Niger (EUMPM) Niger, with a financial reference amount of EUR 40 million.

On 10 June 2023, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2023/1136 on an AM to support the Nigerien Armed Forces with military equipment designed to deliver lethal force, with a financial reference amount of EUR 4,7 million. On the same day, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2023/1137 on an AM to finance additional activities that complement the provision of military equipment to the Nigerien Armed Forces, with a financial reference amount of EUR 0.3 million.

The broad objective of these AMs was to strengthen the capabilities and resilience of the Nigerien Armed Forces to defend the territorial integrity and sovereignty of Niger and to better protect the civilian population including against the mounting terrorist threat.

Following the coup in Niger in July 2023, the HR decided to provisionally suspend these AMs.

Type of support: No equipment or infrastructure have been delivered to Niger under these AMs.

2.4. Mauritania

On 1 December 2022, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2022/2355 on an AM to support the armed forces of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania, with a financial reference amount of EUR 12 million.

The AM has two key objectives: improving the military capacities of two pre-identified battalions of the Mauritanian Armed Forces to better respond to the security threats Mauritania and the region are facing, and improving the in situ medical capacities of these forces on the border with Mali, Western Sahara and with Algeria to better respond to the security threats Mauritania and the region are facing.

Type of support: light boats, personal protective equipment, and medical equipment.

2.5. Mali

On 2 December 2021, the Council adopted Decision (EU) 2021/2137 on an AM to support the Armed Forces of the Republic of Mali amounting to EUR 24 million.

Following the changes of the political landscape, on 30 May 2023, the PSC suspended this measure before its implementation started.

Type of support: No equipment or infrastructure have been delivered to Niger under these AMs.

2.6. Ghana

On 10 July 2023, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2023/1440 on an AM to support the Ghana Armed Forces, with a financial reference amount of EUR 8,25 million.

The measure will strengthen the operational capabilities of the military units deployed in the northern part of the country to fight armed groups, counteract and reduce their opportunities to commit terrorist attacks. The mobility component builds on the transfer of 105 militarised vehicles seized by the Operation EUNAVFOR MED IRINI on board of the merchant vessel Victory RoRo on 18 July 2022 in violation of the United Nations' arms embargo on Libya.

Type of support: militarised vehicles, imagery, engineering, and explosive ordnance disposal equipment.

2.7. The Democratic Republic of the Congo

On 20 July 2023, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2023/1518 on an AM to support the Armed Forces of the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC), with a financial reference amount of EUR 20 million.

Through this AM, the EU will support the 31st Rapid Reaction Brigade of the Armed Forces of the Democratic Republic of the Congo (FARDC). This 31st Rapid Reaction Brigade is active in Eastern DRC and the EU support will strengthen the capabilities and resilience of the FARDC in a region marked by the presence of more than one hundred armed groups. The AM will also support the rehabilitation of the brigade's headquarters.

Type of support: individual equipment, such as commando kits, first aid kits and clothing, and collective equipment, such as counter-IED kits, vehicles and radios.

2.8. Benin

On 25 September 2023, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2023/2062 on an AM to support the Beninese Armed Forces, with a financial reference amount of EUR 11,75 million.

The objective of the AM is to enhance the capabilities of the Beninese Armed Forces with a view to protect the territorial integrity and sovereignty of Benin and its population, against internal and external aggressions, in a context of spill-over from Islamist militant groups from the Sahel, and to contribute to peace and stability within the region. The measure will, in particular, focus on supporting the Operation Mirador deployed in the northern parts of Benin since 2022.

Type of support: Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance aircraft and Unmanned Air Systems, including spare parts and maintenance training.

2.9. Military actors and navies of coastal states involved in maritime security operations in the Gulf of Guinea

On 27 November 2023, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2023/2682 on an AM to support military actors and navies of coastal states involved in maritime security operations in the Gulf of Guinea, with a financial reference amount of EUR 21 million.

The AM will support the Yaoundé Architecture and strengthen the capacities of Ghana and Cameroon to patrol the high seas. The AM seeks to complement the EU-initiated Coordinated Maritime Presence in the Gulf of Guinea.

Type of support: Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance services to the Yaoundé Architecture, and non-lethal equipment to the navies of Ghana and Cameroon, such as rigid hull inflatable boats, intervention speed boats, engines, light naval rotary unmanned air vehicles, marine generators for ships and scuba diving equipment.

3. Assistance measures benefiting partners in the Eastern Neighbourhood

3.1. Ukraine

- a) On 2 December 2021, the Council adopted Decision (EU) 2021/2135 on an AM to support the Ukrainian Armed Forces (UAF), with a financial reference amount of EUR 31 million.

The objective of the AM is to build up the capabilities of the UAF in the i) medical, ii) engineering (including demining equipment), and iii) mobility/logistic branches, as well as iv) cyber defence.

Type of support: field hospitals, medical equipment, demining and engineering equipment, ground mobility, logistical assets and cyber-defence.

- b) In response to Russia's unprovoked and unjustified military aggression of Ukraine and following the Ukrainian request of 25 February 2022 for urgent assistance, on 28 February 2022, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2022/338 on an AM for the supply to the UAF of military equipment, and platforms, designed to deliver lethal force, and Decision (CFSP) 2022/339 on an AM to support the UAF. The initial value of the two AMs was EUR 500 million in total.

Since February 2022, the EU has adopted further six support packages for the delivery of defensive military equipment to support the UAF: on 23 March 2022, 13 April 2022, 23 May 2022, 21 July 2022, 17 October 2022 and 2 February 2023 for a total amount of EUR 3,6 billion ⁽³⁰⁾. On 8 May 2023, the HR proposed the eighth support package worth additional EUR 500 million. The Council's decision was still pending as of 31 December 2023. Reimbursement payments are distributed over the years 2022 until 2027.

Both measures have an objective to contribute to strengthening capabilities and resilience of the UAF to defend the territorial integrity and sovereignty of Ukraine and protect the civilian population.

Type of support delivered: ammunition, military equipment, and platforms designed to deliver lethal force for defensive purposes, non-military equipment and supplies, such as personal protective equipment, first aid kits, and fuel.

- c) On 14 November 2022 and on 2 February 2023, the Council adopted Decisions (CFSP) 2022/2245 and 2023/231 to support the UAF trained by the EU Military Assistance Mission in support of Ukraine (EUMAM Ukraine) with lethal and non-lethal assistance, with a combined financial reference amount of EUR 61 million.

On 28 November 2023, the Council adopted two amending Decisions to increase financial reference amounts for both assistance measures by EUR 194 million totalling EUR 255 million in order to continue large-scale training of UAF personnel.

The objective of the two AMs is to complement the training efforts led by EUMAM Ukraine and finance the provision by Member States of ammunition, and other eligible military equipment to meet the operational requirements of EUMAM Ukraine, as well as services, including transportation, custody, maintenance and repair of the items made available by Member States for training conducted under EUMAM Ukraine.

Type of support delivered: ammunition, military equipment, and platforms, designed to deliver lethal force to meet the operational requirements of EUMAM Ukraine; transportation, custody and maintenance and repair of the military equipment provided for the training purposes.

- d) On 20 March 2023, the Foreign Affairs and Defence Ministers agreed to a three-track approach with a view to speeding up delivery and joint procurement, aiming at one million rounds of artillery ammunition for Ukraine in a joint effort within the following 12 months. On 23 March 2023, the European Council welcomed this initiative.

For track 1, on 13 April 2023, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2023/810 amending Decision 2022/238 to reimburse ammunition and missiles from stocks or from reprioritisation of existing orders, delivered to Ukraine during the period of 9 February 2023 to 31 May 2023.

For track 2, on 5 May 2023, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2023/927 on an AM to support the UAF through the provision of ammunition, with a reference amount of EUR 1 billion. The measure finances joint procurement of 155mm ammunition and missiles from economic operators established and having their production in the EU or Norway (with their supply chains possibly including operators established or having their production outside the EU and Norway). Joint procurement is being conducted through the European Defence Agency (EDA) fast-track joint procurement scheme for 155mm ammunition and complementary Member States-led collaborative projects.

3.2. Moldova

On 2 December 2021, the Council adopted Decision (EU) 2021/2136 on an AM to support the Armed Forces of the Republic of Moldova, with a financial reference amount of EUR 7 million.

On 30 June 2022, the Council adopted Decision (EU) 2022/1093 on an AM to support the Armed Forces of the Republic of Moldova, with a financial reference amount of EUR 40 million.

On 4 May 2023, the Council adopted Decision (EU) 2023/921 on an AM to support the Armed Forces of the Republic of Moldova, with a financial reference amount of EUR 40 million.

The overall objective of the three AMs is to contribute to strengthening the Moldovan Armed Forces' (MAF) capacities to enhance national security, stability and resilience in the defence sector. The AMs will allow the MAF to enhance operational effectiveness, accelerate compliance with EU standards and interoperability, and thereby better protect civilians in crises and emergencies. They will also strengthen the beneficiary's capacities with regard to its participation in military CSDP missions and operations as well as in other multinational operations.

Type of support: medical equipment and explosive ordnance disposal equipment, air surveillance, logistics, mobility and transportation, command and control, and cyber defence equipment.

⁽³⁰⁾ Adjusted figure including additional contributions from constructively abstaining Member States.

3.3. Georgia

On 2 December 2021, the Council adopted Decision (EU) 2021/2134 on an AM to support the Georgian Defence Forces, with a financial reference amount of EUR 12,75 million.

On 1 December 2022, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2022/2352 on an AM to support the Georgian Defence Forces, with a financial reference amount of EUR 20 million.

On 4 May 2023, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2023/920 on an AM to support the Georgian Defence Forces (GDF), with a financial reference amount of EUR 30 million.

The overall objective of the three AMs is to contribute to strengthening GDF capacities to enhance national security, stability and resilience in the defence sector, in line with the EU's policy on Georgia. The AMs will allow the GDF to enhance operational effectiveness, accelerate compliance with EU standards and interoperability, and thereby better protect civilians in crises and emergencies. It will also strengthen the beneficiary's capacities with regard to its participation in military CSDP missions and operations as well as in other multinational operations.

Type of support: medical and engineering equipment, logistics services, ground mobility and cyber defence equipment.

4. Assistance measures benefiting partners in the Western Balkans

4.1. Bosnia and Herzegovina (AFBiH)

On 4 November 2021, the Council adopted Decision (EU) 2021/1923 on an AM to support capacity building for the Armed Forces of Bosnia and Herzegovina (AFBiH) with a financial reference amount of EUR 10 million.

On 1 December 2022, the Council adopted Decision (EU) 2022/2353 on an AM to support capacity building for the Tactical Support Brigade of the AFBiH, with a financial reference amount of EUR 10 million.

The objective of the 2021 AM is to enhance and upgrade the capabilities of the Demining Battalion of the AFBiH. The objective of the 2022 AM is to strengthen the capacities of the AFBiH by enhancing and upgrading the equipment of its tactical support brigade, improve the security and deployment conditions of the AFBiH as well as upgrade a limited number of operational capabilities, specifically in Chemical, Biological, Radiological and Nuclear (CBRN) as well as defensive and early warning capabilities.

Type of support: demining equipment, transport and medical vehicles, metal detectors, field equipment, key tools for military engineering, and CBRN materiel.

4.2. Balkan Medical Task Force (BMTF)

On 9 June 2022, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2022/906 on an AM to support capacity building of the BMTF, with a financial reference amount of EUR 6 million.

The objective of the AM is to enhance the capacities of the medical units of the armed forces of eligible BMTF Participating Nations, namely Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, North Macedonia and Serbia by procuring the necessary equipment and materiel in order to strengthen the military medical capabilities of the region with a positive side-effect on civilian relief efforts.

Type of support: mobility assets, components for field hospitals at 'role 2' standards, laboratory equipment and supplies, and IT and communication equipment.

4.3. The Republic of North Macedonia

On 16 March 2023, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2023/599 on an AM to strengthen the capacities of the Army of the Republic of North Macedonia (ARMK), with a financial reference amount of EUR 10 million.

The objective of the AM is to enhance the capacities of ARMK by enhancing and upgrading the equipment of its light infantry battalion group with the ultimate aim to enable them to contribute to military CSDP missions and operations.

Type of support: logistics, medical equipment, communication and information systems, intelligence capacities, CBRN, engineering and training equipment.

5. Assistance measure benefiting a partner in the Southern Neighbourhood

5.1. Lebanon

On 1 December 2022, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2022/2356 on an AM to support the Lebanese Armed Forces (LAF), with a financial reference amount of EUR 6 million.

The objective of the AM is to enhance the capabilities and the resilience of the LAF to ensure the national security and stability of Lebanon, through the enhancement of their military medical capacities, and the provision of equipment for the LAF's operational personnel.

Type of support: healthcare equipment to support military medical services, and individual equipment.

5.2. Jordan

On 20 February 2023, the Council adopted Decision (CFSP) 2023/384 on an AM to support the Jordanian Armed Forces (JAF), with a financial reference amount of EUR 7 million.

The objective of the AM is to enhance the capacities of the JAF to ensure the national security and stability of Jordan through the enhancement of its military medical services, engineer brigades and operational units in charge of securing its borders, and thereby better protect civilians in crises and emergencies.

Type of support: field hospital (Role 1), including medevac capacities, engineering equipment, Unmanned Air Systems and Counter Unmanned Air Vehicles.

6. EPF Tables – Provision of Military Equipment in 2023 through EPF AMs

6.1. Deliveries per Beneficiary Country

(a) = number of assistance measures or actions under the AM/GP-AU

(b) = value of goods delivered in euros

Beneficiary country: MOLDOVA

		ML4	ML13	Total
Italy	a	1		
	b	248 400		248 400
Lithuania	a	1	1	
	b	112 187	26 343	138 530
United Kingdom	a		1	
	b		165 633	165 633
Total per ML		360587	191 976	552 563

Beneficiary country: MOZAMBIQUE

		ML5	ML13	Total
France	a	1	1	
	b	766 700	1 043 415	1 810 115
United States of America	a		1	
	b		1 355 000	1 355 000
Total per ML		766 700	2 398 415	3 165 115

6.2. Deliveries of Military Listed Equipment to International and Regional Organisations in 2023

Beneficiary organisation: nil

Destination Country	Exporting State	Description of goods
—	—	nil

6.3. Council Decisions on EPF Assistance Measures in their Implementation Phase with Provision of Equipment or Technology on the EU Common Military List

Reference	Purpose
Council Decision (CFSP) 2021/667	General Programme for support to the AU in 2021; financing of military aspects of African-led Peace Support Operations (PSOs)
Action under general programme CD 2021/667 for support to the AU PSOs	to support the G5 Sahel Joint Force (G5S JF) (2021) (multi-role micro-Unmanned Air Vehicle systems (UAVS), action under reorganisation)
Council Decision (CFSP) 2021/2032 amended by Council Decision (CFSP) 2022/668	to support the eleven units military units trained by EUTM Mozambique (Ballistic Helmets & Vests, night viewfinders, counter improvised explosive device (C-IED) and ground mine detectors)
Council Decision (EU) 2021/2137 to support the Armed Forces of the Republic of Mali	to support the Armed Forces of the Republic of Mali (Helmets, individual protective equipment, light vehicles, radio) Remark: suspended, not implemented
Council Decision (EU) 2021/1923	to support capacity building for the Armed Forces of Bosnia and Herzegovina (Ground mine detectors)
Council Decision (EU) 2021/2135	to support the Ukrainian Armed Forces (Ground mine detectors, individual protective equipment)
Council Decision (EU) 2021/2136	to support the Armed Forces of the Republic of Moldova (individual protective and demining equipment, ground radars)
Action under the general programme CD 2021/1210	to support the Somali National Army ('SNA2') (Body armour and helmets, C-IED systems)
Council Decision (CFSP) 2022/667	General Programme for support to the AU in 2022-2024; financing of military aspects of African-led PSOs
Action under the general programme Council Decision 2022/667	to support the Somali National Army ('SNA3') (Helmets, C-IED systems)
Action under general programme CD 2021/667 for support to the AU PSOs	to support the SADC Mission in Mozambique (SAMIM) (2022) (ground radars, counter-IED systems)
Council Decision (CFSP) 2022/338 and related amendments	to support the Ukrainian Armed Forces with military equipment, or platforms designed to deliver lethal force
Council Decision (CFSP) 2022/339 and related amendments	to support the Ukrainian Armed Forces with support other than military equipment, or platforms designed to deliver lethal force

Reference	Purpose
Council Decision (CFSP) 2022/906	To support the Balkan Medical Task Force (Ground medical vehicles)
Council Decision (CFSP) 2022/1093	To support the Armed Forces of Moldova (Ground tactical vehicles, command and control equipment)
Council Decision (CFSP) 2022/2352	To support the Armed Forces of Georgia (Ground tactical vehicles, panel bridges)
Council Decision (CFSP) 2022/2353	To support the Tactical Support Brigade of Armed Forces of Bosnia and Herzegovina (CBRN equipment, night vision devices)
Council Decision (CFSP) 2022/2355	To support two battalions of the armed forces of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania (Body armoured, helmets, radios, night vision goggles and training)
Council Decision (CFSP) 2023/921	To support the Armed Forces of Moldova (Ground tactical vehicles, command and control equipment, air surveillance radar)
Council Decision (CFSP) 2023/599	To support the light infantry battalion group of the Armed Forces of North Macedonia (personal protective equipment, demining robots, ground sensors, thermal cameras, ground radars)
Council Decision (CFSP) 2023/1518	To support the Armed Forces of the Democratic Republic of the Congo (Helmets)
Council Decision (CFSP) 2023/2062	To strengthen the capacities of the Beninese Armed Forces (ISR aircraft, ISR UAVS)
Council Decision (CFSP) 2023/384	To support the Jordanian Armed Forces (UAS and C-UAV systems)
Council Decision (CFSP) 2023/509	To support the Armed Forces of Niger (Armoured vehicles, radios, UAVs, C-UAS, surveillance radars) Remark: the Measure has been suspended. No equipment were purchased or delivered.
Council Decision (CFSP) 2023/1440	To support the Armed Forces of Ghana (communication systems)



C/2025/1339

24.2.2025

**Genehmigung staatlicher Beihilfen nach den Artikeln 107 und 108 des Vertrags über die
Arbeitsweise der Europäischen Union**

Vorhaben, gegen die von der Kommission keine Einwände erhoben werden

SA.116939

(C/2025/1339)

Datum der Annahme der Entscheidung	23.1.2025	
Nummer der Beihilfe	SA.116939	
Mitgliedstaat	Belgien	
Region	Région wallonne	
Titel (und/oder Name des Begünstigten)	Régime d'aides en faveur de mesures agricoles visant à protéger et améliorer la qualité de l'eau	
Rechtsgrundlage	Code wallon de l'environnement, Livre 2, article 176bis, §2 (https://environnement.wallonie.be/legis/Codeenvironnement/codeeaucoordonneD.htm)	
Art der Beihilfe	Regelung	
Ziel	Umweltschutz, Landwirtschaft, Forstwirtschaft, ländliche Gebiete	
Form der Beihilfe	Zuschuss	
Haushaltsmittel	Haushaltsmittel insgesamt: 4 375 000 EUR Jährliche Mittel: 875 000 EUR	
Beihilfehöchstintensität	100,0 %	
Laufzeit	bis zum 31.12.2029	
Wirtschaftssektoren	LAND- UND FORSTWIRTSCHAFT, FISCHEREI	
Name und Anschrift der Bewilligungsbehörde	Société Publique de Gestion de l'Eau (SPGE SA) Rue des écoles 17-19 4800 Verviers	
Sonstige Angaben		

Die rechtsverbindliche(n) Sprachfassung(en) der Entscheidung, aus der/denen alle vertraulichen Angaben gestrichen sind,
finden Sie unter:

<https://competition-cases.ec.europa.eu/search?caseInstrument=SA>



C/2025/1363

24.2.2025

Vorherige Anmeldung eines Zusammenschlusses
(Sache M. 11892 – GLOBAL TECHNOLOGIES / NOVARES GROUP)
Für das vereinfachte Verfahren infrage kommender Fall

(Text von Bedeutung für den EWR)

(C/2025/1363)

1. Am 12. Februar 2025 ist die Anmeldung eines Zusammenschlusses nach Artikel 4 der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 139/2004 des Rates ⁽¹⁾ bei der Kommission eingegangen.

Diese Anmeldung betrifft folgende Unternehmen:

- Patrick James (USA), der die First Brands Group LLC („FBG“, USA) kontrolliert, und Global Technologies SARL („Global Technologies“, Luxemburg)
- NOVARES Group SAS („Novares“, Frankreich)

Patrick James wird über Global Technologies im Sinne des Artikels 3 Absatz 1 Buchstabe b der Fusionskontrollverordnung die alleinige Kontrolle über die Gesamtheit von Novares übernehmen.

Der Zusammenschluss erfolgt durch Erwerb von Anteilen.

2. Die beteiligten Unternehmen sind in folgenden Geschäftsbereichen tätig:

- Die von Patrick James kontrollierte FBG ist in Entwicklung, Vermarktung und Vertrieb von Kraftfahrzeugtechnik tätig, darunter Bremstechnik, Filterprodukte, Wischblätter, Wasser- und Kraftstoffpumpen sowie Zündkerzen.
- Novares ist ein weltweiter Anbieter von Kunststofflösungen, der Bauteile und Systeme für die Automobilindustrie entwickelt und herstellt.

3. Die Kommission hat nach vorläufiger Prüfung festgestellt, dass das angemeldete Rechtsgeschäft unter die Fusionskontrollverordnung fallen könnte. Die endgültige Entscheidung zu diesem Punkt behält sie sich vor.

Dieser Fall kommt für das vereinfachte Verfahren im Sinne der Bekanntmachung der Kommission über die vereinfachte Behandlung bestimmter Zusammenschlüsse gemäß der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 139/2004 des Rates über die Kontrolle von Unternehmenszusammenschlüssen ⁽²⁾ infrage.

4. Alle betroffenen Dritten können bei der Kommission zu diesem Vorhaben Stellung nehmen.

Die Stellungnahmen müssen bei der Kommission spätestens 10 Tage nach dieser Veröffentlichung eingehen. Dabei ist stets folgendes Aktenzeichen anzugeben:

M. 11892 - GLOBAL TECHNOLOGIES / NOVARES GROUP

⁽¹⁾ ABl. L 24 vom 29.1.2004, S. 1 („Fusionskontrollverordnung“).

⁽²⁾ ABl. C 160 vom 5.5.2023, S. 1.

Die Stellungnahmen können der Kommission per E-Mail oder Post übermittelt werden, wobei folgende Kontaktangaben zu verwenden sind:

E-Mail: COMP-MERGER-REGISTRY@ec.europa.eu

Postanschrift:

Europäische Kommission
Generaldirektion Wettbewerb
Registratur Fusionskontrolle
1049 Bruxelles/Brussel
BELGIQUE/BELGIË



C/2025/1369

24.2.2025

Vorherige Anmeldung eines Zusammenschlusses
(Sache M.11915 – EDFT / JERA / POWERCO)
Für das vereinfachte Verfahren infrage kommender Fall

(Text von Bedeutung für den EWR)

(C/2025/1369)

1. Am 14. Februar 2025 ist die Anmeldung eines geplanten Zusammenschlusses nach Artikel 4 der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 139/2004 des Rates ⁽¹⁾ bei der Kommission eingegangen.

Diese Anmeldung betrifft folgende Unternehmen:

- EDF Trading Limited („EDFT“, Vereinigtes Königreich), Teil der EDF-Gruppe (Frankreich),
- JERA Co., Inc. („JERA“, Japan),
- EDF Trading Japan KK., Inc. („EDFT Japan“, Japan), Teil der EDF-Gruppe,
- JERA Power Trading Co. („JV Co“, Japan), kontrolliert von JERA.

EDFT und JERA werden im Sinne des Artikels 3 Absatz 1 Buchstabe b und Absatz 4 der Fusionskontrollverordnung die gemeinsame Kontrolle über Teile von EDFT Japan und von JV Co erwerben.

Der Zusammenschluss erfolgt durch Erwerb von Anteilen und Vermögenswerten.

2. Die beteiligten Unternehmen sind in folgenden Geschäftsbereichen tätig:

- EDFT ist auf den Energiegroßhandelsmärkten tätig und auf den Handel mit sowie die Optimierung von verschiedenen Energieprodukten wie Strom, Erdgas, Öl und Umweltprodukte spezialisiert.
- JERA ist Japans größtes Stromerzeugungsunternehmen, das sich in erster Linie auf die thermische Stromerzeugung unter Verwendung von Flüssigerdgas konzentriert.
- EDFT Japan ist das Instrument von EDFT für den Stromgroßhandel in Japan.
- JV Co ist das Instrument von JERA für den Stromgroßhandel in Japan.

3. Die Kommission hat nach vorläufiger Prüfung festgestellt, dass das angemeldete Rechtsgeschäft unter die Fusionskontrollverordnung fallen könnte. Die endgültige Entscheidung zu diesem Punkt behält sie sich vor.

Dieser Fall kommt für das vereinfachte Verfahren im Sinne der Bekanntmachung der Kommission über die vereinfachte Behandlung bestimmter Zusammenschlüsse gemäß der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 139/2004 des Rates über die Kontrolle von Unternehmenszusammenschlüssen ⁽²⁾ infrage.

4. Alle betroffenen Dritten können bei der Kommission zu diesem geplanten Zusammenschluss Stellung nehmen.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. L 24 vom 29.1.2004, S. 1 („Fusionskontrollverordnung“).

⁽²⁾ ABl. C 160 vom 5.5.2023, S. 1.

Die Stellungnahmen müssen bei der Kommission spätestens 10 Tage nach dieser Veröffentlichung eingehen. Dabei ist stets folgendes Aktenzeichen anzugeben:

M.11915 – EDFT / JERA / POWERCO

Die Stellungnahmen können der Kommission per E-Mail oder Post übermittelt werden, wobei folgende Kontaktangaben zu verwenden sind:

E-Mail: COMP-MERGER-REGISTRY@ec.europa.eu

Postanschrift:

Europäische Kommission
Generaldirektion Wettbewerb
Registratur Fusionskontrolle
1049 Bruxelles/Brussel
BELGIQUE/BELGIË



C/2025/1370

24.2.2025

Vorherige Anmeldung eines Zusammenschlusses
(Sache M.11875 – CEMENT AUSTRALIA / BGC CEMENTITIOUS)
Für das vereinfachte Verfahren infrage kommender Fall

(Text von Bedeutung für den EWR)

(C/2025/1370)

1. Am 12. Februar 2025 ist die Anmeldung eines geplanten Zusammenschlusses nach Artikel 4 der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 139/2004 des Rates ⁽¹⁾ bei der Kommission eingegangen.

Diese Anmeldung betrifft folgende Unternehmen:

- Holcim (Australien) Pty Ltd („Holcim“, Australien), kontrolliert von Holcim Limited (Schweiz),
- Heidelberg Materials AG („Heidelberg“, Deutschland),
- Zement Australia (Queensland) Pty Ltd („Cement Australia“, Australien), gemeinsam kontrolliert von Holcim und Heidelberg,
- bestimmte Vermögenswerte von BGC Group („BGC Cementitious“, Australien).

Holcim und Heidelberg werden über Cement Australia im Sinne des Artikels 3 Absatz 1 Buchstabe b der Fusionskontrollverordnung die Kontrolle über BGC Cementitious übernehmen.

Der Zusammenschluss erfolgt durch Erwerb von Vermögenswerten.

2. Die beteiligten Unternehmen sind in folgenden Geschäftsbereichen tätig:

- Holcim Australia liefert Zuschlagstoffe, Fertigbetonmischungen und -lösungen sowie Fertigrohre,
- Heidelberg liefert Zement und andere Zementmaterialien, Zuschlagstoffe, Fertigbetonprodukte und andere Betonprodukte sowie Asphalt für den Bau von Häusern, Infrastruktur sowie Gewerbe- und Industrieanlagen,
- Cement Australia liefert Zementprodukte, darunter Zement als Schüttgut und abgepackten Zement, Flugasche- und Schlackenprodukte,
- BGC Cementitious umfasst Vermögenswerte in den Bereichen Steinbruch, Zement, Beton, Asphalt, Transport und Materialtechnologie.

3. Die Kommission hat nach vorläufiger Prüfung festgestellt, dass das angemeldete Rechtsgeschäft unter die Fusionskontrollverordnung fallen könnte. Die endgültige Entscheidung zu diesem Punkt behält sie sich vor.

Dieser Fall kommt für das vereinfachte Verfahren im Sinne der Bekanntmachung der Kommission über die vereinfachte Behandlung bestimmter Zusammenschlüsse gemäß der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 139/2004 des Rates über die Kontrolle von Unternehmenszusammenschlüssen ⁽²⁾ infrage.

4. Alle betroffenen Dritten können bei der Kommission zu diesem geplanten Zusammenschluss Stellung nehmen.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. L 24 vom 29.1.2004, S. 1 („Fusionskontrollverordnung“).

⁽²⁾ ABl. C 160 vom 5.5.2023, S. 1.

Die Stellungnahmen müssen bei der Kommission spätestens 10 Tage nach dieser Veröffentlichung eingehen. Dabei ist stets folgendes Aktenzeichen anzugeben:

M.11875 – CEMENT AUSTRALIA / BGC CEMENTITIOUS

Die Stellungnahmen können der Kommission per E-Mail oder Post übermittelt werden, wobei folgende Kontaktangaben zu verwenden sind:

E-Mail: COMP-MERGER-REGISTRY@ec.europa.eu

Postanschrift:

Europäische Kommission
Generaldirektion Wettbewerb
Registratur Fusionskontrolle
1049 Bruxelles/Brussel
BELGIQUE/BELGIË



Urteil des Gerichtshofs (Fünfte Kammer) vom 19. Dezember 2024 (Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Østre Landsret – Dänemark) – A, B, Foreningen C/Skatteministeriet

(Rechtssache C-573/22 ⁽¹⁾, Foreningen C u. a.)

(Vorlage zur Vorabentscheidung – Gemeinsames Mehrwertsteuersystem – Richtlinie 2006/112/EG – Art. 370 – Anhang X Teil A Nr. 2 – Ausnahme – Anwendungsbereich – Tätigkeiten einer öffentlichen Rundfunk- und Fernsehanstalt, die durch eine Zwangsgebühr finanziert werden, die Besitzer von zum Empfang von Radio- und Fernsehsendungen geeigneten Geräten zahlen)

(C/2025/1058)

Verfahrenssprache: Dänisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Østre Landsret - Nordhavn

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Kläger: A, B, Foreningen C

Beklagter: Skatteministeriet

Tenor

1. Art. 2 Abs. 1 Buchst. c und Art. 370 in Verbindung mit Anhang X Teil A Nr. 2 der Richtlinie 2006/112/EG des Rates vom 28. November 2006 über das gemeinsame Mehrwertsteuersystem sind dahin auszulegen, dass
sie dem nicht entgegenstehen, dass ein Mitgliedstaat eine Tätigkeit des öffentlichen Rundfunks, die er am 1. Januar 1978 der Mehrwertsteuer unterworfen hatte und die durch eine gesetzliche Zwangsgebühr finanziert wird, die jeder Eigentümer eines zum Empfang von Rundfunkprogrammen geeigneten Geräts zahlt, weiterhin besteuern darf, und zwar unabhängig davon, ob diese Tätigkeit unter den Begriff der Dienstleistungen, die gegen Entgelt erbracht werden, im Sinne von Art. 2 Abs. 1 Buchst. c der Mehrwertsteuerrichtlinie fällt.
2. Art. 370 in Verbindung mit Anhang X Teil A Nr. 2 der Richtlinie 2006/112 ist dahin auszulegen, dass
er dem nicht entgegensteht, dass ein Mitgliedstaat, der am 1. Januar 1978 eine Tätigkeit des öffentlichen Rundfunks, die durch eine gesetzliche Zwangsgebühr finanziert wird, die jeder Eigentümer eines Radio- oder Fernsehgeräts zahlt, der Mehrwertsteuer unterworfen hatte, diese Tätigkeit weiterhin besteuern darf, wenn die diese Gebühr betreffende Regelung nach diesem Zeitpunkt dahin geändert wurde, dass die Gebühr aufgrund des Besitzes eines zum Empfang von Rundfunkprogrammen geeigneten Geräts – auch eines Smartphones oder eines Computers – erhoben wird.
3. Art. 370 in Verbindung mit Anhang X Teil A Nr. 2 der Richtlinie 2006/112 ist dahin auszulegen, dass
er dem nicht entgegensteht, dass ein Mitgliedstaat, der am 1. Januar 1978 eine durch eine gesetzliche Zwangsgebühr finanzierte Tätigkeit des öffentlichen Rundfunks der Mehrwertsteuer unterworfen hatte, diese Tätigkeit weiterhin besteuern darf, wenn die diese Gebühr betreffende Regelung nach diesem Zeitpunkt dahin geändert wurde, dass mit einem geringen Teil des Gebührenaufkommens zum einen Rundfunkanstalten, die – ohne als Anstalt des öffentlichen Rechts organisiert zu sein – eine Tätigkeit des öffentlichen Rundfunks ausüben, und zum anderen Medien- und Filmunternehmen finanziert werden, die öffentliche Einrichtungen sind oder von öffentlichen Rundfunkanstalten gegründet wurden und zur Rundfunktätigkeit beitragen, ohne selbst eine solche Tätigkeit auszuüben.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C 424 vom 7.11.2022.



Urteil des Gerichtshofs (Dritte Kammer) vom 19. Dezember 2024 (Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Rayonen sad Svilengrad und vom Administrativen sad – Haskovo – Bulgarien) – „SYSTEM LUX“ OOD (C-717/22), VU (C-372/23)/Teritorialna direktsia Mitnitsa Burgas

(Verbundene Rechtssachen C-717/22 ⁽¹⁾ und C-372/23 ⁽²⁾, Sistem Lux)

(Vorlage zur Vorabentscheidung – Zollunion – Verordnung [EU] Nr. 952/2013 – Zollkodex der Union – Art. 15 – Übermittlung von Informationen an die Zollbehörden – Zuwiderhandlungen gegen die zollrechtlichen Vorschriften – Art. 42 – Wirksame, verhältnismäßige und abschreckende Sanktionen – Rahmenbeschluss 2005/212/JI – Einziehung von Erträgen, Tatwerkzeugen und Vermögensgegenständen aus Straftaten – Art. 2 Abs. 1 – Einziehung – Nationale Regelung, die die Verhängung einer Geldbuße in Höhe von 100 % bis 200 % des Zollwerts der Waren und die Einziehung der Waren unabhängig vom Eigentümer vorsieht)

(C/2025/1059)

Verfahrenssprache: Bulgarisch

Vorlegende Gerichte

Rayonen sad Svilengrad und Administrativen sad – Haskovo

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Kläger: „SYSTEM LUX“ OOD (C-717/22), VU (C-372/23)

Beklagte: Teritorialna direktsia Mitnitsa Burgas

Beteiligte: Rayonna prokuratura – Haskovo, Teritorialno otделение – Svilengrad (C-717/22), Okrazhna prokuratura – Haskovo (C-372/23)

Tenor

1. Art. 15 und Art. 42 Abs. 1 der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 952/2013 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 9. Oktober 2013 zur Festlegung des Zollkodex der Union

sind dahin auszulegen, dass

sie einer nationalen Regelung, die es ermöglicht, eine Zuwiderhandlung gegen die zollrechtlichen Vorschriften allein wegen einer Fahrlässigkeit festzustellen, die in der Nichteinhaltung der vorgeschriebenen Form der Anmeldung beförderter Waren besteht, nicht entgegenstehen. Dagegen stehen diese Bestimmungen dem entgegen, dass unter solchen Umständen gegen den Täter der Zuwiderhandlung eine verwaltungsrechtliche Sanktion in Höhe eines Betrags verhängt wird, der mindestens dem Zollwert der Waren entspricht, die Gegenstand dieser Zuwiderhandlung sind.

2. Art. 42 Abs. 1 und 2 der Verordnung Nr. 952/2013 ist im Licht von Art. 17 Abs. 1 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union

dahin auszulegen, dass

er einer nationalen Regelung, die für den Fall einer Zuwiderhandlung gegen die zollrechtlichen Vorschriften neben der Verhängung einer Geldbuße auch die Einziehung der Waren vorsieht, die Gegenstand dieser Zuwiderhandlung sind, wenn diese Waren einer Person gehören, der diese Zuwiderhandlung zuzurechnen ist, nicht entgegensteht, sofern das für diese Zuwiderhandlung geltende Sanktionssystem insgesamt mit dem Erfordernis der Verhältnismäßigkeit in Einklang steht.

3. Art. 2 Abs. 1 des Rahmenbeschlusses 2005/212/JI des Rates vom 24. Februar 2005 über die Einziehung von Erträgen, Tatwerkzeugen und Vermögensgegenständen aus Straftaten

ist dahin auszulegen, dass

er auf eine Einziehungsmaßnahme, die infolge einer Zuwiderhandlung gegen die zollrechtlichen Vorschriften ergangen ist, nicht anwendbar ist, wenn es sich bei dieser Zuwiderhandlung nicht um eine Straftat, die mit einer Freiheitsstrafe von mehr als einem Jahr bedroht ist, sondern um eine verwaltungsrechtliche Zuwiderhandlung handelt.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C 45 vom 6.2.2023.

⁽²⁾ ABl. C, C/2023/42.



Urteil des Gerichtshofs (Achte Kammer) vom 19. Dezember 2024 (Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Bundesarbeitsgerichts – Deutschland) – MK/K GmbH

(Rechtssache C-65/23) ⁽¹⁾, K GmbH [Verarbeitung personenbezogener Beschäftigtendaten])

(Vorlage zur Vorabentscheidung – Schutz natürlicher Personen bei der Verarbeitung personenbezogener Daten – Verordnung [EU] 2016/679 – Art. 88 Abs. 1 und 2 – Datenverarbeitung im Beschäftigungskontext – Personenbezogene Beschäftigtendaten – Von einem Mitgliedstaat gemäß Art. 88 dieser Verordnung vorgesehene spezifischere Vorschriften – Pflicht zur Einhaltung von Art. 5, Art. 6 Abs. 1 sowie Art. 9 Abs. 1 und 2 dieser Verordnung – Verarbeitung auf der Grundlage einer Kollektivvereinbarung – Spielraum der Parteien der Kollektivvereinbarung in Bezug auf die Erforderlichkeit der darin vorgesehenen Verarbeitung personenbezogener Daten – Umfang der gerichtlichen Überprüfung)

(C/2025/1060)

Verfahrenssprache: Deutsch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Bundesarbeitsgericht

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Kläger: MK

Beklagte: K GmbH

Tenor

1. Art. 88 Abs. 1 und 2 der Verordnung (EU) 2016/679 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 27. April 2016 zum Schutz natürlicher Personen bei der Verarbeitung personenbezogener Daten, zum freien Datenverkehr und zur Aufhebung der Richtlinie 95/46/EG (Datenschutz-Grundverordnung)
ist dahin auszulegen, dass
eine nach Art. 88 Abs. 1 dieser Verordnung erlassene nationale Rechtsvorschrift über die Verarbeitung personenbezogener Daten für die Zwecke von Beschäftigungsverhältnissen bewirken muss, dass ihre Adressaten nicht nur die Anforderungen erfüllen müssen, die sich aus Art. 88 Abs. 2 dieser Verordnung ergeben, sondern auch diejenigen, die sich aus Art. 5, Art. 6 Abs. 1 sowie Art. 9 Abs. 1 und 2 der Verordnung ergeben.
2. Art. 88 Abs. 1 der Verordnung 2016/679
ist dahin auszulegen, dass
im Fall einer in den Anwendungsbereich dieser Bestimmung fallenden Kollektivvereinbarung der Spielraum der Parteien dieser Kollektivvereinbarung bei der Bestimmung der „Erforderlichkeit“ einer Verarbeitung personenbezogener Daten im Sinne von Art. 5, Art. 6 Abs. 1 sowie Art. 9 Abs. 1 und 2 dieser Verordnung das nationale Gericht nicht daran hindert, insoweit eine umfassende gerichtliche Kontrolle auszuüben.

⁽¹⁾ ABL C 173 vom 15.5.2023.



Urteil des Gerichtshofs (Fünfte Kammer) vom 19. Dezember 2024 (Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Verwaltungsgerichts Minden – Deutschland) – N. A. K., E. A. K., Y. A. K. (C-123/23), M. E. O. (C-202/23)/Bundesrepublik Deutschland

(Verbundene Rechtssachen C-123/23 und C-202/23 ⁽¹⁾, Khan Yunis u. a. ⁽²⁾)

(Vorlage zur Vorabentscheidung – Raum der Freiheit, der Sicherheit und des Rechts – Grenzkontrollen, Asyl und Einwanderung – Asylpolitik – Richtlinie 2013/32/EU – Gemeinsame Verfahren für die Zuerkennung und Aberkennung des internationalen Schutzes – Antrag auf internationalen Schutz – Unzulässigkeitsgründe – Art. 2 Buchst. q – Begriff „Folgeantrag“ – Art. 33 Abs. 2 Buchst. d – Ablehnung eines Antrags auf internationalen Schutz als unzulässig durch einen Mitgliedstaat wegen der Ablehnung eines früheren, in einem anderen Mitgliedstaat gestellten Antrags oder wegen der Einstellung des Verfahrens über den früheren Antrag durch einen anderen Mitgliedstaat)

(C/2025/1061)

Verfahrenssprache: Deutsch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Verwaltungsgericht Minden

Parteien der Ausgangsverfahren

Kläger: N. A. K., E. A. K., Y. A. K. (C-123/23), M. E. O. (C-202/23)

Beklagte: Bundesrepublik Deutschland

Tenor

1. Art. 33 Abs. 2 Buchst. d der Richtlinie 2013/32/EU des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 26. Juni 2013 zu gemeinsamen Verfahren für die Zuerkennung und Aberkennung des internationalen Schutzes ist in Verbindung mit Art. 2 Buchst. q dieser Richtlinie dahin auszulegen, dass
er einer Regelung eines Mitgliedstaats, nach der ein Antrag auf internationalen Schutz im Sinne von Art. 2 Buchst. b dieser Richtlinie, der in diesem Mitgliedstaat von einem Drittstaatsangehörigen oder Staatenlosen gestellt worden ist, dessen zuvor in einem anderen Mitgliedstaat – auf den die Richtlinie 2011/95/EU des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 13. Dezember 2011 über Normen für die Anerkennung von Drittstaatsangehörigen oder Staatenlosen als Personen mit Anspruch auf internationalen Schutz, für einen einheitlichen Status für Flüchtlinge oder für Personen mit Anrecht auf subsidiären Schutz und für den Inhalt des zu gewährenden Schutzes Anwendung findet – gestellter Antrag auf internationalen Schutz durch eine bestandskräftige Entscheidung dieses anderen Mitgliedstaats abgelehnt wurde, als unzulässig abgelehnt werden kann, nicht entgegensteht.
2. Art. 33 Abs. 2 Buchst. d der Richtlinie 2013/32 ist in Verbindung mit Art. 2 Buchst. q dieser Richtlinie dahin auszulegen, dass
er einer Regelung eines Mitgliedstaats entgegensteht, nach der ein Antrag auf internationalen Schutz im Sinne von Art. 2 Buchst. b dieser Richtlinie als unzulässig abgelehnt werden kann, wenn er in diesem Mitgliedstaat von einem Drittstaatsangehörigen oder Staatenlosen, der bereits in einem anderen Mitgliedstaat einen Antrag auf internationalen Schutz gestellt hatte, gestellt worden war, bevor die zuständige Behörde dieses anderen Mitgliedstaats gemäß Art. 28 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie die Prüfung des früheren Antrags wegen dessen stillschweigender Rücknahme eingestellt hat.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C 261 vom 24.7.2023.

⁽²⁾ Die vorliegende Rechtssache ist mit einem fiktiven Namen bezeichnet, der nicht dem echten Namen eines Verfahrensbeteiligten entspricht.



C/2025/1062

24.2.2025

**Urteil des Gerichtshofs (Fünfte Kammer) vom 19. Dezember 2024 (Vorabentscheidungsersuchen der
Corte suprema di cassazione – Italien) – Ford Italia SpA/ZP, Stracciari SpA**

(Rechtssache C-157/23 ⁽¹⁾, Ford Italia)

**(Vorlage zur Vorabentscheidung – Rechtsangleichung – Haftung für fehlerhafte Produkte –
Richtlinie 85/374/EWG – Art. 3 Abs. 1 – Begriff „Hersteller“ – Begriff „Person, die sich als Hersteller
ausgibt“ – Voraussetzungen – Lieferant, dessen Name teilweise mit dem des Herstellers und der vom
Hersteller auf dem Produkt angebrachten Marke übereinstimmt)**

(C/2025/1062)

Verfahrenssprache: Italienisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Corte suprema di cassazione

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Klägerin: Ford Italia SpA

Beklagte: ZP, Stracciari SpA

Tenor

Art 3 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie 85/374/EWG des Rates vom 25. Juli 1985 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über die Haftung für fehlerhafte Produkte

ist dahin auszulegen, dass

der Lieferant eines fehlerhaften Produkts als „Person, die sich als Hersteller [dieses Produkts] ausgibt“, im Sinne dieser Bestimmung anzusehen ist, wenn dieser Lieferant zwar nicht physisch seinen Namen, sein Warenzeichen oder ein anderes Erkennungszeichen auf dem Produkt angebracht hat, wenn aber das Warenzeichen, das der Hersteller auf dem Produkt angebracht hat, zum einen mit dem Namen oder einem Erkennungszeichen des genannten Lieferanten und zum anderen mit dem Namen des Herstellers übereinstimmt.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C 189 vom 30.5.2023.



Urteil des Gerichtshofs (Große Kammer) vom 19. Dezember 2024 (Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Bayerischen Anwaltsgerichtshofs – Deutschland) – Halmer Rechtsanwaltsgesellschaft UG/ Rechtsanwaltskammer München

(Rechtssache C-295/23 ⁽¹⁾, Halmer Rechtsanwaltsgesellschaft)

(Vorlage zur Vorabentscheidung – Art. 49 AEUV – Niederlassungsfreiheit – Art. 63 AEUV – Freier Kapitalverkehr – Bestimmung der anwendbaren Verkehrsfreiheit – Dienstleistungen im Binnenmarkt – Richtlinie 2006/123/EG – Art. 15 – Anforderungen im Hinblick auf die Beteiligungen am Gesellschaftsvermögen – Beteiligung eines reinen Finanzinvestors am Kapital einer anwaltlichen Berufsausübungsgesellschaft – Widerruf der Zulassung dieser Gesellschaft zur Rechtsanwaltschaft wegen dieser Beteiligung – Beschränkung der Niederlassungsfreiheit und des freien Kapitalverkehrs – Rechtfertigung mit dem Schutz der anwaltlichen Unabhängigkeit und mit dem Schutz der Empfänger von Rechtsdienstleistungen – Erforderlichkeit – Verhältnismäßigkeit)

(C/2025/1063)

Verfahrenssprache: Deutsch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Bayerischer Anwaltsgerichtshof

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Klägerin: Halmer Rechtsanwaltsgesellschaft UG

Beklagte: Rechtsanwaltskammer München

Beteiligte: SIVE Beratung und Beteiligung GmbH, Daniel Halmer

Tenor

Art. 15 Abs. 2 Buchst. c und Abs. 3 der Richtlinie 2006/123/EG des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 12. Dezember 2006 über Dienstleistungen im Binnenmarkt und Art. 63 AEUV

sind dahin auszulegen, dass

sie einer nationalen Regelung nicht entgegenstehen, nach der es unzulässig ist, dass Geschäftsanteile an einer Rechtsanwaltsgesellschaft auf einen reinen Finanzinvestor übertragen werden, der nicht die Absicht hat, in der Gesellschaft eine in dieser Regelung bezeichnete berufliche Tätigkeit auszuüben, und die bei Zuwiderhandlung den Widerruf der Zulassung der betreffenden Rechtsanwaltsgesellschaft zur Rechtsanwaltschaft vorsieht.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C 286 vom 14.8.2023.



Urteil des Gerichtshofs (Vierte Kammer) vom 19. Dezember 2024 (Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Varhoven administrativen sad – Bulgarien) – „Vivacom Bulgaria“ EAD/Varhoven administrativen sad, Natsionalna agentsia za prihodite

(Rechtssache C-369/23 ⁽¹⁾, Vivacom Bulgaria)

(Vorlage zur Vorabentscheidung – Art. 19 Abs. 1 Unterabs. 2 EUV – Wirksamer Rechtsschutz in den vom Unionsrecht erfassten Bereichen – Art. 47 Abs. 2 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union – Zugang zu einem unabhängigen und unparteiischen Gericht – Haftung eines Mitgliedstaats für Schäden, die dem Einzelnen durch einen Verstoß gegen das Unionsrecht entstanden sind – Verstoß eines auf dem Gebiet der Mehrwertsteuer letztinstanzlich entscheidenden nationalen Gerichts – Zuständigkeit eines Gerichts, das letztinstanzlich entscheidet und dabei die Eigenschaft des Beklagten des Rechtsstreits hat – Besetzung des Spruchkörpers)

(C/2025/1064)

Verfahrenssprache: Bulgarisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Varhoven administrativen sad

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Klägerin: „Vivacom Bulgaria“ EAD

Beklagte: Varhoven administrativen sad, Natsionalna agentsia za prihodite

Tenor

Art. 19 Abs. 1 Unterabs. 2 EUV und Art. 47 Abs. 2 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union sind dahin auszulegen, dass sie einer nationalen Regelung, nach der ein Gericht im Rahmen einer Kassationsbeschwerde letztinstanzlich über eine Rechtssache entscheidet, die die Haftung des Staates wegen eines behaupteten Verstoßes gegen das Unionsrecht durch ein von diesem Gericht erlassenes Urteil betrifft und in der dieses Gericht die Eigenschaft des Beklagten hat, nicht entgegenstehen, sofern diese nationale Regelung und die zur Behandlung dieser Rechtssache getroffenen Maßnahmen es ermöglichen, bei den Rechtsuchenden jeden berechtigten Zweifel an der Unabhängigkeit und Unparteilichkeit des betreffenden Gerichts auszuräumen.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C 314 vom 4.9.2023.



C/2025/1065

24.2.2025

Urteil des Gerichtshofs (Achte Kammer) vom 19. Dezember 2024 (Vorabentscheidungsersuchen der Curtea de Apel Bacău – Rumänien) – Rustrans SRL/Ministerul Agriculturii și Dezvoltării Rurale – Direcția Generală Pescuit – Autoritatea de Management pentru POPAM

(Rechtssache C-392/23 ⁽¹⁾, Rustrans)

(Vorlage zur Vorabentscheidung – Gemeinsame Fischereipolitik – Europäischer Meeres- und Fischereifonds [EMFF] – Verordnung [EU] Nr. 1303/2013 – Art. 69 – Begriff „förderfähige Ausgabe“ – Art. 4 und 125 – Verordnung [EU] Nr. 508/2014 – Art. 48 Abs. 1 Buchst. c – Modernisierung einer Aquakulturanlage – Verordnung [EU] Euratom) 2018/1046 – Art. 33 – Grundsatz der Wirtschaftlichkeit der Haushaltsführung – Sachleistung in Form von einem Grundstück und auf diesem Grundstück belegenen Bauwerken – Unmittelbarer Zusammenhang zwischen der Sachleistung und dem finanzierten Vorhaben)

(C/2025/1065)

Verfahrenssprache: Rumänisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Curtea de Apel Bacău

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Klägerin: Rustrans SRL

Beklagter: Ministerul Agriculturii și Dezvoltării Rurale – Direcția Generală Pescuit – Autoritatea de Management pentru POPAM

Tenor

Art. 65 Abs. 1 und 2, Art. 67 Abs. 1 Buchst. a und Art. 69 der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 1303/2013 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 17. Dezember 2013 mit gemeinsamen Bestimmungen über den Europäischen Fonds für regionale Entwicklung, den Europäischen Sozialfonds, den Kohäsionsfonds, den Europäischen Landwirtschaftsfonds für die Entwicklung des ländlichen Raums und den Europäischen Meeres- und Fischereifonds sowie mit allgemeinen Bestimmungen über den Europäischen Fonds für regionale Entwicklung, den Europäischen Sozialfonds, den Kohäsionsfonds und den Europäischen Meeres- und Fischereifonds und zur Aufhebung der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1083/2006 des Rates in Verbindung mit Art. 4 und Art. 125 Abs. 1 dieser Verordnung sowie mit Art. 33 der Verordnung (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 18. Juli 2018 über die Haushaltsordnung für den Gesamthaushaltsplan der Union, zur Änderung der Verordnungen (EU) Nr. 1296/2013, (EU) Nr. 1301/2013, (EU) Nr. 1303/2013, (EU) Nr. 1304/2013, (EU) Nr. 1309/2013, (EU) Nr. 1316/2013, (EU) Nr. 223/2014, (EU) Nr. 283/2014 und des Beschlusses Nr. 541/2014/EU sowie zur Aufhebung der Verordnung (EU, Euratom) Nr. 966/2012

sind dahin auszulegen, dass

eine Sachleistung, die ein Begünstigter in Form der Bereitstellung von Grundstücken und auf diesen belegenen Bauwerken für ein Projekt zur Modernisierung einer Aquakulturanlage beiträgt, das nur im Erwerb von spezieller Ausrüstung, spezieller technischer Maschinen und speziellen Materials für eine vorhandene Fischzuchtanlage besteht, nicht unter den Begriff „förderfähige Ausgabe“ im Sinne dieser Bestimmungen fällt.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2023/8.



Urteil des Gerichtshofs (Siebte Kammer) vom 19. Dezember 2024 (Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Tribunal Superior de Justicia del País Vasco – Spanien) – HJ/US, MU

(Rechtssache C-531/23 ⁽¹⁾, Loredas ⁽²⁾)

(Vorlage zur Vorabentscheidung – Sozialpolitik – Schutz der Sicherheit und der Gesundheit der Arbeitnehmer – Arbeitszeitgestaltung – Tägliche und wöchentliche Ruhezeit – Art. 31 Abs. 2 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union – Richtlinie 2003/88/EG – Art. 3, 5, 6, 16, 17, 19 und 22 – Verpflichtung zur Einrichtung eines Systems, mit dem die Arbeitszeit von Hausangestellten gemessen werden kann – Abweichung – Nationale Gesetzgebung, die eine Ausnahme von der Verpflichtung zur Erfassung der tatsächlichen Arbeitszeit von Hausangestellten vorsieht)

(C/2025/1066)

Verfahrenssprache: Spanisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Tribunal Superior de Justicia del País Vasco

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Klägerin: HJ

Beklagte: US, MU

Beteiligter: Fondo de Garantía Salarial (FOGASA)

Tenor

Die Art. 3, 5 und 6 der Richtlinie 2003/88/EG des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 4. November 2003 über bestimmte Aspekte der Arbeitszeitgestaltung in Verbindung mit Art. 31 Abs. 2 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union

sind dahin auszulegen, dass

sie sowohl einer nationalen Regelung als auch deren Auslegung durch nationale Gerichte oder einer auf einer solchen Regelung beruhenden Verwaltungspraxis entgegenstehen, nach denen Arbeitgeber von Hausangestellten von der Verpflichtung entbunden sind, ein System einzuführen, mit dem die Arbeitszeit von Hausangestellten gemessen werden kann, wodurch diesen die Möglichkeit vorenthalten wird, objektiv und zuverlässig festzustellen, wie viele Arbeitsstunden sie geleistet haben und wann diese Stunden geleistet wurden.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2023/1284.

⁽²⁾ Die vorliegende Rechtssache ist mit einem fiktiven Namen bezeichnet, der nicht dem echten Namen eines Verfahrensbeteiligten entspricht.



C/2025/1067

24.2.2025

Urteil des Gerichtshofs (Neunte Kammer) vom 19. Dezember 2024 (Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Finanzgerichts Düsseldorf – Deutschland) – ZCC Europe GmbH/Hauptzollamt Düsseldorf

(Rechtssache C-591/23 ⁽¹⁾, ZCC Europe)

(Vorlage zur Vorabentscheidung – Zollunion – Gemeinsamer Zolllarif – Kombinierte Nomenklatur – Zolllarifliche Einreihung – Positionen 8113 und 8209 – Aus Cermets bestehende Hartmetallstäbchen – Durchführungsverordnung [EU] 2021/910 – Gültigkeit – Einreihungskriterien)

(C/2025/1067)

Verfahrenssprache: Deutsch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Finanzgericht Düsseldorf

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Klägerin: ZCC Europe GmbH

Beklagter: Hauptzollamt Düsseldorf

Tenor

Die Prüfung der Vorlagefrage hat nichts ergeben, was die Gültigkeit der Durchführungsverordnung (EU) 2021/910 der Kommission vom 31. Mai 2021 zur Einreihung bestimmter Waren in die Kombinierte Nomenklatur berühren könnte.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2023/1132.



C/2025/1068

24.2.2025

**Beschluss des Präsidenten des Gerichtshofs vom 8. November 2024 (Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des
Consiglio di Stato – Italien) – Energetika Soc. cons. arl, Gi One SpA, im eigenen Namen und als
Unternehmen im Konsortium mit Energetika Soc. cons. arl handelnd/Consip SpA**

(Rechtssache C-378/23 ⁽¹⁾, Energetika und Gi One)

(*Streichung*)

(C/2025/1068)

Verfahrenssprache: Italienisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Consiglio di Stato

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Klägerinnen: Energetika Soc. cons. arl, Gi One SpA, im eigenen Namen und als Unternehmen im Konsortium mit Energetika Soc. cons. arl handelnd

Beklagte: Consip SpA

Tenor

Die verbundenen Rechtssachen C-189/23, C-226/23, C-235/23 und C-378/23 werden im Register des Gerichtshofs gestrichen.

⁽¹⁾ Eingangsdatum: 15.6.2023.



C/2025/1089

24.2.2025

**Beschluss des Präsidenten der Neunten Kammer des Gerichtshofs vom 14. November 2024 – Ryanair
DAC, Airport Marketing Services Ltd/Europäische Kommission, Rat der Europäischen Union**

(Rechtssache C-535/23 P) ⁽¹⁾

(C/2025/1089)

Verfahrenssprache: Englisch

Der Präsident des Gerichtshofs hat die Streichung der Rechtssache angeordnet.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2023/45.



C/2025/1090

24.2.2025

**Beschluss des Präsidenten des Gerichtshofs vom 26. November 2024 (Vorabentscheidungsersuchen
der Corte suprema di cassazione – Italien) – GE, weitere Verfahrensbeteiligte: Procura generale della
Corte di cassazione**

(Rechtssache C-40/24 ⁽¹⁾, Derterti ⁽²⁾)

(C/2025/1090)

Verfahrenssprache: Italienisch

Der Präsident des Gerichtshofs hat die Streichung der Rechtssache angeordnet.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2024/2141.

⁽²⁾ Die vorliegende Rechtssache ist mit einem fiktiven Namen bezeichnet, der nicht dem echten Namen eines Verfahrensbeteiligten entspricht.



C/2025/1091

24.2.2025

**Beschluss des Präsidenten des Gerichtshofs vom 29. November 2024 (Vorabentscheidungsersuchen
des Sąd Najwyższy – Polen) – J.P./A.T., J.B., Skarb Państwa – Prezes Sądu Okręgowego w O.)**

(Rechtssache C-158/24 ⁽¹⁾, Rojcki ⁽²⁾)

(C/2025/1091)

Verfahrenssprache: Polnisch

Der Präsident des Gerichtshofs hat die Streichung der Rechtssache angeordnet.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2024/3589.

⁽²⁾ Die vorliegende Rechtssache ist mit einem fiktiven Namen bezeichnet, der nicht dem echten Namen eines Verfahrensbeteiligten entspricht.



C/2025/1092

24.2.2025

**Beschluss des Präsidenten des Gerichtshofs vom 18. November 2024 – Europäische Kommission/
Großherzogtum Luxemburg**

(Rechtssache C-275/24) ⁽¹⁾

(C/2025/1092)

Verfahrenssprache: Französisch

Der Präsident des Gerichtshofs hat die Streichung der Rechtssache angeordnet.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2024/3451.



C/2025/1093

24.2.2025

**Beschluss des Präsidenten des Gerichtshofs vom 18. November 2024 (Vorabentscheidungsersuchen
des Obersten Gerichtshofs – Österreich) – RX/FZ, VT**

(Rechtssache C-361/24 ⁽¹⁾, Grecniaka ⁽²⁾)

(C/2025/1093)

Verfahrenssprache: Deutsch

Der Präsident des Gerichtshofs hat die Streichung der Rechtssache angeordnet.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2024/5077.

⁽²⁾ Die vorliegende Rechtssache ist mit einem fiktiven Namen bezeichnet, der nicht dem echten Namen eines Verfahrensbeteiligten entspricht.



C/2025/1094

24.2.2025

**Beschluss des Präsidenten des Gerichtshofs vom 14. November 2024 – Europäische Kommission/
Königreich Belgien**

(Rechtssache C-390/24) ⁽¹⁾

(C/2025/1094)

Verfahrenssprache: Französisch

Der Präsident des Gerichtshofs hat die Streichung der Rechtssache angeordnet.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2024/4580.



C/2025/1069

24.2.2025

**Rechtsmittel, eingelegt am 29. August 2024 von der Peikko Group Oy gegen das Urteil des Gerichts
(Siebte Kammer) vom 26. Juni 2024 in der Rechtssache T-192/23,**

Peikko Group/EUIPO – Anstar

(Rechtssache C-577/24 P)

(C/2025/1069)

Verfahrenssprache: Englisch

Parteien

Rechtsmittelführerin: (vertreten durch P. Eskola, Asianajaja)

Andere Parteien des Verfahrens: Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum, Anstar Oy

Mit Beschluss vom 8. Januar 2025 hat der Gerichtshof (Kammer für die Zulassung von Rechtsmitteln) entschieden, dass das Rechtsmittel nicht zugelassen wird und die Peikko Group Oy ihre eigenen Kosten trägt.



C/2025/1070

24.2.2025

**Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des College van Beroep voor het bedrijfsleven (Niederlande),
eingereicht am 11. Oktober 2024 – Staatssecretaris Jeugd, Preventie en Sport/Diamond Flavours BV,
UEG Holland BV**

(Rechtssache C-665/24, Staatssecretaris Jeugd, Preventie en Sport)

(C/2025/1070)

Verfahrenssprache: Niederländisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

College van Beroep voor het bedrijfsleven

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Berufungskläger: Staatssecretaris Jeugd, Preventie en Sport

Berufungsbeklagte: Diamond Flavours BV, UEG Holland BV

Vorlagefragen

1. Ist Art. 23 Abs. 2 in Verbindung mit Art. 2 Nr. 40 und Art. 20 Abs. 4 Buchst. b Ziff. i der Richtlinie 2014/40/EU ⁽¹⁾ des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 3. April 2014 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über die Herstellung, die Aufmachung und den Verkauf von Tabakerzeugnissen und verwandten Erzeugnissen und zur Aufhebung der Richtlinie 2001/37/EG dahin auszulegen, dass unter die Verpflichtung der Mitgliedstaaten, dafür zu sorgen, dass Nachfüllbehälter, bei denen auf den Verpackungen ein falscher Nikotingehalt angegeben ist, nicht in Verkehr gebracht werden, nicht nur der Verkauf dieser Nachfüllbehälter bei einer Verkaufsstelle oder durch diese, sondern auch die Lieferung der Nachfüllbehälter an eine Verkaufsstelle fällt?
2. Bei Bejahung der ersten Frage: Kann in einer Situation wie der vorliegenden, in der eine verwaltungsrechtliche Geldbuße verhängt wurde, ein Wirtschaftsteilnehmer, der Nachfüllbehälter von einem Hersteller oder Importeur im Sinne der Richtlinie 2014/40 erworben hat, dafür zur Verantwortung gezogen werden und ihm daher ein Vorwurf gemacht werden, dass er Nachfüllbehälter in Verkehr gebracht hat, bei denen auf den Verpackungen ein falscher Nikotingehalt angegeben ist, obwohl der auf der Verpackung wiedergegebene Nikotingehalt mit dem in der Meldung im Sinne von Art. 20 Abs. 2 der Richtlinie 2014/40 genannten Nikotingehalt des Nachfüllbehälters übereinstimmt?

⁽¹⁾ ABl. 2014, L 127, S. 1.



C/2025/1071

24.2.2025

**Vorabentscheidungsersuchen der Audiencia Nacional, Sala de lo Penal, Sección Tercera (Spanien),
eingereicht am 26. September 2024 – Strafverfahren gegen EGB, EGC, GTA, SPG, QCR, ACB, JRS,
RJDL, FJG, XBLL, DBA und CBE**

(Rechtssache C-666/24)

(C/2025/1071)

Verfahrenssprache: Spanisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Audiencia Nacional, Sala de lo Penal, Sección Tercera (Spanien)

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Parteien der Anklage: Ministerio Fiscal, Associació Catalana de Víctimes d'Organitzacions Terroristes (ACVOT), Asociación de Víctimas del Terrorismo (AVT), Asociación Dignidad y Justicia, Asociación Española de la Guardia Civil (AEGC), Asociación Unificada de la Guardia Civil (AUGC) und Partido político VOX

Angeklagte: EGB, EGC, GTA, SPG, QCR, ACB, JRS, RJDL, FJG, XBLL, DBA und CBE

Vorlagefragen

1. Ist die Richtlinie (EU) 2017/541 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 15. März 2017 zur Terrorismusbekämpfung und zur Ersetzung des Rahmenbeschlusses 2002/475/JI des Rates und zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2005/671/JI des Rates⁽¹⁾ dahin auszulegen, dass sie einem nationalen Gesetz wie der Ley Orgánica 1/2024, de 10 de junio, de amnistía para la normalización institucional, política y social en Cataluña (Ley Orgánica 1/2024 vom 10. Juni über die Amnestie zum Zwecke der institutionellen, politischen und sozialen Normalisierung in Katalonien, im Folgenden: LOA) entgegensteht, das verhindert, dass Personen, die sich aktiv an den Handlungen einer terroristischen Vereinigung beteiligen [im Folgenden: Mitglieder einer terroristischen Vereinigung], strafrechtlich verfolgt und gegebenenfalls bestraft werden, was zum Erlöschen ihrer strafrechtlichen Haftung führt?
2. Ist die Richtlinie (EU) 2017/541 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 15. März 2017 zur Terrorismusbekämpfung und zur Ersetzung des Rahmenbeschlusses 2002/475/JI des Rates und zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2005/671/JI des Rates, insbesondere deren Art. 13, dahin auszulegen, dass sie einem nationalen Gesetz wie der LOA entgegensteht, das verhindert, dass Mitglieder einer terroristischen Vereinigung strafrechtlich verfolgt und gegebenenfalls bestraft werden, was zum Erlöschen ihrer strafrechtlichen Haftung führt, da es für die Strafbarkeit der Mitgliedschaft in einer terroristischen Vereinigung eine zusätzliche Voraussetzung schafft, die darin besteht, dass tatsächlich und vorsätzlich schwere Verletzungen von Menschenrechten verursacht wurden?
3. Ist die Richtlinie (EU) 2017/541 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 15. März 2017 zur Terrorismusbekämpfung und zur Ersetzung des Rahmenbeschlusses 2002/475/JI des Rates und zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2005/671/JI des Rates, dahin auszulegen, dass sie einem nationalen Gesetz wie der LOA entgegensteht, das innerhalb der terroristischen Straftaten und der Straftaten im Zusammenhang mit einer terroristischen Vereinigung im Sinne der genannten Richtlinie danach differenziert, ob tatsächlich und vorsätzlich schwere Menschenrechtsverletzungen verursacht wurden oder nicht, so dass diese Unterscheidung es ermöglicht, dass einige dieser terroristischen Straftaten oder Straftaten im Zusammenhang mit einer terroristischen Vereinigung von der strafrechtlichen Haftung ausgenommen bleiben?
4. Steht der in der Rechtsprechung des Gerichtshofs aufgestellte Grundsatz der Rechtssicherheit im Unionsrecht einer nationalen gesetzlichen Regelung wie der LOA entgegen, die die Ausnahme von der strafrechtlichen Haftung aufgrund der Amnestie zugunsten von Personen, die wegen Straftaten angeklagt sind, die unter die Richtlinie (EU) 2017/541 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 15. März 2017 zur Terrorismusbekämpfung und zur Ersetzung des Rahmenbeschlusses 2002/475/JI des Rates und zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2005/671/JI des Rates fallen, davon abhängig macht, dass der Täter nicht vorsätzlich schwere Menschenrechtsverletzungen, insbesondere solche an Rechten aus Art. 2 und 3 der Europäischen Konvention zum Schutz der Menschenrechte und Grundfreiheiten und im Bereich des humanitären Völkerrechts, verursacht hat, ohne klarzustellen, welche Handlungen solche Verletzungen darstellen und wie gravierend sie mindestens sein müssen, um sie von der Amnestie auszuschließen? Hilfsweise: Sind die unionsrechtlichen Grundsätze des Vertrauensschutzes und der Rechtssicherheit mit einer Regelung wie derjenigen in Art. 1 LOA unvereinbar, die ungenaue Abgrenzungen sowohl objektiver als auch subjektiver Art festlegt, um zu bestimmen, ob eine strafrechtliche Haftung erforderlich ist oder nicht?

⁽¹⁾ ABl. 2017, L 88, S. 6.

5. Ist die Richtlinie (EU) 2017/541 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 15. März 2017 zur Terrorismusbekämpfung und zur Ersetzung des Rahmenbeschlusses 2002/475/JI des Rates und zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2005/671/JI des Rates dahin auszulegen, dass sie einem nationalen Gesetz wie der LOA entgegensteht, das verhindert, dass Personen, die Sprengstoffe zu terroristischen Zwecken herstellen, besitzen, erwerben, befördern, liefern oder verwenden, strafrechtlich verfolgt und gegebenenfalls bestraft werden, was zum Erlöschen ihrer strafrechtlichen Haftung führt?
6. Ist die Richtlinie (EU) 2017/541 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 15. März 2017 zur Terrorismusbekämpfung und zur Ersetzung des Rahmenbeschlusses 2002/475/JI des Rates und zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2005/671/JI des Rates dahin auszulegen, dass sie einem nationalen Gesetz wie der LOA entgegensteht, das verhindert, dass Personen strafrechtlich verfolgt und gegebenenfalls bestraft werden – was zum Erlöschen ihrer strafrechtlichen Haftung führt –, die mit terroristischen Zielen mit der Ausführung gewaltsamer Aktionen beginnen, indem sie Angriffsziele festlegen, die Gegenstand massiver Zerstörungen werden sollen, weil sie für eine der Ideologie der terroristischen Vereinigung entgegenstehende Haltung repräsentativ sind, und zu zerstörende öffentliche Gebäude überwachen oder fotografisch dokumentieren – konkret die Sitze der Staatsanwaltschaft, von Sicherheitskräften und -korps des Staates oder von Institutionen der autonomen Gemeinschaft oder Polizeifahrzeuge –, um die adäquate Ausführung des von der terroristischen Vereinigung aufgestellten gewaltsamen Plans zur erfolgreichen Durchführung dieser Zerstörungen zu gewährleisten?
7. Ist im Wege der Auslegung davon auszugehen, dass der in der Rechtsprechung des Gerichtshofs aufgestellte Grundsatz des Vorrangs des Unionsrechts und der Grundsatz der loyalen Zusammenarbeit nach Art. 4 Abs. 3 EUV einer nationalen gesetzlichen Regelung wie der LOA entgegenstehen, die Personen, die wegen Straftaten angeklagt sind, die unter die Richtlinie (EU) 2017/541 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 15. März 2017 zur Terrorismusbekämpfung und zur Ersetzung des Rahmenbeschlusses 2002/475/JI des Rates und zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2005/671/JI fallen, im Wege der Amnestie von der strafrechtlichen Haftung ausnimmt?
8. Ist bei der Auslegung davon auszugehen, dass die Art. 20 und 21 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union einer nationalen gesetzlichen Regelung wie der LOA entgegenstehen, die im Wege der Amnestie Personen, die in Spanien angeklagt sind, Straftaten begangen zu haben, die unter die Richtlinie (EU) 2017/541 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 15. März 2017 zur Terrorismusbekämpfung und zur Ersetzung des Rahmenbeschlusses 2002/475/JI des Rates und zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2005/671/JI des Rates fallen, von der strafrechtlichen Haftung ausnimmt, und zwar aufgrund des ideologischen Zwecks, der mit diesen strafrechtlichen Handlungen verfolgt wird?
9. Sind Art. 4 Abs. 2 EUV sowie Art. 20 Abs. 2 Buchst. a und 21 Abs. 1 AEUV dahin auszulegen, dass sie einer nationalen gesetzlichen Regelung wie der LOA entgegenstehen, die im Wege einer Amnestie Personen, die wegen terroristischer Straftaten angeklagt sind, von der strafrechtlichen Haftung ausnimmt, weil sie die Handlungen zu dem Zweck begangen haben, einen Teil des nationalen Hoheitsgebiets von diesem Mitgliedstaat abzuspalten?



C/2025/1072

24.2.2025

**Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Supreme Court (Irland), eingereicht am 24. Oktober 2024 –
International Protection Appeals Tribunal, Minister for Justice, Irland, Attorney General/I. K.**

(Rechtssache C-742/24, Havvitt ⁽¹⁾)

(C/2025/1072)

Verfahrenssprache: Englisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Supreme Court

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Rechtsmittelführer: International Protection Appeals Tribunal, Minister for Justice, Irland, Attorney General

Rechtsmittelgegner: L. K.

Vorlagefragen

1. Im Urteil vom 14. Januar 2021, *The International Protection Appeals Tribunal u. a.* ⁽²⁾, hat der Gerichtshof festgestellt, dass die Richtlinie 2013/33 ⁽³⁾ keinen Hinweis dazu enthält, welches Verhalten eine Verzögerung darstellt, die dem Antragsteller auf internationalen Schutz im Sinne von Art. 15 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie 2013/33 zur Last gelegt werden kann. Ist es bei der Prüfung der Frage, welches Verhalten eine dem Antragsteller zur Last zu legende Verzögerung darstellen kann, angemessen, die Tatsache zu berücksichtigen, dass ein Antragsteller wie der Rechtsmittelgegner im vorliegenden Fall über einen Zeitraum von mehr als neun Monaten, wie er in Art. 15 der Richtlinie vorgesehen ist, keinerlei Informationen (in Form von Antworten auf den Fragebogen) übermittelt hat?
2. Umfasst der Begriff der Verzögerung im Sinne von Art. 15 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie 2013/33 nur eine Verzögerung, die vollständig und ausschließlich dem Antragsteller auf internationalen Schutz zur Last gelegt werden kann, oder umfasst er jede nicht unerhebliche Verzögerung, die dem Antragsteller zur Last gelegt werden kann oder die als „Nichtzusammenarbeit“ des Antragstellers angesehen werden kann?
3. Kann in Fällen, in denen eine erhebliche ungeklärte Verzögerung seitens eines Antragstellers auf internationalen Schutz vorliegt und auch eine Verzögerung seitens des Staates selbst sowie eine Verzögerung aufgrund externer Faktoren, wie z. B. aufgrund von Covid-19, eingetreten ist, ein Teil der Gesamtverzögerung für die Zwecke der Richtlinie 2013/33 „dem Antragsteller zur Last gelegt“ werden, oder muss jegliche Verzögerung bei der Bearbeitung des Antrags ausschließlich dem Antragsteller zuzurechnen sein?
4. Bedeutet die Einfügung der Worte „zum Teil ... zur Last gelegt“ in Regulation 11(4)(b) der European Communities (Reception Conditions) Regulations 2018, S.I. Nr. 230/2018, dass Irland in Anbetracht des Gestaltungsspielraums, der jedem Mitgliedstaat bei der Wahl der Art und Weise der Umsetzung der Richtlinie durch Art. 15 Abs. 2 eingeräumt ist, und unter Umständen, unter denen nicht ersichtlich ist, dass die Einfügung dieser Worte die Ausübung der durch die Unionsrechtsordnung verliehenen Rechte in der Praxis unmöglich macht oder übermäßig erschwert, die Richtlinie 2013/33 nicht ordnungsgemäß umgesetzt hat?

⁽¹⁾ Die vorliegende Rechtssache ist mit einem fiktiven Namen bezeichnet, der nicht dem echten Namen eines Verfahrensbeteiligten entspricht.

⁽²⁾ EU:C:2021:11.

⁽³⁾ ABl. 2013, L 180, S. 96.



C/2025/1073

24.2.2025

Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Mestský súd Bratislava I (Slowakei), eingereicht am 29. Oktober 2024 – Strafverfahren gegen AC

(Rechtssache C-748/24, Kotaňák ⁽¹⁾)

(C/2025/1073)

Verfahrenssprache: Slowakisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Mestský súd Bratislava I

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Anklagebehörde: Okresná prokuratúra Bratislava III

Angeklagter: AC

Vorlagefragen

1. Stehen das Recht auf Achtung der Unschuldsvermutung nach Art. 48 Abs. 1 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union (im Folgenden: Charta) in Verbindung mit Art. 4 Abs. 1 und Art. 6 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie (EU) 2016/343 ⁽²⁾ vom 9. März 2016 über die Stärkung bestimmter Aspekte der Unschuldsvermutung und des Rechts auf Anwesenheit in der Verhandlung in Strafverfahren sowie der Verhältnismäßigkeitsgrundsatz und die Verteidigungsrechte nach Art. 48 Abs. 2 der Charta dem entgegen, dass ein übergeordnetes Gericht in einem Verfahren über eine Beschwerde des Staatsanwalts gegen den Beschluss eines erstinstanzlichen Gerichts, das Strafverfahren einzustellen, in der Begründung seiner Entscheidung – noch vor Entscheidung in der Sache und ohne Durchführung einer Beweisaufnahme vor Gericht – die folgenden rechtlichen und tatsächlichen Schlussfolgerungen darlegt:

„Aufgrund ihres Inhalts sind die unwahren Informationen rein intimer Art, die der Angeklagte durch seinen Beitrag einem breiten Kreis von Followern zugänglich gemacht hat, geeignet, die partnerschaftlichen, familiären und freundschaftlichen der Geschädigten Beziehungen schwerwiegend zu beeinträchtigen und dem ihr entgegengebrachten Vertrauen zu schaden ... Aus den im Ermittlungsverfahren erhobenen Beweisen, auf die sich auch der Okresný súd (Bezirksgericht) gestützt hat, geht unzweifelhaft hervor, dass der Angeklagte Lügen über sie verbreitet, sie angreift, was zu für sie sehr unangenehmen Situationen im Kreise ihrer Familie und in ihrem Umfeld geführt hat. Die intime Beziehung zwischen ihr und SB ist eine Erfindung des Angeklagten und das, was der Angeklagte in seinen Äußerungen angegeben hat, hat nie stattgefunden ... Was die Feststellung, welche der veröffentlichten Informationen unwahr sein sollen, betrifft, geht es unzweifelhaft um Informationen, deren Wahrheitsgehalt im Ermittlungsverfahren auf der Grundlage der durchgeführten Beweisaufnahme überprüft wurde[, die] die intime Beziehung zwischen der Geschädigten und dem Zeugen SB sowie die sexuellen Praktiken betraf, die der Angeklagte in seinem Beitrag eindeutig beschrieben hat.“?

2. Ist es für die Beantwortung der ersten Frage von Bedeutung, dass weder die nationalen Rechtsvorschriften noch die nationale Praxis das übergeordnete Gericht dazu verpflichteten, in der Begründung des Aufhebungsbeschlusses eine Würdigung der tatsächlichen und rechtlichen Umstände vorzunehmen, und diese Begründung allein darauf beschränkt werden konnte, dass die Entscheidung des untergeordneten Gerichts fehlerhaft gewesen sei, weil das erstinstanzliche Gericht in der Hauptverhandlung eine Beweisaufnahme durchführen müsse und auf der Grundlage der Ergebnisse dieser Beweisaufnahme entscheiden müsse?
3. Ist es für die Beantwortung der ersten Frage von Bedeutung, dass das übergeordnete Gericht bei der Entscheidung über die Beschwerde des Staatsanwalts ausschließlich auf der Grundlage von im Ermittlungsverfahren erhobenen Beweisen, die bisher vor dem erstinstanzlichen Gericht nicht erhoben wurden, entschieden hat?

⁽¹⁾ Die vorliegende Rechtssache ist mit einem fiktiven Namen bezeichnet, der nicht dem echten Namen eines Verfahrensbeteiligten entspricht.

⁽²⁾ ABl. 2016, L 65, S. 1.

4. Falls die erste Frage bejaht wird: Handelt es sich bei den folgenden Vorgehensweisen und Entscheidungen um geeignete Maßnahmen, um die Achtung der Unschuldsvermutung im Sinne von Art. 4 Abs. 2 der Richtlinie 2016/343 zu gewährleisten:
- (i) das nationale erstinstanzliche Gericht geht in der Weise vor, dass es unter Berufung auf den Grundsatz des Vorrangs und der Effektivität des Unionsrechts die vom übergeordneten Gericht in der Begründung seiner Entscheidung geäußerten rechtlichen und tatsächlichen Schlussfolgerungen nicht beachtet, soweit diese im Widerspruch zum Unionsrecht stehen, obwohl diese Schlussfolgerungen grundsätzlich nach den nationalen Rechtsvorschriften grundsätzlich rechtlich bindend wären, und dass es die Sache nach entsprechender Beweisaufnahme allein entscheidet;
oder
das nationale erstinstanzliche Gericht geht in der Weise vor, dass es unter Berufung auf den Grundsatz des Vorrangs und der Effektivität des Unionsrechts die von dem übergeordneten Gericht in der Begründung seiner Entscheidung geäußerten rechtlichen und tatsächlichen Schlussfolgerungen nicht beachtet, soweit diese im Widerspruch zum Unionsrecht stehen, obwohl diese Schlussfolgerungen grundsätzlich nach den nationalen Rechtsvorschriften rechtlich bindend wären, und dass es über die Sache selbst erneut entscheidet, indem es dieselbe Entscheidung über die Einstellung des Strafverfahrens erlässt, die bereits einmal von dem übergeordneten Gericht aufgehoben wurde;
oder
 - (ii) Richter eines übergeordneten Gerichts von der Teilnahme am Verfahren wegen mangelnder Unparteilichkeit aufgrund eines Verstoßes gegen die Unschuldsvermutung auf der Grundlage eines vom Verdächtigen erhobenen Vorwurfs mangelnder Unparteilichkeit ausgeschlossen werden?



C/2025/1074

24.2.2025

**Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Hof van beroep te Brussel (Belgien), eingereicht am 29. Oktober
2024 – Van Ratingen NV/Versuni Holding BV, Rechtsnachfolgerin der Koninklijke Philips NV**

(Rechtssache C-749/24, Van Ratingen)

(C/2025/1074)

Verfahrenssprache: Niederländisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Hof van beroep te Brussel

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Klägerin: Van Ratingen NV

Beklagte: Versuni Holding BV, Rechtsnachfolgerin der Koninklijke Philips NV

Vorlagefragen

1. Ist Art. 10 der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 6/2002 ⁽¹⁾ des Rates vom 12. Dezember 2001 über das Gemeinschaftsgeschmacksmuster dahin auszulegen, dass der Vergleich zwischen dem eingetragenen Geschmacksmuster und dem vermeintlich rechtsverletzenden Geschmacksmuster aus Sicht des informierten Benutzers zum Zeitpunkt der Einreichung der Anmeldung (oder, wenn eine Priorität in Anspruch genommen wird, zum Prioritätszeitpunkt) vorzunehmen ist, oder dahin, dass er zum Zeitpunkt der Rechtsverletzung vorzunehmen ist?
2. Im letzteren Fall: Kann eine etwaige Sättigung des Marktes zum Zeitpunkt der Rechtsverletzung, sofern sie erwiesen ist, geeignet sein, den informierten Benutzer dadurch stärker für die im Detail bestehenden Unterschiede zwischen dem eingetragenen Gemeinschaftsgeschmacksmuster und den vermeintlich rechtsverletzenden Geschmacksmustern zu sensibilisieren?
3. Ist es für die Beantwortung dieser Frage von Bedeutung, ob und inwieweit sich der Inhaber des eingetragenen Gemeinschaftsgeschmacksmusters konsequent zur Wehr gesetzt hat, um den Ausschließlichkeitscharakter seines Geschmacksmusters zu verteidigen?

⁽¹⁾ ABl. 2002, L 3, S. 1.



**Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Budapest Környéki Törvényszék (Ungarn), eingereicht am
5. November 2024 – HM, JD/AXA Bank Belgium SA u. a.**

(Rechtssache C-761/24, AXA Bank Belgium u. a.)

(C/2025/1075)

Verfahrenssprache: Ungarisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Budapest Környéki Törvényszék

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Kläger: HM, JD

Beklagte: AXA Bank Belgium SA, OTP Bank Nyrt. und OTP Faktoring Követeléskezelő Zrt.

Vorlagefragen

1. Stehen Art. 6 Abs. 1 und Art. 7 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie 93/13/EWG ⁽¹⁾ des Rates über missbräuchliche Klauseln in Verbraucherverträgen einer nationalen Rechtsprechung oder einer Auslegung des innerstaatlichen Rechts entgegen, die im Fall der vollständigen Nichtigkeit eines Verbrauchervertrags wegen einer in seinem Rahmen angewandten missbräuchlichen Vertragsklausel
 - nicht die Rechtsfolgen der Unwirksamkeit des Rechtsverhältnisses zwischen dem ursprünglichen Kreditgeber und dem Verbraucher als Schuldner behebt, weil das nationale Recht die Möglichkeit einer Vereinbarung zwischen dem ursprünglichen Kreditgeber und einem Dritten vorsieht, die zu einer Änderung der Vertragsparteien führt [:]
 - nur die Rechtsfolgen der Unwirksamkeit im Verhältnis zwischen dem Verbraucher und dem Rechtsnachfolger, der infolge der Übertragung des Vertrags als neue Partei dem Vertragsverhältnis beitrifft, in der Weise behebt, dass der Verbraucher verpflichtet ist, etwaige Zahlungen an die neue Vertragspartei und nicht an den ursprünglichen Kreditgeber zu leisten, und umgekehrt er nur von der neuen Vertragspartei, die dem Vertragsverhältnis beitrifft, den Betrag verlangen kann, der ihm gegebenenfalls zurückzuzahlen ist, auch wenn er keine Zahlungen an diese Partei geleistet hat [?]
2. Läuft es dem Begriff „Gewerbetreibender“ im Sinne von Art. 2 Buchst. c der Richtlinie 93/13/EWG des Rates über missbräuchliche Klauseln in Verbraucherverträgen zuwider, wenn sich nach einer nationalen Rechtsprechung oder einer Auslegung des innerstaatlichen Rechts die Rechtsfolgen der Unwirksamkeit eines missbräuchlichen Verbrauchervertrags nur zwischen den derzeitigen Vertragsparteien ergeben können, d. h. zwischen dem neuen Kreditgeber, der infolge einer Änderung der Vertragsparteien dem Vertragsverhältnis beitrifft, und dem Verbraucher als Schuldner [?]

⁽¹⁾ ABl. 1993, L 95, S. 29.



C/2025/1076

24.2.2025

**Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Lietuvos vyriausiasis administracinis teismas (Litauen), eingereicht
am 11. November 2024 – A./Lietuvos bankas**

(Rechtssache C-773/24, A. bankas)

(C/2025/1076)

Verfahrenssprache: Litauisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Lietuvos vyriausiasis administracinis teismas

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Kläger: A.

Beklagte: Lietuvos bankas

Vorlagefragen

1. Ist Art. 9 Abs. 2 Buchst. b der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 596/2014 ⁽¹⁾ des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 16. April 2014 über Marktmissbrauch (Marktmissbrauchsverordnung) und zur Aufhebung der Richtlinie 2003/6/EG des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates und der Richtlinien 2003/124/EG, 2003/125/EG und 2004/72/EG dahin auszulegen, dass die Ausführung eines von einem Kunden auf Basis eines standardmäßigen Dienstleistungsvertrags erteilten Auftrags zur Veräußerung von Wertpapieren (Aktien) auf dem geregelten Markt durch eine Wertpapierfirma (nicht) schon deswegen als Überschreitung der normalen Ausübung ihrer Aufgaben anzusehen ist, weil sie erstens für diesen Kunden auch Dienstleistungen auf Basis einer anderen Vereinbarung im Zusammenhang mit der Veräußerung dieser Wertpapiere (Aktien) außerhalb des geregelten Markts erbringt und sie zweitens infolgedessen im Besitz von Insiderinformationen hinsichtlich der Absichten des Kunden (was der Kunde beschlossen hat) im Hinblick auf den Kurs der außerhalb des geregelten Markts zu veräußernden Wertpapiere (Aktien) ist?
2. Sind Art. 8 Abs. 1, Art. 9 Abs. 2 Buchst. b und Art. 14 Buchst. a der Verordnung Nr. 596/2014 dahin auszulegen, dass die zuständige Aufsichtsbehörde im Hinblick auf eine unter Art. 9 Abs. 2 Buchst. b dieser Verordnung fallende Person (nicht) feststellen darf, dass diese Person gegen das in Art. 14 Buchst. a dieser Verordnung normierte Verbot verstoßen hat, wenn die betreffende Person Wertpapiere auf der Grundlage einer Vereinbarung mit einem Kunden allein zu dem Zweck handelt, den Auftrag dieses Kunden auszuführen, unabhängig davon, ob der Kunde diesen Auftrag auf der Grundlage von Insiderinformationen im Sinne von Art. 8 Abs. 1 dieser Verordnung erteilt hat?
3. Ist Art. 9 Abs. 6 der Verordnung Nr. 596/2014 dahin auszulegen, dass es ausreicht, dass die zuständige Behörde allein auf die Annahme nach dem 24. Erwägungsgrund dieser Verordnung abstellt, um zu bestimmen, dass für die Erteilung des Auftrags durch den Kunden an eine unter Art. 9 Abs. 2 Buchst. b dieser Verordnung fallende Wertpapierfirma, die Wertpapiere (Aktien) auf dem geregelten Markt zu veräußern, ein rechtswidriger Grund bestand, wenn es um die Feststellung geht, ob die Wertpapierfirma (Broker) gegen Art. 14 Buchst. a dieser Verordnung verstoßen hat?
4. Ist Art. 8 Abs. 1 der Verordnung Nr. 596/2014 dahin auszulegen, dass die hierin normierten Beschränkungen (nicht) allein deshalb auf den Handel mit den Aktien der Emittentin am geregelten Markt zum Marktkurs durch eine Person, die am Kapital der Emittentin beteiligt ist, anzuwenden sind, weil diese Person sich bereits (frei) für einen bestimmten, aber noch nicht öffentlich bekannt gegebenen Kurs für die Aktien der Emittentin entschieden hat, die im Wege des beschleunigten Bookbuilding-Verfahrens außerhalb des geregelten Markts veräußert werden sollen, wobei der Beginn und der voraussichtliche Abschluss dieses Verfahrens bereits öffentlich bekannt gegeben wurden?
5. Sind der 24. Erwägungsgrund sowie Art. 8 Abs. 1 und Art. 14 Buchst. a der Verordnung Nr. 596/2014 dahin auszulegen, dass es zum Zweck der Widerlegung der im 24. Erwägungsgrund dieser Verordnung vorgesehenen Annahme von Marktmissbrauch erforderlich ist, dass eine unter Art. 8 Abs. 4 Unterabs. 2 dieser Verordnung fallende Person, die auf der Grundlage einer Vereinbarung den Auftrag eines Kunden zur Veräußerung eines Teils seiner Wertpapiere (Aktien) auf dem geregelten Markt ausführt, nachweist, dass ihr Kunde bei Erteilung des Auftrags keine der unter ihren Art. 8 Abs. 1 fallenden Handlungen getätigt hat, oder reicht es aus, dass diese Person nachweist, dass sie den Kundenauftrag aus anderen Gründen als dem Besitz von Insiderinformationen ausgeführt hat?

⁽¹⁾ ABl. L 173, 2014, S. 1.



C/2025/1077

24.2.2025

**Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Najvyšší súd Slovenskej republiky (Slowakei), eingereicht am
13. November 2024 – TERVE Production, spol. s r.o./Intesa Sanpaolo Holding International S.A.**

(Rechtssache C-791/24, TERVE Production)

(C/2025/1077)

Verfahrenssprache: Slowakisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Najvyšší súd Slovenskej republiky

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Klägerin: TERVE Production, spol. s r.o.

Beklagte: Intesa Sanpaolo Holding International S.A.

Vorlagefragen

1. Ist Art. 7 Nr. 1 der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 1215/2012 ⁽¹⁾ des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 12. Dezember 2012 über die gerichtliche Zuständigkeit und die Anerkennung und Vollstreckung von Entscheidungen in Zivil- und Handelssachen (Neufassung) (im Folgenden: Verordnung Nr. 1215/2012) dahin auszulegen, dass eine Klage auf Ersetzung der Annahme des Entwurfs der Klägerin für einen Aktienkaufvertrag durch eine gerichtliche Entscheidung einen „Vertrag oder Ansprüche aus einem Vertrag“ zum Gegenstand hat?
2. Falls die erste Frage verneint wird: Ist Art. 7 Nr. 2 der Verordnung Nr. 1215/2012 dahin auszulegen, dass eine Klage auf Ersetzung der Annahme des Entwurfs der Klägerin für einen Aktienkaufvertrag durch eine gerichtliche Entscheidung als Klage in Bezug auf eine „unerlaubte Handlung oder eine Handlung, die einer unerlaubten Handlung gleichgestellt ist, oder [auf] Ansprüche aus einer solchen Handlung“ anzusehen ist?
3. Ist Art. 24 Nr. 2 der Verordnung Nr. 1215/2012 dahin auszulegen, dass er auch auf das Ausgangsverfahren anwendbar ist, da die Klägerin beantragt, dass das Gericht im Ausgangsverfahren als Vorfrage ihren Einwand der Nichtexistenz oder Ungültigkeit des Beschlusses der Hauptversammlung, mit dem die Übertragung der Aktien der übrigen Aktionäre (einschließlich der Aktien der Klägerin) auf die Beklagte genehmigt wurde, prüft?

⁽¹⁾ ABl. 2012, L 351, S. 1.



C/2025/1078

24.2.2025

**Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Správny súd v Bratislave (Slowakei) eingereicht am 18. November
2024 – A.B.C.D./Ministerstvo vnútra Slovenskej republiky**

(Rechtssache C-797/24, Ministerstvo vnútra Slovenskej republiky)

(C/2025/1078)

Verfahrenssprache: Slowakisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Správny súd v Bratislave

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Kläger: A.B.C.D.

Beklagter: Ministerstvo vnútra Slovenskej republiky

Vorlagefragen

1. Ist Art. 20 Abs. 1 und 3 der Richtlinie (EU) 2019/1937 ⁽¹⁾ des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 23. Oktober 2019 zum Schutz von Personen, die Verstöße gegen das Unionsrecht melden, im Zusammenhang mit Art. 47 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union dahin auszulegen, dass die unterstützenden Maßnahmen, zu denen die Mitgliedstaaten den in Art. 4 der Richtlinie genannten Personen gegebenenfalls Zugang gewähren, auch die Befugnis der zuständigen Behörde im Sinne der Richtlinie umfassen, jedem Gerichtsverfahren gleich welcher Art beizutreten, sofern eine in Art. 4 der Richtlinie genannte Person an diesem Verfahren beteiligt ist?
2. Ist Art. 20 Abs. 1 und 3 der Richtlinie (EU) 2019/1937 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates im Zusammenhang mit Art. 47 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union dahin auszulegen, dass es Sache des nationalen Gerichts ist, das mit einem Verfahren befasst ist, an dem eine in Art. 4 der Richtlinie genannte Person beteiligt ist, die Relevanz des Falles dafür zu beurteilen, wann eine in Art. 4 der Richtlinie genannte Person Zugang zu den unterstützenden Maßnahmen haben muss und wann die zuständige Behörde im Sinne der Richtlinie das Recht haben muss, den in Art. 4 der Richtlinie genannten Personen unterstützende Maßnahmen zu gewähren?
3. Ist Art. 21 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie (EU) 2019/1937 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates im Zusammenhang mit Art. 47 der Charta dahin auszulegen, dass die von den Mitgliedstaaten zu ergreifenden erforderlichen Maßnahmen, um sicherzustellen, dass die in Art. 4 der Richtlinie genannten Personen vor Repressalien geschützt sind, die Pflicht des Mitgliedstaats umfassen, sicherzustellen, dass die zuständige Behörde im Sinne der Richtlinie die Möglichkeit hat, jedem Gerichtsverfahren gleich welcher Art beizutreten, sofern eine in Art. 4 der Richtlinie genannte Person an diesem Verfahren beteiligt ist?

⁽¹⁾ ABl. 2019, L 305, S. 17.



C/2025/1079

24.2.2025

**Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Bundesgerichtshofs (Deutschland) eingereicht am 20. November
2024 – Babcock Montajes S.A. gegen Kanadevia Inova Steinmüller GmbH**

(Rechtssache C-799/24, Babcock Montajes)

(C/2025/1079)

Verfahrenssprache: Deutsch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Bundesgerichtshof

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Revisionsklägerin: Babcock Montajes S.A.

Revisionsbeklagte: Kanadevia Inova Steinmüller GmbH

Vorlagefragen

1. Ist der Begriff der Entscheidung in Art. 36 Abs. 1 der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 1215/2012 ⁽¹⁾ (EuGVVO) dahin auszulegen, dass das gemäß einer Vereinbarung nach Art. 25 EuGVVO ausschließlich zuständige Gericht (Art. 31 Abs. 2 EuGVVO) eine Entscheidung anzuerkennen hat, mit der ein nicht vereinbartes Gericht eines Mitgliedstaats die internationale Zuständigkeit der Gerichte jenes Mitgliedstaats feststellt, wenn es sich um eine die Instanz nicht abschließende Entscheidung (Zwischenentscheidung) handelt?
2. Sofern Frage 1 grundsätzlich bejaht wird:
Kommt es für die Anerkennung der Zwischenentscheidung zusätzlich darauf an, ob die eine eigene internationale Zuständigkeit der Gerichte des Mitgliedstaats bejahende Zwischenentscheidung das nicht vereinbarte Gericht selbst bindet und/oder ob die Bejahung der internationalen Zuständigkeit im Rahmen eines Rechtsmittels abgeändert werden kann?

⁽¹⁾ Verordnung (EU) Nr. 1215/2012 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 12. Dezember 2012 über die gerichtliche Zuständigkeit und die Anerkennung und Vollstreckung von Entscheidungen in Zivil- und Handelssachen (Neufassung) (ABl. 2012, L 351, S. 1).



C/2025/1080

24.2.2025

Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Sofiyski rayonen sad (Bulgarien), eingereicht am 25. November 2024 – „YETTEL BULGARIA“ EAD/FB

(Rechtssache C-806/24, YETTEL BULGARIA)

(C/2025/1080)

Verfahrenssprache: Bulgarisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Sofiyski rayonen sad

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Klägerin: „YETTEL BULGARIA“ EAD

Beklagter: FB

Vorlagefragen

1. Ist **Art. 86 Abs. 1 der Verordnung (EU) 2024/1689** ⁽¹⁾ dahin auszulegen, dass der Verbraucher im Sinne der Richtlinien 2011/83/EU ⁽²⁾ und 93/13/EWG ⁽³⁾ das Recht hat, vom Dienstleistungserbringer zu erfahren, wie und mit Hilfe welcher Elemente [und] Parameter automatisierte Entscheidungen (Rechnungen) auf der Basis von vom Unternehmer automatisiert erhobenen Daten aus einem Vertrag über die Erbringung von Mobilfunkdienstleistungen erstellt wurden? Ist **Art. 86 Abs. 1 der Verordnung 2024/1689 in Verbindung mit Art. 38 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union** dahin auszulegen, dass der Verbraucher das Recht hat, vom Dienstleistungserbringer zu erfahren, welcher Algorithmus die automatisiert erstellten Rechnungen berechnet, welche Elemente und Parameter darin einfließen? Ist **Art. 86 Abs. 1 der Verordnung (EU) 2024/1689** dahin auszulegen, dass er für Verbraucherverträge gilt?
2. Sind **Art. 6 Abs. 1 und Art. 7 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie 93/13/EWG** dahin auszulegen, dass sie bei einer Tätigkeit, die auf künstlicher Intelligenz [bzw.] auf automatisierten Entscheidungen im Sinne von Art. 86 der Verordnung (EU) 2024/1689 basiert, anwendbar sind?
3. Ist **Art. 3 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie 2011/83/EU** dahin auszulegen, dass der Schutz der Verbraucherrechte bei Systemen, die künstliche Intelligenz nutzen und automatisierte Entscheidungen im Sinne der Verordnung (EU) 2024/1689 generieren, anwendbar ist?
4. Sind **Art. 86 Abs. 1 der Verordnung (EU) 2024/1689 in Verbindung mit Art. 47 in Verbindung mit Art. 38 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union und der Effektivitätsgrundsatz nach Art. 6 Abs. 1 und Art. 7 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie 93/13/EWG und Art. 5 der Richtlinie 2011/83/EU** dahin auszulegen, dass das Gericht vom Unternehmer die Daten der Black Box, den Quellcode und den Algorithmus betreffend die Art und Weise der automatisierten Entscheidungsfindung nach dem Verbrauchervertrag verlangen kann?

⁽¹⁾ Verordnung (EU) 2024/1689 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 13. Juni 2024 zur Festlegung harmonisierter Vorschriften für künstliche Intelligenz und zur Änderung der Verordnungen (EG) Nr. 300/2008, (EU) Nr. 167/2013, (EU) Nr. 168/2013, (EU) 2018/858, (EU) 2018/1139 und (EU) 2019/2144 sowie der Richtlinien 2014/90/EU, (EU) 2016/797 und (EU) 2020/1828 (Verordnung über künstliche Intelligenz) (ABl. L 2024/1689).

⁽²⁾ Richtlinie 2011/83/EU des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 25. Oktober 2011 über die Rechte der Verbraucher, zur Abänderung der Richtlinie 93/13/EWG des Rates und der Richtlinie 1999/44/EG des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates sowie zur Aufhebung der Richtlinie 85/577/EWG des Rates und der Richtlinie 97/7/EG des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates (ABl. 2011, L 304, S. 64).

⁽³⁾ Richtlinie 93/13/EWG des Rates vom 5. April 1993 über missbräuchliche Klauseln in Verbraucherverträgen (ABl. 1993, L 95, S. 29).

5. Sind **Art. 86 Abs. 1 der Verordnung (EU) 2024/1689 in Verbindung mit Art. 47 in Verbindung mit Art. 38 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union und die Richtlinie 2011/83/EU** dahin auszulegen, dass eine automatisierte Entscheidung, die von einem Unternehmer nach einem Vertrag über Mobilfunkdienstleistungen mit einem Verbraucher erstellt wurde, eine Prüfung dieser automatisierten Entscheidung durch einen Menschen, einen Richter, während eines realen Gerichtsverfahrens zulässt? Sind diese Bestimmungen dahin auszulegen, dass automatisierte Entscheidungen einer menschlichen Prüfung durch einen Richter in einem realen Gerichtsverfahren unterliegen?
6. Sind die **Erwägungsgründe 7 und 8, Art. 95 Abs. 2 Buchst. a der KI-Verordnung (EU) 2024/1689 und die Richtlinie 2011/83/EU** dahin auszulegen, dass bei dem Betrieb und der Verwendung eines automatisierten Entscheidungssystems im Verbrauchervertrag Juristen oder hohe Justizbeamte mit hohen moralischen und ethischen Anforderungen zu beteiligen sind, um ein transparentes, wirksames und menschenorientiertes Informationssystem, das den Grundrechten Rechnung trägt, zu gewährleisten?
7. Sind **Art. 3 Abs. 1 und Nr. 1 Buchst. e des Anhangs 1 der Richtlinie 93/13/EWG** dahin auszulegen, dass ein Unternehmer keinen Entschädigungsbetrag verlangen darf, wenn der Vertrag wegen der Nichtzahlung seitens des Verbrauchers beendet wurde, jedoch bei anschließender Zahlung der Vertrag wiederhergestellt und die Mobilfunkdienstleistung wiederaufgenommen werden?
8. Ist [der Ausdruck] „**Verpflichtungen nicht nachkommen**“ im Sinne des **Anhangs 1 Nr. 1 Buchst. e der Richtlinie 93/13/EWG** dahin auszulegen, dass er die verbraucherseitige Nichtzahlung von Beträgen bedeutet, die durch ein automatisiertes System erstellt worden sind und eine automatisierte Entscheidungsfindung (ADM) darstellen, wobei der Verbraucher nicht über die Art und Weise der Berechnung der Beträge informiert wurde?
9. Sind **Art. 5 Abs. 1 Buchst. a und c der Richtlinie 2011/83/EU und Art. 5 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie 93/13/EWG** dahin auszulegen, dass die Anforderungen an eine klare und verständliche Sprache auch für Folgeverträge, Anhänge und Rechnungen aus einem Verbrauchervertrag gelten, die mittels einer künstlichen Intelligenz oder eines anderen automatisierten Systems ohne menschliche Beteiligung (ADM) erstellt wurden?
10. Sind **Art. 5 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie 93/13/EWG und Art. 86 Abs. 1 der Verordnung (EU) 2024/1689** dahin auszulegen, dass die automatisiert erstellten Rechnungen aus einem Verbrauchervertrag in klarer und verständlicher Sprache verfasst sein müssen und der Verbraucher das Recht hat, vom Unternehmer eine Erläuterung zu verlangen, wie und durch welchen Algorithmus die Entscheidungen getroffen wurden?
11. Sind **Art. 5 Abs. 1 Buchst. c der Richtlinie [2011/83/EU] und Art. 3 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie 93/13/EWG** dahin auszulegen, dass sie dem nicht entgegenstehen, dass ein Unternehmer einen Entschädigungsbetrag wegen der Beendigung eines Vertrags (wegen nicht geleisteter Zahlung aus dem Vertrag) auf der Grundlage der monatlichen Standardgrundgebühr und nicht auf der Grundlage der Aktionsgrundgebühren berechnet, obwohl die Parteien die Zahlung der Aktionsgrundgebühren bis zum Vertragsende vereinbart haben und der Unternehmer selbst keinen Vertrag mit Standardgrundgebühr schließen wollte?
12. Ist [der Ausdruck] „**ein unverhältnismäßig hoher Entschädigungsbetrag**“ im Sinne von **Nr. 1 Buchst. e des Anhangs 1 der Richtlinie 93/13/EWG** dahin auszulegen, dass er die Differenz zwischen der Aktionsgrundgebühr und der monatlichen Standardgrundgebühr in einem Vertrag darstellt, die bis zum Ende der [ursprünglich vereinbarten] Laufzeit des beendeten Vertrags entsprechend der verbleibenden Anzahl an Monaten berechnet wird?
13. Ist **Art. 3 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie 93/13/EWG** dahin auszulegen, dass er einem Unternehmer nicht erlaubt, Beträge für Bruchteile der Abrechnungszeiträume zu berechnen, wenn die Parteien Beträge für ganze Abrechnungszeiträume vertraglich vereinbart haben?
14. Sind **Art. 6 Abs. 1 und Art. 7 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie 93/13 und der Effektivitätsgrundsatz** dahin auszulegen, dass sie einer nationalen Regelung entgegenstehen, die zulässt, dass der Verbraucher verurteilt werden kann, einen Teil der Gerichtskosten zu tragen, wenn der Unternehmer dem Verbraucher nicht in klarer und verständlicher Weise erklärt hat, wie [und] durch welchen Algorithmus die automatisierte Entscheidung getroffen wird und der Unternehmer dies erst im Laufe des gegen den Verbraucher wegen Nichtzahlung der Beträge aus dem Vertrag geführten Gerichtsverfahrens, dargelegt hat?
15. Sind **Art. 5 Abs. 1 Buchst. a und c der Richtlinie 2011/83/EU** dahin auszulegen, dass sie dem entgegenstehen, dass ein Mobilfunkunternehmer einen Entschädigungsbetrag wegen eines vorzeitig wegen Nichtzahlung seitens des Verbrauchers beendeten Vertrags auf der Grundlage einer monatlichen Standardgrundgebühr geltend macht, obwohl der Unternehmer und der Verbraucher eine (niedrigere) monatliche Aktionsgrundgebühr für die Vertragslaufzeit vereinbart haben?

16. Sind **Art. 5 Abs. 1 Buchst. a und c der Richtlinie 2011/83/EU** dahin auszulegen, dass sie dem entgegenstehen, dass ein Mobilfunkunternehmer einen Entschädigungsbetrag wegen eines vorzeitig wegen Nichtzahlung seitens des Verbrauchers beendeten Vertrags geltend macht, der die Differenz zwischen der monatlichen Standardgrundgebühr und der monatlichen Aktionsgrundgebühr für die Zeit von der Beendigung [des Vertrags bis zum Ende der vereinbarten Vertragslaufzeit] umfasst?
 17. Sind **Art. 5 Abs. 1 Buchst. a und c der Richtlinie 2011/83/EU** dahin auszulegen, dass sie dem entgegenstehen, dass ein Mobilfunkunternehmer einen Entschädigungsbetrag für [einzelne] Tage geltend macht, obwohl die Parteien eine monatliche Grundgebühr als Entschädigungsbetrag vereinbart haben? Darf der Unternehmer einen Entschädigungsbetrag auf der Grundlage einer Monatsgrundgebühr für [einzelne] Tage und nicht für einen Monat geltend machen?
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C/2025/1081

24.2.2025

**Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Landgerichts München I (Deutschland) eingereicht am
27. November 2024 – Alexion Pharma Germany GmbH gegen Amgen Technology (Ireland) Unlimited
Company und AMGEN GmbH**

(Rechtssache C-814/24, Alexion Pharma Germany)

(C/2025/1081)

Verfahrenssprache: Deutsch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Landgericht München I

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Klägerin: Alexion Pharma Germany GmbH

Beklagte: Amgen Technology (Ireland) Unlimited Company, AMGEN GmbH

Vorlagefragen

1. Gewährt Art. 8 der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 141/2000 ⁽¹⁾ zugunsten des Inhabers einer oder mehrerer indikationsspezifischer Genehmigungen für das Inverkehrbringen eines Arzneimittels für seltene Leiden eine subjektive zivilrechtliche Rechtsposition in Form eines Marktexklusivitätsrechts, die der Inhaber der Marktexklusivität zivilgerichtlich gegenüber Dritten geltend machen kann, wenn diese in die Rechtsposition eingreifen?
2. Falls Frage 1 mit Nein zu beantworten ist: Gewährt die Verordnung Nr. 141/2000 nach ihrer Gesamtzielrichtung – wie sie sich insbesondere in Erwägungsgrund 8 der Verordnung niederschlägt – zugunsten des Inhabers einer oder mehrerer indikationsspezifischer Genehmigungen für das Inverkehrbringen eines Arzneimittels für seltene Leiden über das in Art. 8 der Verordnung statuierte behördliche Bearbeitungs- und Zulassungsverbot hinaus eine subjektive zivilrechtliche Rechtsposition in Form eines Marktexklusivitätsrechts, die der Inhaber der Marktexklusivität zivilgerichtlich gegenüber Dritten geltend machen kann, wenn diese in die Rechtsposition eingreifen?
3. Falls Frage 1 oder 2 mit Ja zu beantworten ist: Ergeben sich die Ansprüche des Inhabers eines solchen subjektiven zivilrechtlichen Marktexklusivitätsrechts bei einem Eingriff Dritter in diese Rechtsposition unmittelbar aus Europarecht oder richtet sich deren Umfang und Ausgestaltung nach nationalem Recht?

⁽¹⁾ Verordnung (EG) Nr. 141/2000 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 16. Dezember 1999 über Arzneimittel für seltene Leiden (ABl. 2000, L 18, S. 1).



C/2025/1082

24.2.2025

**Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Sofiyski rayonen sad (Bulgarien), eingereicht am 28. November
2024– „A1 Bulgaria“ EAD**

(Rechtssache C- 821/24, A1 Bulgaria)

(C/2025/1082)

Verfahrenssprache: Bulgarisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Sofiyski rayonen sad

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Klägerin: „A1 Bulgaria“ EAD

Vorlagefragen

1. [Ist Nr. 1 Buchst. j des Anhangs „Klauseln gemäß Artikel 3 Absatz 3“ der Richtlinie 93/13 (¹⁾) dahin auszulegen, dass [sie] eine Regelung [zulässt], nach der der Gewerbetreibende die Vertragsbedingungen einseitig ändern kann, wenn eine Klausel, auch in Allgemeinen Geschäftsbedingungen, eine Indexierung des mit dem Verbraucher vereinbarten Preises für Dienstleistungen nach Maßgabe des von einer staatlichen Stelle veröffentlichten durchschnittlichen Verbraucherpreisindex des Vorjahres vorgesehen ist, sofern die Indexierung nur in ansteigender Progression erfolgt?
2. Ist der Begriff „Vertragsklauseln“ in Art. 2 Buchst. a der Richtlinie 93/13 dahin auszulegen, dass damit ein bestimmter gesonderter Text im Vertrag gemeint ist, oder ist er so zu verstehen, dass er sich auf sämtliche Rechtswirkungen von Teilen des Vertragstextes bezieht, auch wenn sich diese nicht in demselben gesonderten Teil des Dokuments befinden?
3. Ist [bei der] Feststellung von Missbräuchlichkeit jede der ausgehandelten Vertragsklauseln über die Folgen von Nichterfüllung einzeln zu prüfen oder ist ihre kumulative Wirkung im Rahmen des Leistungspakets insgesamt als eine Klausel zu verstehen, die gemäß [Nr. 1 Buchst. e des Anhangs „Klauseln gemäß Artikel 3 Absatz 3“ der Richtlinie 93/13] als eine Klausel angesehen wird, „die darauf abziel[t] oder zur Folge ha[t], dass dem Verbraucher, der seinen Verpflichtungen nicht nachkommt, ein unverhältnismäßig hoher Entschädigungsbetrag auferlegt wird“ und falls einige dieser Klauseln missbräuchlich sein sollten, sind sie in ihrer Gesamtheit auszuschließen?
4. Ist Art. 4 der Richtlinie 93/13 dahin auszulegen, dass er eine Regelung zulässt, nach der der Gewerbetreibende die Klauseln für Entschädigungsbeträge im Verhältnis zu einem Standardbetrag (ohne vertraglich vereinbarte Rabatte, die auch einen Ausgleich für einen Teil der Höhe der Rabatte auf Abonnementvereinbarungen und auf die Marktpreise der gekauften oder geleasten Endgeräte enthalten) festlegen kann, bzw. ist Art. 3 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie 93/13 dahin auszulegen, dass er eine Regelung zulässt, nach der sich eine Klausel über die Haftung für die Nichterfüllung des Vertrags als missbräuchlich erweisen kann, die vorsieht, dass der Verbraucher Entschädigungsbeträge zu zahlen und Kosten zu tragen hat, die in einem auffälligen Missverhältnis zu der als Gegenleistung bereitgestellten Dienstleistung und der Voraussetzung stehen, unter der die Haftung für die Nichterfüllung des Vertrags eintritt (automatisch und ohne vorherige Aufforderung mit den entsprechenden Zins- und Inkassokosten)?

(¹) Richtlinie 93/13/EWG des Rates vom 5. April 1993 über missbräuchliche Klauseln in Verbraucherverträgen (ABl. 1993, L 95, S. 29).

5. Kann ein gerichtlicher Vergleich zwischen dem Mobilfunkbetreiber und einer qualifizierten Einrichtung im Sinne dieser Richtlinie, wie der Komisia za zashtita na potrebitelite (Kommission für Verbraucherschutz, Bulgarien), Wirkungen im Sinne von Art. 8 Abs. 1 Buchst. b in Verbindung mit Art. 7 Abs. 4 Buchst. a der Richtlinie 2020/1828 ⁽²⁾ entfalten, und bejahendenfalls, ist eine solche Vereinbarung auch für andere Gerichte (einschließlich jedes Gericht, das über ein Rechtsverhältnis zwischen dem Mobilfunkbetreiber und einem einzelnen Verbraucher zu entscheiden hat) bindend, wenn das Gericht bei der Genehmigung des Vergleichs aus den in der Rechtssache C-600/19 ⁽³⁾ dargelegten Gründen die etwaige Missbräuchlichkeit der Klauseln nicht geprüft hat?
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⁽²⁾ Richtlinie (EU) 2020/1828 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 25. November 2020 über Verbandsklagen zum Schutz der Kollektivinteressen der Verbraucher und zur Aufhebung der Richtlinie 2009/22/EG (ABl. 2020, L 409, S. 1).

⁽³⁾ ECLI:EU:C:2022:394.



Rechtsmittel, eingelegt am 12. Dezember 2024 vom Ordre néerlandais des avocats du barreau de Bruxelles, Orde van Vlaamse Balies, Bernard Derveaux, Ordre français des avocats du barreau de Bruxelles, Ordre des barreaux francophones et germanophones de Belgique, Marie Dupont, Stéphane Gothot, Emmanuel Plasschaert, Pierre Sculier, Xavier Van Gils gegen das Urteil des Gerichts (Große Kammer) vom 2. Oktober 2024 in der Rechtssache T-797/22, Ordre néerlandais des avocats du barreau de Bruxelles u. a./Rat

(Rechtssache C-865/24 P)

(C/2025/1083)

Verfahrenssprache: Französisch

Parteien

Rechtsmittelführer: Ordre néerlandais des avocats du barreau de Bruxelles, Orde van Vlaamse Balies, Bernard Derveaux, Ordre français des avocats du barreau de Bruxelles, Ordre des barreaux francophones et germanophones de Belgique, Marie Dupont, Stéphane Gothot, Emmanuel Plasschaert, Pierre Sculier, Xavier Van Gils (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt P. de Bandt, Rechtsanwältin T. Ghysels, Rechtsanwalt T. Bontinck, Rechtsanwältin A. Guillerme)

Andere Parteien des Verfahrens: Maurice Krings, Bundesrechtsanwaltskammer, Ordre des avocats de Genève, Rat der Europäischen Union, Republik Estland, Europäische Kommission, Hoher Vertreter der Union für Außen- und Sicherheitspolitik

Anträge

Die Rechtsmittelführer beantragen,

- das vorliegende Rechtsmittel für zulässig und begründet zu erklären und infolgedessen
- das Urteil des Gerichts der Europäischen Union vom 2. Oktober 2024 in der Rechtssache T-797/22, Ordre néerlandais des avocats du barreau de Bruxelles u. a./Rat, in vollem Umfang aufzuheben und
- endgültig über den Rechtsstreit zu entscheiden und den Anträgen aus dem ersten Rechtszug stattzugeben, nämlich
 - Art. 1 Nr. 12 der Verordnung (EU) 2022/1904 des Rates vom 6. Oktober 2022 zur Änderung der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 833/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren ⁽¹⁾, und Art. 1 Nr. 13 der Verordnung (EU) 2022/2474 des Rates vom 16. Dezember 2022 zur Änderung der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 833/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren ⁽²⁾, für nichtig zu erklären, soweit sie Abs. 2 und Abs. 4 bis 12 und dann Abs. 2 und Abs. 4 bis 11 von Art. 5n der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 833/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren, in Bezug auf die Rechtsberatungsdienstleistungen ändern bzw. ersetzen, sowie
 - Art. 1 Nr. 13 der Verordnung (EU) 2023/427 des Rates vom 25. Februar 2023 zur Änderung der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 833/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren, für nichtig zu erklären, soweit er einen Art. 12b Abs. 2a in Bezug auf Dienstleistungen im Bereich der Rechtsberatung in die Verordnung (EU) Nr. 833/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren einfügt;
- dem Rat die Kosten aufzuerlegen.

Rechtsmittelgründe und wesentliche Argumente

Die Rechtsmittelführer stützen ihr Rechtsmittel auf vier Gründe.

Erstens verletze das Gericht die Art. 7 und 47 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union in Verbindung mit Art. 2 des Vertrags über die Europäische Union sowie die Begründungspflicht, indem es davon ausgehe, dass die angefochtene Bestimmung keinen Eingriff in das Grundrecht nach sich ziehe, sich an einen Anwalt zu wenden, um sich rechtlich beraten zu lassen.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. 2022, L 259 I, S. 3.

⁽²⁾ ABl. 2022, L 322 I, S. 1.

Zweitens verletze das Gericht die Art. 7 und 47 der Charta in Verbindung mit Art. 2 EUV sowie die Begründungspflicht, indem es davon ausgehe, dass das fragliche Verbot keinen Eingriff in die in diesen Vorschriften verankerten Rechte bewirke.

Drittens verletze das Gericht die Art. 7, 47 und 52 Abs. 1 der Charta in Verbindung mit Art. 2 EUV, den allgemeinen Grundsatz der Verhältnismäßigkeit sowie die Begründungspflicht, soweit es entschieden habe, dass die angefochtene Bestimmung, selbst wenn sie einen Eingriff in die in den Art. 7 und 47 der Charta verankerten Rechte oder in die Unabhängigkeit des Rechtsanwalts nach sich ziehen sollte, dieser Eingriff gleichwohl die Anforderungen von Art. 52 Abs. 1 der Charta erfülle.

Viertens verstoße das Gericht dadurch gegen den Grundsatz der Rechtssicherheit in Verbindung mit Art. 2 EUV und gegen die Begründungspflicht, dass es entschieden habe, dass die angefochtene Bestimmung keine Eingriffe nach sich ziehe.



Rechtsmittel, eingelegt am 12. Dezember 2024 vom Ordre des avocats à la cour de Paris, Julie Couturier gegen das Urteil des Gerichts (Große Kammer) vom 2. Oktober 2024 in der Rechtssache T-798/22, Ordre des avocats à la cour de Paris und Couturier/Rat

(Rechtssache C-866/24 P)

(C/2025/1084)

Verfahrenssprache: Französisch

Parteien

Rechtsmittelführer: Ordre des avocats à la cour de Paris, Julie Couturier (vertreten durch Rechtsanwältin L. Donnedieu de Vabres)

Andere Parteien des Verfahrens: Ordre des avocats de Genève, Rat der Europäischen Union, Republik Estland, Europäische Kommission, Hoher Vertreter der Union für Außen- und Sicherheitspolitik

Anträge

Die Rechtsmittelführer beantragen,

- das Urteil des Gerichts der Europäischen Union vom 2. Oktober 2024 in der Rechtssache T-798/22 aus folgenden Gründen aufzuheben:
 - Verstoß gegen die Begründungspflicht nach Art. 296 Abs. 2 AEUV, indem das Gericht die vom Rat im Laufe des Verfahrens rekonstruierte Begründung gebilligt habe anstatt auf die abzustellen, die in der Handlung selbst hätte enthalten sein müssen,
 - Verletzung des Rechts auf einen wirksamen Rechtsbehelf, da das Gericht davon ausgehe, dass das in Art. 47 Abs. 2 Satz 2 der Charta in Verbindung mit Art. 2 EUV verankerte Recht, sich „vor einem gerichtlichen Verfahren“ durch einen Anwalt „beraten ... [zu] lassen“, zu einer Ausnahme von der Regel eines allgemeinen Verbots von Rechtsberatungsdienstleistungen herabgestuft werden dürfe,
 - Verletzung von Art. 52 Abs. 1 der Charta, da das Gericht den wesentlichen Inhalt des Rechts auf einen wirksamen Rechtsbehelf nicht beachtet habe und, hilfsweise, Verletzung von Art. 52 Abs. 1 der Charta, da das Gericht nicht geprüft habe, ob die drei anderen Voraussetzungen für die Gültigkeit der Einschränkungen dieses Rechts erfüllt waren;
- dem Rat nach Art. 184 Abs. 2 der Verfahrensordnung des Gerichtshofs die Kosten aufzuerlegen;
- endgültig über den Rechtsstreit zu entscheiden, und erstens Art. 1 Nr. 12 der Verordnung (EU) 2022/1904 des Rates vom 6. Oktober 2022 zur Änderung der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 833/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren (ABl. 2022, L 259 I, S. 3) für nicht zu erklären, soweit er Art. 5n Abs. 2 und bis 12 der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 833/2014 des Rates vom 31. Juli 2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren (ABl. 2014, L 229, S. 1) in Bezug auf Dienstleistungen im Bereich der Rechtsberatung ersetzt und ändert, zweitens Art. 1 Nr. 13 der Verordnung (EU) 2022/2474 des Rates vom 16. Dezember 2022 zur Änderung der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 833/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren (ABl. 2022, L 322 I, S. 1) für nichtig zu erklären, soweit er Art. 5n Abs. 2 und 4 bis 11 der Verordnung Nr. 833/2014 in Bezug auf Dienstleistungen im Bereich der Rechtsberatung ersetzt und ändert, drittens Abs. 1 Nr. 13 der Verordnung (EU) 2023/427 des Rates vom 25. Februar 2023 zur Änderung der Verordnung Nr. 833/2014 (ABl. 2023, L 59 I, S. 6), soweit er einen Art. 12b Abs. 2a in Bezug auf Dienstleistungen im Bereich der Rechtsberatung in die Verordnung Nr. 833/2014 einfügt, da diese Artikel
 - gegen die Begründungspflicht nach Art. 296 Abs. 2 AEUV verstoßen,
 - gegen das in Art. 47 Abs. 2 Satz 2 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union verankerte Recht verstoßen, sich von einem Anwalt „beraten“ zu lassen, ohne dass die in Art. 52 Abs. 1 der Charta vorgesehenen Voraussetzungen für die Gültigkeit der Einschränkungen der Ausübung eines in der Charta anerkannten Rechts erfüllt wären;
- dem Rat auch die durch die Klage vor dem Gericht der Europäischen Union entstandenen Kosten aufzuerlegen.

Rechtsmittelgründe und wesentliche Argumente

Die Rechtsmittelführer stützen ihr Rechtsmittel auf drei Gründe.

Erstens habe das Gericht gegen die Begründungspflicht nach Art. 296 Abs. 2 AEUV verstoßen, indem es die vom Rat in seinen Schriftsätzen rekonstruierte Begründung gebilligt habe anstatt auf die abzustellen, die in der Handlung selbst hätte enthalten sein müssen. Insoweit enthielten keiner der Erwägungsgründe der Verordnungen 2022/1904, 2022/2474 und 2023/427 sowie des Beschlusses 2022/1909 eine Erläuterung der mit dem Verbot der Erbringung von Rechtsberatungsdienstleistungen verfolgten allgemeinen Ziele und damit der Gründe, warum genau der Rat das Verbot der Rechtsberatungsdienstleistungen beschlossen habe und inwiefern dieses Verbot zur Verfolgung der allgemeinen auf die Beendigung des russischen Angriffskriegs gerichteten Ziele geeignet wären.

Zweitens habe das Gericht das Recht auf einen wirksamen Rechtsbehelf verletzt, indem es davon ausgegangen sei, dass das in Art. 47 Abs. 2 Satz 2 der Charta in Verbindung mit Art. 2 EUV verankerte Recht, sich durch einen Anwalt „beraten ... [zu] lassen“, zu einer Ausnahme von der Regel eines allgemeinen Verbots von Rechtsberatungsdienstleistungen herabgestuft werden dürfe. Diese Herabstufung eines Grundrechts führe zu einem mit Art. 2 des EU-Vertrags unvereinbaren Rückschritt beim Schutz wesentlicher Werte des Rechtsstaats. Dieser Rechtsmittelgrund besteht aus zwei Teilen.

Zum einen habe das Gericht angenommen, dass das Recht, sich vor einem „gerichtlichen Verfahren“ durch einen Anwalt „beraten ... [zu] lassen“, unabhängig davon, „ob dieses bereits eingeleitet wurde oder ob ihm ... vorgebeugt werden oder es abgewendet werden kann“ (angefochtenes Urteil, Rn. 55), abweichend von der Regel des allgemeinen Verbots von Rechtsberatungsdienstleistungen abgewertet werden dürfe. Ein solcher Ansatz müsse die Regel und nicht die Ausnahme sein. Es handle sich nicht um eine rein formale Frage: Diese „Herabstufung“ eines Grundrechts zusammen mit der Unsicherheit, die mit dem Bereich der Ausnahmen einhergehe, führe unter diesen Umständen dazu, dass der Anwalt von vornherein selbst in einem sehr frühen Stadium jede Rechtsberatung russischer Organisationen ablehne.

Zum anderen habe das Gericht die teleologische Sichtweise, die der Auslegung von Art. 47 Abs. 2 Satz 2 der Charta zugrunde liege, bei seiner Weigerung, die angefochtenen Verordnungen für nichtig zu erklären, und bei seinem Verständnis der Rechtsberatung außer Acht gelassen. Das Gericht scheine damit eine zeitliche Beschränkung zwischen der Rechtsberatung und dem Rechtsstreit vorzuschreiben, die diese Vorschrift nicht enthalte. Dieser Rechtsstreit könne gleichzeitig, kurze Zeit nach oder lange nach der Rechtsberatung oder auch gar nicht eintreten. Die Rechtsberatung durch einen Anwalt, indem dieser den Mandanten über seine rechtliche Lage und die mit dieser verbundenen Gefahren informiere, habe ja gerade einen Rechtsstreit zum Gegenstand und könne gegebenenfalls, dank der erbrachten Beratungsleistung, zur Folge haben, dass ein solcher vermieden werde, was diese Beratung trotzdem nicht vom Anwendungsbereich des Art. 47 Abs. 2 Satz 2 der Charta ausschließe.

Drittens habe das Gericht Art. 52 Abs. 1 der Charta verletzt. Dieser Rechtsmittelgrund besteht aus zwei Teilen.

Zum einen habe das Gericht den wesentlichen Inhalt des Rechts auf einen wirksamen Rechtsbehelf nicht beachtet.

Zum anderen wird hilfsweise geltend gemacht, dass das Gericht Art. 52 Abs. 1 der Charta dadurch verletzt habe, dass es nicht geprüft habe, ob die drei anderen Voraussetzung für die Gültigkeit der Einschränkungen dieses Rechts erfüllt gewesen seien.



**Rechtsmittel, eingelegt am 12. Dezember 2024 von ACE-Avocats, ensemble gegen das Urteil des
Gerichts (Große Kammer) vom 2. Oktober 2024 in der Rechtssache T-828/22, ACE/Rat**

(Rechtssache C-867/24 P)

(C/2025/1085)

Verfahrenssprache: Französisch

Parteien

Rechtsmittelführerin: ACE-Avocats, ensemble (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt J.-P. Hordies)

Andere Parteien des Verfahrens: Lupicinio Rodríguez Jiménez, Rat der Europäischen Union, Republik Estland, Europäische Kommission

Anträge

Die Rechtsmittelführerin beantragt,

- das Urteil des Gerichts der Europäischen Union in der Rechtssache T-828/22, ACE-Avocats/Rat der Europäischen Union vom 2. Oktober 2024 aufzuheben;
- die Klage auf teilweise Nichtigerklärung von Art. 1 Nr. 12 der angefochtenen Verordnung, mit dem Art. 5n Abs. 1, 2 und 5 der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 833/2014 ⁽¹⁾ geändert wird, für zulässig und begründet zu erklären;
- somit Art. 5n Abs. 1, 2 und 5 der angefochtenen Verordnung entsprechend dem ursprünglichen Klageantrag der Rechtsmittelführerin für nichtig zu erklären, soweit er sie betrifft;
- dem Rat die Kosten der Rechtsmittelführerin aufzuerlegen und ihn zur Tragung seiner eigenen Kosten zu verpflichten.

Rechtsmittelgründe und wesentliche Argumente

Die Rechtsmittelführerin macht drei Rechtsmittelgründe geltend:

Erster Rechtsmittelgrund: Das Gericht habe einen Rechtsfehler begangen, als es entschieden habe, die Begründung des streitigen Verbots sei, obwohl dieses auf das erklärte Ziel gestützt worden sei, den russischen Angriffskrieg zu beenden, ausreichend, wo doch dieses Ziel offensichtlich nicht erreicht worden sei, was somit die Stichhaltigkeit dieser Begründung in Frage stelle.

Zweiter Rechtsmittelgrund, der zwei Teile aufweist:

Erster Teil: Das Gericht habe einen Rechtsfehler begangen, als es das Vorbringen des Streithelfers zur Verletzung von Art. 15 und Art. 17 der Charta über die Berufsfreiheit und das Eigentumsrecht verworfen habe, wo doch diese Grundrechte sowie die von den Verträgen vorgesehenen wirtschaftlichen Grundfreiheiten von Amts wegen als zwingendes Recht hätten berücksichtigt werden müssen.

Zweiter Teil: Das Gericht habe einen Rechtsfehler begangen, als es einerseits entschieden habe, dass das streitige Verbot für alle Angehörigen der Rechtsberufe gelte, unabhängig davon, wo sie ihre Tätigkeit ausübten und welche Berufsbezeichnung sie führten, und andererseits ausgeführt habe, dass sein persönlicher Anwendungsbereich begrenzt sei; dies stelle einen Widerspruch in der Begründung dar, mit der die Beschränkung der Dienstleistungsfreiheit gerechtfertigt worden sei.

Dritter Rechtsmittelgrund, der vier Teile aufweist:

Erster Teil: Das Gericht habe einen Rechtsfehler begangen, als es das Vorbringen der Rechtsmittelführerin zu dem Verstoß gegen Art. 56 AEUV zurückgewiesen habe und die Urteile Reyners und Piringer zu eng ausgelegt habe, mit denen die allgemeinen Grundsätze festgelegt worden seien, die für den Anwaltsberuf gälten.

⁽¹⁾ Verordnung (EU) Nr. 833/2014 des Rates vom 31. Juli 2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren (ABl. 2014, L 229, S. 1).

Zweiter Teil: Das Gericht habe gegen den Grundsatz der Waffengleichheit verstoßen, als es sich zur Erläuterung seiner Auslegung auf einen Erwägungsgrund der streitigen Verordnung gestützt habe und es der Rechtsmittelführerin gleichzeitig verwehrt habe, in ihrem Vorbringen Bezug auf die Erwägungsgründe von Unionsrechtsakten zu nehmen.

Dritter Teil: Das Gericht habe einen Rechtsfehler begangen, als es den Anwendungsbereich des durch Art. 7 der Charta gewährleisteten Berufsgeheimnisses eingeschränkt habe, indem es dieses auf spezifische prozessuale und rechtliche Bereiche beschränkt habe; dies laufe der Rechtsprechung des Gerichtshofs zuwider.

Vierter Teil: Das Gericht habe festgestellt, dass die Anwendungsbereiche von Art. 6 EMRK und Art. 47 der Charta identisch seien, womit es das Recht auf Zugang zu einem Rechtsanwalt zu Unrecht ausschließlich auf gerichtliche Streitigkeiten beschränkt habe.



C/2025/1086

24.2.2025

**Rechtsmittel, eingelegt am 12. Dezember 2024 von Lupicinio Rodríguez Jiménez gegen das Urteil des
Gerichts (Große Kammer) vom 2. Oktober 2024 in der Rechtssache T-828/22, ACE/Rat**

(Rechtssache C-868/24 P)

(C/2025/1086)

Verfahrenssprache: Französisch

Parteien

Rechtsmittelführer: Lupicinio Rodríguez Jiménez (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt J. L. Iriarte Ángel sowie Rechtsanwältinnen F. Rodríguez González und M. Casado Abarquero)

Andere Parteien des Verfahrens: ACE-Avocats, ensemble, Rat der Europäischen Union, Republik Estland, Europäische Kommission

Anträge

Der Rechtsmittelführer beantragt,

- das Urteil des Gerichts (Große Kammer) vom 2. Oktober 2024 in der Rechtssache T-828/22 aufzuheben;
- die Rechtssache endgültig zu entscheiden und den Anträgen des Streithelfers in der ersten Instanz, der nun Rechtsmittelführer ist, stattzugeben, d. h.:
 - die Klage auf teilweise Nichtigerklärung von Art. 1 Nr. 12 der angefochtenen Verordnung (Verordnung [EU] 2022/1904 vom 6. Oktober 2022 ⁽¹⁾), mit dem Art. 5n Abs. 1, 2 und 5 der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 833/2014 geändert wird, für zulässig und begründet zu erklären;
 - Art. 1 Nr. 12, mit dem Art. 5n Abs. 1, 2 und 5 der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 833/2014 geändert wird, für nichtig zu erklären, soweit er den Rechtsmittelführer betrifft;
- hilfsweise, das Urteil aufzuheben und die Rechtssache an das Gericht zurückzuverweisen;
- dem Rat der Europäischen Union die Kosten der beiden Instanzen aufzuerlegen.

Rechtsmittelgründe und wesentliche Argumente

Der Rechtsmittelführer macht fünf Rechtsfehler geltend.

1. Im angegriffenen Urteil sei zu Unrecht festgestellt worden, dass der Rat seiner Begründungspflicht nachgekommen sei.
2. Im angegriffenen Urteil sei zu Unrecht festgestellt worden, dass Herr Rodríguez Jiménez neue Nichtigkeitsgründe geltend gemacht habe, als er sich auf eine Verletzung von Art. 15 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union und damit seines Eigentumsrechts berufen habe, und sein Vorbringen folglich zurückzuweisen sei.
3. Im angegriffenen Urteil sei zu Unrecht festgestellt worden, dass keine Verletzung des Rechts der Rechtsanwälte vorliege, Rechtsberatung zu erteilen.
4. Im angegriffenen Urteil sei zu Unrecht festgestellt worden, dass Herr Rodríguez Jiménez neue Nichtigkeitsgründe geltend gemacht habe, als er sich auf einen Verstoß gegen den Grundsatz der Rechtssicherheit berufen habe.
5. Im angegriffenen Urteil sei zu Unrecht festgestellt worden, dass kein Verstoß gegen Art. 52 Abs. 1 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union vorliege.

⁽¹⁾ Verordnung (EU) 2022/1904 des Rates vom 6. Oktober 2022 zur Änderung der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 833/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren (ABl. 2022, L 259I, S. 3).



C/2025/1087

24.2.2025

Rechtsmittel, eingelegt am 23. Dezember 2024 von Ungarn gegen das Urteil des Gerichts (Zehnte Kammer) vom 9. Oktober 2024 in der Rechtssache T-499/22, Ungarn/Europäische Kommission

(Rechtssache C-896/24 P)

(C/2025/1087)

Verfahrenssprache: Ungarisch

Parteien

Rechtsmittelführer: Ungarn (vertreten durch M. Z. Fehér und G. Koós)

Andere Partei des Verfahrens: Europäische Kommission

Anträge

Ungarn beantragt,

- das Urteil des Gerichts vom 9. Oktober 2024 in der Rechtssache T-499/22 aufzuheben;
- den Durchführungsbeschluss (EU) 2022/908 der Kommission vom 8. Juni 2022 über den Ausschluss bestimmter von den Mitgliedstaaten zulasten des Europäischen Garantiefonds für die Landwirtschaft (EGFL) und des Europäischen Landwirtschaftsfonds für die Entwicklung des ländlichen Raums (ELER) getätigter Ausgaben von der Finanzierung durch die Europäische Union, teilweise für nichtig zu erklären;
- der Kommission die Kosten des Verfahrens aufzuerlegen.

Rechtsmittelgründe und wesentliche Argumente

Erster Rechtsmittelgrund – Rechtswidrigkeit der Finanzkorrektur aufgrund der fehlerhaften Auslegung und Anwendung von Art. 9 Abs. 2 der Verordnung Nr. 1307/2013 in Bezug auf den Rechtsstatus eines „aktiven Betriebsinhabers“

Das Gericht sei in seinem Urteil hinsichtlich der Auslegung von Art. 9 Abs. 2 der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 1307/2013 ⁽¹⁾ zu einem falschen Ergebnis gelangt. Es habe weder der systematischen noch der teleologischen Auslegung der streitigen Bestimmung genügend Gewicht beigemessen und räume der fehlerhaften Schlussfolgerung ihrer grammatikalischen Auslegung Vorrang ein. Weder Art. 9 Abs. 2 an sich bzw. sein Wortlaut, noch seine grammatikalische Auslegung lassen eine so weite Auslegung zu, wie sie das Gericht diesem Artikel beimesse; die systematische Auslegung, d. h. die Auslegung von Art. 9 Abs. 2 in Verbindung mit Art. 9 Abs. 1 sowie Art. 4 Abs. 1 Buchst. a der Verordnung, sprächen ausdrücklich dagegen, dass der Begriff der Vereinigung natürlicher oder juristischer Personen verbundene Unternehmen umfasse.

Eine weite Auslegung von Art. 9 Abs. 2 sei auch nicht erforderlich, um Missbrauch zu verhindern und die Ziele der Verordnung zu erreichen, vielmehr ergebe sie sich in Wirklichkeit aus einer Neubewertung von Art. 60 der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 1306/2013 und dessen Auslegung durch den Gerichtshof sowie einer vermeintlichen Missbrauchssituation.

Zweiter Rechtsmittelgrund – Rechtswidrigkeit der Finanzkorrektur aufgrund der fehlerhaften Auslegung und Anwendung von Art. 59 Abs. 5 der Verordnung Nr. 1306/2013 und Art. 35 der Durchführungsverordnung Nr. 809/2014 in Bezug auf die Stichproben, die für die Erhöhung des Satzes der Vor-Ort-Kontrollen zu berücksichtigen sind

Das Urteil begründe nicht hinreichend, warum die in den auf der Grundlage einer Risikoanalyse ausgewählten Elementen festgestellten Fehler in die für die Erhöhung des Satzes der Vor-Ort-Kontrollen zu berücksichtigenden Stichproben einzubeziehen seien. Das Urteil gehe nicht angemessen auf das Vorbringen der ungarischen Regierung hierzu ein und schreibe eine Auslegung vor, die sich nicht notwendigerweise aus den einschlägigen unionsrechtlichen Vorschriften ergebe.

⁽¹⁾ Verordnung (EU) Nr. 1307/2013 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 17. Dezember 2013 mit Vorschriften über Direktzahlungen an Inhaber landwirtschaftlicher Betriebe im Rahmen von Stützungsregelungen der Gemeinsamen Agrarpolitik und zur Aufhebung der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 637/2008 des Rates und der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 73/2009 des Rates (ABl. 2013, L 347, S. 608).



C/2025/1088

24.2.2025

**Rechtsmittel, eingelegt am 31. Dezember 2024 von Crescenzo Rivellini gegen das Urteil des Gerichts
(Fünfte Kammer) vom 23. Oktober 2024 in der Rechtssache T-465/23, Rivellini/Europäisches
Parlament**

(Rechtssache C-908/24 P)

(C/2025/1088)

Verfahrenssprache: Italienisch

Parteien

Rechtsmittelführer: Crescenzo Rivellini (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt A. Maffeo)

Andere Partei des Verfahrens: Europäisches Parlament

Anträge

Der Rechtsmittelführer beantragt,

- das Urteil des Gerichts der Europäischen Union vom 23. Oktober 2024 in der Rechtssache T-465/23, Rivellini/Parlament, mit dem das Gericht die Klage gegen die angefochtene Entscheidung abgewiesen und dem Rechtsmittelführer die Kosten auferlegt hat, aufzuheben;
- dementsprechend die angefochtene Entscheidung des Präsidiums des Europäischen Parlaments vom 17. April 2023 sowie die vorherige Entscheidung der Quästoren vom 4. Oktober 2022 und die entsprechende Zahlungsaufforderung Nr. 7020000091 vom 19. Januar 2022 aufzuheben;
- hilfsweise, für den Fall, dass der Gerichtshof der Auffassung sein sollte, dass der Rechtsstreit nicht zu Entscheidung reif ist, die Rechtssache an das Gericht zurückzuverweisen;
- in jedem Fall dem Parlament die Kosten aufzuerlegen.

Rechtsmittelgründe und wesentliche Argumente

Zur Stützung seines Rechtsmittels macht der Rechtsmittelführer fünf Rechtsmittelgründe geltend.

1. Mit seinem ersten Rechtsmittelgrund rügt er einen Rechtsfehler des Gerichts bei der Bestimmung des Umfangs der Verpflichtung des Abgeordneten des Europäischen Parlaments, die tatsächliche Erbringung der Tätigkeit eines akkreditierten parlamentarischen Assistenten (APA) und der Gesellschaft, die durch die Dienstleistungsverträge begünstigt wäre, nachzuweisen, sowie die Widersprüchlichkeit der Begründung. Da die Aufgaben eines APA nicht definiert seien, habe das Gericht in Rn. 29 des Urteils zu Unrecht festgestellt, dass „die physische Anwesenheit des parlamentarischen Assistenten in den Räumlichkeiten des Parlaments an den fraglichen Tagen ... nicht für den Nachweis ausreichen [kann], dass tatsächlich Aufgaben im Einklang mit Art. 33 DAP ausgeführt wurden“. Außerdem sei die Begründung widersprüchlich, mit der das Gericht letztendlich jede Relevanz des in Art. 41 DAP vorgesehenen Bestätigungsverfahrens für den Nachweis der tatsächlichen Erbringung der Dienstleistungen durch die Dienstleistungsgesellschaft ausschließe. In Rn. 60 des angefochtenen Urteils habe nämlich das Gericht zwar darauf hingewiesen, dass mit diesem Verfahren „ein streng buchhalterisches Ziel verfolgt wird“, sodann aber ausgeführt, dass „dieses Verfahren ... der Überprüfung der tatsächlichen Erbringung der Arbeit durch den Dienstleistungserbringer [dient]“. Folglich müsse – obwohl offensichtlich sei, dass sich das in Art. 41 DAP vorgesehene Verfahren eindeutig von einem Rückforderverfahren unterscheide – die Feststellung im Rahmen des erstgenannten Verfahrens, dass die durchgeführten Leistungen tatsächlich erbracht worden seien, auch für das letztgenannte Verfahren relevant sein, zumindest unter dem Gesichtspunkt der Entstehung eines berechtigten Vertrauens des Betroffenen in die Beurteilung der Ordnungsmäßigkeit der Leistungen, die Gegenstand der Rechnungslegung seien.
2. Mit seinem zweiten Rechtsmittelgrund rügt der Rechtsmittelführer, dass die Beweislast des Abgeordneten des Europäischen Parlaments in Anbetracht der erheblichen Zeitspanne, die zwischen den streitigen Verträgen und der Aufforderung zur Vorlage von Dokumenten zum Nachweis der tatsächlichen Erbringung der Dienstleistungen verstrichen sei, falsch beurteilt worden sei. Im Rahmen des ersten Teils dieses Rechtsmittelgrundes macht er geltend, dass seine Verteidigungsrechte verletzt worden seien, weil die Unionsorgane die Verfahren nicht innerhalb einer angemessenen Frist abgeschlossen hätten. Mit dem zweiten Teil des Rechtsmittelgrundes rügt er einen Verstoß gegen den Grundsatz des Vertrauensschutzes bei der Beurteilung der Ordnungsmäßigkeit der erhaltenen Leistungen. Zur Begründung führt der Rechtsmittelführer aus, er habe weder direkt noch über die Zahlstelle Einwände des Parlaments oder Aufforderungen zur Vorlage zusätzlicher Unterlagen im Sinne von Art. 39 Abs. 3 und Art. 41 Abs. 2 DAP erhalten.

3. Mit seinem dritten Rechtsmittelgrund macht der Rechtsmittelführer einen Verstoß gegen Art. 43 Buchst. c und d und Art. 58 Abs. 2 DAP in Bezug auf das Vorliegen eines Interessenkonflikts geltend. Das Gericht sei rechtsfehlerhaft davon ausgegangen, dass das Erfordernis der Vorlage einer Bescheinigung über die nichteheliche Lebensgemeinschaft in Art. 58 DAP für das Verbot in Art. 43 nicht relevant sei. Hätte der Gesetzgeber die Fälle „nichtehelicher stabiler Lebensgemeinschaften“ im Zusammenhang mit Art. 43 DAP anders regeln wollen als diejenigen, die dem darauf folgenden Art. 58 DAP unterfielen, hätte er in die erstgenannte Bestimmung keinen spezifischen Verweis auf die letztgenannte Bestimmung aufgenommen.
 4. Mit seinem vierten Klagegrund rügt der Rechtsmittelführer zum einen die Bestimmung des Beginns der Verjährungsfrist für den Anspruch des Parlaments auf Erstattung der für die parlamentarische Assistenz gezahlten Zulage. Diesen Fristbeginn am Tag der Vorlage des Abschlussberichts des OLAF zu verorten, die mehr als sieben Jahre nach den streitigen Verträgen erfolgt sei, sei gleichbedeutend mit dem Verzicht auf eine wirkliche im Voraus festgelegte Verjährungsfrist, die wiederum dem Schutz der Rechtssicherheit und der Wirtschaftlichkeit der Haushaltsführung diene. Zum anderen hätten die Einleitung einer Verwaltungsuntersuchung durch das OLAF mehr als sieben Jahre nach der angeblich unrechtmäßigen Zahlung der in Rede stehenden Zulage sowie die anschließende Übermittlung einer Rückforderungsentscheidung und einer entsprechenden Zahlungsaufforderung mehr als zehn Jahre nach Abschluss der umstrittenen Verträge an den Rechtsmittelführer zu einem Verstoß gegen die von den Unionsorganen verlangte übliche Sorgfalt geführt.
 5. Mit seinem fünften Rechtsmittelgrund wendet sich der Rechtsmittelführer gegen die Kostenentscheidung.
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Urteil des Gerichts vom 18. Dezember 2024 – TB/ENISA

(Rechtssache T-560/21) ⁽¹⁾

(Öffentlicher Dienst – Bedienstete auf Zeit – Einstellung – Stellenausschreibung – Ablehnung einer Bewerbung – Aufhebungsklage – Vertretung eines Organs durch einen seiner Bediensteten – Rechtsschutzinteresse – Zulässigkeit – Begründungspflicht – Grundsatz der guten Verwaltung – Haftung – Immaterieller Schaden)

(C/2025/1095)

Verfahrenssprache: Englisch

Parteien

Klägerin: TB (vertreten durch Rechtsanwältinnen L. Levi und N. Flandin)

Beklagte: Agentur der Europäischen Union für Cybersicherheit (ENISA) (vertreten durch C. Chalanouli als Bevollmächtigte im Beistand von Rechtsanwalt B. Wägenbaur)

Gegenstand

Mit ihrer Klage nach Art. 270 AEUV beantragt die Klägerin zum einen, erstens die Entscheidung des Auswahl Ausschusses der Agentur der Europäischen Union für Cybersicherheit (ENISA) vom 10. November 2020 aufzuheben, ihren Namen nicht in die Liste der erfolgreichen Bewerber für die Stelle des Referatsleiters des „Executive Director Office“ (Büro des Exekutivdirektors) aufzunehmen, und zweitens im Wesentlichen die Entscheidung des Auswahl Ausschusses der ENISA vom 12. Januar 2021 aufzuheben, ihre Bewerbung für die Stelle des Referatsleiters der „Corporate Support Services“ (Interne Unterstützungsdienste) nicht zu berücksichtigen, und zum anderen den Ersatz des immateriellen Schadens, der ihr entstanden sein soll.

Tenor

1. Die Entscheidung des Auswahl Ausschusses der Agentur der Europäischen Union für Cybersicherheit (ENISA), den Namen von TB nicht in die Liste der erfolgreichen Bewerber für die Stelle des Referatsleiters des „Executive Director Office“ (Büro des Exekutivdirektors) (ENISA-TA70-AD-2020-04) aufzunehmen, wird aufgehoben.
2. Die Entscheidung des Auswahl Ausschusses der ENISA, die Bewerbung von TB für die Stelle des Referatsleiters der „Corporate Support Services“ (Interne Unterstützungsdienste) (ENISA-TA71-AD-2020-05) nicht zu berücksichtigen, wird aufgehoben.
3. Im Übrigen wird die Klage abgewiesen.
4. Die ENISA trägt die Kosten.

⁽¹⁾ ABL C 481 vom 29.11.2021.



Urteil des Gerichts vom 8. Januar 2025 – Bindl/Kommission

(Rechtssache T-354/22) ⁽¹⁾

(Verarbeitung personenbezogener Daten – Schutz natürlicher Personen bei der Verarbeitung personenbezogener Daten durch die Organe, Einrichtungen und sonstigen Stellen der Union – Verordnung [EU] 2018/1725 – Begriff der Übermittlung personenbezogener Daten an ein Drittland – Übermittlung von Daten beim Besuch einer Website – EU Login – Nichtigkeitsklage – Nicht anfechtbare Handlung – Unzulässigkeit – Untätigkeitsklage – Stellungnahme, mit der die Untätigkeit beendet wird – Erledigung – Schadensersatzklage – Hinreichend qualifizierter Verstoß gegen eine Rechtsnorm, die dem Einzelnen Rechte verleiht – Kausalzusammenhang – Immaterieller Schaden)

(C/2025/1096)

Verfahrenssprache: Deutsch

Parteien

Kläger: Thomas Bindl (München, Deutschland) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt T. Herbrich)

Beklagte: Europäische Kommission (vertreten durch A. Bouchagiar, B. Hofstötter und H. Kranenborg als Bevollmächtigte)

Gegenstand

Mit seiner Klage nach den Art. 263, 265 und 268 AEUV beantragt der Kläger erstens, Übermittlungen der ihn betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten an Drittländer ohne angemessenes Schutzniveau für nichtig zu erklären, zweitens, festzustellen, dass die Europäische Kommission es rechtswidrig unterlassen habe, zu seinem Antrag auf Auskunft vom 1. April 2022 Stellung zu nehmen, und drittens, den durch die Verletzung seines Rechts auf Auskunft und die Übermittlungen der ihn betreffenden personenbezogenen Daten entstandenen immateriellen Schaden zu ersetzen.

Tenor

1. Die Klage wird, was den Antrag auf Nichtigklärung angeht, als unzulässig abgewiesen.
2. Was den Antrag auf Feststellung angeht, dass die Europäische Kommission es rechtswidrig unterlassen hat, zu dem Antrag auf Auskunft von Herrn Thomas Bindl vom 1. April 2022 Stellung zu nehmen, hat sich der Rechtsstreit in der Hauptsache erledigt.
3. Die Kommission wird verurteilt, an Herrn Bindl 400 Euro als Ersatz des entstandenen immateriellen Schadens zu zahlen.
4. Im Übrigen werden die Schadensersatzanträge zurückgewiesen.
5. Die Kommission trägt ihre eigenen Kosten und die Hälfte der Kosten von Herrn Bindl.
6. Herr Bindl trägt die Hälfte seiner eigenen Kosten.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C 294 vom 1.8.2022.



C/2025/1097

24.2.2025

Urteil des Gerichts vom 18. Dezember 2024 – Deripaska/Rat

(Rechtssache T-732/22) ⁽¹⁾

(Gemeinsame Außen- und Sicherheitspolitik – Restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen – Einfrieren von Geldern – Liste der Personen, Organisationen und Einrichtungen, deren Gelder und wirtschaftliche Ressourcen eingefroren werden – Beibehaltung des Namens des Klägers auf der Liste – Begriff „führende Geschäftsleute“ – Konzept „führende Geschäftsleute, die in Bereichen der Wirtschaft tätig sind, die der Regierung der Russischen Föderation als wichtige Einnahmequelle dienen“ – Art. 2 Abs. 1 Buchst. a und g des Beschlusses 2014/145/GASP – Einrede der Rechtswidrigkeit – Begründungspflicht – Recht auf effektiven gerichtlichen Rechtsschutz und Verteidigungsrechte – Beurteilungsfehler – Verhältnismäßigkeit – Eigentumsrecht – Recht auf Anhörung)

(C/2025/1097)

Verfahrenssprache: Französisch

Parteien

Kläger: Oleg Vladimirovich Deripaska (Khutor Sokolsky, Russland) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt T. Bontinck sowie Rechtsanwältinnen M. Brésart und J. Goffin)

Beklagter: Rat der Europäischen Union (vertreten durch V. Piessevaux und M.-C. Cadilhac als Bevollmächtigte im Beistand von Rechtsanwalt B. Maingain)

Streithelferin zur Unterstützung des Beklagten: Europäische Kommission (vertreten durch C. Giolito, C. Gerorgieva und L. Puccio als Bevollmächtigte)

Gegenstand

Mit seiner Klage beantragt der Kläger zum einen nach Art. 263 AEUV die Nichtigkeitsklage erstens des Beschlusses (GASP) 2022/1530 des Rates vom 14. September 2022 zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2014/145/GASP über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. 2022, L 239, S. 149) und der Durchführungsverordnung (EU) 2022/1529 des Rates vom 14. September 2022 zur Durchführung der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 269/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. 2022, L 239, S. 1), zweitens des Beschlusses (GASP) 2023/572 des Rates vom 13. März 2023 zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2014/145/GASP über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. 2023, L 75 I, S. 134) und der Durchführungsverordnung (EU) 2023/571 des Rates vom 13. März 2023 zur Durchführung der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 269/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. 2023, L 75 I, S. 1), drittens des Beschlusses (GASP) 2023/1767 des Rates vom 13. September 2023 zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2014/145/GASP über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. 2023, L 226, S. 104) und der Durchführungsverordnung (EU) 2023/1765 des Rates vom 13. September 2023 zur Durchführung der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 269/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. 2023, L 226, S. 3) sowie viertens des Beschlusses (GASP) 2024/847 des Rates vom 12. März 2024 zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2014/145/GASP über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. L, 2024/847) und der Durchführungsverordnung (EU) 2024/849 des Rates vom 12. März 2024 zur Durchführung der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 269/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. L, 2024/849), soweit alle diese Rechtsakte ihn betreffen, und zum anderen nach Art. 268 AEUV den Ersatz des immateriellen Schadens, der ihm durch den Erlass der angefochtenen Rechtsakte entstanden sein soll.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C 24 vom 23.1.2023.

Tenor

1. Die Klage wird abgewiesen.
 2. Herr Oleg Vladimirovich Deripaska trägt seine eigenen Kosten sowie die Kosten des Rates der Europäischen Union.
 3. Die Europäische Kommission trägt ihre eigenen Kosten.
-



Urteil des Gerichts vom 15. Januar 2025 – Kantor/Rat

(Rechtssache T-748/22) ⁽¹⁾

(Gemeinsame Außen- und Sicherheitspolitik – Restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen – Einfrieren von Geldern – Liste der Personen, Organisationen und Einrichtungen, deren Gelder und wirtschaftliche Ressourcen eingefroren werden – Beschränkung der Einreise in das Hoheitsgebiet der Mitgliedstaaten – Liste der Personen, Organisationen und Einrichtungen, deren Einreise in das Hoheitsgebiet der Mitgliedstaaten Beschränkungen unterliegt – Belassung des Namens des Klägers auf den Listen – Begriff „führende Geschäftsleute“ – Begriff „Geschäftsleute ... die in Wirtschaftssektoren tätig sind, die für die Regierung der Russischen Föderation ... eine wesentliche Einnahmequelle darstellen“ – Art. 2 Abs. 1 Buchst. g des Beschlusses 2014/145/GASP – Art. 3 Abs. 1 Buchst. g der Verordnung [EU] Nr. 269/2014 – Anspruch auf effektiven gerichtlichen Rechtsschutz – Begründungspflicht – Verteidigungsrechte – Beurteilungsfehler – Verhältnismäßigkeit – Rechtssicherheit – Gleichbehandlung)

(C/2025/1098)

Verfahrenssprache: Französisch

Parteien

Kläger: Viatcheslav Moshe Kantor (Herzliya, Israel) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt T. Bontinck, Rechtsanwältinnen A. Guillerme und M. Brésart sowie Rechtsanwalt F. Patuelli)

Beklagter: Rat der Europäischen Union (vertreten durch V. Piessevaux und M.-C. Cadilhac als Bevollmächtigte im Beistand von Rechtsanwalt B. Maingain)

Gegenstand

Mit seiner Klage nach Art. 263 AEUV beantragt der Kläger die Nichtigerklärung:

- erstens, des Beschlusses (GASP) 2022/1530 des Rates vom 14. September 2022 zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2014/145/GASP über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. 2022, L 239, S. 149), und der Durchführungsverordnung (EU) 2022/1529 des Rates vom 14. September 2022 zur Durchführung der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 269/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. 2022, L 239, S. 1);
- zweitens, des Beschlusses (GASP) 2023/572 des Rates vom 13. März 2023 zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2014/145/GASP über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. 2023, L 75 I, S. 134), und der Durchführungsverordnung (EU) 2023/571 des Rates vom 13. März 2023 zur Durchführung der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 269/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. 2023, L 75 I, S. 1);
- drittens, des Beschlusses (GASP) 2023/1767 des Rates vom 13. September 2023 zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2014/145/GASP über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. 2023, L 226, S. 104), und der Durchführungsverordnung (EU) 2023/1765 des Rates vom 13. September 2023 zur Durchführung der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 269/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. 2023, L 226, S. 3); und
- viertens, des Beschlusses (GASP) 2024/847 des Rates vom 12. März 2024 zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2014/145/GASP über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. L, 2024/847), und der Durchführungsverordnung (EU) 2024/849 des Rates vom 12. März 2024 zur Durchführung der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 269/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die territoriale Unversehrtheit, Souveränität und Unabhängigkeit der Ukraine untergraben oder bedrohen (ABl. L, 2024/849),

soweit er von diesen Rechtsakten betroffen ist.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C 24 vom 23.1.2023.

Tenor

1. Die Klage wird abgewiesen.
 2. Herr Viatcheslav Moshe Kantor trägt die Kosten.
-



C/2025/1099

24.2.2025

Urteil des Gerichts vom 15. Januar 2025 – MegaFon/Rat

(Rechtssache T-193/23) ⁽¹⁾

(Gemeinsame Außen- und Sicherheitspolitik – Restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren – Listen der Personen, Organisationen und Einrichtungen, für die restriktive Maßnahmen gelten – Aufnahme des Namens der Klägerin in die Listen und Belassung auf den Listen – Recht auf Anhörung – Begründungspflicht – Beurteilungsfehler – Verhältnismäßigkeit – Unternehmerische Freiheit – Nichtigkeitsklage)

(C/2025/1099)

Verfahrenssprache: Französisch

Parteien

Klägerin: MegaFon OAO (Moskau, Russland) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwälte V. Villante, D. Rovetta, M. Campa und M. Moretto sowie Rechtsanwältinnen M. Pirovano und B. Bonafini)

Beklagter: Rat der Europäischen Union (vertreten durch E. Nadbath und V. Piessevaux als Bevollmächtigte)

Streithelferin zur Unterstützung des Beklagten: Europäische Kommission (vertreten durch M. Carpus Carcea, C. Georgieva und L. Puccio als Bevollmächtigte)

Gegenstand

Mit ihrer Klage nach Art. 263 AEUV beantragt die Klägerin die Nichtigerklärung erstens des Beschlusses (GASP) 2023/434 des Rates vom 25. Februar 2023 zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2014/512/GASP über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren (ABl. 2023, L 59 I, S. 593), und der Verordnung (EU) 2023/427 des Rates vom 25. Februar 2023 zur Änderung der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 833/2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren (ABl. 2023, L 59 I, S. 6), zweitens des Beschlusses (GASP) 2023/1517 des Rates vom 20. Juli 2023 zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2014/512/GASP über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren (ABl. 2023, L 184, S. 40), und drittens des Beschlusses (GASP) 2024/422 des Rates vom 29. Januar 2024 zur Änderung des Beschlusses 2014/512/GASP über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren (ABl. L. 2024/422), soweit alle diese Rechtsakte den Namen der Klägerin in die Listen im Anhang des Beschlusses 2014/512/GASP des Rates vom 31. Juli 2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren (ABl. 2014, L 229, S. 13), und der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 833/2014 des Rates vom 31. Juli 2014 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts der Handlungen Russlands, die die Lage in der Ukraine destabilisieren (ABl. 2014, L. 229, S. 1), aufnehmen und darauf belassen.

Tenor

1. Die Klage wird abgewiesen.
2. Die MegaFon OAO trägt ihre eigenen Kosten sowie die Kosten des Rates der Europäischen Union.
3. Die Europäische Kommission trägt ihre eigenen Kosten.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C 189 vom 30.5.2023.



Urteil des Gerichts vom 18. Dezember 2024 – Mironovich Shor/Rat

(Rechtssache T-489/23) ⁽¹⁾

(Gemeinsame Außen- und Sicherheitspolitik – Restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die Moldau destabilisieren – Einfrieren von Geldern – Beschränkung der Einreise in das Hoheitsgebiet der Mitgliedstaaten – Listen der Personen, Organisationen und Einrichtungen, deren Gelder und wirtschaftliche Ressourcen eingefroren werden und deren Einreise in das Hoheitsgebiet der Mitgliedstaaten Beschränkungen unterliegt – Aufnahme des Namens des Klägers in die Listen und Belassung auf den Listen – Organisation und Leitung gewaltsamer Proteste – Art. 1 Abs. 1 Buchst. a Ziff. ii und Art. 2 Abs. 1 Buchst. a Ziff. ii des Beschlusses [GASP] 2023/891 sowie Art. 2 Abs. 3 Buchst. a Ziff. ii der Verordnung [EU] 2023/888 – Begründungspflicht – Einrede der Rechtswidrigkeit – Beurteilungsfehler – Unternehmerische Freiheit – Eigentumsrecht – Außervertragliche Haftung)

(C/2025/1100)

Verfahrenssprache: Französisch

Parteien

Kläger: Ilan Mironovich Shor (Caesarea, Israel) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt T. Bontinck, Rechtsanwältin L. Marchal und C. Zatschler, SC)

Beklagter: Rat der Europäischen Union (vertreten durch A. Boggio-Tomasaz und E. Nadbath als Bevollmächtigte im Beistand von Rechtsanwältin E. Raoult)

Streithelferin zur Unterstützung des Beklagten: Europäische Kommission (vertreten durch M. Carpus Carcea, L. Baumgart und T. Baumé als Bevollmächtigte)

Gegenstand

Mit seiner Klage begehrt der Kläger zum einen gemäß Art. 263 AEUV die Nichtigkeitsklärung erstens des Beschlusses (GASP) 2023/1047 des Rates vom 30. Mai 2023 zur Änderung des Beschlusses (GASP) 2023/891 des Rates über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die Republik Moldau destabilisieren (ABl. 2023, L 140 I, S. 9), und der Durchführungsverordnung (EU) 2023/1045 des Rates vom 30. Mai 2023 zur Durchführung der Verordnung (EU) 2023/888 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die Republik Moldau destabilisieren (ABl. 2023, L 140 I, S. 1), sowie zweitens des Beschlusses (GASP) 2024/1242 des Rates vom 26. April 2024 zur Änderung des Beschlusses (GASP) 2023/891 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die Republik Moldau destabilisieren (ABl. L, 2024/1242), und der Durchführungsverordnung (EU) 2024/1243 des Rates vom 26. April 2024 zur Durchführung der Verordnung (EU) 2023/888 über restriktive Maßnahmen angesichts von Handlungen, die die Republik Moldau destabilisieren (ABl. L, 2024/1243), soweit diese Rechtsakte ihn betreffen, und zum anderen gemäß Art. 268 AEUV Ersatz des immateriellen Schadens, der ihm infolge des Erlasses der ursprünglichen Rechtsakte entstanden sein soll.

Tenor

1. Die Klage wird abgewiesen.
2. Herr Ilan Mironovich Shor trägt seine eigenen und die dem Rat der Europäischen Union entstandenen Kosten.
3. Die Europäische Kommission trägt ihre eigenen Kosten.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C C/2023/56 vom 9.10.2023.



Urteil des Gerichts vom 15. Januar 2025 – La Maison de l'Union Syndicale/Rat

(Rechtssache T-581/23) ⁽¹⁾

**(Nichtigkeitsklage – Institutionelles Recht – Öffentlicher Dienst – Beförderung – Ablehnung –
Berufsverband – Klagebefugnis – Keine unmittelbare Betroffenheit – Unzulässigkeit)**

(C/2025/1101)

Verfahrenssprache: Französisch

Parteien

Klägerin: La Maison de l'Union Syndicale (Brüssel, Belgien) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwältin N. de Montigny)

Beklagter: Rat der Europäischen Union (vertreten durch M. Bauer und I. Demoulin als Bevollmächtigte)

Gegenstand

Mit ihrer Klage nach Art. 263 AEUV beantragt die Klägerin die teilweise Nichtigerklärung des Vermerks ORG.1.A/1123/23 vom 14. Juli 2023 zur Aufstellung der Liste der Beamten der Funktionsgruppe AST (Besoldungsgruppen 1 bis 5), die im Beförderungsverfahren 2023 befördert werden, soweit darin von dem Vorschlag für Beförderungen nach Besoldungsgruppe AST 5 abgewichen wird, den der für die Beförderung zuständige beratende Ausschuss dem Generaldirektor Organisatorische Entwicklung und Dienste des Rates vorgelegt hat.

Tenor

1. Die Klage wird abgewiesen.
2. Die Maison de l'Union syndicale trägt die Kosten.

⁽¹⁾ ABL C, C/2023/541 vom 6.11.2023.



C/2025/1102

24.2.2025

Urteil des Gerichts vom 15. Januar 2025 – ADS L. Kowalik, B. Włodarczyk/EUIPO – ESSAtech
(Zubehör für kabellose Fernbedienungen)

(Rechtssache T-1064/23) ⁽¹⁾

*(Gemeinschaftsgeschmacksmuster – Nichtigkeitsverfahren – Eingetragenes
Gemeinschaftsgeschmacksmuster, das ein Zubehör für kabellose Fernbedienungen darstellt –
Nichtigkeitsgrund – Erscheinungsmerkmale eines Erzeugnisses, die ausschließlich durch dessen technische
Funktion bedingt sind – Art. 8 Abs. 1 und Art. 25 Abs. 1 Buchst. b der Verordnung [EG] Nr. 6/2002 –
Tatsachen oder Beweismittel, die zum ersten Mal vor der Beschwerdekammer vorgebracht werden – Art. 63
Abs. 2 der Verordnung Nr. 6/2002 und Art. 27 Abs. 4 der Delegierten Verordnung [EU] 2018/625 –
Verteidigungsrechte – Art. 62 der Verordnung Nr. 6/2002 – Grundsatz der guten Verwaltung – Art. 41
Abs. 1 der Charta der Grundrechte – Begründungspflicht – Art. 41 Abs. 2 Buchst. c der Charta der
Grundrechte)*

(C/2025/1102)

Verfahrenssprache: Polnisch

Parteien

Klägerin: ADS L. Kowalik, B. Włodarczyk s.c. (Sosnowiec, Polen) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwälte M. Oleksyn und M. Stepkowski)

Beklagter: Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (vertreten durch M. Chylińska et J. Ivanauskas als Bevollmächtigte)

Andere Beteiligte im Verfahren vor der Beschwerdekammer des EUIPO und Streithelferin vor dem Gericht: ESSAtech (Přístoupim, Tschechische Republik)

Gegenstand

Mit ihrer Klage nach Art. 263 AEUV beantragt die Klägerin die Aufhebung und Abänderung der Entscheidung der Dritten Beschwerdekammer des Amtes der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (EUIPO) vom 6. September 2023 (Sache R 1070/2020-3).

Tenor

1. Die Klage wird abgewiesen.
2. Die ADS L. Kowalik, B. Włodarczyk s.c. trägt die Kosten.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2024/469 vom 3.1.2024.



C/2025/1103

24.2.2025

Urteil des Gerichts vom 15. Januar 2025 – ADS L. Kowalik, B. Włodarczyk/EUIPO – ESSAtech
(Zubehör für kabellose Fernbedienungen)

(Rechtssache T-1065/23) ⁽¹⁾

*(Gemeinschaftsgeschmacksmuster – Nichtigkeitsverfahren – Eingetragenes
Gemeinschaftsgeschmacksmuster, das ein Zubehör für kabellose Fernbedienungen darstellt –
Nichtigkeitsgrund – Erscheinungsmerkmale eines Erzeugnisses, die ausschließlich durch dessen technische
Funktion bedingt sind – Art. 8 Abs. 1 und Art. 25 Abs. 1 Buchst. b der Verordnung [EG] Nr. 6/2002 –
Tatsachen oder Beweismittel, die zum ersten Mal vor der Beschwerdekammer vorgebracht werden – Art. 63
Abs. 2 der Verordnung Nr. 6/2002 und Art. 27 Abs. 4 der Delegierten Verordnung [EU] 2018/625 –
Verteidigungsrechte – Art. 62 der Verordnung Nr. 6/2002 – Grundsatz der guten Verwaltung – Art. 41
Abs. 1 der Charta der Grundrechte – Begründungspflicht – Art. 41 Abs. 2 Buchst. c der Charta der
Grundrechte)*

(C/2025/1103)

Verfahrenssprache: Polnisch

Parteien

Klägerin: ADS L. Kowalik, B. Włodarczyk s.c. (Sosnowiec, Polen) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwälte M. Oleksyn und M. Stepkowski)

Beklagter: Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (vertreten durch M. Chylińska et J. Ivanauskas als Bevollmächtigte)

Andere Beteiligte im Verfahren vor der Beschwerdekammer des EUIPO und Streithelferin vor dem Gericht: ESSAtech (Přístoupim, Tschechische Republik)

Gegenstand

Mit ihrer Klage nach Art. 263 AEUV beantragt die Klägerin die Aufhebung und Abänderung der Entscheidung der Dritten Beschwerdekammer des Amtes der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (EUIPO) vom 6. September 2023 (Sache R 1072/2020-3).

Tenor

1. Die Klage wird abgewiesen.
2. Die ADS L. Kowalik, B. Włodarczyk s.c. trägt die Kosten.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2024/426 vom 3.1.2024.



C/2025/1104

24.2.2025

Urteil des Gerichts vom 8. Januar 2025 – Fresh Tropical/EUIPO – Altunyaldiz (AlìBabà)

(Rechtssache T-1082/23) ⁽¹⁾

**(Unionsmarke – Widerspruchsverfahren – Anmeldung der Unionsbildmarke AlìBabà – Ältere
Unionswortmarke ALIBABA – Relatives Eintragungshindernis – Verwechslungsgefahr – Art. 8 Abs. 1
Buchst. b der Verordnung [EU] 2017/1001)**

(C/2025/1104)

Verfahrenssprache: Englisch

Parteien

Klägerin: Fresh Tropical Srl by Jawad (Seveso, Italien) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt G. Nosengo und Rechtsanwältin V. Liebermann)

Beklagter: Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (vertreten durch T. Frydendahl und V. Ruzek als Bevollmächtigte)

Anderer Beteiligter im Verfahren vor der Beschwerdekammer des EUIPO und Streithelfer vor dem Gericht: Alper Altunyaldiz (Mainz, Deutschland) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwälte M. Thewes und S. Lamothe)

Gegenstand

Mit ihrer Klage nach Art. 263 AEUV beantragt die Klägerin die Aufhebung und Abänderung der Entscheidung der Vierten Beschwerdekammer des Amts der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (EUIPO) vom 12. September 2023 (verbundene Sachen R 418/2023-4 und R 427/2023-4).

Tenor

1. Die Klage wird abgewiesen.
2. Die Fresh Tropical Srl by Jawad trägt neben ihren eigenen Kosten auch die Kosten des Amts der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (EUIPO) und die von Alper Altunyaldiz.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2024/564 vom 8.1.2024.



C/2025/1105

24.2.2025

Urteil des Gerichts vom 15. Januar 2025 – Enedo/EUIPO – Enedis (ENEDO)

(Rechtssache T-1142/23) ⁽¹⁾

(Unionsmarke – Widerspruchsverfahren – Anmeldung der Unionswortmarke ENEDO – Ältere Unionswortmarke ENEDIS – Relatives Eintragungshindernis – Verwechslungsgefahr – Art. 8 Abs. 1 Buchst. b der Verordnung [EU] 2017/1001 – Einschränkung der in der Markenmeldung aufgeführten Waren und Dienstleistungen)

(C/2025/1105)

Verfahrenssprache: Englisch

Parteien

Klägerin: Enedo Oyj (Vantaa, Finnland) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwältinnen H.-M. Elo und E. Hodge)

Beklagter: Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (vertreten durch A. Ringelhann als Bevollmächtigten)

Andere Beteiligte im Verfahren vor der Beschwerdekammer des EUIPO und Streithelferin vor dem Gericht: Enedis (Paris, Frankreich) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwältin C. Verneret und Rechtsanwalt J.-B. Micard)

Gegenstand

Mit ihrer Klage nach Art. 263 AEUV beantragt die Klägerin die Aufhebung und die Abänderung der Entscheidung der Vierten Beschwerdekammer des Amtes der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (EUIPO) vom 27. September 2023 (Sache R 190/2023-4).

Tenor

1. Die Klage wird abgewiesen.
2. Die Enedo Oyj trägt ihre eigenen Kosten sowie die Kosten von Enedis
3. Das Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (EUIPO) trägt seine eigenen Kosten.

⁽¹⁾ ABL. C, C/2024/975 vom 29.1.2024.



C/2025/1106

24.2.2025

Urteil des Gerichts vom 8. Januar 2025 – Cinkciarz.pl/EUIPO (€\$ We Think for You)

(Rechtssache T-20/24) ⁽¹⁾

(Unionsmarke – Anmeldung der Unionsbildmarke €\$ We Think for You – Absolutes Eintragungshindernis – Fehlende Unterscheidungskraft – Art. 7 Abs. 1 Buchst. b der Verordnung [EG] Nr. 207/2009 [jetzt Art. 7 Abs. 1 Buchst. b der Verordnung (EU) 2017/1001] – Begründungspflicht – Anspruch auf rechtliches Gehör – Art. 94 Abs. 1 der Verordnung 2017/1001)

(C/2025/1106)

Verfahrenssprache: Polnisch

Parteien

Klägerin: Cinkciarz.pl sp. z o.o. (Zielona Góra, Polen) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwältin E. Skrzydło-Tefelska und Rechtsanwalt M. Stępkowski)

Beklagter: Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (vertreten durch D. Walicka als Bevollmächtigte)

Gegenstand

Mit ihrer Klage nach Art. 263 AEUV beantragt die Klägerin die Aufhebung der Entscheidung der Zweiten Beschwerdekammer des Amtes der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (EUIPO) vom 7. November 2023 (Sache R 1256/2023-2).

Tenor

1. Die Klage wird abgewiesen.
2. Die Cinkciarz.pl sp. z o.o. trägt die Kosten.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2024/1709 vom 4.3.2024.



C/2025/1107

24.2.2025

**Urteil des Gerichts vom 15. Januar 2025 – Kokito I Punt/EUIPO – Fédération française de football
(Darstellung eines Hahns)**

(Rechtssache T-104/24) ⁽¹⁾

**(Unionsmarke – Widerspruchsverfahren – Anmeldung einer Unionsbildmarke, die einen Hahn darstellt –
Ältere Unionsbildmarke FFF – Relatives Eintragungshindernis – Verwechslungsgefahr – Art. 8 Abs. 1
Buchst. b der Verordnung [EU] 2017/1001)**

(C/2025/1107)

Verfahrenssprache: Englisch

Parteien

Klägerin: Kokito I Punt, SL (Gandía, Spanien) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwältin P. Bauzá Martínez, Rechtsanwälte J. Gallego Jiménez und Y. Hernández Viñes sowie Rechtsanwältin E. Sanz Valls)

Beklagter: Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (vertreten durch D. Stoyanova-Valchanova als Bevollmächtigte)

Andere Beteiligte im Verfahren vor der Beschwerdekammer des EUIPO und Streithelferin vor dem Gericht: Fédération française de football (Paris, Frankreich) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwältin C. Bertheux Scotte)

Gegenstand

Mit ihrer Klage nach Art. 263 AEUV beantragt die Klägerin die Aufhebung der Entscheidung der Vierten Beschwerdekammer des Amtes der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (EUIPO) vom 13. Dezember 2023 (Sache R 901/2023-4).

Tenor

1. Die Klage wird abgewiesen.
2. Die Kokito I Punt, SL trägt ihre eigenen Kosten und die Kosten der Fédération française de football.
3. Das Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (EUIPO) trägt seine eigenen Kosten.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2024/2636 vom 22.4.2024.



C/2025/1108

24.2.2025

**Urteil des Gerichts vom 8. Januar 2025 – Rat Pack Filmproduktion/EUIPO – RatPac Entertainment
(RATPAC)**

(Rechtssache T-163/24) ⁽¹⁾

(Unionsmarke – Widerspruchsverfahren – Internationale Registrierung mit Benennung der Europäischen Union – Wortmarke RATPAC – Ältere nationale Wortmarke RAT PACK – Relatives Eintragungshindernis – Keine Verwechslungsgefahr – Fehlende Ähnlichkeit der Dienstleistungen – Art. 8 Abs. 1 Buchst. b der Verordnung [EG] Nr. 207/2009 [jetzt Art. 8 Abs. 1 Buchst. b der Verordnung [EU] 2017/1001])

(C/2025/1108)

Verfahrenssprache: Englisch

Parteien

Klägerin: Rat Pack Filmproduktion GmbH (München, Deutschland) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwältin S. Schmidt und Rechtsanwalt P. Baronikians)

Beklagter: Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (vertreten durch A. Ringelhann als Bevollmächtigten)

Andere Beteiligte im Verfahren vor der Beschwerdekammer des EUIPO und Streithelferin vor dem Gericht: RatPac Entertainment LLC (Encino, Kalifornien, Vereinigte Staaten) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt H. Gauß und Rechtsanwältin N. Vachova)

Gegenstand

Mit ihrer Klage nach Art. 263 AEUV beantragt die Klägerin die Aufhebung der Entscheidung der Fünften Beschwerdekammer des Amtes der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (EUIPO) vom 24. Januar 2024 (Sache R 877/2023-5).

Tenor

1. Die Klage wird abgewiesen.
2. Die Rat Pack Filmproduktion GmbH trägt ihre eigenen Kosten sowie die Kosten des Amtes der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (EUIPO) und der RatPac Entertainment LLC für das Verfahren vor dem Gericht.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2024/3084 vom 13.5.2024.



C/2025/1109

24.2.2025

Urteil des Gerichts vom 8. Januar 2025 – Drinks Prod/EUIPO – Paul Hartmann (OmniSan)

(Rechtssache T-189/24) ⁽¹⁾

(Unionsmarke – Widerspruchsverfahren – Anmeldung der Unionsbildmarke OmniSan – Ältere Unionswortmarke Omnistrip – Relatives Eintragungshindernis – Verwechslungsgefahr – Ähnlichkeit der Zeichen – Art. 8 Abs. 1 Buchst. b der Verordnung [EU] 2017/1001)

(C/2025/1109)

Verfahrenssprache:Englisch

Parteien

Klägerin: Drinks Prod SRL (Pântăsești, Rumänien) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwältin I. Speciac)

Beklagter: Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (vertreten durch M. Chylińska und D. Stoyanova-Valchanova als Bevollmächtigte)

Andere Beteiligte im Verfahren vor der Beschwerdekammer des EUIPO: Paul Hartmann AG (Heidenheim, Deutschland)

Gegenstand

Mit ihrer Klage nach Art. 263 AEUV beantragt die Klägerin die Aufhebung der Entscheidung der Ersten Beschwerdekammer des Amtes der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (EUIPO) vom 2. Februar 2024 (Sache R 1226/2023-1).

Tenor

1. Die Klage wird abgewiesen.
2. Jede Partei trägt ihre eigenen Kosten.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. C, C/2024/3184 du 21.5.2024.



C/2025/1110

24.2.2025

Klage, eingereicht am 2. Dezember 2024 – Novis/EIOPA

(Rechtssache T-624/24)

(C/2025/1110)

Verfahrenssprache: Englisch

Parteien

Klägerin: Novis Insurance Company, Novis Versicherungsgesellschaft, Novis Compagnia di Assicurazioni, Novis Poistovňa a.s. (Bratislava, Slowakei) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwälte A. Börner und S. Förster sowie Rechtsanwältin S. Henrich)

Beklagte: Europäische Aufsichtsbehörde für das Versicherungswesen und die betriebliche Altersversorgung

Anträge

Die Klägerin beantragt,

- den Beschluss EIOPA-24-727 für nichtig zu erklären, soweit die Beklagte den Antrag der Klägerin auf Zugang gemäß Art. 41 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union (im Folgenden: Charta) abgelehnt hat;
- den Beschluss EIOPA-24-728 für nichtig zu erklären, soweit die Beklagte den Antrag der Klägerin auf Zugang gemäß Art. 41 der Charta abgelehnt hat;
- den Beschluss EIOPA-24-729 für nichtig zu erklären, soweit damit ihr Antrag auf Zugang zur Empfehlung der Beklagten vom 28. Juli 2021 und den dieser Empfehlung zugrunde liegenden Dokumenten ([a] und [b]) gemäß Art. 41 der Charta abgelehnt wurde;
- den Beschluss EIOPA-24-730 vom 20. September 2024 für nichtig zu erklären, soweit die Beklagte den Antrag der Klägerin auf Zugang gemäß Art. 41 der Charta abgelehnt hat (im Folgenden zusammen: angefochtene Beschlüsse);
- der Beklagten die Kosten aufzuerlegen;
- die Anträge auf Nichtigerklärung der angefochtenen Beschlüsse zu gemeinsamem schriftlichen und mündlichen Verfahren zu verbinden sowie die in diesem Rahmen ergehenden Entscheidungen zu verbinden.

Klagegründe und wesentliche Argumente

Die Klage wird auf folgende zwei Gründe gestützt:

1. Verletzung des Rechts der Klägerin auf Zugang zur Akte gemäß Art. 41 Abs. 2 Buchst. b der Charta, da die Beklagte der Klägerin den Zugang zur sie betreffenden Akte verweigert habe:
 - die Klägerin habe Zugang zu einer sie betreffenden Akte beantragt, der ihr widerrechtlich verweigert worden sei, ohne dass die Beklagte die Grundrechte der Klägerin angemessen berücksichtigt habe;
 - bei Untersuchungen und Verfahren, die von der Beklagten und der Europäischen Kommission als Verfahren wegen der Verletzung von Unionsrecht gemäß Art. 17 der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 1094/2010 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates⁽¹⁾ in Bezug auf die Beaufsichtigung der Klägerin durch die zuständige nationale Behörde durchgeführt würden (im Folgenden: Verwaltungsverfahren), handele es sich um die Klägerin betreffende Verwaltungsverfahren. Diese Untersuchungen und Handlungen seien als auf das Unternehmen bezogene Verfahren durchgeführt worden, hätten sich in erster Linie auf das Verhalten der Klägerin und die Vereinbarkeit dieses Verhaltens mit den Anforderungen der Richtlinie 2009/138/EG des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates⁽²⁾ konzentriert und letztlich auf das Ergreifen von Maßnahmen gegenüber der Klägerin abgezielt;

⁽¹⁾ Verordnung (EU) Nr. 1094/2010 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 24. November 2010 zur Errichtung einer Europäischen Aufsichtsbehörde (Europäische Aufsichtsbehörde für das Versicherungswesen und die betriebliche Altersversorgung), zur Änderung des Beschlusses Nr. 716/2009/EG und zur Aufhebung des Beschlusses 2009/79/EG der Kommission (ABl. 2010, L 331, S. 48).

⁽²⁾ Richtlinie 2009/138/EG des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 25. November 2009 betreffend die Aufnahme und Ausübung der Versicherungs- und der Rückversicherungstätigkeit (Solvabilität II) (Neufassung) (ABl. 2009, L 335, S. 1).

- obwohl die Verwaltungsverfahren in erster Linie die Klägerin betroffen hätten, halte die Beklagte wichtige Dokumente, die im Rahmen der Verfahren als Grundlage für das Tätigwerden des Organs erstellt und herangezogen worden seien, weiterhin geheim. Außerdem behalte die Beklagte sowohl den konkreten Charakter, die Auswirkungen und das Ausmaß der Ursächlichkeit der Verwaltungsverfahren als auch die Auswirkungen auf und den Zusammenhang mit den von der nationalen Behörde geführten Verwaltungsverfahren für sich;
 - ohne Zugang zur Akte der Beklagten über die Verwaltungsverfahren und deren Zusammenhang mit den nationalen Verwaltungsverfahren könne die Klägerin keine wirksamen Rechtsbehelfe gegen die von der Beklagten, der Europäischen Kommission und der zuständigen nationalen Behörde erlassenen Rechtsakte in Betracht ziehen und ergreifen; aus diesem Grund habe die Klägerin gemäß ihrem in Art. 41 Abs. 2 Buchst. b der Charta gewährleisteten Recht Zugang zur Akte beantragt;
 - die Verweigerung des Zugangs zu wichtigen, zur Akte der Beklagten gehörenden Dokumenten durch die angefochtenen Beschlüsse habe somit die Rechte der Klägerin verletzt;
 - die Beklagte könne die angefochtenen Beschlüsse nicht damit begründen, dass angeblich im Allgemeininteresse liegende Ziele wie das Funktionieren des Europäischen Systems für die Finanzaufsicht dem Zugang entgegenstünden. Die Begründung der Beklagten sei nicht schlüssig, da sie sich auf gegen eine Veröffentlichung gerichtete Argumente beschränke;
 - schließlich habe die Beklagte gegen ihre Verpflichtung verstoßen, die Grundrechte der Klägerin und sämtliche möglicherweise gegensätzlichen Überlegungen gegeneinander abzuwägen und ein angemessenes Gleichgewicht herzustellen, so dass die angefochtenen Beschlüsse rechtswidrig seien. Was u. a. Benchmarks für Solvabilität-II-Kapitalanforderungen betreffe, könnten Informationen nicht als intern oder vertraulich betrachtet werden, da solche Benchmarks die gleiche Funktion erfüllten wie technische Standards.
2. Verletzung der Verteidigungsrechte der Klägerin gemäß Art. 47 in Verbindung mit Art. 41 Abs. 2 Buchst. b der Charta.
- Durch die Missachtung des Rechts der Klägerin auf Zugang zur Akte habe die Beklagte auch das Grundrecht der Klägerin auf Verteidigung verletzt, da diese ohne Zugang zu den beantragten Dokumenten der Akte der Beklagten keine wirksamen Rechtsbehelfe in Betracht ziehen oder ergreifen könne.
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C/2025/1111

24.2.2025

Klage, eingereicht am 9. Dezember 2024 – Novis/EIOPA

(Rechtssache T-635/24)

(C/2025/1111)

Verfahrenssprache: Englisch

Parteien

Klägerin: Novis Insurance Company, Novis Versicherungsgesellschaft, Novis Compagnia di Assicurazioni, Novis Poistovňa a.s. (Bratislava, Slowakei) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwälte A. Börner und S. Förster sowie Rechtsanwältin S. Henrich)

Beklagte: Europäische Aufsichtsbehörde für das Versicherungswesen und die betriebliche Altersversorgung

Anträge

Die Klägerin beantragt,

- den Beschluss EIOPA-23-684-REV1 der EIOPA vom 27. September 2024, mit dem der Zugang zu bestimmten Dokumenten verweigert wurde, für nichtig zu erklären,
- der Beklagten sämtliche Kosten des Verfahrens aufzuerlegen,

und die Beklagte zu verpflichten, die sich aus dem Urteil des Gerichts ergebenden Maßnahmen zu ergreifen (Art. 266 AEUV), d. h. Zugang zu allen relevanten Dokumenten zu gewähren, die von der Klage der Klägerin erfasst werden.

Klagegründe und wesentliche Argumente

Die Klägerin stützt ihre Klage auf acht Gründe.

1. Die Beklagte habe dadurch gegen Unionsrecht verstoßen, dass sie sich zu Unrecht auf die Ausnahme zum Schutz von Gerichtsverfahren (Art. 4 Abs. 2 zweiter Gedankenstrich der Verordnung [EG] Nr. 1049/2001 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates ⁽¹⁾) berufen habe. Im Einzelnen:
 - Die Beklagte habe sich zu Unrecht auf ein Gerichtsverfahren berufen, das zum Zeitpunkt der ursprünglichen bestätigenden Antwort nicht anhängig gewesen sei, die Gegenstand des Beschlusses des Beschwerdeausschusses gewesen sei und zu der Verpflichtung der Beklagten geführt habe, eine geänderte Entscheidung über den Zugang zu Dokumenten zu treffen.
 - Die Beklagte habe zu Unrecht angenommen, dass die Verbreitung von Dokumenten bestimmte nationale Gerichtsverfahren oder mögliche Verfahren, an denen die Beklagte oder die Europäische Kommission beteiligt werden könnten, ernstlich beeinträchtigen würde.
2. Die Beklagte habe dadurch gegen Unionsrecht verstoßen, dass sie sich zu Unrecht auf die Ausnahme zum Schutz von Untersuchungstätigkeiten (Art. 4 Abs. 2 dritter Gedankenstrich der Verordnung Nr. 1049/2001) berufen habe.

Insbesondere habe die Beklagte zu Unrecht festgestellt, dass das Verfahren gemäß Art. 17 der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 1094/2010 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates ⁽²⁾ auch dann noch nicht abgeschlossen gewesen sei, nachdem die Beklagte und die Europäische Kommission Rechtsakte nach Art. 17 Abs. 3 und 4 der Verordnung erlassen hätten und die zuständige nationale Behörde ihre Absicht, diesen Rechtsakten nachzukommen, bestätigt habe.
3. Die Beklagte habe dadurch gegen Unionsrecht verstoßen, dass sie sich zu Unrecht auf die Ausnahme zum Schutz von Stellungnahmen zum internen Gebrauch (Art. 4 Abs. 3 Unterabs. 2 der Verordnung Nr. 1049/2001) berufen habe.

⁽¹⁾ Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1049/2001 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 30. Mai 2001 über den Zugang der Öffentlichkeit zu Dokumenten des Europäischen Parlaments, des Rates und der Kommission (ABl. 2001, L 145, S. 43).

⁽²⁾ Verordnung (EU) Nr. 1094/2010 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 24. November 2010 zur Errichtung einer Europäischen Aufsichtsbehörde (Europäische Aufsichtsbehörde für das Versicherungswesen und die betriebliche Altersversorgung), zur Änderung des Beschlusses Nr. 716/2009/EG und zur Aufhebung des Beschlusses 2009/79/EG der Kommission (ABl. 2010 L 331, S. 48).

Insbesondere habe die Beklagte zu Unrecht festgestellt, dass sie das Recht habe, alle Dokumente, die im Zusammenhang mit einem unternehmensspezifischen Verfahren nach Art. 17 der Verordnung Nr. 1094/2010 verfasst und ausgetauscht worden seien, zurückzuhalten, da die Verfahren innerhalb des Europäischen Systems der Finanzaufsicht interner und vertraulicher Art seien.

4. Die Beklagte habe dadurch gegen Unionsrecht verstoßen, dass sie, als sie sich auf Art. 4 Abs. 2 zweiter und dritter Gedankenstrich sowie Art. 4 Abs. 3 der Verordnung Nr. 1049/2001 gestützt habe, das Bestehen eines überwiegenden öffentlichen Interesses an der Verbreitung nicht berücksichtigt habe.

Insbesondere habe die Beklagte die Gleichwertigkeit bestimmter Solvabilität-II-Standards mit den technischen Normen verkannt, die eine Offenlegung gegenüber der Öffentlichkeit erforderten.

5. Die Beklagte habe dadurch gegen Unionsrecht verstoßen, dass sie gegen den in Art. 4 Abs. 6 der Verordnung Nr. 1049/2001 bestätigten allgemeinen Grundsatz der Verhältnismäßigkeit verstoßen habe, indem sie den Zugang nur zu einer sehr bereinigten Fassung von nur zwei Dokumenten gewährt habe.
6. Die Beklagte habe gegen Unionsrecht verstoßen, indem sie gegen ihre Verpflichtung verstoßen habe, den Beschluss des Beschwerdeausschusses zu beachten (Art. 60 Abs. 5 der Verordnung Nr. 1094/2010).

Insbesondere habe die Beklagte die Verbindlichkeit des Beschlusses des Beschwerdeausschusses verkannt, indem sie ausdrücklich den Feststellungen des Beschwerdeausschusses entgegengetreten sei und eine völlig neue, auf neue Tatsachen gestützte Entscheidung erlassen habe, anstatt ihre frühere Entscheidung entsprechend dem Beschluss des Beschwerdeausschusses abzuändern.

7. Die Beklagte habe gegen das Recht der Klägerin gemäß Art. 41 Abs. 2 Buchst. b der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union (im Folgenden: Charta) auf Zugang zu den angeforderten Dokumenten als Teil der Akte der Beklagten, die für die Klägerin von erheblicher Bedeutung sei, verstoßen.
8. Die Beklagte habe gegen das Recht der Klägerin auf eine gute Verwaltung und eine angemessene Behandlung von Verwaltungsverfahren gemäß Art. 41 Abs. 1 der Charta verstoßen.



C/2025/1112

24.2.2025

Klage, eingereicht am 9. Dezember 2024 – FZ/EIB

(Rechtssache T-640/24)

(C/2025/1112)

Verfahrenssprache: Englisch

Parteien

Kläger: FZ (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt B. Maréchal)

Beklagte: Europäische Investitionsbank

Anträge

Der Kläger beantragt,

- die Entscheidung der Präsidentin der EIB vom 2. September 2024, mit der die Schlussfolgerungen des Abschlussberichts des Ausschusses der EIB zur Untersuchung der Würde am Arbeitsplatz bestätigt wurden, aufzuheben;
- die Beklagte zur Zahlung eines Betrags von 926 418 Euro als Ersatz des materiellen Schadens zu verurteilen;
- die Beklagte zur Zahlung eines Betrags von 50 000 Euro als Ersatz des immateriellen Schadens zu verurteilen;
- der Beklagten die Zahlung eines Betrags von 15 000 Euro (ohne Mehrwertsteuer) für Rechtsanwaltskosten für das vorliegende Verfahren vor dem Gericht aufzuerlegen;
- der Beklagten die Zahlung eines Betrags von 20 000 Euro (ohne Mehrwertsteuer) für Rechtsanwaltskosten für seine Verteidigung im Verfahren betreffend die Würde am Arbeitsplatz aufzuerlegen.

Klagegründe und wesentliche Argumente

Die Klage wird auf folgende Gründe gestützt:

1. Rechtswidrigkeit der endgültigen Entscheidung der Präsidentin der EIB, insofern als das vom Beschwerdeführer gerügte Mobbing als nicht nachgewiesen angesehen worden sei, da
 - während der gesamten Zeit des Klägers bei der EIB die gemeldeten Fälle von verbalen Angriffen, sexueller Belästigung und körperlicher Einschüchterung ein toxisches Arbeitsumfeld geschaffen hätten und das Verhalten seines Vorgesetzten als Belästigung im Sinne der Vorschriften der EIB zur Würde am Arbeitsplatz zu betrachten sei;
 - die Präsidentin der EIB trotz Kenntnis dieser wiederholten Verhaltensweisen und Äußerungen zu Unrecht nicht zu dem Schluss gekommen sei, dass eine Belästigung vorliege.
2. Haftung der Beklagten für den Schaden, der dem Kläger durch die streitige Entscheidung entstanden sei.



C/2025/1113

24.2.2025

**Vorabentscheidungsersuchen des Upravno sodišče Republike Slovenije (Slowenien), eingereicht am
28. November 2024 – MS KLJUČAROVCI, d. o. o. – in Konkurs/Republika Slovenija**

(Rechtssache T-646/24, MS KLJUČAROVCI)

(C/2025/1113)

Verfahrenssprache: Slowenisch

Vorlegendes Gericht

Upravno sodišče Republike Slovenije

Parteien des Ausgangsverfahrens

Klägerin: MS KLJUČAROVCI, d.o.o. – in Konkurs

Beklagte: Republika Slovenija

Vorlagefragen

1. Ist Art. 141 Buchst. c der Mehrwertsteuerrichtlinie ⁽¹⁾, von dem gemäß den Art. 42 und 197 dieser Richtlinie die Nichtanwendung von Art. 41 Abs. 1 der Richtlinie abhängt, dahin auszulegen, dass die in dieser Vorschrift aufgestellte Voraussetzung erfüllt ist, wenn die betreffenden Gegenstände im Wege einer einzigen Beförderung an einen Abnehmer des Erwerbers (und nicht an den dritten Akteur des Reihengeschäfts) geliefert (d. h. ihm zur Verfügung gestellt oder übereignet) werden, der für Mehrwertsteuerzwecke im selben Mitgliedstaat registriert ist wie der dritte Akteur des Reihengeschäfts?
2. Ist für die Erfüllung der in Art. 141 Buchst. c der Mehrwertsteuerrichtlinie aufgestellten Voraussetzung erheblich, ob der Person, die die Vereinfachung für Dreiecksgeschäfte geltend macht, die anschließende Lieferung bekannt ist?
In Abhängigkeit von der Antwort auf die beiden vorstehenden Fragen legt das Upravno sodišče folgende dritte Frage vor:
3. Ist Art. 41 Abs. 1 der Mehrwertsteuerrichtlinie unter den Umständen des vorliegenden Falls dahin auszulegen, dass die Mehrwertsteuer im Staat der mehrwertsteuerlichen Erfassung des Steuerpflichtigen, der als zweiter Akteur des Reihengeschäfts handelt, festgesetzt werden kann (in Slowenien), wobei die Steuerbemessungsgrundlage in diesem Zusammenhang nicht gemäß Art. 41 Abs. 2 dieser Richtlinie gemindert wird, sofern festgestellt wird, dass der Steuerpflichtige Kenntnis davon hatte oder hätte haben müssen, dass er an Umsätzen mitwirkte, die einen Missbrauch des Mehrwertsteuersystems darstellen?

⁽¹⁾ Richtlinie 2006/112/EG vom 28. November 2006 über das gemeinsame Mehrwertsteuersystem (ABl. 2006, L 347, S. 1).



C/2025/1114

24.2.2025

Klage, eingereicht am 16. Dezember 2024 – Eti/EUIPO – Dr. Oetker RO (Poof!...and done)

(Rechtssache T-651/24)

(C/2025/1114)

Sprache der Klageschrift: Englisch

Parteien

Klägerin: Eti Gıda Sanayi ve Ticaret AŞ (Eskişehir, Türkei) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt A. Căvescu)

Beklagter: Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (EUIPO)

Andere Beteiligte im Verfahren vor der Beschwerdekammer: Dr. Oetker RO (Curtea de Arges, Rumänien)

Angaben zum Verfahren vor dem EUIPO

Inhaberin der streitigen Marke: Andere Beteiligte im Verfahren vor der Beschwerdekammer

Streitige Marke: Unionsbildmarke Poof!...and done – Unionsmarke Nr. 17 781 592

Verfahren vor dem EUIPO: Nichtigkeitsverfahren

Angefochtene Entscheidung: Entscheidung der Ersten Beschwerdekammer des EUIPO vom 11. Oktober 2024 in der Sache R 576/2024-1

Anträge

Die Klägerin beantragt,

- die angefochtene Entscheidung aufzuheben;
- dem EUIPO und der Streithelferin die Kosten des Verfahrens vor dem Gericht sowie die Kosten des Nichtigkeits- und des Beschwerdeverfahrens vor dem EUIPO aufzuerlegen.

Angeführter Klagegrund

- Verletzung der Grundsätze des Vertrauensschutzes und der Rechtssicherheit in Verbindung mit einem Verstoß gegen Art. 8 Abs. 1 Buchst. b der Verordnung (EU) 2017/1001 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates.



C/2025/1115

24.2.2025

Klage, eingereicht am 17. Dezember 2024 – L/Parlament

(Rechtssache T-655/24)

(C/2025/1115)

Verfahrenssprache: Englisch

Parteien

Kläger: L (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt J. Petreikis)

Beklagter: Europäisches Parlament

Anträge

Der Kläger beantragt,

- die Entscheidungen des Europäischen Parlaments vom 28. Mai und 31. Mai 2024 ⁽¹⁾ aufzuheben;
- festzustellen, dass das Europäische Parlament das Urteil des Gerichts der Europäischen Union vom 7. März 2019 in der Rechtssache T-59/17 ⁽²⁾ rechtswidrigerweise nicht durchgeführt hat;
- das Parlament zur Zahlung von materiellem Schadensersatz in Höhe der entgangenen Bezüge, Arbeitslosengeld erhöht um die jährlichen Inflationsraten in Litauen, dem Land, dessen Staatsangehöriger der Kläger ist, zuzüglich 6 % jährlich von 2016 bis zum Tag der Durchführung des Urteils zu verurteilen;
- das Parlament zur Zahlung von immateriellem Schadensersatz in Höhe von 100 000 Euro zu verurteilen;
- dem Parlament die Kosten des Verfahrens aufzuerlegen.

Klagegründe und wesentliche Argumente

Der Kläger stützt seine Klage auf neun Gründe.

1. Das Parlament habe seine Immunität als Hinweisgeber verletzt, indem es ihn ausschließlich auf der Grundlage der Daten, die er dem Parlament freiwillig vorgelegt habe, entlassen habe, während er von OLAF als Hinweisgeber identifiziert und als solcher vom Generaldirektor von PERS anerkannt worden sei.
2. Verletzung des Rechts auf Behandlung seiner Angelegenheiten innerhalb einer angemessenen Frist, da er den Sachverhalt 2016 offengelegt habe, aber 2024 rückwirkend, mit Wirkung von 2015 an, entlassen worden sei.
3. Verletzung des Rechts auf Verteidigung und Zugang zu Dokumenten.
4. Verstoß gegen die Begründungspflicht und offensichtlicher Beurteilungsfehler.
5. Offensichtlicher Beurteilungsfehler in Verbindung mit dem Schutz vor ungerechtfertigter Entlassung nach Art. 30 der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union (im Folgenden: Charta).
6. Verstoß gegen die Unschuldsvermutung.
7. Verletzung des Rechts auf Privatsphäre, weil das Parlament das Privatleben seiner Bediensteten in übermäßiger Weise regele.

⁽¹⁾ Anmerkung: Dabei handelt es sich um Entscheidungen vertraglicher Natur.

⁽²⁾ L/Parlament (T-59/17; EU:T:2019:140).

8. Verstoß gegen die Gleichheit vor dem Gesetz und das Recht auf freie Meinungsäußerung gemäß Art. 20 und Art. 11 Abs. 1 der Charta.
 9. Verstoß gegen die Art. 41 Abs. 1, 41 Abs. 2 Buchst. a und 41 Abs. 2 Buchst. b der Charta während des Disziplinarverfahrens.
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C/2025/1116

24.2.2025

Klage, eingereicht am 19. Dezember 2024 – G-Core Innovations/EUIPO – Coretransform (G CORE)

(Rechtssache T-660/24)

(C/2025/1116)

Sprache der Klageschrift: Englisch

Parteien

Klägerin: G-Core Innovations Sàrl (Contern, Luxemburg) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt L. Karnøe Søndergaard)

Beklagter: Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum

Andere Beteiligte im Verfahren vor der Beschwerdekammer: Coretransform GmbH (Berlin, Deutschland)

Angaben zum Verfahren vor dem EUIPO

Anmelder der streitigen Marke: Klägerin

Streitige Marke: Unionsbildmarke mit den Wortbestandteilen „G CORE“ – Anmeldung Nr. 18 623 695

Verfahren vor dem EUIPO: Widerspruchsverfahren

Angefochtene Entscheidung: Entscheidung der Ersten Beschwerdekammer des EUIPO vom 24. Oktober 2024 in der Sache R 2364/2023-1

Anträge

Die Klägerin beantragt,

- die angefochtene Entscheidung aufzuheben sowie die Eintragung der Marke für alle Waren und Dienstleistungen, für die die Eintragung beantragt und abgelehnt wurde, zuzulassen;
- dem EUIPO die Kosten aufzuerlegen.

Angeführter Klagegrund

- Verstoß gegen Art. 8 Abs. 1 Buchst. b der Verordnung (EU) 2017/1001 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates.



C/2025/1117

24.2.2025

Klage, eingereicht am 20. Dezember 2024 – Demblon/Parlament

(Rechtssache T-665/24)

(C/2025/1117)

Verfahrenssprache: Französisch

Parteien

Klägerin: Stéphanie Christiane Demblon (Rochefort, Belgien) (vertreten durch A. Champetier und S. Rodrigues, Avocats)

Beklagter: Europäisches Parlament

Anträge

Die Klägerin beantragt,

- die Klage für zulässig und begründet zu erklären;
- die angefochtene Entscheidung für nichtig zu erklären;
- den Beklagten zu verurteilen, den immateriellen Schaden durch Zahlung eines symbolischen Euros zu ersetzen;
- dem Beklagten die Kosten aufzuerlegen.

Klagegründe und wesentliche Argumente

Die Klägerin wendet sich gegen die Entscheidung des Europäischen Parlaments vom 28. Oktober 2024, mit der ihr bis zum 24. April 2026 der Zugang zu den Räumlichkeiten des Parlaments verwehrt wurde. Sie macht drei Klagegründe geltend.

1. Verstoß gegen Art. 7 der Regeln für den Zugang zum Europäischen Parlament und gegen Art. 244 der Geschäftsordnung des Parlaments
2. Verstoß gegen Art. 5 Abs. 1 der Regelung über Sicherheit und Gefahrenabwehr im Europäischen Parlament ⁽¹⁾ in Verbindung mit Art. 11 (Freiheit der Meinungsäußerung und Informationsfreiheit), Art. 12 (Versammlungsfreiheit) und Art. 41 Abs. 2 (Recht, gehört zu werden) der Charta der Grundrechte der Europäischen Union und gegen Art. 10 Abs. 3 EUV
3. Verstoß gegen den Grundsatz der Verhältnismäßigkeit

⁽¹⁾ Regelung über Sicherheit und Gefahrenabwehr im Europäischen Parlament, Beschluss des Präsidiums des Parlaments vom 15. Januar 2018 (ABl. 2018/C 79/04).



C/2025/1118

24.2.2025

Klage, eingereicht am 28. Dezember 2024 – Teva Pharma/EMA

(Rechtssache T-666/24)

(C/2025/1118)

Verfahrenssprache: Englisch

Parteien

Klägerin: Teva Pharma BV (Haarlem, Niederlande) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt C. Lindenthal und Rechtsanwältin A. Säurig)

Beklagte: Europäische Arzneimittel-Agentur

Anträge

Die Klägerin beantragt,

- den Beschluss EMA/391476/2024 Rev.1 der EMA vom 28. Oktober 2024, mit dem einem Dritten vorbehaltlich gewisser Schwärzungen Zugang zu einem Dokument aus einem wissenschaftlichen Beratungsverfahren für das Arzneimittel Eisen-Carboxymaltose nach der Verordnung Nr. 1049/2001 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates ⁽¹⁾ gewährt wurde, für nichtig zu erklären;
- der EMA zu untersagen, das Dokument ohne die in Anlage 18 vorgeschlagenen Schwärzungen herauszugeben;
- der Beklagten die Kosten des Verfahrens aufzuerlegen.

Klagegründe und wesentliche Argumente

Die Klage wird auf zwei Gründe gestützt:

1. Die EMA habe einen Rechtsfehler begangen, als sie unter Verstoß gegen Art. 4 Abs. 2 der Verordnung Nr. 1049/2001 beschlossen habe, Informationen aus einer wissenschaftlichen Beratung der EMA herauszugeben. Die betreffenden Informationen stellten vertrauliche Geschäftsinformationen dar und müssten als solche geschwärzt werden.
2. Eine ordnungsgemäße Interessensabwägung, die rechtlich nach dem letzten Halbsatz von Art. 4 Abs. 2 der Verordnung Nr. 1049/2001 erforderlich sei, hätte zum Ergebnis geführt, dass die betreffenden Informationen nicht ohne die weiteren von der Klägerin vorgeschlagenen Schwärzungen herausgegeben werden dürften.

⁽¹⁾ Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1049/2001 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 30. Mai 2001 über den Zugang der Öffentlichkeit zu Dokumenten des Europäischen Parlaments, des Rates und der Kommission (ABl. 2001, L 145, S. 43).



C/2025/1119

24.2.2025

Klage, eingereicht am 20. Dezember 2024 – Santos/EUIPO

(Form einer Zitruspresse)

(Rechtssache T-668/24)

(C/2025/1119)

Verfahrenssprache: Französisch

Parteien

Klägerin: Santos (Vaulx-en-Velin, Frankreich) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwältin C. Bey)

Beklagter: Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum (EUIPO)

Angaben zum Verfahren vor dem EUIPO

Streitige Marke: Anmeldung der dreidimensionalen Unionsmarke (Form einer Zitruspresse) – Anmeldung Nr. 18 005 754

Angefochtene Entscheidung: Entscheidung der Ersten Beschwerdekammer des EUIPO vom 11. Oktober 2024 in der Sache R 1561/2023-1

Anträge

Die Klägerin beantragt,

- die angefochtene Entscheidung aufzuheben;
- dem EUIPO die Kosten einschließlich der Kosten, die der Klägerin im Verfahren vor der Ersten Beschwerdekammer des EUIPO entstanden sind, aufzuerlegen.

Angeführter Klagegrund

Verstoß gegen Art. 7 Abs. 3 der Verordnung (EU) 2017/1001 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates.



C/2025/1120

24.2.2025

Klage, eingereicht am 23. Dezember 2024 – Spartoo/EUIPO – Tapmark (NEW LIFE by SPARTOO)

(Rechtssache T-672/24)

(C/2025/1120)

Sprache der Klageschrift: Französisch

Parteien

Klägerin: Spartoo (Grenoble, Frankreich) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwalt J. Giusti)

Beklagter: Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum

Andere Beteiligte im Verfahren vor der Beschwerdekammer: Tapmark (Waterloo, Belgien)

Angaben zum Verfahren vor dem EUIPO

Anmelderin der streitigen Marke: Klägerin

Streitige Marke: Anmeldung der Unionswortmarke NEW LIFE by SPARTOO – Anmeldung Nr. 18 696 199

Verfahren vor dem EUIPO: Widerspruchsverfahren

Angefochtene Entscheidung: Entscheidung der Vierten Beschwerdekammer des EUIPO vom 21. Oktober 2024 in der Sache R 2539/2023-4

Anträge

Die Klägerin beantragt,

- die angefochtene Entscheidung aufzuheben;
- neu zu entscheiden;
- den von der Gesellschaft Tapmark gestützt auf ihre angeblichen älteren Rechte an der Unionsmarke Nr. 18 656 961 NEW LIFE erhobenen Widerspruch zurückzuweisen.

Angeführter Klagegrund

- Verstoß gegen Art. 8 Abs. 1 Buchst. b der Verordnung (EU) 2017/1001 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates.



C/2025/1121

24.2.2025

Klage, eingereicht am 30. Dezember 2024 – Red Bull u.a./Kommission

(Rechtssache T-682/24)

(C/2025/1121)

Verfahrenssprache: Deutsch

Parteien

Kläger: Red Bull GmbH (Fuschl am See, Österreich), Red Bull France (Paris, Frankreich), Red Bull Nederland BV (Soesterberg, Niederlande) (Prozessbevollmächtigte: Rechtsanwälte H. Wollmann, F. Urlesberger, A. Visontai-Knor, J. Schindler und F. Dethmers)

Beklagte: Europäische Kommission

Anträge

Die Klägerinnen beantragen,

- den Kostenbeschluss der Kommission vom 23.10.2024 für nichtig zu erklären;
- die Kommission zum vollständigen Ersatz der von den Klägerinnen beantragten Kosten zu verpflichten; und
- der Kommission die Kosten aufzuerlegen.

Klagegründe und wesentliche Argumente

Die Klage wird auf folgende vier Gründe gestützt.

1. Erster Klagegrund: Rechtswidrige Ablehnung von Mehrkosten, die allein durch eine unverhältnismäßig lange und einschneidende fortgesetzte Nachprüfung entstanden seien
Die Ablehnung der Mehrkosten, die den Klägerinnen durch die unverhältnismäßige fortgesetzte Nachprüfung entstanden seien, sei rechtswidrig. Das unverhältnismäßige Abgreifen von Daten durch die Beklagte sei für die überlange Dauer der fortgesetzten Nachprüfung und die dadurch entstandenen übermäßig hohen Kosten kausal gewesen. Die Ablehnung des vollumfänglichen Ersatzes der beantragten Kosten sei daher rechtswidrig gewesen.
2. Zweiter Klagegrund: Unzureichende Begründung des Kostenbeschlusses und Unbestimmtheit des Alternativszenarios
Der Kostenbeschluss der Beklagten entbehre einer (hinreichenden) Begründung im Hinblick auf die Ablehnung der beantragten Kosten. Den Klägerinnen sei es daher nicht möglich, die Entscheidung der Beklagten nachzuvollziehen. Ferner könne das Gericht dadurch auch seine Kontrollbefugnis nicht wahrnehmen.
3. Dritter Klagegrund: Unrichtige rechtliche Beurteilung aufgrund Fehlinterpretation der Nexans-Rechtsprechung
Die Beklagte habe unrichtigerweise angenommen, dass der Gerichtshof im Urteil vom 16. Juli 2020, Nexans France und Nexans/Kommission⁽¹⁾, lediglich Barauslagen als erstattungsfähige Kosten, die aufgrund einer fortgesetzten Nachprüfung in Brüssel entstanden seien, vor Augen gehabt habe.
4. Vierter Klagegrund: Verstoß gegen wesentliche Verteidigungsrechte
Der Kostenbeschluss beschneide die Klägerinnen in ihren Verteidigungsrechten. Die Beklagte habe darin nämlich den Klägerinnen das Recht, die für sie angemessenen Verteidigungsmittel eigenständig zu wählen, abgesprochen und unverhältnismäßige Anforderungen für den Kostenantrag gestellt.

⁽¹⁾ C-606/18 P, EU:C:2020:571.



C/2025/1122

24.2.2025

Klage, eingereicht am 9. Januar 2025 – Kct/EUIPO

(Bewegung von einem Klappenfenster)

(Rechtssache T-9/25)

(C/2025/1122)

Verfahrenssprache: Deutsch

Parteien

Klägerin: Kct GmbH & Co. KG (Rosenfeld, Deutschland) (Prozessbevollmächtigte: Rechtsanwalt M. Braun)

Beklagter: Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum

Angaben zum Verfahren vor dem EUIPO

Streitige Marke: Anmeldung der Unionsbewegungsmarke, die aus der Bewegung von einem Klappenfenster besteht – Anmeldung Nr. 18 906 690

Angefochtene Entscheidung: Entscheidung der Zweiten Beschwerdekammer des EUIPO vom 28. Oktober 2024 in der Sache R 740/2024-2

Anträge

Die Klägerin beantragt,

- die angefochtene Entscheidung aufzuheben;
- dem EUIPO die Kosten aufzuerlegen.

Angeführte Klagegründe

- Verletzung von Art. 7 Abs. 1 Buchst. e Ziff. ii der Verordnung (EU) 2017/1001 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates;
- Verletzung von Art. 7 Abs. 1 Buchst. b der Verordnung (EU) 2017/1001 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates.



C/2025/1123

24.2.2025

Klage, eingereicht am 10. Januar 2025 – HC/Gerichtshof der Europäischen Union

(Rechtssache T-13/25)

(C/2025/1123)

Verfahrenssprache: Französisch

Parteien

Klägerin: HC (vertreten durch Rechtsanwältin L. Levi)

Beklagter: Gerichtshof der Europäischen Union

Anträge

Die Klägerin beantragt,

- die Klage für zulässig und begründet zu erklären;
- die Entscheidung der zum Abschluss von Dienstverträgen ermächtigten Behörde vom 2. Juli 2024, den Vertrag der Klägerin zu kündigen, aufzuheben;
- soweit erforderlich die Entscheidung vom 1. Oktober 2024, mit der die Beschwerde der Klägerin zurückgewiesen wurde, aufzuheben;
- den Beklagten zum Ersatz des Schadens zu verurteilen;
- dem Beklagten die Kosten aufzuerlegen.

Klagegründe und wesentliche Argumente

Die Klage wird auf folgende vier Gründe gestützt:

1. Zunächst werden ein offensichtlicher Fehler und ein Rechtsfehler in Bezug auf den Kündigungsgrund und das dienstliche Interesse geltend gemacht, sodann ein Verstoß gegen Art. 47 der Beschäftigungsbedingungen für die sonstigen Bediensteten der Europäischen Union (im Folgenden: BBSB) und Art. 24 des Beamtenstatuts der Europäischen Union (im Folgenden: Statut) und schließlich eine Verletzung der Sorgfaltspflicht und der Fürsorgepflicht.

Die Klägerin führt aus, dass die zum Abschluss von Dienstverträgen ermächtigte Behörde die Zuständigkeit überschritten habe, die ihr in Fällen zukomme, in denen eine Kündigung aufgrund der Zerstörung des Vertrauensverhältnisses erfolge; dies stelle einen Verstoß gegen Art. 47 Buchst. c BBSB und eine Verletzung der Sorgfaltspflicht dar.

Die in der streitigen Entscheidung und in der Entscheidung über die Zurückweisung der Beschwerde angeführten Gründe seien offensichtlich unrichtig, zeigten, dass kein Ermessen ausgeübt und die Fürsorgepflicht nicht beachtet worden sei und könnten darüber hinaus nicht als Grundlage für eine Kündigung dienen, ohne dass ein Verstoß gegen den Grundsatz der Verhältnismäßigkeit vorliege.

Durch die Kündigung des Vertrags der Klägerin sei der Schutz missachtet worden, der ihr durch die im Rahmen des Antrags auf Beistand gemäß Art. 24 des Statuts beschlossenen Maßnahmen gewährt worden sei. Es liege somit auch eine Verletzung der Sorgfaltspflicht vor.

2. Offensichtlicher Fehler in Bezug auf die Gründe für die Fortsetzung des Kündigungsverfahrens, unrichtige Anwendung von Art. 47 Buchst. c BBSB und Befugnismissbrauch.
3. Verstoß gegen das Recht auf Anhörung und gegen die Begründungspflicht.
4. Art. 12a und 22a des Statuts.



C/2025/1124

24.2.2025

Klage, eingereicht am 10. Januar 2025 – Nvidia/Kommission

(Rechtssache T-15/25)

(C/2025/1124)

Verfahrenssprache: Englisch

Parteien

Klägerin: Nvidia Corp. (Santa Clara, Kalifornien, Vereinigte Staaten) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwälte F. González Díaz, und T. Verheyden, Rechtsanwältin A. Magraner Oliver sowie P. Stuart, Barrister)

Beklagte: Europäische Kommission

Anträge

Die Klägerin beantragt,

- den Beschluss der Europäischen Kommission vom 31. Oktober 2024 über den Antrag Italiens auf Verweisung an die Kommission gemäß Art. 22 Abs. 1 der EG-Fusionskontrollverordnung (FKVO) ⁽¹⁾ und Art. 57 des EWR-Abkommens in der Sache M.11766, NVIDIA/Run:ai (im Folgenden: angefochtener Beschluss), für nichtig zu erklären;
- der Europäischen Kommission ihre eigenen Kosten sowie die Anwaltskosten und sonstige Gebühren und Aufwendungen von Nvidia aufzuerlegen, die im Zusammenhang mit diesem Antrag entstanden sind.

Klagegründe und wesentliche Argumente

Die Klage wird auf zwei Gründe gestützt:

1. Erster Klagegrund: Rechtswidrige Auslegung von Art. 22 FKVO und Verstoß gegen das Urteil des Gerichtshofs vom 3. September 2024, Illumina/Kommission, C-611/22 P. Mit dem Beschluss sei ein Verweisungsantrag der italienischen Autorità Garante della Concorrenza (AGCM), der ein Vorhaben betreffe, das unterhalb der Schwellenwerte der EG-Fusionskontrollverordnung und der Fusionskontrollvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten liege, gestützt auf die unklar definierte, nachträgliche und ermessensbasierte Ausübung der Eingriffsbefugnisse der AGCM rechtswidrig angenommen worden. Die in dem Beschluss vertretene Auslegung von Art. 22, dass eine solche Verweisung zulässig sei, verstoße gegen die allgemeinen Grundsätze des institutionellen Gleichgewichts, der Rechtssicherheit, der Verhältnismäßigkeit und der Gleichbehandlung. Der Beschluss sei auch unvereinbar mit der Entstehungsgeschichte, der Systematik und dem Zweck von Art. 22 sowie mit dem Grundsatz, dass Ausnahmen und Abweichungen von einer Bestimmung eng auszulegen seien.
2. Zweiter Klagegrund: Rechtswidrigkeit des Beschlusses mit der Begründung, dass der von der AGCM gemäß Art. 22 FKVO gestellte Verweisungsantrag verspätet gestellt worden sei.

⁽¹⁾ ABl. L 24 vom 29.01.2004, S. 1.



C/2025/1125

24.2.2025

Klage, eingereicht am 13. Januar 2025 – Team Beverage/EUIPO – Zurich Deutscher Herold Lebensversicherung (TEAM BEVERAGE)

(Rechtssache T-17/25)

(C/2025/1125)

Sprache der Klageschrift: Deutsch

Verfahrensbeteiligte

Klägerin: Team Beverage AG (Bremen, Deutschland) (Prozessbevollmächtigter: Rechtsanwalt O. Spieker)

Beklagter: Amt der Europäischen Union für geistiges Eigentum

Andere Beteiligte im Verfahren vor der Beschwerdekammer: Zurich Deutscher Herold Lebensversicherung AG (Köln, Deutschland)

Angaben zum Verfahren vor dem EUIPO

Anmelderin der streitigen Marke: Klägerin

Streitige Marke: Anmeldung der Unionsbildmarke TEAM BEVERAGE – Anmeldung Nr. 18 714 424

Verfahren vor dem EUIPO: Widerspruchsverfahren

Angefochtene Entscheidung: Entscheidung der Zweiten Beschwerdekammer des EUIPO vom 11. November 2024 in der Sache R 1076/2024-2

Anträge

Die Klägerin beantragt,

- die angefochtene Entscheidung aufzuheben;
- dem EUIPO die Kosten aufzuerlegen.

Angeführter Klagegrund

- Verletzung von Art. 8 Abs. 1 Buchst. b der Verordnung (EU) 2017/1001 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates.



C/2025/1126

24.2.2025

**Klage, eingereicht am 15. Januar 2025 – Teva Pharmaceutical Industries und Teva
Pharmaceuticals Europe/Kommission**

(Rechtssache T-19/25)

(C/2025/1126)

Verfahrenssprache: Englisch

Parteien

Klägerinnen: Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd (Tel Aviv, Israel), Teva Pharmaceuticals Europe BV (Amsterdam, Niederlande) (vertreten durch Rechtsanwälte D. Tayar und J. Killick)

Beklagte: Europäische Kommission

Anträge

Die Klägerinnen beantragen,

- den Beschluss C(2024) 7448 final der Europäischen Kommission vom 31. Oktober 2024 in der Sache AT.40588 – Teva Copaxone (im Folgenden: Beschluss) ganz oder teilweise für nichtig zu erklären;
- die Höhe der gegen die Klägerinnen verhängte Geldbuße herabzusetzen, sofern der Beschluss nicht in vollem Umfang für nichtig erklärt wird;
- die beantragten prozessleitenden Maßnahmen, Maßnahmen der Beweisaufnahme oder sonstige Maßnahmen zu treffen, die das Gericht für erforderlich hält;
- der Kommission die Kosten aufzuerlegen.

Klagegründe und wesentliche Argumente

Die Klage wird auf folgende sechs Gründe gestützt:

1. Im Beschluss sei der Markt nicht richtig definiert worden, insbesondere, da keine angemessene Berücksichtigung der wirtschaftlichen Substituierbarkeit auf der Grundlage der Erkenntnisse des Urteils in der Rechtssache C-176/19 P, Kommission/Servier u. a., erfolgt sei.
2. Basierend auf einer unrichtigen Definition des Marktes sei im Beschluss fälschlicherweise eine beherrschende Stellung von Teva festgestellt worden. Jedenfalls sei – selbst unter der Annahme eines hypothetischen, auf Glatirameracetat beschränkten Marktes – für Italien, Spanien, Polen und die Niederlande ein zu langer Zeitraum für die beherrschende Stellung angegeben worden, da sich Teva während des im Beschluss genannten Zeitraums auf diesem hypothetischen Markt nicht weitgehend unabhängig habe verhalten können.
3. Die Feststellung, dass Teva ihre beherrschende Stellung durch eine missbräuchliche Verwendung des Systems der Teilpatente missbraucht habe, sei falsch. Unter anderem sei im Beschluss der maßgebliche rechtliche und tatsächliche Kontext des Systems des Europäischen Patentamts (EPA) nicht geprüft und falsch ausgelegt worden, weshalb die Verwendung von Teilpatenten durch Teva zum Schutz von Copaxone zu Unrecht als missbräuchlich angesehen worden sei, obwohl Tevas Patentanmeldungen völlig legitim und mit einem Leistungswettbewerb vereinbar gewesen seien. Außerdem sei im Beschluss nicht nachgewiesen worden, dass dieses Verhalten geeignet sei, wettbewerbswidrige Auswirkungen zu entfalten.
4. Die im Beschluss vertretene Ansicht, dass Teva ihre beherrschende Stellung durch Herabsetzung ihrer Mitbewerber missbraucht habe, sei falsch. Es sei nämlich nicht nachgewiesen worden, dass Teva Informationen verbreitet habe, die *in concreto* objektiv irreführend und zur Diskreditierung von Mitbewerbern geeignet gewesen seien.

5. Die Kommission habe Tevas grundlegende Verteidigungsrechte verletzt, da sie zahlreiche Treffen mit den Beschwerdeführern nicht oder nicht ordnungsgemäß aufgezeichnet habe.
 6. Die Berechnung der Geldbuße sei mit einem Rechtsfehler behaftet und verstoße gegen die Grundsätze der guten Verwaltung und der Verhältnismäßigkeit.
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